"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Tuesday; light easterly winds.
For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXIX...No. 22,675 ... NEW YORK, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1920. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

RUSSIA AND TURKEY TO BE DEALT WITH BY PREMIERS TODAY

Important Economic Questions Also to be Considered at London Sessions.

PETITION FOR THE SOVIET

Soldiers and Civilians Present a Memorial to Lloyd George Urging Recognition.

MORE RANCOR OVER SULTAN

British Sentiment Against His Retention at Constantinople Grows More Intense.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—The Peace Conference will reassemble tomorrow, with the addition of Premier Millerand and two other French Ministers, Paul Bignon and M. Thoumyre, and the Italian Foreign Minister, Vittorio Scialoia, with several advisers, and the Rumanian Premier. These officials arrived tonight and were met by representatives of the King and Government and of their respective embassies and legations.

The appearance of the representatives of Italy, France, and Rumania indicates that, besides the two leading questions, those relating to Russia and Turkey, there will be important discussions of an economic nature, and it is expected that a decision will be reached on Premier Lloyd George's proposal to trade with the Russian co-operative unions. As has been stated, M. Millerand has no objection to this course, provided any negotiation with the Soviet Government is excluded.

Public interest in tomorrow's meeting centres upon the decision to be taken regarding Turkey. Popular sentiment in England against allowing the Turks to remain in Constantinople is growing rapidly, and the question will arise whether it will be possible to revise the Supreme Council's decision after it has already been announced officially throughout India by the Indian authorities. The Secretary for India, E. S. Montagu, and the Indian Government are being blamed for undue haste in this matter.

Plea for Recognizing Lenin.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, Feb. 23.—A plea for the recognition of the Soviet Government of Russia has been forwarded to Premier Lloyd George. The memorial is signed by men who have been at various times in the last two years engaged in official duties in that country. They say they do not consider that the crimes committed by the Lenin Government in the past should be regarded as a bar to its recognition now. They profess the conviction that the anti-Bolshevist Governments of Siberia and the south have not shown themselves "superior to their enemies in humanity, while in energy, union and resource they have shown themselves inferior."

"If the Western powers are influenced by fear of revolutionary propaganda and of the precedent set for direct action by the success of the Soviet Government, the signatories suggest that no protective measures would be so effective as the reopening of Russia to commerce, intercourse and observation.

"But without a general peace," the memorial proceeds, "the resources of Russia cannot be made available. Until civil war is ended there will not be transport to move grain, and the peasant will neither disclose his stocks nor work for a larger harvest than he can consume himself. It appears to us that the plan of trading through the Co-operatives exclusively will, for this reason alone, be found to be ineffective, even if their resources were otherwise adequate to the task.

"If the Russian supplies are not made available, and there is in consequence famine in any region east of the Rhine, there will certainly be disorder and probably outbreaks of the kind of Bolshevism in Russia. Once started, they might spread beyond the area of their origin.

"The longer peace is delayed the more certain it becomes that German influence will be re-established in Russia and that Russian policy, both economic and diplomatic, will in consequence take on the character of antagonism to this country. At a time when we shall be at once searching for new markets and leading India and the Middle East through a most difficult period of transition we cannot afford to see a rival installed in a privileged position and working to make every point of contact between England and Russia a point of friction as well."

The signers of the memorial are Lieut. Gen. Sir Hubert Gough, Chief of the British Military Mission to Northwestern Russia; Colonel F. G. Marsh, British Military Agent in the Caucasus, 1915-17, who commanded a brigade on the Murmansk front and was Chief of Staff to General Gough; Spencer Smith, recently Lieutenant Colonel of the Murmansk force; F. Lambert, recently British Supply Controller and Political Officer in Murmansk; E. N. Harvey, recently financial adviser to the North Russian Government and to the High Commissioner of the Rhine; D. Spring-Rice, recently financial adviser to the British Mission to Russia, and G. O. Young, recently financial adviser to the North Russian Government.

Chronicle for Peace with Russia.

The Daily Chronicle in an editorial this morning urges the need for reviewing the relation of this country to Rus-

Continued on Page Three.

ETHEL BARRYMORE in "DECLASSEE" Empire Theatre, B'way & 40th St. Mat. Today.—Advt.

Panama Governor Bars Hotel To 'Friends of Irish Freedom'

PANAMA, Feb. 21.—Governor Harding tonight prohibited the Friends of Irish Freedom from holding a dance at the Government hotel Tivoli, on the ground that funds resulting from it would further the cause of the Irish Republic, thus converting a social into a political event.

More than a thousand persons who were disappointed decided at a mass meeting to take legal action.

BOLSHEVIST PERIL WORRIES BRITAIN

Soviet Boasts of Absorption of Esthonia and Latvia Likely to be Justified.

EAST EUROPE FACES CHAOS

Reconstructing Transportation to Get Food Out of Russia Would Increase Red Power.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—The truth about allied policy toward Russia is as evasive as a will-o'-the-wisp just now. Up in the Baltic a fortnight ago no one pretended acquaintance with it. In Paris last week they said, "If you want to know that you must go to London." Here in London today they bring out the good old watchword, "Wait and see," and proceed to talk vaguely about a settlement next week, when M. Millerand returns.

One cannot escape the suspicion that at the moment of cabling a definite allied—or even British—policy toward Russia has yet to be formulated. At present allied statesmen have got to the point of realizing the utter failure of the policy followed hitherto and the impossibility of its continuance without being quite able to make up their minds about the course to be adopted henceforward.

While all indications point to peace with the Soviets as the most probable solution, there are a number of awkward factors involved which make even Lloyd George—attentive as he is to the voice of public opinion—hesitate before a step whose consequences may be disastrous.

First, it appears more and more certain that the so-called anti-Soviet cooperative organizations are just as thoroughly under the Bolshevist thumb as anything else in Soviet Russia. Therefore any illusions about dealing with them either against or independently of the Bolsheviki are rapidly vanishing. Indeed, the mere suggestion that anything of the sort is possible has roused the sarcastic mirth of the Bolshevist press already.

Secondly, there is a note of self-assertion, not to say aggressiveness, in recent announcements from Soviet Russia which sounds rather harshly in the ears of Britain's Imperial statesmen. For instance, the news that Radek, whose activities in connection with German Spartacism is by no means forgotten, is to be the Soviet Ambassador at Revel, recognized by the Esthonian authorities, seems hardly to accord with the idea that the Bolshevist propaganda outside the Soviet area will entirely cease when peace is signed.

The boast, too, that Esthonia—and doubtless Latvia—will soon be reabsorbed into the Bolshevist orbit is not calculated to tranquillize the feelings of the British, who spend a good deal of money in supporting non-Red Governments in those countries, who maintain both military and political missions there very largely for the same purpose, and who have just sanctioned a transaction by a private banking group which it is hoped will set the new States on their financial legs.

The unpleasant thing is that said boast seems very likely to be justified. Different races though the Esthonians and Letts be from the Russians and strong as are the national spirit and desire for independence, it is more than doubtful whether they can withstand the economic and moral pressure of their huge neighbor, accompanied by clever and tireless propaganda in favor of a union with the Soviets.

Finally, there is another factor which is most serious of all. It applies not only to the Baltic States but to Poland, Hungary, Austria and Germany. That is, the approach of financial and economic ruin—and still worse, of starvation. It is no exaggeration to say that England at present stands aghast before the abyss she suddenly discovered to be gaping to engulf Eastern Europe. It is this discovery which is responsible for the British movement to relax Germanys peace terms. Similarly, it produced a tendency toward peace with Soviet Russia, the basic idea in both cases being, "If the catastrophe we foresee is the result of war and blockade and harshness, perhaps it can be averted by peace and trade with concessions."

Subsequent consideration, however, combined with the aggressive tone of the Bolshevist leaders, their avowed intention to impose proletariat dictatorship in other countries besides Russia and their frank admission that they regard peace simply as a "breathing space" to enable them to extend their sphere of influence later, brought to the minds of British statesmen an unpleasant second thought: "Surely this very ruin and hunger and misery we see approaching in Eastern Europe will be the best possible argument the Bolsheviki can use. When men despair they turn to strange gods. Is it not likely that by letting down the barriers against the Soviets

Continued on Page Three.

PALL MALL ROUNDS, famous cigarettes, round in shape—plain ends.—Advt.

INTO SOVIET RUSSIA WITH A GAY PARTY OF LENIN'S AGENTS

Correspondent Accompanies Them to Petrograd and Moscow to "See for Himself."

LIVELY TRIP TO OLD CAPITAL

Makers of the Esthonian Peace Beguile the Journey With Song and Upsets in the Snow.

PEASANTS HALE AND HEARTY

Sleigh Journey Through Barren Landscape to Pskov Develops Many Interesting Features.

By ARTHUR E. COPPING.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Feb. 15.—At last, after an interesting journey, I am able to cable my first message from Soviet Russia. It must be confined to an account of my travels here as I have had no time yet to look closely into affairs and am anxious not to write until I am sure of my facts.

I took advantage of the opportunity offered me of traveling to Moscow with the Russian delegates who were returning after conducting the peace negotiations with Esthonia. They left Dorpat forty-eight hours after the signatures had been affixed, that is, on Tuesday, Feb. 3, and it seemed better to accept the option of traveling with them rather than with the courier, who did not leave until the following Saturday.

Leaving my hotel soon after 8 o'clock, I joined my new companions at dinner in the mansion which they had occupied for the last two months. Not often has a brighter-faced company sat along both sides of a narrow table. With several of them I was already personally acquainted and all had become familiar to me by sight during the last few weeks.

Many of my readers would doubtless have looked upon that lively dinner party with very much the same gasp of astonishment which I gave on first meeting those delegates. The Bolsheviki, somehow, have become associated in one's mind with coarse-featured men with bloodshot eyes and a cruel and furtive aspect. As for the women Bolsheviki, my imagination had failed hitherto to picture anything so unpleasant. And here I was sitting at dinner with several pretty girls and handsome lads, a few smiling ladies of more mature years and perhaps a dozen middle-aged men, all very genial and friendly.

Enthusiasm Seemed Childlike.

In other words, those Bolsheviki looked and behaved just like ordinary, happy human beings, and there was a certain subdued spirit of childlike enthusiasm that permeated the party as of business people on a holiday jaunt.

One pretty girl had a head of short curls, another was remarkable for her rosy cheeks, and a third displayed a beautiful neck. All bubbled over with the joy of life, like a bevy of high school girls on breaking-up day. So human were these typists of Soviet Russia that I even caught two of them giggling.

The idea of returning to Moscow seemed to delight everybody, but as I had seen the company abounding with the same good spirits on previous occasions the present gayety could not be attributed entirely to thoughts of home. As to clothing, all were dressed simply and well, eccentricity being wholly absent from the feminine toilettes, and there was no wearing of red ties.

In a most orthodox manner, M. Joffe, the chief delegate, sat at the head of the table. He is of a pronounced Jewish type, with a manner of smiling and kindly consideration for others that pleasantly reminded me of the late Edward Moccatta.

Finally, let me mention a figure of startling conventionality, the waiter, courtly and dignified in immaculate evening dress. He looked like a conservative in politics, and I would have given much to know what he thought of that unique gathering of Russian Communists, who, on the ruins of an ancient and mighty empire were building a State that departed from all established principles of human society. But whatever his private thoughts he could not have displayed a more assiduous courtesy had he been waiting on ladies and nobles of high degree.

Joined in Revolutionary Hymn.

After dinner we adjourned to a large reception room, where certain members of the party saw to cording and sealing their luggage, while all joined in singing an impressive political hymn dating from the French Revolution, equipped with words appropriate to Russia's current experiences. Nor could one fail to be moved by the note of enthusiasm ringing through those voices, several so young and strong, and that note was more significant in the light of a piece of information which, seated with my companion on a sofa, I now learned.

It seemed that only a bare majority of the party, including the leaders, were Bolsheviki or Communists. For instance, of the girl typists only she of the rosy cheeks was a member of the Bolshevist group, but all, with equal zest, were singing the "Internationale." They were united in common loyalty to the new Russia born of revolution.

At 11 o'clock cars took us to a special train, and as we settled down in our

Continued on Page Three.

"ADAM AND EVA," Biggest Comedy Hit in New York. Longacre Theatre.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

Urges German Appeal to Allies for Aid from Reparation Fund

BERLIN, Feb. 22.—The standing Currency and Exchange Commission has requested the Government to appeal to the Reparation Commission for funds out of the money Germany has already paid under the treaty in order to procure absolutely essential food supplies and for economic needs.

The commission asserts that Germany, with the utmost restriction of consumption, is becoming so impoverished under deprivation by the treaty of her colonies, territories and all wealth-producing means that she is threatened with the same fate as Austria.

PRESIDENT FIRM IN ADRIATIC VIEWS

Reply to Allies Will Make Memorandum of Dec. 9 Limit of Concessions.

READY TO DROP TREATIES

He Will Reiterate His Warning of Withdrawal if Old Diplomacy Prevails.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—President Wilson's reply to the Adriatic note of the allied powers will not go forward before tomorrow night, but it can be reiterated with further emphasis tonight that the President is standing firm in his opposition to the basic feature of the so-called compromise proposal of Jan. 20, and has no intention of accepting the modifications made by England and France and accepted by Italy.

The President stands ready to have the settlement made along the lines of the Anglo-Franco-American accord, as set forth in the joint Adriatic memorandum of Dec. 9, the text of which was cabled from Paris and printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES this morning. That arrangement represented substantially the limit to which President Wilson was ready to go in yielding to concessions to satisfy the Italian claims.

The President, as asserted by Secretary Lansing in his telegram of Nov. 2, 1919, to Signor Tittoni, has a sincere desire to deal fairly with Italy's claims, and, actuated by such motives, yielded to an adjustment of the Brenner frontier to meet Italy's wishes, granted certain further claims of Italy respecting the eastern frontier, was willing to accord Italy the naval control of the Adriatic, yielded to Italy's claim for a mandate over Albania and made certain other concessions to the Italian point of view. Beyond what was granted in the December proposal—and in this, at that time, he had the full and cordial approval of the British and French Governments—President Wilson was unwilling to go for the reasons set forth in the memorandum of Dec. 9, as printed in THE TIMES this morning.

The President objected to the Italian demand for an arrangement by which the City of Fiume, the so-called "corpus separatum," would be detached from the proposed free State of Fiume, which was to be set up as a buffer State between Istria and Croatia; to the demand that the City of Fiume should become completely independent or be surrendered to the Italians, and to the demand for direct contact between the City of Fiume and the Italian Province of Istria by the annexation to Italy of a narrow tongue of land along the coast from Fiume to Volosca between the railroad and the sea, the Italian frontier being moved more to the east in a manner to encircle in this frontier all of Istria.

The British and French Governments not only joined with President Wilson in the decision to notify the Italian Government of their disapproval of these Italian claims, but put that agreement in writing in the joint memorandum of Dec. 9, in which the proposal was submitted to Italy by the Governments of England, France and the United States.

Anglo-French Change of Front.

Without consulting the President, although he was advised after Jan. 9 of the character of the changes which England and France were then submitting to Premier Nitti, in the modified plan, the British and French Premiers on Jan. 9 agreed to submit to the Italian Premier a project which conceded the very things which only a month previously, in agreement with the United States, they had decided to tell Italy she could not "legitimately" demand. The December plan, as agreed upon by the United States, England and France, contemplated the erection between Istria and Croatia—that is, between Istria Italiana and the new State of Jugoslavia—of a buffer State of Fiume, the future of which was to be left to the League of Nations, which, conforming to Italian demands, would not fail to reserve to the city of Fiume all the autonomy which it enjoyed under the Austro-Hungarian domination.

Italy demanded that the city of Fiume be separated from the proposed free State of Fiume, with the exception of the railroad and the port, and very largely as a result of these objections on the part of Italy the French and British Premiers, without consulting President Wilson, went ahead and made their new plan of settlement of Jan. 9, which was submitted to Italy on Jan. 14 and then communicated to Jugoslavia on Jan. 20 with an ultimatum to the effect that unless the Belgrade Government adopted this revised plan it would

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HARTSHORNE, FALES & CO., Members N.Y. Stock Exchange, 71 Broadway.—Advt.

LABOR WILL ASK WILSON TO VETO RAILROAD BILL

Leaders, Without Hope of Defeating Measure, Turn to the President.

CALL ITS TERMS UNJUST

If Bill Is Approved, Unions Want Separate Tribunal to Settle Wage Problems.

RANK AND FILE RESTLESS

Little Doubt That Senate Will Adopt Conference Report by a Large Majority.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22. — Having practically given up hope that Congress will defeat the pending railroad legislation when it comes up for final action in the Senate tomorrow, officers and committees of the various railway labor organizations are gathering here tonight from all parts of the country to hold one of the largest and most important conventions staged by representatives of the railway employes. They will appeal to President Wilson and ask him to recognize what they allege to be the justice of their demands.

The prediction is made that the Senate will certainly pass before sundown tomorrow the railroad legislation which was approved in the House of Representatives yesterday by a vote of 250 to 150, despite the best efforts which organized labor was able to put forth. There had been a report that Senator La Follette of Wisconsin, who is expected to reach Washington in time to take part in the debate in the Senate, would conduct a filibuster and try to defeat the bill. It now is reported that Mr. La Follette has told friends the bill must pass, and that while he is opposed to many of its provisions and will speak against them, he will not try to prevent final action being taken.

The railroad legislation is to be given right of way in the Senate tomorrow. Facing this situation, it is reported that the labor leaders are preparing to ask President Wilson to veto the measure, and if he cannot see his way clear to exercise the veto power, to set up a separate tribunal—regardless of any provisions contained in the measure—to deal with immediate problems involving wages and working conditions, with the understanding that its findings shall be binding on railroad corporations and employes.

What the Unions Desire.

That is what the labor unions asked for in their recent appeal to President Wilson—a tribunal, with equal representation of the railway corporations and the employes, which would take up the problems now put forward, and agree upon a settlement without regard to any other tribunal which might be created for the consideration of wage increases and working conditions under the pending legislation.

The President in his reply, however, expressed a desire—some read in his statement a definite intention—to deal with the pending wage problems through the tribunal set up by legislation, if such a tribunal was provided for by Congress, and offered, as a sedative to labor, to name, as a side issue, a commission of experts, representative of the railway corporations and employes, which would advise the tribunal created under the legislation and endeavor to hasten action, but this commission of experts would have no power vested in it to enforce its findings.

Labor will now, it is understood, take the position, in again addressing the President, that the tribunal set up in the legislation before Congress is not a body through which it may be hoped to obtain quick and satisfactory action, and that therefore it does not, as they see it, square with the President's attitude of what should be, if exact justice, which the President has promised, is to be carried into effect speedily.

On this basis the labor leaders will ask the President to recognize it as his duty to create a tribunal, aside from that provided for by legislation, to which both sides to the controversy will subscribe, and which will settle pending wage problems within, say, sixty days and then disband, leaving future disputes only for the consideration of the tribunal created under legislation.

Veto Not Expected.

It is not considered probable that the President will veto the railroad legislation if it is sent to him for his signature. As to how he will view the other proposal of labor for the creation of a separate tribunal, the findings of which shall be final, is a matter of speculation.

One labor leader described the situation today as "a very ticklish one," as matters now stand, and said he thought it might become even more dangerous in the event that the proposed railroad legislation becomes law and the President refused to make any of the material concessions which labor demanded. It was said the leaders of the railway unions were trying to keep their men in line and avoid the danger of anything approximating a general strike if such a situation should develop. Most labor authorities believe a general strike will be averted. But they feel there is danger of sporadic strikes, which may result in continuous trouble and bad feeling and possible injury to transportation facilities, which may affect the industrial activity of the nation.

Matters probably will come to a ch-

Continued on Page Five.

MORRIS GEST MIDNIGHT WHIRL, Century Grove, Nightly, at 11:30.—Advt.

FEDERAL PROHIBITION AGENTS RESISTED; DECLARE MICHIGAN COUNTY IN REBELLION; EXPEDITION GOING TO ENFORCE THE LAW

Palmer Declares "Dry" Officers Have Authority To Suppress Resistance to Law in Michigan

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—Attorney General Palmer, when informed here tonight of the situation in Iron County, Michigan, where prohibition agents had met resistance, said:

"At first glance this would appear to be a matter for the State Department or the War Department to decide. As for the Department of Justice, we could act only after a full investigation is made by our agents and a report based on the facts is submitted.

"I have not been apprised officially of the situation there, but from press reports I should say that the Federal officers have already full authority to act. Under the Prohibition act it is not necessary for an enforcement officer to secure warrants, providing the offender is caught in the act of violation.

"Should Major Dalrymple and his men go to Michigan, and should they be interfered with, if their force is sufficient to handle such interference they would have the authority to make the arrests.

"My understanding is that Major Dalrymple wants me to allow warrants to be sworn out by the Commissioner at Marquette, rather than undergo the delay of sending the warrants to the District Attorney at Grand Rapids. If such is the case, I do not doubt it can be taken care of easily."

CITY TAXES PUT UP 14 TO 19 POINTS

Manhattan Rate Fixed at 2.49, Bronx at 2.54, Brooklyn, 2.55, and Queens, 2.56.

DRY LAW COST $6,000,000

But State Income Tax Provides $10,000,000 Offset — High Rents Unjustified, Craig Says.

Controller Charles L. Craig announced yesterday the tax rate for 1920. It is the highest tax rate for each borough the city has ever known. Brooklyn and Queens Boroughs lead the list with an increase over 1919 of nineteen points. Manhattan and the Bronx have an increase of seventeen points, while Richmond Borough comes last, with an increase of fourteen points. The rate for the various boroughs as compared with the rate for 1919 is as follows:

	1919.	1920.
Manhattan	2.32	2.49
Bronx	2.37	2.54
Brooklyn	2.36	2.55
Queens	2.37	2.56
Richmond	2.41	2.55

An increase of approximately nine points in the rate is caused by the levying of an assessment of $7,708,828.51 for the widening of Seventh Avenue and Varick Street. In 1913 the city acquired the property necessary for the widening of the thoroughfares and, although this was seven years ago, the city took no action to levy the assessment and the cost never has been collected. All of this cost is to be met by assessment, partly on the property benefited and partly on assessments spread over four of the boroughs and the city at large. Under the statutes the assessments upon the boroughs and the city are collectible with the annual taxes, although assessments for local improvements are confined to the area of property benefited and are collected separately.

Without Seventh Avenue.

If the Seventh Avenue cost had not been included in the tax rate for this year, according to the Controller, the rate upon real and personal property for the several boroughs would have been as follows:

Manhattan	2.40
Bronx	2.45
Brooklyn	2.45
Queens	2.43
Richmond	2.55

This would represent an increase over 1919 of 8 points in Manhattan and the Bronx, 9 points in Brooklyn, 6 points in Queens and 14 points in Richmond. This rise, according to the Controller, is due to local causes, including higher county charges in Kings and Richmond. In Richmond, the Controller said, assessed valuations have not kept pace with the increased expenditures, while in Queens County the increase in the rate is only 6 points because assessed valuations have increased comparatively rapidly.

In estimating the revenues of the general fund, which are deducted from the total amount of the budget in determining the amount to be raised by taxation, an allowance of $10,000,000 has been made for the State income tax, this being based upon information received from the office of the State Controller.

In explaining the enormous increase in the tax rate, Controller Craig said:

"While prohibition has deprived the city of excise moneys of nearly an equal amount, the taxpayers have the benefit for this year only of payments into the general fund of excise taxes received on Oct. 1 last year amounting to $6,150,000.

"In conformity with the provisions existing in the Charter since consolidation, the State school moneys to the amount of $5,038,687.16 have been credited to the general fund for the reduction of taxation. But in accordance with the action taken by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment at the time the budget was adopted, this sum is required to be applied when received to the payment of teachers' salaries and the appropriation

Continued on Page Two.

"APHRODITE," Biggest Sensation in New York. Mats. Today, Wed., Sat., 2:15. Century Thea. Eves. 8:15 sharp.—Advt.

TRACE DEPOSITS OF ARNSTEIN'S WIFE

Surety Co. Will Ask Order to Open Three Safe-Deposit Boxes Held by Fannie Brice.

NO CLUE TO "MASTER MIND"

Attorney for the Actress Says Arnstein Often Left Home Without Notice.

An application to open safe deposit boxes in three banks, held in the name of Miss Fannie Brice, a principal in the Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic, and the wife of "Nicky" Arnstein, alleged to be the head of a plot to steal $5,000,000 worth of securities in Wall Street, will be made tomorrow before Judge Augustus N. Hand in the Federal District Court. This action will be taken by Saul S. Myers, counsel for the National Surety Company, which is seeking reimbursement for losses sustained through the theft of securities by messengers.

Mr. Myers said yesterday that he would also ask for an order to examine Miss Brice and Joseph Gluck, the latter a messenger held under $100,000 bail in connection with the plot, before a United States Commissioner. He had no idea what the safe deposit boxes contained, he said, but Miss Brice would be called upon to prove legitimate ownership of whatever they had in them. Mr. Myers declined to reveal the places where the boxes had been rented.

Miss Brice has retained Moses H. Grossman of House, Grossman & Vorhaus, 115 Broadway, to represent her interests. At her home, 1 West Eighty-third Street, yesterday, it was said that Miss Brice was indisposed and could not be seen. Mr. Grossman said his client was ready to prove that whatever money she had on deposit in banks was her own personally, and that no part had been given to her by Arnstein.

"Miss Brice came to my office very much upset over the charges lodged against her husband, Arnstein," Mr. Grossman said. "After she had told me her story I telephoned to Saul S. Myers, attorney for the surety company, that she was in my office and asked him if he wanted to interrogate her. I told Mr. Myers he could bring his own stenographer and ask my client any questions he desired as she had nothing to conceal.

"Mr. Myers said he could not come then, but made an appointment for a day this week. Miss Brice told me she did not know the whereabouts of her husband. She said she had neither seen nor heard from him since he left their apartment a week ago last Thursday. She said the fact that he went away and did not communicate with her was not an occasion for alarm, because he had frequently gone away on business ventures without ceremony, and therefore she did not attach importance to his prolonged absence.

"Miss Brice has unbounded faith in her husband and assured me she would not for a moment believe any wrong about Mr. Arnstein. She thinks a mistake has been made in connecting him with the case and is sure he will appear and face any charge against him. Miss Brice does not believe he is involved in any crooked transaction. Everything she has on deposit is in her own right, and she is ready to prove that every cent is from her work on the stage and not given to her by Mr. Arnstein."

Mr. Grossman said that in Broadway circles Miss Brice was known to be intensely devoted to her husband. He said they were married two years ago.

Detectives who were seeking Arnstein with a bench warrant failed to find any clues to him yesterday. It was learned that they were also looking for a well-known Broadway man, whose connection with the case was not explained. There was also likelihood of their arresting a person who was believed to have given them wrong information when they were searching for Arnstein at a place he was known to frequent, it was said.

FOR INDIGESTION—SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a little HOT water. Quick relief.—Advt.

CLASH OVER LIQUOR SEIZURE

Iron County Prosecutor Returns Confiscated Wine to Owners.

ASKS ARREST OF OFFICIALS

Federal Director Appeals to Palmer, Who Replies He Has Full Authority to Act.

PROSECUTOR DENIES REVOLT

Asserts People Are Entitled to Protection as Well as 'Prosecution' from Authorities.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—Major A. V. Dalrymple of Chicago, Supervisor of Prohibition Enforcement for the Central Division, notified Attorney General Palmer tonight that Iron County, Mich., is in revolt against prohibition enforcement by the United States Government and asked permission to lead an armed force there to subdue the "rebellion."

At the same time by telephone and telegraph Major Dalrymple completed plans by which forty of his agents might be reinforced by an equal number of Michigan State Constabulary for the purpose of enforcing the law.

Attorney General Palmer, who happened to be in Chicago on his way to Topeka, Kan., where he is to make a speech tomorrow, replied:

"Enforce the law. You have full authority."

Meantime Iron County continues defiant.

"The people up in this country are entitled to protection and they are going to get it so long as it is within my power to give it to them," said State's Attorney P. A. McDonough of Iron County when he learned Major Dalrymple had declared the county in "open revolt" against Federal authority.

Says Prosecutor Leads "Revolt."

In his telegram to Washington before he had learned that Attorney General Palmer was in Chicago, Major Dalrymple declared State's Attorney McDonough, together with police officers and Deputy Sheriffs, had assaulted Federal prohibition officers, had defied the enforcement of the Federal Prohibition act, and had forcibly taken possession of shipments of liquor seized by Federal officers under the act.

"My information is that this is not a factional dispute," he said, "but an actual revolt against the United States Government. State's Attorney McDonough maintains that liquor of 4, 5 and 6 per cent. alcoholic content can be manufactured in defiance of the Constitution.

"The agents who attempted to seize liquor there were attacked by a party of which McDonough was the leader. Eleven barrels of raisin brandy were taken from them by force.

"I shall take as many men as are necessary from Chicago, and, in cooperation with the Michigan constabulary, I shall put respect and fear of the law into Iron County, cost what it may.

"It appears other persons besides the State's Attorney entertain the belief they can defy Federal authority, but they shall learn much differently before we are through with them."

Asks Arrest of Officials.

Major Dalrymple in his Washington message asked warrants for the State's Attorney, the Chief and Captain of Police of Iron River, Mich., three Deputy Sheriffs of the county and three other residents.

Major Dalrymple explained he was powerless to proceed without these warrants, but that as soon as they were issued with the consent of Attorney General Palmer he would "make things hum."

According to statements of the prohibition enforcement party in Iron River, they were called "tramps" by the State's Attorney and their credentials were declared mere "scraps of paper."

Group Chief Leo Grove on his return here said that he and several other prohibition officers, together with Lieut. R. G. Strope and members of the Michigan State Constabulary, made a raid on the store of John Peter and Steven Scalcucci, on a mining claim known as the Virgil Location, five miles from Iron River. There he said they discovered a carpenter building a wall around eleven barrels of wine stored in the basement.

Samples of the wine, he declares, were taken and were found to contain from 10 to 13.43 per cent. alcoholic content.

Took Possession of the Liquor.

Grove told the Scalcucci brothers that their possession of the wine was in violation of the Federal Prohibition Law. They replied they did not wish to break any law, and told Grove to take the liquor.

The wall was torn down and the Barrels of wine were loaded on a wagon. Then Deputy Sheriff John Chard, of Stambaugh, Mich., appeared. He declared, according to the agents, that State's Attorney McDonough had told

him to seize the liquor from the Federal officers and retain it.

While the argument was progressing, State's Attorney McDonough, accompanied by Chief of Police S. H. Senaba, Captain of Police Claude Brown, and Deputy Sheriff Jesse Allen, all of Iron River, appeared.

Grove submitted his credentials as a Federal Prohibition officer.

"That's not worth the paper its printed on," McDonough is said to have declared.

Later, it is said, he outlined his position that any one had the right to make wine or liquor of any alcohol content, providing they did not offer it for sale.

The State's Attorney and officers then, it is said, stopped the wagon on which the Federal officers had loaded the liquor and took possession of it forcibly.

The attack, it is charged, occurred within two miles of the spot where Captain Marsh of the constabulary was recently shot by a bootlegger during an attempt by the constabulary to "clean up" the district.

McDonough, according to Grove's report, told the prohibition supervisor he was "under arrest for transporting liquor."

Grove put up a fight, but was overpowered.

Says Wine Was Returned.

The wine, Grove says, was returned to the Scalcci brothers by McDonough, who, the report adds, told the brothers to post an armed guard over it with orders to shoot if the Federal Agent tried to regain possession.

Grove and his aids then returned to Chicago and reported the situation to Major Dalrymple.

On Feb. 14 the constabulary raided three places, all operated by Italians, and confiscated eighteen barrels of wine. The places raided were those of Vincent Donninlo, August Orezio and the Scalcucci brothers, all of Iron River. Seven barrels of wine were found in Donninlo's home, two and one-half barrels at Orezio's and nine barrels at the store of the Scalcucci brothers. Each was described as a public place by the State men—the two former places because boarders are kept there and Scalcuccis' because the building is used in part as a store.

Warrants to search the places were issued by Justice Davidson of Crystal Falls.

The constabulary telephoned to Prosecutor McDonough for instructions as to where to store the goods. He immediately notified them not to confiscate the wine and declared they were exceeding their authority in searching the places. An agreement was finally reached in which the prosecutor promised to arrange a hearing and make a public statement to explain his action.

Hearing in Court.

The hearing was held on Wednesday afternoon in Justice Curley's court at the Iron River Town Hall. A warrant had been sworn out against Steve, John and Peter Scalcucci, charging them with unlawfully possessing certain vinous liquors. No charge was brought against the two other persons raided, as their cases were identical and the disposition of one meant similar action for the others.

No witnesses were put on the stand, but each defendant filed an affidavit with the prosecutor confessing all had in their possession eight barrels of wine. The affidavits further stated that possession of so much wine was due to the fact that the brothers had been unable to sell a carload of grapes imported last fall, and rather than permit the grapes to spoil they had manufactured them into wine upon the advice of pamphlets from the Internal Revenue Commissioner, which stated such action was not in violation of the law.

"It is my recommendation that the Court dismiss the case," State Prosecutor McDonough said in his plea to the Court. "The law provides that any man may keep in his home, for his own personal use and the use of his family and bona fide guests, liquor containing more than one-half of one per cent.

"It is my contention that the place where the wine was discovered can well be defined as private and within these rights.

"No evidence of a sale was obtained against these men.

"The three brothers with their families make their home over the store.

"No indications lead to the belief that the store was being used as a place of public resort. No evidence has been obtained to show that wine was used as a product of trade or barter.

Claims Right to Liquor in Homes.

"My position in this case is the same as it was last Fall, that where evidence shows that liquor has been illegally sold or possessed, no matter if it is but a pint, I am ready to force the thing through to a finish, but where the intention of the law is to give to a man in his home the right of possession and no evidence shows that there has been intention of sale, I am as eager to see that be is protected.

"The breath of suspicion has never been raised in this community against Scalcucci brothers. They are honest, law-abiding, respectable citizens. Their integrity is unimpeachable. Whether there was a technical violation or not regarding storage in a private or public place remains for a court to decide.

"I recommend, therefore, that the case be dismissed. The State constabulary have done all in their power in bringing the case into my hands. I give them a clean bill and assume all responsibility for my action."

Apparently the case had ended with its dismissal, as the members of the constabulary had agreed to let matters rest with McDonough, but Lieutenant Strope got into communication with Chief Prohibition Officer Grove, and under his instructions the State constabulary went to Scalcucci's yesterday morning and seized the wine, tearing down a partition which had meanwhile been built to separate the liquor from the rest of the goods in storage.

WASHINGTON TO LET STATE OFFICIALS ACT

Attorney General's Office May Co-operate With Advice—"Whiskey Rebellion" Recalled.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—State and district prohibition authorities have ample authority under the Volstead Prohibition Enforcement act to deal with the "rebellion against prohibition" in Iron County, Michigan, Department of Justice and Internal Revenue Bureau officials said tonight in discussing the first open flouting of the "dry" law to be reported to the two Government agencies jointly intrusted with enforcement of the statute.

Agents of the Prohibition Director's office in Michigan, however, will receive the full co-operation of the Washington authorities, it was said, although beyond advice and instructions as to procedure officials were not able to say tonight just what steps would be taken here.

Attorney General Palmer was absent from the capital and reports of the "revolt" had not reached William L. Frierson, Acting Attorney General. It was pointed out at the Department of Justice that the request of Major A. V. Dalrymple, prohibition director for the Central States, that the Attorney General issue warrants for the arrest of the Iron County authorities accused of defying the prohibition law could not be granted, inasmuch as the judicial and not the prosecuting branch of the Government must sweak out warrants. The Attorney General might recommend to the United States District Attorney at Grand Rapids that prompt application for warrants be made to the nearest United States Commissioner.

Officials predicted that the "rebellion" would be short lived, saying that enforcement of the prohibition laws were entered into with the determination to act swiftly and emphatically in case of any open attempt to defy the statutes.

The outbreak in Michigan is probably the first of its kind in this country bearing a resemblance to the historic "whisky rebellion" of President Washington's first term, when bands of farmers in Western Pennsylvania took to arms to resist the excise taxes designed by Alexander Hamilton for the support of the new Government.

The farmers, whose principal crop was grain, had great difficulty in getting their goods to market in a form other than in liquor because there were few roads in that early day, and besides that they had a traditional hatred for the Excise Collector and the State of Pennsylvania never had been able to enforce the regulations. They rallied in protest against the Federal law of 1791, tarred and feathered the tax collectors and visited similar treatment on citizens who sympathized with the new law. Hamilton, at the request of Congress, made some modifications in the law, but the opposition did not end the rioting and other violent acts continued until President Washington by proclamation ordered the disturbers to yield to the law.

This had only a temporary effect, and in 1794 violence broke out again, and a mixed commission attempted to settle the difficulties. This also was fruitless, and late in that year Washington, with patience exhausted and determination aroused, ordered out 15,000 militiamen, under General Henry Lee of Virginia. The leaders fled at the approach of the troops, which took several hundred prisoners, of whom two were convicted of treason, but pardoned. Twenty-five hundred troops remained in the disturbed region through the Winter. The disturbances died away, and the law went into operation.

Historians have given to the incident a greater meaning than the mere successful quelling of an incipient rebellion against Federal taxation of the liquor traffic. They have recorded it one of the most significant of Washington's acts which had a profound effect in strengthening the new and weak Government, not only at home, but in demonstrating to all Europe, which was watching the American experiment with little sympathy, that the newly organized Union was prepared and determined to preserve itself and enforce its constitutional laws.

STATE'S ACTION IN DOUBT.

Trouble Over Dry Law in Upper Peninsula Had Been Expected.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 22.—There was no State official in Lansing tonight who could say what action, if any, would be taken by State agencies in connection with the reported "prohibition rebellion" in Iron County. Governor Sleeper is in Florida, Lieutenant Governor Dickinson's whereabouts were unknown here, and Attorney General Groesbeck could not be reached up to a late hour.

At the headquarters of the State Police it was said no official word of the incident had been received. In the absence of Colonel Roy Vandercook, head of the constabulary, other officers withheld comment.

Difficulty in enforcing the prohibition law in portions of upper Michigan had been expected by the constabulary, it was pointed out. Reports reaching Lansing recently, it was said, foreshadowed possible friction between State and local officers, and sentiment in that section of the State had been represented here as strongly opposed to the operation of the force.

A week ago Colonel Vandercook appeared before the State Board of Auditors here with a request for an emergency appropriation and was quoted as saying that "hell will break loose in the Upper Peninsula" if the work of the State Police was interfered with.

The Upper Michigan press has since attacked this view and maintained that local officers could better preserve order.

Some officials here are known to regard the matter as nothing more than a clash between the State and county officers over their authority to act in the various localities.

DENIES IT IS A "REVOLT."

County Prosecutor Says He Upheld Law and Asks for Investigation.

IRON RIVER, Mich., Feb. 22.—Prosecuting Attorney P. A. McDonough of Iron County, when he learned tonight that Major A. V. Dalrymple, Prohibition Director of the Central States, had declared Iron County in "open revolt" against prohibition, stated that he would welcome a thorough investigation.

"The best thing they could do is to swear out a warrant for my arrest and try to prosecute me," he said. "We could then learn whether or not the laws of this kind are to be enforced and whether or not the people are entitled to protection as well as prosecution at the hands of their officers.

"A short time ago the State constabulary officers asked for a warrant for the arrest of the three Italians who owned the wine. The warrant was issued. When brought to trial they were dismissed, as the court found they were violating none of the prohibition laws.

"Later Leo J. Grove, Supervisor of Federal Prohibition Enforcement in the Upper Peninsula, arrived and directed a raid on the home of the Stalcuzzi brothers. I demanded Grove's credentials, and also asked where he had secured his warrant for a raid on a private home. Owing to the fact that he had no warrant, I took everything he had, including the letter, and these things will be placed in the hands of Major Dalrymple.

"I do not know why the Federal authorities want to secure warrants and to arrest the police officers and the Deputy Sheriffs who helped to enforce the law as we understand it, and to protect a man's private property. These men were acting under my orders, and I have assumed all responsibility for their actions."

BAILED AFTER LIQUOR RAID.

Seven Arrested Near Baltimore Are First Accused in Maryland.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 22.—Bail amounting to $15,500 was furnished today for the release of seven men, the first accused under the dry law in Maryland, who were arrested by agents of the Internal Revenue Department and United States Deputy Marshals, in a raid on a "shore" at Middle River late yesterday. The bail in each case was recommended by Field Prohibition Agent C. W. Hand, who directed the raid.

The raid on the "shore," which is known as the "Harvest Moon," took place late yesterday. "Dry" agents, assisted by Deputy United States Marshals, swooped down on the place and arrested the seven men and confiscated nine barrels of whisky valued at $5,000.

GERMAN VIEW ON LANSING.

Embassy Here Said to Have Noted Wilson's Coldness to Him — Before War.

(Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.)

BERLIN, Feb. 22.—It was understood at the German Embassy in Washington before the United States entered the war that the President was beginning to exclude Mr. Lansing from confidence.

Of the Lansing incident, the Frankfurter Zeitung says:

"Wilson's latest actions indicate he again wants to play the leader. Americans love a fighter, so it is possible they might be carried away again, if the President will stand up and fight for great ideals. But it must be remembered Wilson no longer enjoys the respect he formerly did. His attack on Lansing has widened a breach in his own party and the people are strongly influenced by Republican agitation.

"In order to regain lost ground the President must make an extreme effort and it is a question how much his health will enable him to do. A fighting Wilson who is not strong enough to carry his point would be of no use to the world. On the contrary, he would retard the settlement of pressing questions. For this reason further developments in the Wilson problem will be of great interest for the whole world."

THE LOST DOG.

A dog in many homes is an important member of the household. Sometimes he unconsciously strays too far from home and cannot find his way back. An advertisement in the Lost and Found columns of The New York Times may help the finder to return him.—Advt.

RIDICULES PLEAS FOR TREATY REVISION

Tardieu Says Germany's Advocates Are Reopening the Case Lost in 1919.

CITES CLAUSES EXECUTED

He Argues That Only Germans Should Desire Revision of an Instrument Working So Well.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 21.—André Tardieu, who was one of the French Peace Commissioners, continuing his articles on the treaty of peace in L'Illustration, expresses his impatience with the French advocates of revision.

"Such a demand," he writes, "is quite natural in Berlin, but inconceivable in allied countries. A treaty should not be revised before it is applied unless its application is not wanted. The Germans wish with all their might to prevent the application of the treaty—that is evident. Will they find among the Allies unconscious co-operation in a manoeuvre directed against the Allies themselves? That is the point I wish to examine.

"The idea of revision has its root in a legend—a legend that the most formidable treaty in the history of the world was improvised and patched up by four fallible and badly informed men, secluded in a dark room, and imposed upon the world according to the vagaries of their fancy. To this legend it is time to oppose some facts.

"The treaty was studied, prepared and discussed for six months by fifty-two technical commissions, to which each country sent its best qualified specialists and which held 1,646 meetings. The conclusions of the commissions, verified by twenty-six inquiries on the spot, were discussed from Jan. 10 to June 28 by three bodies, the Council of Ministers of Foreign Affairs, which held thirty-nine meetings; the Council of Ten, which held seventy-two, and the Council of Four, which held 145.

"These three councils heard the Presidents of the technical commissions and all the representatives of the allied and neutral countries interested. Finally, when at the beginning of May the texts were completed, a Council of Ministers of each of the great powers was called upon to deliberate upon them.

"On May 7 the treaty was handed to the Germans, and three days later they began to discuss it. Between May 10 and June 28 the commissions in over 200 sessions and the Council of Four in seventy-six minutely revised all the articles. No criticism, whether formulated by Germany or not, was left in the background. Everything was discussed anew. By June 16 a reply was sent to the German notes, giving Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau a definite period in which to say yes or no. On June 28 the treaty was signed.

Clemenceau Called German Bluff.

"I have given these facts because they have never been given before, and because the silence of those concerned in the negotiations has led to misconception by the public. I lay stress on the last because it is of capital importance. Between May 10 and June 28, the treaty was fundamentally revised. Between May 10 and June 28, the same spirit, which is now showing itself in London, appeared in Paris. Between May 10 and June 28, Clemenceau stood his ground, and, thanks to the force of argument, personal authority and firmness, the ground which certain persons were prepared to yield was held.

"Between these days and the present there is great similarity of atmosphere. The German bluff, the threat of a desperate blow, was then, as today, behind it. Those who wished to yield to it talked then, as today, and not less sincerely, the language of realism and humanity. Then they said, as now: 'The material and moral capacity of Germany to execute the treaty is limited, and therefore the treaty ought to be limited. Let us remake the clauses. The German people will be thankful for our generous treatment.'

"Will what did not succeed in 1919 succeed in 1920? That is the question.

"Another argument for the revision of the treaty is that it cannot be fulfilled. On examination this, too, falls to the ground. In order that a treaty of this magnitude may be appreciated, it must be applied for several years. It has been in operation for less than forty days. That is too short a time in which to judge of the possibilities of its execution.

"I know well that it has been from the beginning the subject of attacks of such a nature that the public was asked to believe, even before it came into operation, that it could not be executed. But common sense has its revenges, and and people are beginning to see that the treaty has no such defect. As well ask, 'What would I have done if I had never been born?'

"In many of its clauses, and these not the least important, this unexecutable treaty is already being executed.

What the Treaty Has Accomplished.

"The willing skepticism which for a long time united our royalist and our Bolshevist press banished the execution of the treaty into the uncertain future. But what do we see? The reduction of German territory by 84,000 square kilometers quietly executed; the return to France of Alsace and Lorraine, free and without the burden of expense; Posen, 'the vital muscle of the Prussian body,' as Bismarck called it, in the hands of Poland; the Walloon cantons given to Belgium.

"Executed also are the rupture of the Government bond between the Sarre Valley and Prussia, the possession of the mines by France, the plebiscite of Slesvig, the installation of the plebiscite commission in Upper Silesia.

"Allied troops occupy the left bank of the Rhine, which is under control of a French Commissioner. The fortresses in the neutral zone are dismantled. The fleet, of which France has received 600,000 tons, has been given up. The restitution of pillaged property is also being undertaken, and that means nine milliards to France.

"Unexecutable? Those who say so today are the same who said six months ago that it was too severe. Their opinion has not been changed by six months' experience. In the Spring of 1919 Herbert Hoover and Lord Robert Cecil thought the conditions imposed upon Germany excessive and impolitic. They have not changed their opinion; neither have we. As we thought then that they were mistaken—with the best faith in the world, I have not the least doubt—so we think now. Some time we may change or opinion, but the experience of forty days is not enough.

"I would add in citing the risks of the far future that it is too often forgotten that the treaty has set up a League of Nations which alone—but much too late—will be qualified to make changes if necessary, and if Germany has shown herself to be trusted.

"There is only one policy for all the allied countries: To hold to the treaty as it is and to execute it. That is both duty and wisdom. The theory of 'a scrap of paper' is German; the Allies profess to be bound by treaties. The Treaty of Versailles binds both Germany and the Allies."

M. Tardieu attacks those who for political ends in France have supported others who conscientiously opposed the treaty terms.

"Let us have a care," he continues, "that in demolishing the treaty in the internal interests of parties or persons it is not dismantled before Germany. Two truths of general interest should be admitted: First, that if this peace, so much desired, is faithfully carried out France will have more security than ever before in her glorious history; second, that it is the duty of France to stand behind the treaty if she would benefit by this security. France demands its execution; that is the price of our future."

DENIES WILSON REBUFFED GREY

G. H. Perris Says Envoy Was Not Barred from White House by Attache's Indiscretions.

REPORT IS DENOUNCED

President Wilson Defended in London Newspaper from Assertions Made in America.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, Feb. 23.—G. H. Perris, writing in The Daily Chronicle, says:

"The Chronicle received on Friday last a long cablegram from its New York correspondent summarizing a story printed in The New York World from its Washington correspondent, the effect of which is that dinner party indiscretions on the part of a young gentleman attached to the British Embassy in Washington accounted for the failure of Viscount Grey's mission to the United States last Autumn.

"We did not print this dispatch on Saturday and do not print it now for two reasons: It does the sort of injustice to the gentleman in question which is only possible under a libel law so loosely applied as in America, and it does wider and graver injustice to the weightiest attempt made in recent years to further Anglo-American understanding and co-operation—the Grey mission.

"Silence seemed the best answer to such petty scandal-mongering. Some of our contemporaries, however, have published summaries of the World story, and it seems desirable therefore briefly to answer its more serious allegation without entering into details of an old incident dating from Lord Reading's mission to Washington in 1918, on which it is based. The facts are known to some outside diplomatic and Government circles who were in Washington last Autumn, and it is strange that the leading Democratic organ should seek to pervert or even to advertise them at this time.

"It is true that the alleged offense of a junior member of the Ambassadorial household was recalled during Lord Grey's visit, and was the subject of friendly communications with the State Department. It, of course, is not true that this trivial incident prevented the President from receiving Lord Grey. The suggestion would have been dismissed as absurd had it been made at the time.

"Lord Grey recognized too clearly and sympathetically the condition of Mr. Wilson's health to think of pressing for admittance, which Dr. Grayson forbade even to Mr. Lansing and Senator Hitchcock. Our Ambassador was the last man to take umbrage at a mission of formality, and he had less reason to complain in that it did not interfere with the transaction of business.

"When at the end of the year he left America on leave of absence there was a long list of Foreign Ambassadors and Ministers waiting to be received at the White House as soon as the President's health should permit.

"The high and exceptional character of Lord Grey's mission was perhaps not appreciated in certain circles in the United States, but it is outrageous that mean motives like those named in The World story should be attributed to such men as President Wilson and our special envoy."

MAY SHELVE TREATY FOR DYE TARIFF BILL

Prospect That Ratification Debate in Senate May Not Be Resumed for Some Time.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—With the Peace Treaty sidetracked for the Railroad bill in the Senate tomorrow, there was some uncertainty tonight as to when the ratification fight would be actually resumed.

Under the plan of the leaders the treaty again would be brought up as soon as the Senate has acted on the railroad legislation, expected early in the week. There has been considerable pressure, however, for early consideration of the Dyestuff Tariff bill and it was said tonight that there might be some change in the legislative program to make this possible.

In view of developments yesterday when the irreconcilable opponents of ratification blocked all the plans of Republican and Democratic leaders to make compromise modifications in the Lodge reservations, it was indicated that a careful canvass of the situation would be made before the remainder of the series of reservations were brought up for action. The next one on the list relates to Article X., one of the most troublesome subjects in the whole treaty controversy, and the plan has been to put this reservation over until after disposal of all the others.

Taking into consideration the attitude of the irreconcilables and the apparent belief of leaders on both sides that an Article X., compromise is further away than ever some Senators believe that there is nothing to be gained by delay in the final showdown on the reservation on the article.

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HARRY WARDMAN, President — ELMER DYER, Manager

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Through the Block to 135 Bowery near Grand St. Phone 5 Spring

21 ARRESTS IN BERLIN FOR ANTI-JEWISH FIGHT

Soldiers and Reactionaries Attack and Injure Speaker, Provoking a General Clash.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 22.—Though the sober leaders of the reactionaries, realizing the bad impression throughout the world caused by the propaganda of violence against the Jewish part of the population, have repeatedly disavowed any connection to that movement, there are nevertheless frequent renewed outbreaks of fanaticism for which the spirit pervading the Junkers and pseudo-Junkers must certainly be held responsible.

Yesterday's victim was one originally of their own class, the well-known writer and Independent Socialist leader, Vongerlach, who was lecturing at a large meeting on the war criminals. Soon after the meeting opened Vongerlach noticed an elegant person known to him as an anti-Semitic leader exchanging signs with a large number of soldiers recently returned from the Baltic. Suddenly a gigantic soldier jumped on the stage and cried out: "These Jews insist on slandering the German nation. Down with them!" Whereupon the soldier seized Vongerlach with the intention of throwing him out of the auditorium, but Frau Vongerlach and other women interfered.

The elegant person mentioned shouted, "Hoch Kaiser Wilhelm! Down with the Jews!" Many people joined in singing "Deutschland Uber Alles." Meanwhile a large number of Baltic soldiers endeavored successfully to clear the stage, using their fists and feet on Vongerlach and his friends, afterward joining in a general fight among the audience, which only ceased when a large platoon of police arrived. Vongerlach and several others were severely handled, making medical attendance necessary.

The Government has ordered a strict investigation, and is determined to punish not only the soldiers, but to strike the leading spirits who must be sought in circles once surrounding the throne. So far twenty-one persons have been arrested, among them seven officers.

GET FUND FOR BRITISH CLUB.

Proceeds of Benefit for Veterans to be Used for Home Here.

A performance in which many prominent stage folk participated was given last night at the Park Theatre under the auspices of the British Great War Veterans of America, to raise a foundation fund for the erection of a memorial club house here for its members. The organization was formed about a week ago of men who fought with the British forces, a great number of whom are Americans.

Among those who attended were General Robert L. Bullard and staff, Rear Admiral J. H. Glennon and staff, Colonel J. H. Wells of the 71st Regiment, N. G. N. Y., and staff, Colonel John A. Cooper, representing the Canadian Government; H. Gloster Armstrong, British Consul General; Mark Sheldon, Commissioner for Australia, and George Brokaw Compton of the American Legion.

BEGINNING TO FEAR EX-KAISER PLOTS

Dutch Government Apparently Awaking to Peril of Amerongen Intrigues.

STREAM OF GERMAN AGENTS

Monarchist Emissaries Constantly Arriving at the Castle—Censorship a Farce.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 21.—How much importance should be attached to the intrigues having their centre at Amerongen? This is a question which will, perhaps, have considerable weight in deciding whether the ex-Kaiser shall stay in Holland. Up to now, the Dutch Government has been inclined to treat the whole subject lightly, not to take into account monarchist schemings and to regard William as a harmless dotard.

But it is beginning to open its eyes now. There is no doubt that the ex-Crown Prince is willing, for his own ends, to spread the report that his father is mentally unbalanced, and that the monarchists, who are plotting for the ex-Kaiser, use the statement as a cloak for their plans.

William's mental condition is the subject of much controversy, even between people who have talked with him. While he is still a clever talker, able to lead the conversation at the castle dinner table, he suffers from seizures of uncontrollable rage, which are interpreted as a sign of paralysis. The last occasion reported was when he learned that his eldest son had offered himself to the Allies as a scapegoat. William also continues to see visions more frequently.

Two allied powers are said to be bringing pressure to bear upon Holland for the internment of the ex-Kaiser in Curaçao.

The so-called censorship of William's correspondence is only pro forma and does not affect his private letters. Agents from various monarchist parties are constantly arriving at Amerongen from Germany and are received at the castle.

Is Holland to become the centre of German monarchist intrigues and at the same time the centre of International Bolshevist plots? The authorities, who are thoroughly alive to the latter danger, have perhaps overlooked the former, although the Dutch press, commenting on the last allied note, ironically asks: "Can the Entente throw light upon plots of which the Dutch Government is not aware!"

A Socialist member of Parliament has addressed a question to the Minister of Foreign Affairs, asking why the allied note asking for the extradition of the ex-Kaiser had never been discussed with the representatives of the Dutch people.

The Store is closed to-day in honor of Washington's Birthday

B. Altman & Co.

Pretty Spring Frocks for growing girls

Among the many charming new frocks evolved for girls of six to sixteen one may find models to suit every individual type and every possible occasion.

The dainty washable frocks that so many mothers sensibly prefer for their young daughters' everyday use are shown in almost endless variety, the favored materials being gingham, chambray, voile and batiste. For more formal occasions there are lovely creations of chiffon, georgette, net, taffeta, pongee, crepe de Chine, tricolette and the indispensable serges and other woolen fabrics.

The prices (in stock) range, according to material, from

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(Girls' Department, Second Floor)

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The balance of many higher cost styles—odd sizes smart models in rich materials with lavish trimmings of fur.

Gowns and Dresses

Formerly $165 to $225 $55--$85

Remaining styles suitable for street, afternoon, dance or evening wear; of velvet—duvetyn—tricotine—satin—tulle—taffeta and lace, light and dark shades.

Dinner and Evening Gowns

Formerly $225 to $350 $125 to $165

Higher cost styles suitable for formal occasions in rich metallic brocades and net with trimmings of sequins.—A few very dressy afternoon gowns are also included in this group.

Beautiful Evening Wraps

Formerly $225 to $550 $135--$175 to $350

Rich fur-trimmed effects in satin—velvet and metal brocades—odd styles from various high class lines, scheduled for immediate disposal.

Coats and Day Wraps

Formerly $350 to $695 $195-$250 to $375

Fashionable models in cloth materials with rich trimmings of desirable furs—only one of a kind.

Clearance Prices on Furs

Judging fom the present cost of raw skins which are being purchased now for future needs, there will undoubtedly be an increase of fifty to one hundred per cent. over this season's prices. We therefore suggest your taking advantage of the offerings noted below—

$395 Short Taupe Nutria Coats	$225
$425 Short Taupe Nutria Coat	$250
$550 Short Taupe Nutria Coat	$350
$550 Short Taupe Nutria Coat (Beaver collar and cuffs)	$395
$850 Genuine Beaver Coat (30 inch length)	$595
$850 Smart Nutria Wrap	$595
$850 Hudson Seal Coat (36 inch length, Grey Squirrel trimming)	$595
$750 Hudson Seal Wraps (40 inch length)	$575
$850 Hudson Seal Coat (Beaver collar and cuffs)	$595
$1050 Rich Mole Coat	$695
$1250 Hudson Seal Cape Wrap	$750
$1250 Nutria & Hudson Seal Wrap	$795
$1500 Hudson Seal Novelty Coat (Grey Squirrel trimming)	$850
$2000 Natural Grey Squirrel Cape	$1350
$2500 Hudson Bay Sable Shoulder Cape (Natural Topped Skins)	$1600

CITY TAXES PUT UP 14 TO 19 POINTS

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

in the budget for teachers' salaries was thereby reduced to that extent. In other words, the reduction of taxation was made in reducing the budget to this extent, the general fund still serving the function of a clearing account.

Real Estate Valuations.

"The assessed valuations of real estate for 1920 for the five boroughs amount to $8,626,121,707. This is an increase of 1910 of $197,798,954, which is very moderate in view of the high rents prevailing. The personal property assessments for the entire city amount to $296,506,185, which is a decrease of about $66,000,000 as compared with 1919.

"The increase in the tax rate is very much less than various false prophets and calamity howlers have been predicting, and on the basis of which many of them have been attempting to justify the high rents exacted from their tenants. There is no relation whatever between the comparatively low tax rate of 1920 and the very high rents that are now being enforced throughout the city.

"On an apartment house assessed at $100,000 the eight points increase in the tax rate means $80 per year.

"On an apartment house assessed at $1,000,000 the increase in the tax rate would be about $800 per year.

"If this were spread over eighty apartment houses it would mean $10 per year, or less than a dollar a month for each apartment."

The Controller has already announced that the tax rate for 1921 will be greatly increased, due to a contemplated city budget of $300,000,000.

Two Die at Sea on Greek Liner.

The Greek liner Megali Hellas arrived yesterday from Piraeus with nearly 1,000 passengers. There were two deaths at sea from pneumonia and four patients were in the hospital yesterday.

NEIGHBORS RESENT HUNGARY'S POLICY

Present Anti-Liberal Regime's Internal and International Action Objected To.

TERRORISM BY MILITARY

Budapest Government Makes Threat to Close Frontier Against West Hungary.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Feb. 21.—Hungary is concentrating a lot of attention upon herself and is meeting with general disfavor. She is, indeed, the stormy petrel of Central Europe at the present moment.

Her Government's internal policy is alienating all her neighbors from her, and the recent murder of the editor of a Socialist paper by the military camarilla in Budapest, which is merely the latest of a long series of such crimes, has made it a question of self-respect for every one, irrespective of party, to oppose the Huszar-Friedrich-Horthy régime.

This régime recently had its powers confirmed by a general election which was largely a mockery, and thus it can cover its actions with the cloak of sham parliamentarism, but so long as it lasts political peace is perhaps impossible in Central Europe.

Hungarians themselves will lose their present exaggerated fear of Semitism and socialism and will cease to feel so exasperated against these forces in face of this evil governmental power, which is using a temporary phase of exasperation for its own ends.

The Social Democrats in the Austrian and Czechoslovakian Governments, too, are becoming more and more estranged from Hungary as a result of the latter's anti-social policy, and Hungary alone of the Central European powers is taking no part in those conferences which are being held, or are to be held, between Austria and Czechoslovakia and Jugoslavia, and which seem to mark the opening of an era of reconciliation here.

Recently Dr. Benes, the Czechoslovak Foreign Minister, attacked Hungary with considerable vehemence for instigating trouble in Czechoslovakia, and now there is trouble between Hungary and Austria regarding a district promised to Austria, but which Hungary has in present occupation. Hungary invites Austria to negotiate on the subject of an immediate plebiscite in the district, with the offer of free trade between Hungary and Austria as a tempting bait. Austria has replied to the Hungarian note by pointing out that the provisions of the Peace Treaty of St. Germain must be adhered to, but that she is willing to discuss an economic agreement.

Tonight, however, an interview appears in the papers here which the Hungarian Minister in Vienna has accorded to the Hungarian press, in which he threatens the closing of the frontiers against West Hungary, just as they were closed against Austria, with the object, of course, of causing dissatisfaction in that district.

So Hungary is causing all-round estrangement by her internal policy and is sowing hostility by her international action.

Perhaps the best thing that could happen here would be that with the present reconciliatory attitude prevailing new States should be allowed to make political and economic agreements as best they can, and then we can see more clearly the full effect of the Peace Treaty. Hungary must be sympathized with on many points, but until she comes to her senses this desirable end must remain largely an impossibility.

ASSAULT COUNT ESTERHAZY.

Plot to Bring Ex-Emperor Back to Hungary Foiled by a Consul.

(Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.)

BUDAPEST, Feb. 20 (via Paris, Feb. 22).—As Count Esterhazy, one of the most prominent monarchical figures, came out of his club the other evening, royalist officers in a passing automobile mistook him for a Jew, called him a Bolshevik and beat him so severely it was necessary for him to remain in a hospital for several days to recover.

There are many disappearances, assaults and robberies nightly, laid to the White army. The censorship, suppression of the press, suspension of the right to sue out writs of habeas corpus and the filling of prisons with suspects without trial add to the present terrorism in Hungary.

The Hungarian people are now convinced former Emperor Charles hatched the plot for his return to seize the Government, but that he failed on account of the watchfulness of an incorruptible Swiss Consul. It is reported a member of the Hungarian Cabinet personally applied for the use of three passports from Switzerland to Hungary. The Swiss Consul demanded the appearance of the applicants. Thereupon the Minister declared he vouched for them, saying that the names given were fictitious. The Consul, suspecting a plot, asked for photographs. One of them he recognized as that of former Emperor Charles.

POLES AWAIT RED ATTACK.

Bolsheviki Still Bringing Up Large Forces to Frontier.

WARSAW, Feb. 20.—Bolshevist concentration along the Polish front continues, according to reports reaching here from military observers. It is stated that seven infantry divisions which were relieved by the collapse of the Yudenitch, Kolchak and Denikin forces, have arrived at various points opposite the Polish army and are preparing to fill the gap in the Bolshevist line.

Several new divisions are reported to have arrived at northern central rail terminals, where their commanders are planning methodically for an offensive if peace negotiations are unsuccessful.

The Polish forces are fully prepared to meet an attack, although it is considered impossible for the Bolshevist army to open an offensive before the snow melts. The present concentration is regarded largely as a "grandstand play" to back up the Bolshevist peace note.

Numerous mass meetings, favoring peace, have been held in Cracow, Lemberg, Przemysl and other cities and towns. In most instances they were called by Socialists. Similar meetings have been planned throughout Poland in the campaign for urging the Government to open negotiations with the Russian Bolsheviki for peace. Discussion of the situation in the newspapers continues at length. The Liberal newspapers and the neutral Nationalist organs continue their strenuous campaign against the opening of peace pourparlers.

The Ukrainian diplomatic corps in Warsaw has delivered a note to the Polish Government and to the allied representatives here demanding the admission of Ukrainian representatives to the conference if peace negotiations are opened with the Soviet Government.

SAY CASPIAN FLEET HAS JOINED SOVIETS

Reds Also Assert Wrangel Has Replaced Denikin and Mamontoff Is Dead.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—A Moscow wireless message says that Denikin's fleet in the Caspian has joined the Soviets.

General Baron Wrangel has replaced Denikin in chief command of the White Army.

General Mamontoff, made famous by his raids in the Tambov and Voronezh provinces last Summer, has died of spotted fever at Ekaterinodar.

FRENCH DOCTORS JOIN X-RAY WITH 'MOVIE'

Action of Internal Organs of Animals Can Now Be Watched on the Screen.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—A combination X-ray and moving picture apparatus is announced by The Intransigeant. It is the invention of Drs. Lormon and Comandon.

With the combined apparatus pictures of animals can be thrown on the screen and the movements of the various organs shown.

It is expected that with modifications the apparatus can be used with human beings as the objects photographed.

LORD BRYCE ASSAILS LENIENCY TO TURKEY

Asserts Present Troubles Are Due to Allies' Mistakes in Their Policy to Sultan.

WANTS CHRISTIANS FREED

Crawford Price and J. L. Garvan Join in Assault on Decision to Leave Turks in Europe.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—Viscount Bryce in an article in The Sunday Observer says:

"The troubles which have now arisen over the making of the treaty with Turkey are due to three mistakes committed sixteen months ago when the armistice was concluded.

"In the first place, the terms of the armistice were strangely and even inordinately lenient considering the crimes which the Turks had committed, frightful massacres of their own Christian subjects and barbarous treatment of British prisoners taken at Kut, cruelties under which more than half of our private soldiers perished.

"Secondly, no provision was made for requiring Turkish troops to withdraw from regions out of which Christian refugees had been driven. Many thousands of these refugees have since died from hunger and exposure because they were prevented from returning to their homes.

"Thirdly, the failure of the Turks to disband their forces and the long delay that has followed has given the worst elements in Turkey an opportunity to recover their ascendancy. The unscrupulous ruffians who formed the Committee of Union and Progress have again come to the top. They are practically in control at Constantinople. They have drawn together a considerable army in Anatolia. They have sent out armed bands which are now massacring defenseless Christians in cities where French troops seem to have failed to give protection.

"As a consequence of what has passed the Turks have resumed their old arrogance and insolence. They admit no defeat, and so far from showing any remorse for their crimes they indicate every intention of continuing their policy of plunder and slaughter."

Examining the various arguments used by the Montagu School of British Politicians in urging the retention of the Ottoman Government in Constantinople Lord Bryce concludes:

"Turkish power ought not to be allowed anywhere east of the Taurus Range. If France is to have a mandate for Cilicia no shred of Turkish suzerainty should be allowed to exist there, while the rest of the Armenian provinces, from Van and the Persian frontier to Kharput and from Erzingan on the west ought to be secured for the Christian population of these devastated regions and a wide barrier interposed between Turkish power and those regions through which Central Asia and India could be threatened.

"Here the interests of humanity and justice coincide with the strategical and political interests which Britain has in the protection of India. The question of how these liberated countries are to be administered and order maintained in them is too large to be entered into here since the United States now seems unlikely to bear a hand in the work as we had formerly hoped. Some other method of providing for it must be found, but whatever that provision may be one thing to be decided now is the extinction of all Turkish power east and south of Taurus.

"The opportunity of delivering the long suffering peoples of the Near East has at last arrived. An opportunity for giving these once populous and flourishing countries a chance of regaining prosperity and it will be a disgrace to the victorious Allies if that opportunity is lost."

Price Assails Lloyd George.

Crawford Price, an authority on Near Eastern questions, writing in The Sunday Times, accuses Lloyd George in the settlement of the Turkish question of reverting to the old diplomacy of bartering away portions of country without giving a real consideration to the new principles of the League of Nations. He adds:

"We credited Lloyd George with a wider horizon and of greater sense of personal responsibility than that possessed by his Latin colleagues. What has come over him? Is it that deprived of the support of President Wilson he is not sufficiently strong himself to weather the tempest of national ambition, cosmopolitan finance and departmental intrigue, or is it that as his critics insist he lacks that quality of moral courage with which we fain would credit him?

"We have now to face the serious fact that not content with jettisoning Wilsonism we have thrown overboard the last vestiges of political decency. We bleat about universal peace and cheaper building lands fit for heroes to live in, and then we allow the spirit of revenge to raise its head in the west. We lower the flag to the imperialism of the southeast and perpetuate the anachronistic régime in the Levant.

"We are back in the old rut, floundering in the old welter of sordid ambition that died in what we fondly imagined was Armageddon, but if these methods prevail Armageddon has yet to be fought.

"The truth is that either for reasons of convictions or expediency the Premier has caved into the French view and to the pressure of the India office. The outspoken French agitation for the retention of the Turk was fathered by the Colonial Party at the Quai d' Orsay and thanks to the somewhat native frankness of the Paris press we learn it was dictated on the one hand by the fear that given an international régime Constantinople would fall under the supreme influence of the power with the strongest navy, and on the other hand by the hope that under a Turkish régime a real control, with the resulting economic benefit, would be exercised by the financial commission on which France happens to possess a preponderance.

"Thus in a case that is perhaps the most momentous issue before the conference we have returned to the old deplorable system under which the jealousies of the European powers maintained the sovereignty of Moslem Turkey, and protected her from punishment for her myriad crimes against her unfortunate Christian subjects."

Garvan for a Commission.

J. L. Garvan, editor of The Observer, writes: "Unless the nation's hands have been tied in secret to the fatal policy which its sound instincts hate we hope Lloyd George and Lord Curzon will face any cost before they seal a compact certain to come up against its authors like the bond of Faust." Garvan refers to the hopes once entertained that the United States would accept a mandate for Turkey. "An American mandate," he says, "would have been by far the best solution. Failing that, the second best ought to be faced; it means the political government of Constantinople and of both sides of the Bosporus by an international commission representing the whole League of Nations. Russia and Germany would be admitted eventually, as they must be if there is to be the slightest chance of the world's continued peace. To avoid jealousies Belgium might provide the High Commissioner in the first instance."

Reports have been current here that the Supreme Council had discussed an alternative plan of this kind and abandoned it because none of the smaller disinterested nations, like Belgium, Holland or Sweden, would undertake the burden of administration.

COUNCIL TO CONSIDER RUSSIA AND TURKEY

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

sia. After pointing out the significant fact that the signatories of the memorial to the Premier have all been through an experience calculated to have made them keen anti-Bolshevist partisans if only the Russian anti-Bolsheviki had shown themselves worth fighting beside The Chronicle says:

"The real question may be narrowed down to this: 'Do we want peace, or do we want the sort of war which consists in blockading Russia's ports and frontiers, incurring the hostility of the Russian Government and the risk of its military reprisals against the Poles, Czechs, Letts, Rumanians or against India and Mesopotamia, and depriving ourselves and Central Europe of the Russian grain supply.'

"Surely there can be one answer, peace would be altogether better were it obtainable on proper terms.

"What would such terms imply?"

"Security and recognition for the border States, security for our various great interests in Asia, some proper provision for discharging Russia's indebtedness, and suitabel trading arrangements. All these have been offered by the Soviet Government. Can anything be gained by our further refusal to consider its offers?"

Millerand Against Soviet Recognition.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—The Matin says the political object of Premier Millerand's trip to London is to determine the policy of the Allies toward Russia. The newspaper adds that Premier Nitti thinks it necessary to resume regular relations with the Moscow Government, but that M. Millerand considers that there should be only commercial exchanges and remains opposed to any other relations with the Soviet Government. The Matin also says that Premier Lloyd George seems to share Signor Nitti's opinion.

The Nationalists, who are in the majority of the Turkish Chamber, have drawn up a program which includes as its main points refusal of any control which means outside interference in the country's internal affairs, the return to the Turks of all territory not occupied at the conclusion of the armistice, and the acceptance of the decision the Arabs arrive at with regard to their future.

British Squadron in Bosporus.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 21. — A British squadron, consisting of five battleships and four torpedo destroyers, under command of Admiral Fremantle, arrived today and anchored in the Bosporus near the Italian and French battleships in the waterway and within a stone's throw of the Parliament buildings, where the peace discussions are taking place.

The newspapers are so jubilant over the retention of Constantinople by the Turks that the details of the possible peace treaty are overshadowed.

The newspapers announce that Tewfik Pasha, former Grand Vizier, has been appointed to head the Turkish Peace Delegation, which will include Naby Bey, former Ambassador to Rome; Mustapha Rechad, also a former Ambassador to Italy, and Hikmet Bey, President of the Chamber of Deputies. The delegation will number about thirty.

The Nationalist manoeuvres are only a continuation of German plotting, according to Alemdar, the organ of the Entente and the Liberal Party. The newspaper asserts that Berlin, Switzerland and Russia are centres from which Young Turks like Djavid Bey, Djemel Pasha, Talaat Pasha, and Enver Pasha are directing Bolshevist negotiations for the Nationalists in an effort to effect Russian Bolshevist co-operation in Pan Islamic Bolshevism. Enver Pasha, says the newspaper, is now in Persia, where he is attempting to facilitate the entrance of the Reds into India. He has been negotiating in Azerbaijan, which controls the Baku oil fields, and probably could open the road for the Bolsheviki into Persia.

Many Nationalists declare that the failure to obtain a satisfactory peace will drive Turkey into an alliance with the Bolsheviki. The Nationalist bloc in the Chamber of Deputies has passed a resolution declaring that peace will be impossible unless a new plebiscite is held in Kars, Ardahan, Batum and Eastern Thrace. This would affect the territory of the Armenian and Georgian republics and add new complications to the situation.

MORGENTHAU URGES PROTEST.

Tells Philadelphia Audience Turk Should Be Driven from Europe.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 22. — Henry Morgenthau, former United States Ambassador to Turkey, in an address at a mass meeting under the auspices of the Near East Relief here today, asserted that the Turks should be driven from Europe, and urged the American people to make a strong protest against the outrages which he said had taken place and continued in the Near East.

"The British and French politicians for selfish purposes," Mr. Morgenthau said, "are arranging to let the Turk remain in Constantinople. If the Turk is permitted to keep control of the police and judicial systems, the Greeks, Syrians, Armenians and Jews cannot call their souls their own.

"I believe the time has come when the American people must protest. It is a farce, for the countries that professed to be fighting for justice and the self-determination of all small peoples do not wait until the blood is dry on the hand of the Turk, but take that hand while it is still streaming with blood of murdered Armenians, and say 'We will put you back again.'

"If the Turk is not punished I venture to prophesy that within three years the Russians will massacre two or three million Jews, for they will argue that public opinion did not protest against massacres of a million by the Turk. The United States is making itself an accessory after the crime unless it takes the stand that the Turk must be punished. Congress should act to help."

BOLSHEVIST PERIL WORRIES BRITAIN

By WALTER DURANTY.

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

we are letting forth Red doctrines to sweep like a cloud of poison gas across Europe?"

That is the dilemma facing allied statesmen now. On the one hand, they realize that Europe must starve—or at least go very hungry—without wheat from Eastern Russia and Siberia—where there is a record crop this year. On the other, they know well that this wheat cannot be carried westward without thorough renovation and reorganization of the Russian transportation system.

If they are to aid this reconstruction it will enormously increase the strength of the Bolsheviki, whose heaviest handicap at present is this transport breakdown. Even then but little, if any, food can be transported outside Russia this year—the difficulties and disorganization are too great—so that conditions in Eastern Europe will be unimproved, but the Bolsheviki will be in a far better position to take advantage of them.

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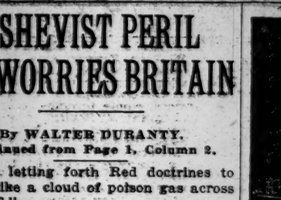

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BY DEPARTING FROM THE PRESENTATION OF COMMONPLACE MODES WE ATTRACT THE APPROVAL AND PATRONAGE OF THE WOMAN AND MISS WHO SEEK DISTINCTION IN DRESS.

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The Idea is French—Its Interpretation The Shoe Shops.

A SHORT VAMP WOMEN'S HIGH LACED PATENT LEATHER BOOT

A shoe fashion that rises to meet the demands of the new shorter skirt as well as the demands for comfort.

THE French vamp stepped into favor at the toe of the afternoon slipper, the lowliest though not the least accessory to the decorative fashions. But the shortened skirts of the newest tailored fashions brought the need for a new boot to keep in step with their smart pace.

Inspired by the Paris vogue of the short vamp and shorter skirt, the Shoe Shop devised a new tailored boot, French in length, French in height—a boot that adds to its top and subtracts from its toe.

It is smart! It is fashioned of soft black patent leather. Hand turned soles and French heels. The price is little indeed when one considers their height and the grade of patent leather.

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To Sell at This Remarkably Low Price

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This collection comprises a large variety of new colorings and designs which will please the conservative as well as the most fastidious.

NONE TO DEALERS NO RETURNS
NO C. O. D.'s

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5th Avenue 34th Street

INTO SOVIET RUSSIA WITH LENIN AGENTS

By ARTHUR E. COPPING.

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

compartments a dozen voices once more acclaimed the downfall of Czardom in song, and continued to do so until we were well started on our journey. Then the musical performance became spasmodic and varied with jokes and gossip and rippling laughter. The last item on the program was an old lady who felt so gay that she treated herself to a bath in quicklime, an example of Russian humor that scarcely survives translation into English.

Besides a formal military guard, we also carried with us a bright young representative of the Esthonian Foreign Office, who entertained us with a selection of airs, admirably rendered in Russian, with the aid of a mouth organ.

Three companions remained with us all night, during which our train reached Walk (a frontier town claimed alike by the Esthonians and the Letts), and thence branched abruptly to the left. Daylight found us still traveling eastward, and noon had passed before we reached a part of the line where, in obedience to the demands of warfare, the rails had been torn up.

Region Desolated by War.

Here we found a cluster of sleighs waiting for us in the deep snow beside the railway embankment. These vehicles, each drawn by a single horse, were primitive wooden platforms on metal runners, capable at a squeeze of accommodating three persons in addition to the driver. For the passengers there was a bed of hay or straw to recline upon.

Having wished by Esthonian friends good-bye, I mounted a sleigh with one companion and our four pieces of luggage. After a long spell of hard wintry weather during which much snow had accumulated on the ground the last two days had seen a thaw. We were soon careering over the flat and empty landscape.

It could not have been a very lovely part of the world, at any rate in Winter, even in the old days of peace. With all the trees felled and no houses standing, the name of it was desolation, and yet this sweeping condemnation argues some ingratitude on my part, for the thaw had revealed here and there on the rocks and on patches of bare ground not only dainty mosses, but tufts of green grass. Most refreshing was it to be favored with these glimpses as of Spring in mid-Winter.

Following no very definite trail, we bumped along over the ground, so uneven that the sleigh ahead of us overturned, depositing three typists into a snowdrift—an incident which, when it was seen that the young ladies were not injured, caused considerable amusement.

After going a few miles and observing many shell holes half smothered with snow we came upon barbed wire entanglements and lines of trenches that lately had been occupied by the Esthonians, and a little further on identical positions that had served the Russians. Then our way took us through the remainder of a village which doubtless had been the regimental headquarters of the Reds, but the last of the troops were gone and a few peaceable inhabitants with a yellow dog had already returned and were engaged in the solemn task of ascertaining what remnants of their former homes had survived war.

One of the old peasants turned and smiled upon us as we passed and the dog came forward and wagged his tail, so that I had a feeling that Soviet Russia, which he were now actually entering, was at any rate giving me a friendly welcome.

Another circumstance contributed to our good spirits. This village introduced us to a broad and level road on which our sleighs journeyed towards Pskov with new smoothness and celerity.

A Pressing Domestic Problem.

On our way we met many soldiers and peasants, a few on foot but most in sleighs similar to our own. In some cases these peasants were returning from town with empty milk cans, but the majority were carrying bundles of wood or trailing branches after them.

Thus did we touch the fringe of what for the time being is one of Soviet Russia's most pressing domestic problems. In a temperature that for several months drops below zero the business of keeping warm is a crucial factor without parallel in our experience at home. As my companions pointed out, North and Central Russia has by the trail of war been cut off from its accustomed supplies of coal, oil and other fuels on which the cities and railways largely depended. Wood, which in peace time, was merely a supplementary form of fuel, has now become the sole form.

Of this fact I had already seen one consequence in a landscape entirely shorn of trees, a landscape in which nothing remained but short tree stumps bewhiskered with a thin undergrowth of suckers, but on the stretch of country we were now traversing there remained some quite respectable coppices of birch and fir. But note the important fact that trees may be in abundance and yet not accessible. To turn them into fuel you must have saws and axes, and I learned that Soviet Russia has suffered and is still suffering from something like a famine in these essential tools.

In the old days Russia depended largely on Sweden and other countries for axeheads and saw blades, and during the five and a half years of war these foreign-made supplies had mostly worn out. Soviet Russia had learned how to make these things, but the output of its factories had not yet anything like overtaken the enormous demands of a hundred million people. So it has come about that brushwood and branches which can be obtained and manipulated with indifferent tools have assumed a value they did not formerly possess.

But the peasants we met along the road interested me not only by their work and activities. I saw no face unnaturally pinched or white. On the contrary, men, women and children, all looked well fed and hale. True, soldiers and peasants were marked by a certain solemn and subdued air, as though conscious that they were living in stern and critical times. Plenty of friendly verbal greetings were exchanged along the road and children smiled with quick appreciation when one waved one's hand to them.

The conversation of our driver, a stumpy little optimist with pimply chin, untidy mustache and a most obliging manner, was not exclusively concerned with public affairs. He was so good as to enlighten us in some measure as to his own personality.

It seemed that he had been a soldier since 1915, was twice wounded in the war against Germany, and would very much like to see his old mother, who lived at Hlatka, but he was a cheerful fellow and recognized that the time had not yet come for going home. As long as the Red army needed his services he was willing to remain in the Red army.

I asked him about its different ranks. He laughed merrily. Commanders, he explained, whether of brigades or companies, were all treated alike—that is to say, their orders were obeyed, but they were addressed as "comrade." Indeed, one of the unfamiliar features of traffic along the road we were now traveling on was that no salutes were exchanged between military units.

Approves Army Being Put to Work.

In reference to the policy recently inaugurated by the Government of utilizing the Red army as organized labor, our friend volunteered the information that he personally was very much in favor of it, first, because he thought premature demobilization would leave the revolution at the mercy of further attacks from without and, secondly, because he felt that unless transport was now seriously taken in hand the revolution might be endangered from within.

On the question of food he shook his head dolefully and said the shortage of bread and scarcity of almost everything else were actually felt by everybody. However, the daily bread ration had lately been increased to one pound, and he supposed things would get better in time.

At this point I made bold to ask him if he would like to have the old days back.

"The Czar!" he cried. "No, not ever," and vigorously shaking his head he gave his horse a smart flick with his whip.

Already many church towers of Pskov figured gracefully ahead against the horizon, and I grew eager for my first intimate scrutiny of a town in Bolshevist Russia.

The Longest Way 'Round

When you buy furniture—you buy varnish.

When you buy Valspar, you buy a waterproof varnish.

If Valspar can make enough people know about this waterproof quality, it will win public favor.

When Valspar has won public favor, furniture makers and furniture sellers will wish to make profit on Valspar's good will.

Then you will be told boastingly by the furniture salesman—"This is a Valspar finish."

Advertising works directly when it induces you to buy the varnish in the can.

Advertising works no less profitably when indirectly it causes the public to favor furniture that has a Valspar finish.

What do you make that would be benefited by either direct or indirect public favor and patronage?

Butterick—*Publisher*

The Delineator ($2.00 a Year)
The Designer ($1.50 a Year)
Everybodys Magazine ($2.50 a Year)

IN PORTUGAL—

The owners of large estates employ women to grub bushes from beneath the cork trees during the winter months.

These women subsist entirely on corn meal with a little olive oil.

Yet they come in the autumn thin and leave in the spring, fat.

Such is the excellence of corn meal as a food—especially the fine quality used at CHILDS.

Real Virginia corn meal cakes—the kind that is famous throughout the South.

Childs

"Man's Mind Is Shown By His Doublet"

—From the Spanish

YOUR opinion of a man's taste is often determined by the appearance of his motor car.

Shelton Looms Automobile Upholstery Fabrics register good taste and discrimination.

These exquisite fabrics are available in a range of patterns and colors which will insure distinction for your car.

The Shelton Looms
THE SEAL OF DISTINCTION
SIDNEY BLUMENTHAL & CO. INC.
395 Fourth Avenue, New York

Have you any
PREST-O-LITE TANKS
We will buy either
Type E or Type B.
See Purchasing Dept.,
1743 Broadway.

LIFT THE VEIL OF MYSTERY

Eliminating the middleman in our foreign trade through direct handling of exports by American manufacturers is shown to be not a difficult task, in an article appearing in this week's issue of The Annalist. Ten cents a copy at news stands; $5 a year by mail. Out today.—Advt.

GOMPERS DENOUNCES LABOR THIRD PARTY

American Federation Head Declares It Would Defeat Its Own Purpose.

CALLS PROMOTERS DUPES

Union Leaders Convinced They Should Fight Within the Present Big Parties.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Flat rejection of the third or labor party idea, and vitriolic denunciation of the advocates of a third party, who are classified as dangerous to labor and the dupes or tools of labor's enemies, are contained in a letter written by Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, made public today at the headquarters of that organization.

The Gompers letter, which was addressed to William Mitchell of the Indiana State Labor Party, formally announces the attitude of the American Federation of Labor toward a national labor party movement and apparently lays at rest all reports that such a movement could hope for material support from the Federation. Some of Mr. Gompers's statements are caustic. He says:

"Of this one thing you may rest assured, that the day of reckening is at hand for all of those who are in antagonism to the cause of labor, and for those who are subtle and equally guilty, even though they clothe their actions in the robes of pretended friendship."

Mr. Gompers also states that "the effect of a separate political party can only be disastrous to the wage earners of our country," and he calls upon all workers connected with the American Federation of Labor, and others who are sympathetic with the cause of labor, to have nothing to do with such a movement.

Will Fight Within Parties.

It is evident from the attitude taken by Mr. Gompers, and by other developments which have occurred here within the last few days, that the American Federation of Labor has had its back stiffened by the defeat of its efforts to kill the railroad legislation, and that no effort will be spared to end the public careers of legislators who have seen fit to resent the dictation of the Federation and the unions of railway workers. But the labor leaders here are with Mr. Gompers in the conviction that more can be accomplished by a fight within the ranks of hte big political parties.

Outside of labor circles the feeling has been born here that organized labor injured its cause by the dictatorial attitude it assumed in trying to defeat the railroad legislation. The labor leaders say, however, that assertions that organized labor has suffered a setback are unfounded, and that a practical demonstration of the power which labor has attained will be given at the polls.

Reports that the American Federation of Labor would make public a blacklist containing the names and records of legislators who are to be opposed were denied here today. While information will be provided by the central organization for any union which seeks advice as to the course to be pursued, no official list will be issued. It is believed the adoption of such tactics would be inadvisable.

The publication of the Gompers letter, which bears the sanction of the American Federation of Labor, marks another step in the political campaign which labor will carry forward. The communication was given out with this comment:

"Herewith is a letter written by Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, to a group of men signing themselves as representatives of a labor party organization in that State (Indiana). It is in reply to a telegram from the Indiana delegation. The telegram is quoted in the letter."

Text of Gompers's Letter.

The Gompers letter follows:

"Headquarters, American Federation of Labor.

"Washington, Feb. 19, 1920.

"Mr. William Mitchell, Indiana State Labor Party, Indianapolis, Ind.:

"Dear Sir—Your telegram of Feb. 14, in which you are joined by Messrs. John Hessler, Charles W. Kern, A. F. Fessler and E. S. Kidd, received. It is as follows:

We, the convention of the Indiana State Labor Party, in session Feb. 14, 1920, stand opposed to the political declarations of the American Federation of Labor asking labor to elect their friends and defeat their enemies. We assert that there can be no compromise on candidates who run on a ticket whose platform is made and whose campaign is financed by big interests. We assert that the political policy of the A. F. of L. is impractical and has been absolutely unsuccessful. Therefore we stand for the labor party organized by and for the workers themselves as the only consistent method of protecting labor's interests in the various political departments of our Government.

WILLIAM MITCHELL,
JOHN HESSLER,
CHARLES W. KERN,
A. A. FESSLER,
A. S. KIDD.

"By what right do you assume to declare the work and the policy of the American Federation of Labor to be impractical? Surely the results achieved in the interests of the workers demonstrate the utter fallacy of your assumption.

"By your declaration you assert the practicability of the course you declare you will pursue. What experience have you had with your political party upon which to base so absurd a claim?

Day of Reckoning at Hand.

"Forsooth, some men understand not only that which is charged but the virtue which is proclaimed of political financial honesty and dishonesty. Perhaps thorough investigation of the political and financial virtue may be a proper subject of inquiry after a political party shall have been in existence more than a day.

"Of this one thing you may rest assured, that the day of reckoning is at hand for all of those who are in antagonism to the cause of labor, and for those who are subtle and equally guilty, even though they clothe their actions in the robes of pretended friendship.

"When you shall have learned the lesson of the real struggle of labor and the cause for which our movement stands, you may become penitent for the gross injustice you have done by your pretention and your course.

"The effect of a separate political labor party can only be disastrous to the wage-earners of our country and to the interests of all forward looking people. The votes that would go to a labor party candidate would in the absence of such candidate go to the best man in the field. In no case would they go to an enemy of labor.

"There can be no hope for success of labor party candidates. The effect, therefore, of a political labor party will be to defeat our friends and to elect our enemies.

Detrimental to Labor.

"Labor can look upon the formation of a political labor party only as an act detrimental to the interests of labor and exactly in line with that which is most ardently desired by those who seek to oppress labor.

"The welfare of American humanity demands, in this hour of national crisis, that there be success at the polls. This is no time for experimenting with political theories which are proved false at the outset. The workers of America must use the tactics of success. They must have results.

"Results will not be obtained by injecting a labor party, so called, into the struggle.

"Those who are determined to be blind to the facts of the present and past will, of course, rush on to disaster and calamity. This the American labor movement will not do. It rejects and repudiates the fallacies of blind theorists, and will have nothing to do with those treacherous follies that are suited only to the purposes of labor's enemies.

"Your telegram is an affront to the labor movement and an assault upon the interests of that great body of Americans who are determined that the present campaign shall result, not in the destruction of our liberties, but in the opening of the way to national progress and the enlargement of opportunities for human welfare, safety and happiness. SAMUEL GOMPERS,

"President American Federation of Labor."

Mr. Gompers left last night for Jacksonville, Fla., to attend a meeting of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor, which will convene there tomorrow. He will be gone for ten days. It was said that announcements of national importance might come out of the Jacksonville meeting.

THROW BOMBS AT MINISTERS

One of Two Egyptian Students Seized in Cairo Admits Crime.

CAIRO, Feb. 22.—An unsuccessful attempt was made to bomb Chefik Pasha, Minister of Agriculture, as he was driving to the Ministry Sunday morning. No one was injured.

Two students were arrested, one of whom confessed that he threw the bomb.

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

There Is a Good Reason Why Such Fine Quality French Blouses Can Be Sold At Such A Remarkably Low Price!

FRENCH LINGERIE BLOUSES

HAND MADE AND HAND EMBROIDERED

7.50

BECAUSE the American dollar will buy more in French francs, Franklin Simon & Co. are able to offer imported blouses that would in normal times be very much more, at a price that hardly suggests their French origin. If francs were not so cheap, these waists would sell for ten dollars or more.

Yet these are the French blouses that Paris has taught us to expect as a product of her skill—blouses of sheer batiste or voile with characteristic dainty French hand tuckings, hand drawn work, hand embroidery—blouses that are French from their hand made seams to their hand made buttonholes!

WOMEN'S BLOUSE SHOP—Third Floor

STORE CLOSED ALL DAY TODAY

Lane Bryant

New Taffeta Dresses *for* Stout Women

Specially Priced 59.50

Silk Taffeta is the Spring Dress fabric without a rival in Fashion's favor. It is here developed in four of the season's newest models at a price which is little short of marvelous.

The model pictured shows the new side plaited skirt and a very effective short sleeve. Another is beautifully embroidered and has embroidered vest and Georgette sleeves. The new straight lines so much in vogue are shown in another model. And a fourth has a charming side draped effect with surplice waist and embroidered vest.

Your choice of the four models for tomorrow only $59.50.

Lane Bryant

21-23 W. 38th St., Just West of 5th Av.

Washington's Birthday

SALE *of* PIANOS and Player-Pianos

A CONSIDERABLE number of valuable and attractive Upright, Grand and Player-Pianos of the finest makes were traded in for new Knabe and Ampico Reproducing Pianos during the Christmas Season. Of these we have selected one hundred and twenty-seven of various types and distinguished makes, which in our judgment represent the choicest selection of instruments ever assembled, including

Knabe Chickering Steinway
Haines Bros. Weber

The pianos offered have been thoroughly tested by Knabe Experts and only the initiated would be able to say they had ever been used before. Included are a number of Knabe Pianos, in both Grand and Upright Styles, and numerous Period Art Cases used for exhibition purposes only. Quick action will secure the choicest instruments at a great saving.

The Sale is for MONDAY ONLY, *Washington's Birthday*

UPRIGHT PIANOS		GRAND PIANOS	
Shoninger, a bargain	$90	Weber, Parlor, remodelled	$440
Huntington, mahogany	150	James & Holmstrom, baby	595
Ivers & Pond, fine shape	175	Hardman, mahogany	625
Weber, a bargain	260	Armstrong, miniature, as new	750
Lindeman, mahogany	295	Knabe, Mignon, a gem	775
Haines Bros., excellent	335	Knabe, Mignon, ebony	810
Weber, mahogany	450	Knabe, baby grand, mahogany	825
Kranich & Bach, perfect	465	Sohmer, baby, splendid	875
Hardman, as new	475	Chickering, baby, fine	885
Steinway, mahogany	495	Knabe, Concert Grand	950
Knabe, perfect shape	510	Steinway, a bargain	960
Knabe, Colonial, a gem	540	Knabe, baby, like new	995
Knabe, Circassian, walnut	675	Knabe, Parlor, a gem	1025
Knabe, Art case	850	Knabe, Art Design	1250

PLAYER-PIANOS			
Mellotone, a bargain	$440	Hardman, Autotone	$750
Doll & Sons, splendid value	495	Sohmer, Cecilian, perfect	770
Gabler, excellent shape	550	Weber, Pianola, as new	775
Draper, Electrelle	575	Foster, in fine condition	780
Emerson, Angelus	650	Weber, Pianola, as new	810
Marshall & Wendell, a gem	680	Knabe, Mission, unusual	990
Brewster, like new	690	Knabe, Mignonette Grand	1440

Convenient terms of payment arranged. Better than renting.
A liberal allowance for your piano

Knabe

Warerooms · Fifth Ave. at 39th St.

SALE COMMENCES AT 8:30 A.M.

The Tailored Woman INC.

A Shop of Tailor-mades

INTRODUCING

SPRING TAILORMADES

COATS · SUITS · FROCKS
BLOUSES · SWEATERS · SKIRTS

AUTHENTIC PRESENTATIONS
of the
CORRECT TAILORED MODE

Exclusive New York Shop for Wooltex Tailormades

TAILORED WITH PRECISION OF FIT

READY FOR IMMEDIATE SERVICE

622 Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

MAISON BERNARD
FIFTH AVENUE
at FIFTY-SEVENTH ST.

Sale Extraordinaire
of
Advance Spring Models

Especially Priced for This Sale at

$50 $75 $95

TAILORMADES of the finest Tricotine and other fine Wool and Silk Fabrics, including a number of original French Models.

Charming Afternoon Gowns
of Chiffon Taffeta, Georgette, Embroideries, Laces, etc.

Dainty Evening Gowns
in all the new effects and combinations of French Fabrics.

Dinner Gowns
suitable for informal affairs, Reception, Theatre, etc.—Wonderful Beaded Work, Embroidery, Laces, etc.

Sport Costumes
Beautiful smart novelties just arrived from Paris.

Street Manteaux & Sport Coats
Distinctive and Novel Designs in all the favored cloths and Silks.

WHAT IS SICKNESS AND INEFFICIENCY COSTING YOU?

A Gerdes Electric Window Ventilator will bring out the positive qualities of your office force. Send for a booklet and list of references.

T. R. GERDES, M. E.
Specialist in Ventilation
123 Liberty St., New York.
Cortlandt 4719.

Cordon & Dilworth
REAL
ORANGE MARMALADE

VALUE OF THE INDEX

By its chronological arrangement The New York Times Index is a guide not only to The New York Times, but to other newspapers, clippings, indices and journals of dates and events.

Published quarterly, price $8.00 for the year.

RAILWAYS PREPARE TO RESUME CONTROL

Some Will Go Back to Pre-War Methods and Others Will Make Radical Innovations.

EFFICIENCY PLANS FAVORED

Many Devices Inaugurated by Federal Administration Likely to be Retained.

With the termination of Federal control of the railroads coming a week from today, corporate managers are rushing preparations to resume the operation of their porperties, which were taken from them by the President at the close of 1917. Several large railroad systems have already announced their reorganization plans, calling for a division of systems into operating regions or divisions, and others have announced that they will return to private operation with their operating machinery virtually as it was in the years before Federal control.

There is very evidently a difference of opinion between the managements of many of the lines regarding the practicability of splitting present systems up into compact units for operation, as has been done in the case of the Pennsylvania Railroad and the Erie Railroad. Generally, the creation of these operating units, each of which will be run by a company regional manager or Vice President, with a complete organization of all operating departments, has been interpreted as a move to localize actual operating control, to the advantage of the shipper and the carrier. In some quarters the organization of these regional headquarters has been criticised as adding to operating expense, but at the same time it is admitted that the results obtained in the way of originating traffic for the home road and keeping in close touch with local affairs may more than offset the extra cost of the increased personnel.

Some roads have announced that in returning to virtually the same operating program as that employed before the war they are going back to a system which served adequately in the years of private operation and which may be put back into operation again without the necessity for a large amount of educational work and the friction which in the past has followed any radical departure from the methods shippers have become accustomed to.

Many of the operating ideas which were developed during the two years of Federal control will be carried over into private control for a thorough test, not the least of these being the consolidated ticket offices, which were organized by the Railroad Administration early in 1918. This feature alone means a great deal to the individual companies, as under the old methods the individual railroad corporations leased expensive space in the various large cities to maintain their own individual branch ticket offices. Through the consolidation rents were materially reduced, and there was a considerable amount eliminated from the payrolls of the companies.

Pooling of traffic may also be found acceptable under private operation as it is provided for under the new Railroad bill, and the enormous expense of the maintenance of thousands of passenger miles by competing carriers just for the purpose of maintaining coincident schedules may never again be resorted to.

Many of the ideas which will be retained in the general scheme of private operation have been accepted by the executives of the individual railroad corporations for trial. If it is found that they do not function for the benefit of the companies they will be dropped, but it is believed that many of them will prove worthy of retention. The interpretation of the new law by the Interstate Commerce Commission may have much to do with the continuance or elimination of these new practices.

One of the most recent changes announced in the executive personnel of individual carriers is that of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Directors of the company have announced the following executive organization to take effect March 1, which embraces the Chesapeake & Ohio Northern Railway: New York headquarters: H. E. Huntington, Chairman of the Board of Directors; C. E. Graham, Senior Vice President; F. H. Davis, Vice President; A. Trevvett, Secretary and Treasurer; H. F. Lohmeyer, Assistant Secretary, and A. C. Rearick, Counsel. Richmond, Va., headquarters: George W. Stevens, President; G. B. Wall, Vice President; H. T. Wickham, Vice President and General Counsel; H. M. Whitaker, Vice President in charge of traffic; C. C. Michie, Assistant Secretary; John A. Hancock, Assistant Treasurer; E. M. Thomas, Controller; Henry Taylor, Jr., General Solicitor; W. S. Bronson, General Attorney; H. Frazier, Consulting Engineer, and Henry C. Starr, Assistant General Counsel of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway of Indiana, with offices in Richmond, Ind.

While many of the trunk lines on the Atlantic seaboard remain to be heard from, it is understood that the bulk of the announcements to be made of the private operating personnel will be made during the week. The same may also be said of the carriers throughout the country.

VISIT SHIPS AT KINGSTON.

Thousands Are Welcomed Aboard—Admiral Entertains the Governor.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Feb. 22.—Today being Sunday no public entertainment has been provided for officers and sailors of the American Squadron, but the sailors' canteen has been open all day and many private picnics have been held for officers. The ships were thrown open to visitors from noon on, thousands availing themselves of this opportunity to visit the ships. Officers are returning hospitality received by entertaining friends at luncheon. The Admiral gave a luncheon today to the Governor, leading officials and prominent citizens on the flagship Rochester.

With thousands of American sailors ashore, perfect order prevails here. The conduct of the members of the visiting squadron is most favorably commented on. The sailors also are pleased with the good humor and politeness of the natives. In an editorial yesterday The Gleaner remarked that the success of the efforts to welcome and entertain the officers and men of the squadron are due largely to the fact that the colonists and the American residents always have worked together for patriotic purposes and that Americans are respected and liked in Jamaica.

More and More People are drinking
INSTANT POSTUM
instead of coffee.
Health value, a high standard of flavor and greater convenience make the change popular—*and*
The Price Is The Same As Before The War
Sold by Grocers—Everywhere

PASSION PLAY REOPENS.

Begins Sixth Season in West Hoboken Church.

The sixth season of the Passion Play, or "Veronica's Veil," as presented by members of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church, of West Hoboken, N. J., opened yesterday in St. Joseph's Auditorium in that city. More than twelve hundred persons were present, including the Most Rev. aul Bruchési, Archbishop of Montreal; the Rt. Rev. Paul Joseph Nussbaum, Bishop of Corpus Christi, Texas; Colonel L. D. Conley, of New York, and W. Bourke Cockran. Chairman of the Executive Committee in charge of the play.

The rôle of Christ was taken by Joseph Walsh. Joseph A. Koch appeared as Caiaphas, High Priest of Jerusalem, Paul S. Koch as Judas, Miss Marie B. Hanlon as Miriam, Miss Mildred Tibruski as Ruth, Miss Madeline Rigalke as Veronica, and Miss Gertrude Schneider as Cleopha. The play will be presented on each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday night and each Saturday afternoon during Lent.

LABOR WILL ASK RAILROAD BILL VETO

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

max tomorrow or Tuesday, as the committees representing the fourteen major railway unions, including the four great brotherhoods, will get together here tomorrow to consider the situation and frame a statement to be laid before President Wilson. It is probable that a committee representing this convention will go to the White House and seek a personal interview with the President.

Several labor leaders arrived in Washington this afternoon and tonight and a series of group meetings begun at once by representatives of the various unions. These group meetings will continue tomorrow morning and will be followed by a general meeting, in which committees of all of the unions will take part, and which will be under the direction of the Railway Employes' Department of the American Federation of Labor, of which Bert M. Jewel is acting President. At this general meeting the statement to be given to the President will be prepared. It is the hope of the leaders to place this statement before the President by Tuesday, if the Senate acts on the Railroad bill tomorrow.

Labor in Restless Mood.

It was reported tonight that the shopmen and the members of the Brotherhood of Conductors were in a restless mood over what had taken place and that the leaders were having a difficult time with the rank and file in some sections of the country. But it is reasonably certain that no serious trouble will develop, at least pending the submission of the statement to the President and his reply.

Senate leaders are predicting tonight that the legislation adopted in the House yesterday will be accepted by the Senate tomorrow by a large majority. The heavy majority in the House, it was said, made it a foregone conclusion that the Senate would act favorably. Several Senators have been stirred by the threatening attitude labor has assumed and have been strengthened by it in their determination to put the legislation through, even if they may not look with favor on some of the provisions.

The labor leaders are charging that the nature of the pending legislation strengthens the justice of their cause, as it makes substantial provision for the benefit of the railway corporations without protecting the interests of the workers. They hold that the sections of the bill which provide for wage tribunals in no sense meet the situation, and that, if the legislation is accepted by labor, it will simply mean a long delay, with little or no hope of obtaining justice in the end.

A statement by the Department of Labor that living costs had shown an increase, which was made public today, also was referred to by labor leaders as proof that their contentions that immediate wage advances are warranted, were just and should be granted.

Representatives of the labor interests will watch proceedings before the Senate tomorrow, but it is doubtful that they will attempt the tactics adopted in September, 1916, when Garretson, Grand Chief of the Conductors, held a watch over the Senate, threatening to call a general strike unless the Adamson bill became a law.

TIFFANY & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET
FINE CHINA PLATES
MINTON CAULDON COPELAND
CROWN DERBY DOULTON

AFTER WINNING
in the market or in commerce or manufacture, put some of your earnings into securities that have none of the risks you have just been through—our Guaranteed Mortgages.
LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST COMPANY
160 Broadway, New York.
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160 Main St., White Plains, N. Y.

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Saks & Company

Store Hours: 9 to 5:30 — Store Closed All Day Monday

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UNEQUALED!
Women's Chenille-Embroidered
Georgette Crepe and Etamine Frocks

Special At $49.50
Regularly $69.50

These beautiful frocks were intended for another well known retailer, but the order was cancelled because the manufacturer could not deliver them according to the time set in the contract. We secured them at much below actual value and now ask you to share the advantage.

We Have Taken Many Frocks From Our Regular Stock Selling at $69.50

and reduced them to $49.50, the models being identically the same. The colors are Navy and Black in Etamine—Silver Grey, Tan, Copenhagen, Beige and Navy in Georgette Crepe. *Fourth Floor.*

Just Received—The New
Regaliste and C. B. a La Spirite Corsets

These are two of America's best made Corsets, and are known the country over for their exceptional beauty of line and superior construction. We are now showing the new models for both women and misses, and advise that you select your corset for Spring *now*, before the busy season is in full swing. Our competent fitters will gladly help you in selecting a model particularly suited to your requirements.

Regaliste Corsets.....$5 to $28
C. B. Corsets.....$2 to $9
Third Floor.

Wavy Transformations

Meet Every Hair Requirement

You may wear one inside your own hair to give it fullness, or use it to completely cover your thin, faded tresses. We offer, for Tuesday, permanently waved transformations.

Special at $5.95
Third Floor.

We Have Made Most Extensive Preparations to Present
Tuesday, Feb. 24th
The Most Beautiful of Women's SUITS

To be seen anywhere

At $59.50

Suits that are as much part of Paris as the Rue de Paix, teeming with clever style treatments born of the genius of Europe's best known couturiers. Suits that have an exclusiveness, a quality of material and workmanship comparable only to much costlier custom productions.

Swagger Sports, Belted and Tailleur Models are included, beautifully developed in Tricotine, Poiret Twill, Serges, Pencil Stripes and Check Velours, handsomely silk lined. Sizes 34 to 44.
Fourth Floor.

Luxurious Evening Wraps Reduced 30% to 50%

We have taken all our beautiful Evening Wraps and reduced them from 30% to 50%. Mostly one of a kind, but every one a most extraordinary value. *Fourth Floor.*

Exceptional Value
Women's
Riding Habits at $35

Smart Norfolk and Paddock models, made of All Wool Mixtures, in Brown, Oxford Gray, and Heather, silk lined. Sizes for the 10-year-old girl to the woman requiring 42 bust measure.
Sixth Floor.

Beginning Tomorrow, Tuesday
Sale of Children's Dresses and Rompers at $2.50

Regularly $3.50 and $4

Real "Kiddie" Clothes, as cute as they can be, and made with as much care as a mother herself would put into them.

The Dresses are fashioned of checked Gingham, and come in two models. One is in Empire style, with collar and cuffs of White Pique, prettily feather stitched. The other is in yoke effect, prettily trimmed with hand cross stitching. Colors:

Pink, Light Blue and Lavender. Sizes 2 to 6 years.

The Rompers are in creeper style for tiny tots—made of Poplin or Dimity, trimmed with hand-smocking. Other styles for girls are of Chambray or Ginghams, hand-smocked, and for boys there is a good selection in White Poplin with colored knickers.

Sizes range from 6 months to 4 years. Wonderful values.
Fourth Floor.

A Rare Opportunity
We Shall Place on Sale Tuesday
160 Women's Spring Coats

Finest reproductions of costly imports
At $65

Fashion has created no coats more beautiful nor more individual for Spring. They are in Straight Line and Belted effects, very skilfully tailored in

Frost Glow, Tinseltone, and Bolivia Cloth

fully lined with plain or novelty silks. Colors: Reindeer, Taupe, Brown, Blue Bird, Tan, Pekin. Sizes 34 to 48.

At $65—Sale strictly limited to 160 Coats
Fourth Floor.

Tuesday and Wednesday Only
Handsome Sports Coats for Misses

one as pictured
At $29.50

They just teem with the vivacity of youth, displaying novel pocket treatments, smart, narrow belts of self material or leather, and new collars.

If bought in the present market the price would be much higher!

We offer them at a price based upon wholesale costs at the time we placed our contract—affording quite a saving in price *to you!* Developed in

Polo Cloth, Velour, and Velour Checks

in shades of Tan, Blue, Brown and Cedar. Sizes 14 to 18 years.
Second Floor.

Women's Bungalow Aprons

in a special sale
At $1.45

These aprons are made in a very effective model, and at $1.45 are difficult to obtain today in the wholesale market.

Made of good quality Percale, in smart blue, pink, and lavender plaids with trimming of solid color.

At $2.75

Superior quality plaid Gingham Bungalow Aprons, in a host of smart colorings, trimmed with rickrack braid.
Third Floor.

Brevoort Theatre, Brooklyn
Thomas R. Short, Architect

American Industrial Roofing Tile

When you specify American Cement Tile you get a complete roof put on by our own skilled workmen directed by our engineers. American roofs meet every industrial requirement—beauty, permanence, low cost. They are fireproof and acid proof. Write for booklet.

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50 Church St. New York — 801 Otis Bldg. Philadelphia

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SALE OF BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT U. S. NAVAL TRAINING CAMP, DETROIT, MICHIGAN.

Sealed bids for the sale of the buildings of the U. S. Naval Training Camp, Detroit, Michigan, will be publicly opened at 10:00 A. M. on March 9, 1920, at the Navy Recruiting Office, Journal Bldg., Detroit, Michigan. Catalog of this sale may be obtained from Lieutenant Commander N. B. Farwell, (SC) U. S. Navy, Senior Member, Board of Sale, Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Illinois.

ORDER Ballantine's GOLDEN GLOW GINGER ALE

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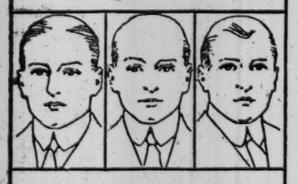

Dandruff, scalp irritation, etc., point to an unhealthy condition of the scalp, which leads to thin, falling hair and premature baldness. Frequent shampoos with Cuticura Soap and hot water do much to help prevent such a condition, especially if preceded by a gentle anointing with Cuticura Ointment to spots of dandruff and itching.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 6 M Malden, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

NR

NR TABLETS help to relieve sick headaches, bilious attacks, tone and regulate the digestive system, make you feel fine.

Get a 25c. Box. Your Druggist

AMERICA'S SHIPPING PROBLEM

A new plan to solve the American shipping problem is discussed in this week's issue of The Annalist. Ten cents a copy at news stands; $5 a year by mail. Out today.—Advt.

ITALY ONCE MORE ON FOOD CARD BASIS

Dwindling Wheat Supply Forces Government to Resort to War-time Methods of Economy.

COAL CRISIS GROWS WORSE

Factories Forced to Shut Down and Many Trains May Have to be Discontinued.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Feb. 22.—The agitations which have been disturbing the peacefulness of the two greatest metallurgical centres of Italy—Genoa and Naples—are not surprising if one takes into account the factors which led to such a state of affairs.

Italy finds herself confronted by the gravest economic situation. Supplies are difficult to obtain and a scarcity of wheat is announced, so that the Government has again ordered that the food-card system shall be put into effect. At the same time a shortage of iron materials hits the metallurgical industries while the iron foundries must cease working for lack of coal. Taking these facts into account it is not surprising that the Ilva Company in Naples had to shut its doors owing to the impossibility of obtaining a supply of coal and oil at any price because of falling off in local exports from England.

Italian ships are waiting at Cardiff to be loaded with coal, but wait in vain. The supply to Italy has decreased to such a degree that the industries of the whole country are paralyzed and the discontinuance of many trains is imminent. The lack of coal and oil indeed hits all Italian industries, and it would not be surprising if others were forced to close.

The impossibility of obtaining needed supplies in Naples leaves thousands of factory employes out of work who try to influence those who are still working to strike as a sign of solidarity. The employers, however, cannot be blamed as it is force majeure which compels them to shut their doors.

PRESIDENT FIRM IN ADRIATIC VIEWS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

have to accept the Treaty of London, to which President Wilson has been unalterably opposed throughout the entire year that the Adriatic settlement has been under consideration.

The long and the short of the change proposed to Italy by the British and French Premiers in January was that all idea of setting up a buffer State of Fiume was abandoned, and that the Fiume area was to be split up between Italy and Jugoslavia.

President Wilson regarded the Italian proposal of December as amounting to nothing less than a new annexation of Jugoslav territory by Italy, both as to the claim for the whole of Istria and the annexation of the Island of Lagosta. He took the ground then that no such new annexations to Italy were demanded by strategic considerations, and in the memorandum of Dec. 9 the British and French Governments joined the President in his opposition to the Italian claims on that basis. In that note the British, French and American Governments joined in the declaration that "the strategic domination of the whole of the Adriatic is already completely assured to Italy by the possession of Trieste, Pola, the islands in front of Fiume, Pelagosa and Valona"; also in the assertion that "as economic considerations do not enter into the question the object can be only a desire to gain new territories."

Then, after pointing out that the territories in question were "incontestably peopled by the Jugoslavs," and contained practically no Italian elements, the Anglo-Franco-American memorandum of Dec. 9 recalled the attitude taken by President Wilson "with the cordial approval of Great Britain and France, with regard to the claims successively made by Italy, with the object of absorbing territory inhabited by non-Italian peoples opposed to this absorption." President Wilson's attitude toward such Italian claims were set forth in the Lansing telegram of Nov. 2, 1919, which was made a part of the joint proposal of Dec. 9.

The extent to which the British and French Governments were ready to go along with President Wilson on Dec. 9 is disclosed in that part of the memorandum in which the three Governments very frankly agreed in writing to inform Italy that the principle in its general form remains that it is neither just nor wise to annex as war booty territory peopled by a foreign race ardently desirous and capable of forming a distinct national State.

The main things about which President Wilson is concerned in the matter of the modifications made are those changes which relate to the giving up of the idea of a buffer State of Fiume, the setting up of Fiume as a free and independent city, the cession of the so-called "New Riverside Drive" along the water front west of Fiume, the modification of the Wilson line in the region of Seno Seccia (Senosetch) so as to assure protection to Trieste, and also the changes proposed to be made in the boundaries of Albania.

These are the modifications against which President Wilson's objections and convictions run, and especially as to everything that has been done by way of modification of the December project which relates to the future status of the city of Fiume and the settlement of the whole Fiume problem. It can be asserted that the President takes the same stand now on the Fiume settlement that he did when the crisis was reached at Paris ten months ago, when on April 23, 1919, he went over the head of Orlando with his remarkable statement to the Italian people. In that statement the President championed the rights of small States, declared that to Italianize Fiume would be disregarding their rights, and that unless the Adriatic settlements were made on "certain clearly defined principles which set up a new order of right and justice" America could have no hand in them.

The President, it is understood, will, in his not to the powers, reiterate what he had to say in his statement of April 23 last regarding his opposition to making one kind of peace for the Central Powers and certain new nations that were being set up as a result of the war, and another kind of peace for the peoples along the Adriatic. The editorial in THE NEW YORK TIMES this morning dealing with the Adriatic situation, which has attracted deep interest here, struck the keynote of what the President regards as being involved in the Adriatic controversy as it exists today.

So firm is the President's opinion understood to be that the modified plan of settlement regarding Fiume would upset the whole plan for peace and the prevention of future wars that were worked out in the Paris Peace Conference that he is ready to consider the withdrawal of the United States from the Treaty of Versailles and the treaty of defense of France, if there is to be an alteration of the principles on which the rest of the loose ends, of the peace settlement are to be made; and especially so, if the Allied Governments are now willing to go ahead and undertake to close up the outstanding peace settlements without consideraton for or consultation with the United States and its attitude toward the whole plan of the peace settlement.

The President, it is understood, feels not only that the modified plans of settlement involved radical departure from the "clearly defined principles" upon which, it is understood, when the armistice terms were signed by Germany, the whole structure of peace was to be based, but also that the manner in which Jugoslavia was given her choice between the modified Adriatic plan of January and the application of the secret Treaty of London, was dangerously close to a reversion to the old order of diplomacy in Europe.

It will be made clear in the President's note to the Allies that unless they are ready to continue to proceed toward the completion of a peace of right and justice in association with the American Government, then he is ready to wash his hands of the whole peace settlement and is brought to the point where he has no alternative but to consider the withdrawal of the United States from any further share in the treaties that have already been made and submitted to the Senate.

It is not understood that the President is desirous of exercising a veto power over everything that the European Allies are doing in the matter of trying to finish up the work of the Peace Conference, but he is firm in his decision not to share in any part of the peace settlement if the only principles upon which America can consent to make peace are going to be abandoned.

BACKS WILSON'S STAND.

Marshall Finds In Notes Published by The Times Justification for President's Protest.

Vice President Thomas R. Marshall said yesterday:

"THE NEW YORK TIMES performed a distinct public service today in presenting in full the agreement of Dec. 9, providing for a settlement of the Adriatic controversy, with the texts of the subsequent declaration by the Allies, in which America had no share, and the Pact of London, presented to the Jugoslavs as an alternative for the latter.

"The notes published by THE TIMES appear to me fully to justify the courage and conduct of President Wilson in protesting against the subsequent action of the allied powers. In my opinion, it is somewhat disheartening and injurious to the cause of world peace to see the representatives of great and enlightened powers returning to secret diplomacy."

ITALIANS BUY FIUME PLANT.

D'Annunzio Joins in Celebration of Shipyard Purchase.

FIUME, Feb. 21.—The Danubis shipbuilding plant has been sold to Italian capitalists. Elaborate ceremonies marked the transfer today from the former Hungarian owners to the Italians.

There was a parade in which Gabriele d'Annunzio and his staff and military bands and a guard of honor participated.

ATTACKS ITALIAN CENSOR.

Messaggero Protests Against Suppression of Criticism of Wilson.

ROME, Feb. 21.—The Messaggero protests today against ruling of the censor suppressing a telegraphed summary of an article in The Wall Street Journal criticising President Wilson's attitude toward Italy. The censor's ruling is declared to be against the public interest.

"As are the people more royalist than the King, so is the censorship more Wilsonian than Wilson," it says.

NEW ENVOY PLEASES ITALY.

Rome Newspapers Comments on Mr. Johnson's Appointment.

ROME, Feb. 22.—The Giornale d'Italia, concluding an article on Robert Underwood Johnson, the newly appointed Ambassador to Italy, says that his appointment to Rome is proof that between the peoples of Italy and the United States there is room for an intimate understanding.

"They have always been friends," says the paper, "and have no reason for conflicts. They are anxious to know each other more intimately and exchange whatever they possess useful to civilization and culture. For this important task Mr. Johnson is splendidly adapted."

JUGOSLAV CABINET SLATE.

It Includes Protitch as Premier and Trumbitch as Foreign Minister.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—The new Jugoslav Cabinet as at present contemplated is made up as follows: Premier, M. Protitch; Vice Premier and Minister of Communications, M. Trifkovitch; Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Trumbitch; Minister of Finance, M. Yankovitch, and Minister Without Portfolio, or Minister of Foreign Affairs if M. Trumbitch declines the foreign portfolio, M. Spalekjovitch.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY
Celebrated Monday, February Twenty-third

Recognition Day Exhibition

CADILLAC

THE Sixth Annual Exhibition by the DETROIT CADILLAC MOTOR CAR COMPANY, in recognition and review of Cadillac contributions to the motor industry—held, as befits an occasion of such national interest, on the birthday of the greatest American.

A
HISTORY-MAKING CAR

This exhibition affords the first opportunity, aside from the national motor shows, to inspect a complete assemblage of the series of nineteen-twenty, type 59 Cadillac models.

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INGLIS M. UPPERCU, President
BROADWAY AT 62nd STREET
Columbus Seven Seven Hundred

FUR COATS

We advise those desiring to purchase FUR COATS or have ALTERATIONS made to arrange for same at this time as much higher prices will prevail later on.

Selection of models can be made any time prior to September 1st

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For Tuesday

About 1500

Georgette Blouses

(Three Models Illustrated)

Eight pretty styles; Embroidered and Lace Trimmed. Collar and Collarless Models. White, Flesh, Navy and New Spring Shades.

Values 7.90 to 10.75

Special **5.50**

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FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN

Extraordinary Dress Sale Tuesday

Wool Jersey Dresses

The remarkable values offered in material and style, will make this Sale a buying opportunity not to be overlooked.

Excellent quality, firmly-knit, all-wool Jersey, in Navy, Taupe, Brown, Reindeer, Copenhagen and Beige. Several attractive models with pockets and tie belts, and Silk Embroidery and Braiding. Just the right weight of dress for present and early Spring comfort.

Exceptional Values at

14.00

WERE TO RUN SHIPS ON A COMMISSION

Mercantile Company Had an Agreement with Government Prior to the Sale Notice.

BOARD WAS TO REFIT THEM

Leviathan, Washington, America, Mount Vernon and Agamennon Were to be Converted.

Previous to the announcement made in Washington that the thirty former German liners would be put up at auction, the United States Shipping Board made an agreement early last November ber with the International Mercantile Marine Company to operate the steamships Leviathan, George Washington, America, Mount Vernon and Agamennon on a commission basis in the North Atlantic trade after the Government overhauled and refitted them as passenger ships.

The Leviathan was taken over by representatives of the steamship company on Nov. 14, and Captain J. Jamison, the retired commodore of the Amercan Line, and at one time a mate on the famous American clipper Dreadnought, was placed in charge with a skeleton crew to get the ship in order as far as possible and to do light repairs.

To convert the Leviathan into an oil burner and fit her out again as a first-class passenger liner will take fully eighteen months, according to the expert engineers and electricians who have been consulted by the Government.

Shortly after making the agreement the Shipping Board notified the International Mercantile Marine Company that the America and George Washington would be needed longer by the army and a little later the same thing occurred in regard to the two former fast German liners, Kronprinzessin Cecilie and Kaiser Wilhelm II., now known as the Mount Vernon and the Agamemmon.

The only one of the five that actually was taken over by the steamship company was the Leviathan which is still flying the American Line house flag at Hoboken with Captain Jamison in charge.

The belief in New York shipping circles yesterday was that the Government would spend $75,000,000 in fitting out the thirty vessels and then decide what is to be done with them. That is, whether the United States Shipping Board will operate them or let them out to private American steamship companies.

On account of the state of the labor market and the slow delivery of materials that are needed for the reconversion of the transports into passenger liners, shipping experts said yesterday it would take from eight months to one year to get them ready for sea, with the exception of the Leviathan.

No terms were mentioned between the United States Shipping Board officials and the representatives of the International Mercantile Marine Company for operating the Leviathan. It was to be arranged after the liner had been converted into an oil burner and was ready to enter the New York-Cherbourg and Southampton service.

WARNS OF "ARMY" STORES.

O'Malley Writes Swann of Misrepresentations by Dealers.

Edwin J. O'Malley, Commissioner of Public Markets, said yesterday that he had written a letter to District Attorney Edward Swann, as directed by Mayor Hylan, calling attention to information concerning persons and firms selling foodstuffs, shoes and clothing as surplus supplies of the army and navy, when as a matter of fact they have been purchased from outside sources. The letter was written Saturday afternoon, Mr. O'Malley said, and added that he did not suppose it would reach the District Attorney before tomorrow, as today is a holiday.

Mr. O'Malley declared there were various stores in the city masquerading as army and navy stores, although their supplies were obtained from outside sources. The District Attorney, he said, had been asked to look into all these places with a view of stopping the practice.

F. H. LaGuardia, President of the Board of Aldermen, who is Acting Mayor, said he planned to obtain the co-operation of the small retail dealers in handling army and navy supplies. He said he would require the retailers to agree to post inside and outside their store and also publish in the newspapers each day a list of the food and the agreed prices. Mr. O'Malley said he thought Mr. LaGuardia's plan a good one if he could get the grocers to agree to handle the goods.

ROME ACADEMY ASKS FUNDS.

American Art Institution Seeks $1,000,000 Endowment.

The American Academy in Rome, founded by Americans for the education of American architects, painters, sculptors and students, announced last night that it would celebrate its twenty-fifth anniversary by seeking a $1,000,000 endowment fund, of which $450,000 is to be devoted to general endowment, $100,000 to the accommodation of women, a new departure; $150,000 to the furtherance of classical studies, $150,000 to landscape architecture and 150,000 to musical composition.

The Academy still owes the late J. P. Morgan $166,540 of an original debt of $375,000 which Mr. Morgan agreed to cancel dollar for dollar with new subscriptions. It is hoped new subscriptions will wipe out that liability by May 1.

WALKER ELECTRIC TRUCKS

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WEST THIRTY-FOURTH STREET **WORTH** BETWEEN BROADWAY-FIFTH AVENUE

Fur-Trimmed Winter Coats at Final Reductions

For Both Present and Future Service, These Splendid Coats Offer Savings Opportunities That Should Not Be Overlooked

ALL the fascination and charm of the midwinter modes have been embodied in these engaging coats of Silvertone and Velour de Laine, some with collars of self material, others with collars of fur, but each completing a garment at once emphatically stylish and of practical value to the discriminating shopper.

Reduced for Final Clearance

30.00

COATS that offer very unusual opportunities for the selection of models of beauty and comfort, designed on ultra-distinctive lines and developed in Evora, Silvertip Bolivia and Velour de Laine, with flaring collars of Raccoon, Squirrel and Taupe Nutria that give the effect of extreme elegance.

Reduced for Final Clearance

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Fur-Trimmed Winter Suits at Final Reductions

TAILLEURS of Duvet Superior, Yalama and Velour de Laine, modeled to suit individual taste and in perfect accord with mid-season suit fashions, appealing to the most critical shopper because of the excellence of the materials and the exceptional character of the workmanship, with handsome collars of Squirrel, Jap Mink and Taupe Nutria an added feature.

Reduced for Final Clearance

60.00

TAILORED SUITS in the very latest models and developed in the season's most favored fabrics, Yalama, Velour de Laine and Tricotine, to which surprising touches in the way of adornment are contributed by rich self embroidery and collars of Squirrel, Ringtail and Taupe Nutria, that illustrate the present tendency to elaborate beauty and striking effects.

Reduced for Final Clearance

75.00

Springtime Frocks, Brimful of Newness That Pleasurably Anticipate the Coming Season

The Values Are Most Extraordinary

THE attraction of the new Spring frocks of Satin, Taffeta Silk, Tricotine and Georgette lies in the dual appeal of exquisite taste and correct style, expressed in charming versatility of line and theme, in which accordion-pleated ruffles, and frills, round necks, short sleeves and beading play important roles.

Very Specially Priced

30.00

AS dainty and refreshing as Spring itself in grace of line with new fancies expressing the varying moods of the season, are the beaded and embroidered frocks of Taffeta Silk, Tricotine and Georgette, with individuality attained by Bolero jackets, Basque waists, Russian tunics and pleated skirts.

Very Specially Priced

50.00

IN designing its frocks of Crepe Meteor, Georgette and Satin, the Spring mode is fortunate in having a wealth of ideas to choose from, the most picturesque and striking effects being produced by lovely beadwork, waists and gilets in tinsel brocade, apron or peplum tunics and umbrella hip folds.

Very Specially Priced

75.00

THAT color variety is to be the dominant feature of Spring styles is revealed in the frocks of Crepe Georgette, shown in tea rose, fawn, tango, sunset, Hague blue, jade, coral and sea green, enhanced by gold thread embroidery and beading, a few models being distinguished by cleverly pleated tier skirts.

Very Specially Priced

125.00

New Spring Tailormades of Unusual Beauty

THE advance styles in Spring tailleurs present quite a variety of new themes that impart attractive novelty, especially to the sports and mannish suits of Poiret Twill, Homespun, Gabardine, Velour Checks, Serge, Tricotine, Silvertone and Coverts, with their snug shoulders and sleeves, inverted pleats and braid bindings.

Very Specially Priced

45.00 to 125.00

QUITE the newest and out-of-the-ordinary Spring effects are seen in the silk-embroidered two and three-piece costume suits of Poiret Twill, Serge and Tricotine; some of the models showing the Eton or Bolero jacket, others the longer coat, with pleated, tunic and circular skirts, affording interesting diversions.

Very Specially Priced

75.00 to 195.00

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"The Fifth Avenue Fashion Shop"

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NOT an essential necessary to tailor a tailored suit, equaling finest custom work, has been omitted in our

Smartly Styled Spring Suits

THE details observed make them masterpieces of the tailor's craft and wonderful values at these remarkable prices.

50.00 75.00 87.50

Concerning Our Dresses

NO haphazard style among them. Closely following the dictates of the Fashion world—creations of master couturieres,

These Charming Frocks & Dresses

are presented in a profusion of exquisite models and delightful fabrics.

Great surprises at these prices.

29.75 35.00 50.00

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And Representative Examples by

Rousseau (3 examples), Troyon (4 examples), Dupre (2 examples), Inness (4 examples), Daubigny (6 examples), Jacque (5 examples), Blakelock (4 examples), Ziem (3 examples), Breton, Vibert, Delacroix, Isabey, Fromentin, Jongkind, Monet, Monticelli, Murphy, Rico, Wyant, Thaulow and other Celebrated Masters.

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"The whole forming an extraordinary gathering and affording an unusual opportunity to private buyers and dealers in Oriental Art."

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AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers

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LEGISLATURE FACES INACTIVE WEEK

Democratic State Convention at Albany Will Take Legislators' Time.

HEARING ON A FEW BILLS

Senator Thompson Expected to Continue His Attack on Speaker Sweet and Socialist Trial.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 22.—The Legislature begins another week of comparative inactivity tomorrow night, with practically the only work to be done centring about hearings on pending measures.

The general absence of Republicans of both houses from their legislative duties last week, due to the Republican State Convention in New York City, will be duplicated this week, when the Democrats meet here in State Convention to choose delegates and alternates to the National Convention. In their absence from both houses little legislative work can be accomplished.

Continuance of the Assembly Judiciary Committee investigation of the suspended Socialist Assemblymen will also act as a delay. Chairman Martin will probably decide to hold night sessions in order to bring the investigation to an end this week.

So far as known, there will be no important legislation introduced in either house this week. The only promise of activity is a continuance of Senator George F. Thompson's attack on Speaker Sweet and the conduct of the Socialist hearings. He began the onslaught last Wednesday, and on being requested by Majority Leader Walters and other Republican Senators to defer it, so that they might attend the State Convention, promised to renew it this week.

New York City school teachers will invade the Capitol on Tuesday to advocate favorable action by the joint Senate and Assembly Education Committees on the bill of Senator Lockwood, which would require the New York City Board of Education to make immediate payment of the increases in salaries for teachers authorized by legislation enacted last year.

All legislation affecting motorists and automobile owners will have a hearing Wednesday afternoon before the joint Internal Affairs Committee. New York City and up-State cities will oppose each other on the Towner-Gillett bill, which provides that all operators of motor vehicles, including owners, must be licensed. The licensing provision now extends only to New York City, and the amendment would make it statewide.

Another Towner-Gillett bill scheduled for hearing provides that each county shall have returned to it one-half of the registration fees received from the county by the State, instead of 25 per cent., as now provided.

"SOVIET ARK" RETURNS.

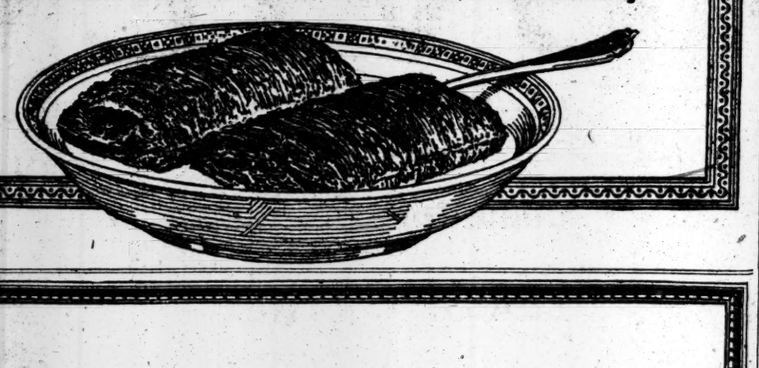
Buford Can Be Ready for Another Load of Reds by Wednesday.

The U. S. Army Transport Buford, the "Soviet Ark," which carried Emma Goldman, Alexander Berkman and 247 other undesirables to Russia, returned yesterday, bringing back 46 officers and 293 casuals from Belgium.

The vessel will be ready by Wednesday should the Government want to send her back with the Reds who have been rounded up since her departure two months ago. The Captain of the Buford sailed with sealed orders at 4 A. M. on Dec. 21. The first port touched was Kiel, where she remained from Jan. 9 to 13 making boiler repairs. She then proceeded to Hango, Finland, where the passengers were landed on Jan. 19 and sent by special trains to Russia. The Buford reached Antwerp on Jan. 24, and sailed for New York on Feb. 5.

DON'T ROB THE "KIDDIES"

of the foods that promote growth. An essential food element for growing children are the "vitamins" found in the whole wheat. Shredded Wheat contains all the vitamins and mineral salts combined with the body-building elements in the whole wheat grain—the perfect food for growing children. Two Shredded Wheat Biscuits served with hot milk make a warm, nourishing meal at a cost of a few cents—the most real food for the least money.



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Only through the combined use of one with the other is it possible for you to hear in your own home all the subtle shades of color, tone, interpretation, upon which the world-wide reputation of that artist has been built.

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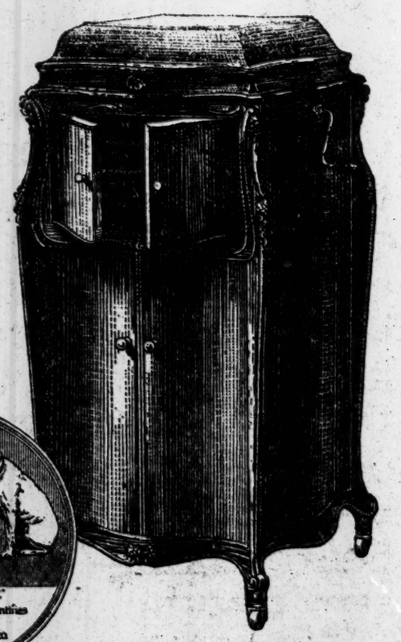

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VICTORY HALL

A Utilitarian Accessible Monument

To All Who Died or Served in the Late War

Approves but Proceeds Independently of Mayor's Memorial Committee

Gen. George W. Wingate, president of Victory Hall Association, tells what a group of men and women, prompted wholly by unselfish and patriotic motives, propose to do in establishing a Memorial in Honor of the Heroes of the War and, at the same time, provide New York citizens with a building which, with its many departments and attractions, will be forever a credit and benefit to the greatest city in the world.

February 19, 1920.

Mayor's Memorial Committee, City Hall, New York.

Attention Col. Rodman Wanamaker, Chairman.

Dear Sirs:

(1) The attention of our Executive Committee has been called to the fact that the Victory Hall plans for the erection of a patriotic and utilitarian memorial on the block at the southeast corner of Park Avenue and 42nd Street have been listed as one of the ideas entered in the public competition of the Mayor's Memorial Committee as No. 28.

While we are in most thorough sympathy with the ideas, as we understand them, of the Mayor's Memorial Committee, yet as our objective seems to be quite different and in no wise in conflict, we respectfully ask that the entry of our idea, made obviously by inadvertence, may be omitted from the list and not be regarded as before your committee for competition or otherwise than as information of what we contemplate.

It is true I have written a letter to your committee and have appeared before it, but merely to advise you of what a group of citizens had been doing for the last six months and more in organizing an association and in making a study of what seemed to be to them a proper tribute to those who had lost their lives in the war, to be erected at the center of accessibility from the point of view of transportation as well as the five boroughs, not only for the members of the American Legion, but all citizens who might choose to gather there from time to time in the great auditorium for civic purposes.

Our plan involves that this building should be constructed by subscriptions from the people of the city, rich and poor and irrespective of the amount of any one's financial means, and particularly that the time to do it is now, when the incidents of the war are fresh in the minds of the public and when those whose sons and other relatives served and died on the other side are here.

(2) It is well for us at this time to call to your attention the aims and purposes of the Victory Hall Association so that hereafter there can be no misunderstanding.

The group of men and women who stand behind this Association, who founded it and incorporated it, have no desire to enter into competition with any other public-spirited citizens who desire to accomplish something for the welfare of New York, or who feel it their duty, as we feel it our duty, to erect a memorial to our honored dead.

At the inception of the movement for which we stand sponsors, we carefully investigated the activities of other groups in other cities throughout the United States. We found that the National Fine Arts Federation and the American Institute of Architects from their national headquarters had issued very specific instructions governing the procedure of bodies such as ours.

We felt it our duty to be guided by the advices of the most eminent authorities in this country, and so we followed explicitly the instructions and the advice that we obtained from what we believe to be the most distinguished and able leaders in painting, in sculpture and in architecture and formally constituted and generally recognized bodies.

The American Fine Arts Federation distinctly advises that the first consideration in the erection of any memorial is to carefully consider the best type of memorial to be erected in any particular place; secondly, to be careful to select an available site that shall be the very heart and center of the city in which the memorial is to be placed. The American Institute of Architects distinctly states that competitions are to be avoided, if possible, if it be possible to obtain the services of the proper architects, sculptors and painters by direct employment.

Following the above considerations, which we, after exhaustive discussion and careful investigation and mature deliberation, thoroughly approve, we decided to build a building that should be an everlasting monument to our heroic dead; that would serve in the years and centuries to come as a symbol of the ideals and the aspirations that led the men and women of New York City to offer their lives and make the supreme sacrifice. We felt it our duty and our privilege, irrespective of what others might accomplish, to insure the building of such a monument as we felt should be a worthy expression of our gratitude to those who died.

We felt that the best expression of this sentiment could be obtained by the erection of a great auditorium in the very heart of the city that would serve every man and woman in the city; this auditorium to be a great central forum of Greater New York, where not alone distinguished orators of international reputation could be heard, but where great debates could take place and civic, state and national meetings could be held for the benefit of the community at large; a rallying point for all the people in times of peace and war, in joy and sorrow.

We felt that New York was the musical center of the new world and that this great auditorium should be so constructed as to serve the purposes of music. Bearing in mind the important problem of physical welfare of our youth, we felt that this great auditorium should contain a place set aside for athletics, so that the youth of our city could be inspired and the spirit of emulation could be promulgated among our youth and the ideal of the strong mind and the clean, healthy body encouraged. There will also be rifle ranges and a drill hall in the building. We felt that the city needed a great educational exhibition hall for the benefit of our industries and commerce, and we incorporated such a hall in the plans of the building.

In memory of the dead, we felt it incumbent upon us to place the name of every man and woman in the Army, Navy, Marines, Auxiliary Forces and such members of those welfare associations and organizations that have died, each and every one engraven upon the walls of the building, with the unit from whence they came. Besides this, as a great central feature, we propose to build a hall to the glory of our Allies, where the statues and works and accomplishments of their leaders may be a heritage for the citizens of this city in the years to come. The Hall of Memory, which will symbolize and be the inner shrine of our whole edifice, is to be incorporated in the building. This will be a great hall or crypt, cut out of the living rock, dignified, solemn and worthy of those who died, and here will burn upon an altar a light or symbol that will exist forevermore.

We desire to incorporate in the plans of the building, furthermore, a great meeting hall, which will serve the members of the American Legion and their societies and other civic groups, properly lit, so that it may be also used as an exhibition hall for works of art and public welfare, and we have planned many rooms for the use of the different military organizations of past wars and the Great War for the benefit of the American Legion and similar societies.

The building being of this type and character, we felt it absolutely essential that it should be in the very heart and center of this great city, and, therefore, we selected Pershing Square and the adjoining property to the rear as the site of this building. We do not propose to ask the taxpayers for one cent. We propose to purchase the property and pay for it. We are raising the money for the erection of the building and its maintnance and we propose to pay taxes.

(3) After careful consideration we also concluded that the site in question is the very best that could be selected for the purpose, for the reason that it is in the center of railroad transportation, so that it can be reached for a single fare from all parts of the boroughs, thus enabling those who use it, especially the children of our public schools, whose athletic and other meetings are to be accommodated in it, to do so for a single fare. That it has the advantage of having two levels, that on 42nd Street, upon which the Exhibition Hall on the first story will front, the rent from which is to go largely towards maintaining the building, and the second on the Park Avenue Esplanade, from which entrance can be had through the triumphal arch that will form the front of the building to the great Convention Hall, which will be on that level, thus enabling the latter to be used without interfering with the former and doing away with the necessity for the many stairs which would otherwise be required to reach the Convention Hall. It is also the portal of New York, where a very large proportion of those who enter the city will see it when they come from the Grand Central Depot, as well as from the lines terminating from New Jersey when as is expected, the Hudson Tubes may be extended to 42nd Street. Moreover, the building will be of such a nature as to harmonize with the architecture of the surrounding buildings, and thus add to the beauty of this part of the city.

No criticism has ever been made, that the Association has heard, in regard to the merits of its plans. On the contrary, at a largely attended meeting of the New York Society of Architects, after a full discussion, both plans and the site were unanimously approved.

Our organization is similar to that of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and every citizen of New York is asked to become a member. We welcome the help and co-operation of every citizen and resident of the City and State in the carrying out of the project. We have employed the services of a distinguished firm of architects, whose reputation is international and who are the most experienced architects in this country in the erection of great auditoriums. We feel that we cannot take any chances in the building of a great auditorium. The question of acoustics and sight lines is vital and the essence of the success of this edifice. We contemplate the employment of the most eminent and distinguished mural decorators and sculptors of this city, and we realize that we will have sufficient funds to employ such men and women in the adornment of this historic work.

We hope and believe that this building will be worthy of the spirit that inspires it. We feel the necessity of such an edifice in New York and we are under the impression that the success of our endeavor is assured. We desire to repeat that we welcome the co-operation of every citizen of this city. We may furthermore add that the members of this Association individually will gladly co-operate with any endeavor of the Mayor's Committee. The names of many of our directors appear as representative citizens upon the Mayor's Committee. This should be an earnest proof of our disinterested purpose.

(4) It will interest you to know that among the individual approvals which we have received have been those which have come from individuals, as follows:

Gen. John J. Pershing, Major Gen. Leonard Wood, U. S. Army; Major Gen. George Barnett, Commandant U. S. Marine Corps; Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, U. S. Army; Admiral August Gleaves, U. S. Navy; Col. William Hayward, U. S. Army; Rear Admiral H. T. Mayor, U. S. Navy; Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt, U. S. Army; Major Gen. David C. Shanks, U. S. Army; Major Gen. R. L. Bullard; Rear Admiral N. R. Usher, U. S. Navy; Col. Charles W. Whittlesey, U. S. Army; Robert Alexander, later Major General U. S. A., commanding 77th Division; Secretary of War Newton D. Baker; Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright; Henry Russel Drowne, Secretary Sons of the Revolution of the State of New York; William G. Willcox, Chairman of most of the Staten Island war drives; Richard S. Newcombe, Chairman United War Work Campaign and W. S. S. 1919 Thrift Campaign for Queensborough; Major Alfred J. Glynn, Military Secretary to the Governor of New York; Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy; Bird S. Coler, Commissioner of Charities; Charles M. Schwab, Earl F. Ahlstrom, King Albert of Belgium and Cardinal Mercier.

Among the more recent organization-approvals which we have received have been those of the New York Society of Architects, Real Estate Board of New York, Central Federated Union of Greater New York and Vicinity, New York City Federation of Women's Clubs, endorsed at a convention of 1,500 delegates, representing 332 clubs of some 200,000 members; Society of Professional Women Photographers, Women's Civil Service League of the United States, the Government Club, Society of New York State Women, Southland Society, Admiral H. B. Wilson, No. 196, Veterans of Foreign Wars of the U. S.; Phalo Club, League of Advertising Women, American Library Association, Library War Service, Boy Scouts of America, Community Councils, National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, National War Work Council of the Y. M. C. A., Salvation Army, Veterans of Foreign Wars, War Camp Community Service, and many posts and officers of the American Legion.

Editorials in most of the newspapers of New York City have approved, including the Sun, World, Times, Tribune, Brooklyn Eagle, Evening Sun, Evening Telegram, Telegraph.

(5) If the Mayor's Committee desires to erect some great monument or statue, or if you finally decide upon the erection of a great bridge across the Hudson, you may undoubtedly count upon our hearty co-operation, and in every possible way, from the individual members of our society and from the public endorsement of the Victory Hall Association. In this connection we may say we are very much impressed with the idea of a bridge over the Hudson River and of several of the other ornamental monuments, of which we cannot think this city can have too many as a tribute to those to whom we owe so much and whose memory we desire may be immortalized.

We think it only fair and right that our attitude should not be misunderstood and that your body should give proper consideration to the above statement, as we think it worthy of your consideration at this time.

The foregoing is sent as the action of the Executive Committee of the above Association, as a result of its having been advised in the premises as first above stated.

With much respect I have the honor to be

Yours, very truly,

(Signed) GEO. W. WINGATE, President.

VICTORY HALL ASSOCIATION, Inc. Executive Office, 4 East 43rd Street, New York City. Telephone Vanderbilt 281

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FIRST NEWS OUT OF RUSSIA!

IN DIRECT INTERVIEWS WITH

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Obtained by Its Special Correspondent, LINCOLN EYRE

Sent to RUSSIA for This Purpose

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(MORNING EDITION)

LEON TROTZKY

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THE ORGANIZER AND EXECUTIVE

Beginning Next Wednesday, Opening with the Trotzky Interview, in which he gives a Complete Summary of the Situation and Prospects in Russia as he sees them

For the first time since the end of the war, November, 1918, a correspondent has succeeded in thoroughly investigating the conditions in Russia and the results of Bolshevism. Lincoln Eyre, the Paris Correspondent of The World, entered Russia last November. For nearly three months he has been studying the results of the rule of Lenine and Trotzky —what he has found is of tremendous interest, and is of distinct importance to the whole world. Mr. Eyre has seen Russia from the inside and has witnessed all the workings of the "Red" regime. He approached his task with an impartial mind and his conclusions may be relied upon as giving a true picture of the Russia of today and its prospects.

The World will print a series of articles by Mr. Eyre, now being cabled by way of Riga, which will thoroughly acquaint America with this great subject. The first article *next Wednesday,* will reveal the real Trotzky, the organizer and executive. He has given to Mr. Eyre a complete summary of the situation and prospects as he sees them.

The second article on Thursday will be an interview with Szinoviev, the head of the Bolshevik propaganda organization. It will describe his methods of propagating Bolshevism in the rest of Europe and the United States. The third article will tell, with much detail, the exact state of Russia's health. It will contain many surprises. For instance, Russia is in no condition to begin the long-heralded onslaught on Poland. Other articles will follow—altogether they will tell the whole story. They will definitely answer questions which the whole world has been asking ever since the war's end.

Series Begins Wednesday! Order from Your Newsdealer in Advance So That He May Be Able to Supply You!

BRITISH AGENT GONE, WIDE SEARCH BEGINS

Capt. S. P. Gerow Quits Hotel Here, but Fails to Appear in Philadelphia.

FRIENDS ASK POLICE AID

Missing Man Said to be Buying Material for 600,000 "Knock-down" Houses.

Captain Stephen P. Gerow, a Canadian overseas veteran, said to have come here on an official mission, was reported missing yesterday by the management of the Hotel Imperial, where he stayed while in this city. The hotel manager notified the police of the West Thirtieth Street Station and also the police of Philadelphia of Captain Gerow's intended destination when he left this city several weeks ago. The manager said he feared the officer had met with an accident or foul play.

Captain Gerow arrived here in January. According to the hotel management, he came to buy material for 600,000 "knockdown" houses for the British Government. The houses, he said, were to be used in reconstruction work among the army veterans in England.

On Feb. 2 Captain Gerow left the hotel, saying that he was going to Philadelphia. He said he expected fifty tons of material to arrive there from Chicago, and would superintend shipment to Liverpool the following day. He carried $1,000 in currency and jewelry of considerable value when he left here, his friends say.

Before his departure Captain Gerow told the Imperial management he would be back on the following Saturday—Feb. 7. He left his trunk, several uniforms and valuable papers. He ordered his mail sent to the Hotel Walton, in Philadelphia.

When two weeks had passed without word from Captain Gerow his friends bestirred themselves and asked the Imperial management to make inquiries. A message to the Hotel Walton disclosed that Captain Gerow had never arrived there. Following this discovery the police and the British authorities here were notified.

Captain Gerow is described as about forty-five years old, about five feet seven inches in height and weighing 170 pounds and with black hair, slightly gray about the temples. According to the manager of the Imperial, the missing officer was wounded, gassed and suffered from shell shock during the war.

THREE SHOT TO DEATH.

Triple Murder or Double Murder and Suicide in Providence.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 22.—Answering an ananymous telephone call, the police tonight found the bodies of Sylvans Thresher, a jewelry worker, his eleven-year-old daughter Gladys and Miss Harriet Mulholland in the Thresher home. All three were dead from revolver shots.

Preliminary investigation failed to show whether it had been a double murder and suicide or a triple murder.

RUNAWAY BOY LIVED TWO DAYS IN SUBWAY

'Mickey,' Aged 8, Punched a Lad Who Called Him 'Kaiser' —Sold Papers.

"They call me 'Mickey,' and some call me the Kaiser, but they won't call me the Kaiser any more; cause I gave Harry Casey a bloody nose."

So declared Mike McNamara, 8 years old, of 419 Hick Street, Brooklyn, as he stood in the missing persons bureau at Police Headquarters yesterday and recounted the experiences of two days of living in the subway thatfollowed his resentment at being nicknamed for the exile of Doorn.

"Mickey" hadn't had his clothes off since Friday, but declared he had had plenty to eat and enough sleep. He exhibited a dollar and ten cents he had made selling papers.

Anton J. Neumow of 22 Eighth Street, Brooklyn, an inspector of the Bureau of Weights And Measures, on his way to Manhattan yesterday ended "Mickey's" career as a subway dweller. He thought something was wrong when he saw the boy go to sleep on a subway train in Brooklyn and Neumow marched the lad over to Police Headquarters. Inquiry of the police at the Amity Street Station, Brooklyn, disclosed that Mickey was wanted home by his mother, Mrs. Katherine McNamara, a widow with two other children, who works in the St. George Hotel, Brooklyn.

Mickey said that on Friday he had gone, as usual, to St. Peter's Roman Catholic School, in Hicks Street. Friday noon the episode of Harry Casey and the bloody nose had taken place, and Mickey had hopped a crosstown car, on which he had ridden without paying as far as Atlantic Avenue. Then he transferred, and finally reached Coney Island. On his way he gathered up newspapers, which he refolded carefully and sold when he got there. Then he came back to Manhattan, invested his capital in morning papers, and sold them on the street.

All day Saturday "Mickey" rode back and forth in the subway, catching an occasional forty winks and exercising his commercial instincts at every favorable opportunity.

"I wanted to make money and help mother," he told the Sergeant.

Mrs. McNamara arrived from Brooklyn and took "Mickey" home.

© Vanity Fair

Again and again they answer the frenzied applause that follows the duet from "Rigoletto." They bow. They blow kisses. They are presented with a cemeterious flower arrangement — a dainty little trifle about the size of a cocoanut palm. Artistically they have arrived—they are a success—And speaking of encores and successes and arrivals, there's the March Vanity Fair.

ENCORE!

Vanity Fair takes a few encores itself every month. It comes down to the footlights of the world, to be complimented, to be presented with bunches of fragrant adjectives, and to take the curtain calls—for more and more copies. The people who read Vanity Fair are as keen for a new number as they are for a new opera, or a new play, or a new symphony, and just now they're buying the

March Vanity Fair

On Sale Now

In This March Issue

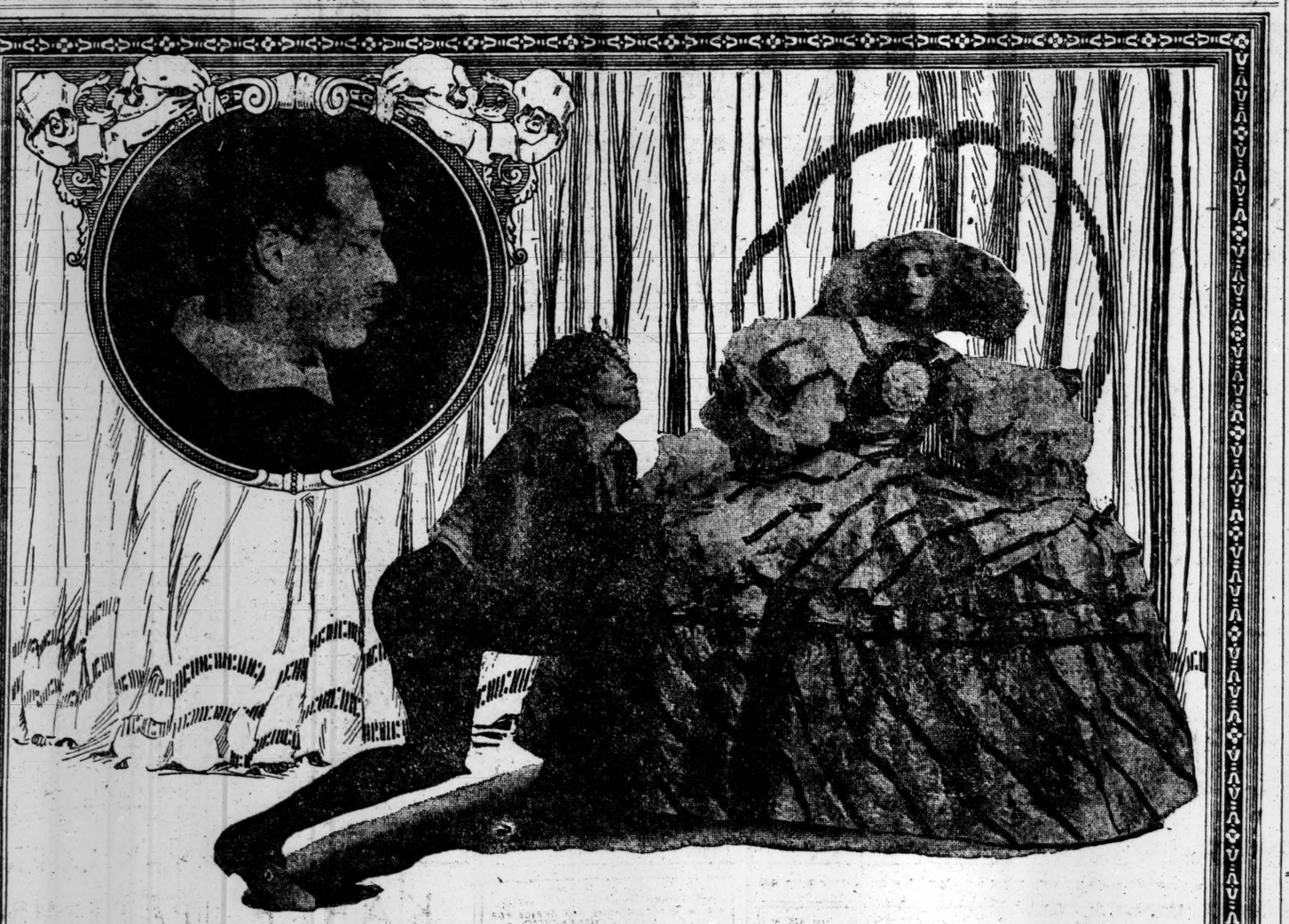
Elsie Ferguson writes of her thrilling escape from the giants of movie land. Hugh Walpole does a friendly close-up of May Sinclair. G. K. Chesterton presents his views on the universe and Thomas Burke his on a mean little street.

And pictures! Our own luscious Geraldine Farrar as Zaza. Beautiful Lenore Ulric. A new Zuloaga, "The Toreador." Steinlein lithographs. Drawings of love and lovers by Fish. An article on auction bridge—a bit of finance—and more pictures.

Listen to George S. Chappell curse the Happy Ending. Learn from Grantland Rice how dramatic a putt can be. Get some real practical stuff on new golf from George Duncan. See the new motors—English and American—two pages of 'em, and a page of aeroplanes besides.

Six pages of good clothes for men who know their business value. Our own Hall of Fame and an Imaginary Interview with the man who writes the undertaker's ads.

Where's the Nearest News Stand?



ADOLPH BOLM

World-Famous Russian Dancer, appears in his own beautiful production of Carpenter's

"BIRTHDAY OF THE INFANTA"

At the Lexington Theatre, on Monday Afternoon, Feb. 23rd

Chicago Daily Journal— Edward C. Moore

One of the finest things in the history of the Chicago Opera Association came into existence last night, to wit, the first performance on any stage of John Alden Carpenter's Ballet, "The Birthday of the Infanta." There was a good deal of an ovation at the end of the piece. For once the audience was stirred out of itself by something other than a singer's high note.

Chicago Evening American— Herman Devries

Adolph Bolm, remembered especially for his thrilling excellence in "Cleopatra" with the Diaghileff Ballet, was the star and as such was also "the whole show." "The Birthday of the Infanta" in the lavishness of its settings and costumes is a fair competitor to any of the most sumptuous offerings of the stage.

Chicago News— Maurice Rosenfield

Adolph Bolm, the well-known dancer and mime, came especially from New York to stage "The Birthday of the Infanta" and to dance the part of Pedro. He was a dominant figure. The Ballet pantomime made a tremendous success.

Chicago Tribune— W. L. Hubbard

A ballet pantomime of exceptional quality and exceptional charm was disclosed at the Auditorium last evening. The dancing was of rare attractiveness, little of it being of the extreme wild variety of the Russian school. It was rather of the graceful type and the pantomime work was remarkably skilled and eloquent. Adolph Bolm as Pedro the dwarf gave an excellent display of finely proportioned, skillfully detailed and artistically conceived pantomime.

Chicago Herald— Henrietta Weber

To Adolph Bolm must go forth sincere congratulations on a piece of work well done. This Ballet has invaded a new field of emotional expression, and struck an original note, while yet standing firm on unshakeable art principles.

Chicago Evening Post— Karleton Hackett

Once in a while there is a successful "first performance" on any stage and last night the phenomenon happened right here in Chicago when John Alden Carpenter's "Infanta" made her bow.

Adolph Bolm, who made the production and portrayed the grotesque dwarf, was the essential figure upon the stage. We Americans have never been particularly receptive to pantomime, but Bolm made it clear and played his part with such sincerity that for once we felt the power of his art. The display of his technique as a dancer was made to subserviant to the telling of the story through action that he made it carry straight home.

WHEN Velasquez painted his famous portrait of the quaint Spanish Infanta he did not wot that its charm would induce an Oscar Wilde to weave it into a little gem of English literature—he merely painted a beautiful picture.

Nor yet did Oscar Wilde foresee the possibilities which his lovely spontaneous tale would present to an American composer that he should conceive it set to music—he merely wrote a beautiful story.

Neither did John Alden Carpenter discern the attraction his music would hold as a Ballet Pantomime for the greatest of Russian choreographic artists—he merely wrote a beautiful composition.

But it is precisely by these devious paths through the intervening centuries that it has become possible for Adolph Bolm to produce for the Chicago Opera Company "The Birthday of the Infanta" and to create the character of Pedro the grotesque; who, coming out of the woods to dance at the Birthday fete of the little princess dies of fright on beholding his own ugliness.

Whether tumbling about as the doddering old King Dodon in his remarkable presentation of Rimsky-Korsakoff's Coq d'Or (Staged for the Metropolitan Opera Company); whether characterizing an Assyrian or Trojan warrior, whether mincing through the amenities of the Menuet or whirling, leaping, staggering under the madness of the music of the Tarter, Bolm is a master of plastique, a great technician—and by the same sign also a very advanced musician.

Adolph Bolm finds the Duo-Art Piano indispensable in his work. In his studio this wonderful instrument means that he has at his command the master pieces of music literature as interpreted by the greatest pianists of our time. A letter from Mr. Bolm to the makers of

THE DUO-ART PIANO

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I would like to offer an expression of gratitude to the sponsors of the Duo-Art Piano, for the artistic service that this truly remarkable instrument has rendered me.

The inspired genius of the musicians who contribute their services toward making the Duo-Art stand for what it does, continually awakens in me the creative inspiration. To me it means creation; going over and over a musical significance until it elucidates itself into a perfect plastic expression.

With my very best wishes, believe me to be

Sincerely yours,
ADOLPH BOLM (*Signed*)

THE Duo-Art is three instruments in one. It is a pianoforte of highest quality for those who play by hand. It is a Pianola (the greatest of player-pianos) which provides a perfect piano technique and means that anyone can play any piano music with artistic expression. It is a wonderful reproducing piano—repeating with utmost fidelity performances of the great present-day masters.

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URGES FOOD CREDIT FOR STARVING CITIES

Relief Administration Appeals to People to Bring Pressure to Bear on Congress.

HAS FAILED TO TAKE ACTION

Flour Surplus Would Save Millions in Poland, Austria, Hungary, Bohemia and Armenia.

The following appeal was issued yesterday by the American Relief Administration:

"We wish we were able to give voice to the cry of millions of underfed men, women and children in the cities of Poland, Austria, Hungary, Bohemia, and Armenia, that are today appealing to the United States for food. It is an appeal to the American heart, an appeal that from our surplus we should sell on credit that they may pay in the future from their own labor. We have remaining in the United States from last year's harvest a surplus of 60,000,000 barrels of flour. We can possibly sell this abroad for cash. The profits on our Government export wheat operations already amount to $50,000,000, and it is indeed a terrible merchant who insists that customers must die of starvation because they cannot pay cash on the nail.

"The necessities could be covered by the sale of credit from the Grain Corporation of 10,000,000 barries of flour, costing between $125,000,000 and $150,000,000 delivered. It is not a gift. These cities have exhausted every hope of finding commercial credits on which this purchase can be made before the people starve. It is a problem beyond the abilities of charity. American charitable organizations are carrying on the work established last Winter. The European Children's Fund is feeding over 3,000,000 of children. The Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. are all engaged in relief on different fields, all from private charity. These organizations are today turning away thousands from their stations because they cannot undertake a larger burden on the resources available. Their reports upon the situation and those of our diplomatic corps in Europe are identical.

"A large part of this support is needed for Poland. There are many reasons why we should not desert these people. There is a sheer humanity in the American heart for starving women and children. These 30,000,000 Polish people won their independence largely through the action of the United States, for our country was the first to announce the independence of Poland as the keystone of peace. Within a year the Poles have out of chaos and misery created a democracy on our own ideals. The statues of the Polish heroes who fought for our own independence grace our cities. We have set our plow in the furrow of Polish independence, and for the sake of a little bread on credit we cannot, as a nation, take the responsibility for jeopardizing their freedom.

"The bread ration in Polish cities has now been reduced to six ounces per person a day, and the people have but little else besides bread.

"The appeal of Austria, Armenia, and Hungary is a simple appeal in humanity. It is based on no right and no reason except that thousands must slowly starve if we hoard our surplus. Other countries, allies and neutrals, also have a responsibility in these matters. They should do their share, but this does not relieve us of responsibility.

"Last year the American people spent literally billions of dollars in saving the whole of Europe from famine. The present cry is but an echo of that which then existed. I believe that when history looks back on the effort of the United States in the war, it will find a glorious chapter in the life that has been saved, the chaos that was prevented by the generosity of our people. We cannot allow our history to be marred by a failure to meet this last remaining call upon our hearts.

"It is now nearly two months since the Treasury made urgent requests to Congress for authority to handle the problem. Up to the present, Congress has not acted. As Congress, however, willingly represents the wishes of the American people, it is for our people to give evidence at once to Congress of their desire to do this great and necessary service, and to give assurance to them that they will not be held in criticism for doing it. Calls upon our Government to help those who could help themselves are wrong. This is a call for the helpless, and America is wise enough to separate business from humanity. This is not a matter of partisanship nor a matter of politics. It is a question of conscience."

The appeal is signed by John Willis Baer, Moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States; Livingston Farrand, Chairman American Red Cross; Max Farrand, General Director the Commonwealth Fund; Cardinal Gibbons; Samuel Gompers, American Federation of Labor; Arthur T. Hadley, President Yale University; John Gries Hibben, President Princeton University; Charles E. Hughes; Herbert Hoover, Chairman American Relief Administration, European Children's Fund; Alfred E. Marling, President Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York; the Rev. Frank Mason North, President Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America; Mrs. Robert E. Spear, President the National Board of Y. W. C. A.; Frank A. Vanderlip; Ray Lyman Wilbur, President Stanford University, and Rabbi Stephen Wise.

Thirty-three men and women workers, experienced in welfare work in France, will sail from here Friday for Turkey to assist in the relief work of Armenia, the Near East Relief announced here last night. There are now about 500 men and women engaged in the work abroad.

The party to leave this week includes Dr. Jefferson W. Hawthorne of Cambridge, Mass.; Miss Emily Passmore of Westwood, N. J.; Miss Frances McQuaide of Blackinton, Mass.; Miss Margaret W. Edwards of Ithaca, N. Y., and Miss Edith L. Wood of Bartville, Pa.

CONCERT PLANS ARE UPSET.

Audience Barred from Carnegie Hall in Lease Mixup.

About 300 persons went to Carnegie Hall last night to attend a concert announced by a group of young players under the name of the New People's Symphony Orchestra, which failed to take place. The hall seats over 2,500, and only some thirty tickets had been sold at the box office, it was said, the rest being subscribed elsewhere. Just before 9 o'clock, Louis Salter, manager of the hall, told the people in the lobby to go home.

"The place where you bought your tickets is where you will have to get your money back," Mr. Salter said. "The manager of this concert has not met the terms of his lease and has gone away, and his partner refuses to come out here and make a statement."

Among those who were to have appeared with the orchestra last night were Cantor Bernard Schram, tenor; Jerome Rappaport, a boy pianist, and Christine Langenhan, soprano. The conductor of the band, Louis Frohman, had been advertised as "the youngest conductor in America," being 18 years old.

Many Germans Sail on Saxonia.

The Cunarder Saxonia, which had been delayed in coaling, sailed at 11:30 yesterday morning for Plymouth, Hamburg and London with 350 cabin and 1,200 third-class passengers, many of whom were Germans who had been unable to get to their families during the war.

THE SCREEN

William D. Taylor's "Huckleberry Finn" is at the Rivoli this week, and even that cautious critic, Huck himself, would probably find that it "told the truth mainly"—and what mere picture could do more?

Mr. Taylor did not seek to use Mark Twain's book as material for a conventional movie of his own, and so escaped being shot. He did seek, with care and intelligence, to translate as much as possible of the book into moving pictures, and so has won the gratitude of the public. His translation, as far as it goes and can go, is remarkably, and most enjoyably, good. Of course, only a part of what Mark Twain wrote can be said in the language of moving pictures—Huck's rich observations and reflections, for example, must forever remain in his own words, only snatches of which can be used on the screen—but it is nevertheless true that Huck and Tom, Aunt Polly and all the rest, are at the Rivoli Theatre much as their creator and E. W. Kemble, his illustrator, meant them to be.

Lewis Sargent, a fifteen-year-old boy practically unknown on the stage and screen, but with an apparent aptitude for his part, is Huck, and will undoubtedly convince nearly every one that he is the original brought to life. Tom Sawyer is also made real by young Gordon Griffith, and likewise Miss Watson's nigger Jim by George Reed, the Duke by Orral Humphrey, the King by Tom D. Bates, Miss Watson by Martha Mattox, Tom's Aunt Polly by Edythe Chapman, Huck's father by Frank Lanning and the other characters, to the extent that they are required, by the others in the cast. It is a delight to see all of these people and feel that they are genuine. Not one is an imposter.

The settings of "Huckleberry Finn" appear to verify the report that Mr. Taylor and his company went to the Mississippi River to make their pictures. Some of the scenes might have been made under Mark Twain's own direction. If one misses some things, such as the steamboats, he can appreciate Mr. Taylor's inability to restore them and will be more than satisfied that he has brought back so much.

The picture's deviations from the narrative of "The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn" are relatively unimportant, most of them, in fact, being trivial, and its omissions are no more than will be recognized as necessary. Objection must be made, however, to the subtitle, or leader, at the end of the the film, in which Huck is quoted as saying that he intends to return to Mary Jane Wilks. As every one knows, it was his real intention to strike right out for "the Territory," and to intrude even the suggestion of a "romance" between him and his nineteen-year-old goddess, Mary Jane, is to mar the picture with movie stuff. Also the manner of the entrance of the King and the Duke into the affairs of the bereaved Wilks family is not as described in the book, and is far less plausible.

After the saying of which it is but right to record again, and finally, that "Huckleberry Finn" does tell "the truth mainly" and may easily win unqualified indorsement from those not too familiar with, or devoted to, the book. And no matter what its shortcomings may be it should be a joy to every one.

What Marshall Neilan calls his "first independent production," meaning that it is the first picture he has made entirely as his own boss, is at the Strand this week. It is a screen adaptation of James Oliver Curwood's novel, "The River's End," and is an out and out melodrama of the Canadian Northwest, employing such familiar expedients as the physical identity of two men, a hero wrongly accused of crime, a woman in distress, a diabolical villian (Chinese this time), and a brisk fight between the hero and a room-full of enemies. But, with all this, it is not the usual melodrama. In the first place, Mr. Neilan undoubtedly a skillful cinematician. He has made many moving pictures of scenic beauty and melodramatic force, and seems to have spared no pains in staging his production. Also his knack of modifying intense action with touches of humor is more effectively evident in "The River's End" than in some of his other works, and the continuity of the picture is better than that of any of its predecessors that come to mind. Mr. Neilan has used his "independence" well.

Considerable credit, however, must go to the cast. As the hero and also in another rôle, Lewis Stone is as convincing as any one in such a melodrama may be, and Jane Novak, as the woman in distress, plays up to her own high standard. Yama Mata, as the Chinese villain, is not only thoroughly Chinese but accurately villainous, and Marjorie Daw never fails to be attractive as the heroine.

"The River's End" is interesting. That's all that a frank melodrama tries to be, and relatively few of them succeed.

Included in the Strand Topical Review is an entertaining Chester scenic of primitive regions and people in Bolivia and Peru.

"The Forbidden Woman," with Clara Kimball Young, is at the Capitol this week. It is an elaborately staged photoplay marked by excellent photography, good direction and competent acting. Supporting Miss Young in the cast are Conway Tearle, Jiguel Lanoe, Kathryn Adams, Winter Hall, Milla Davenport and several others, all of whom make their characters as intelligible and consistent as a purely artificial plot will permit. The story is about a French actress who is the innocent cause of an admirer's suicide which gives her a "past" that threatens for a time to make a mess of her future, but, of course, does not. Miss Young carries off many gay and frivolous scenes well, and is equal to her more heavy ones, but she and all the others, aided by everything the camera, nature, scenery and lights can do, cannot make "The Forbidden Woman" any more than a piece of stock fiction, which will not bother those who like such.

"Easy to Get," with Marguerite Clark, is at the Rialto and "The Great Air Robbery," with Lieutenant Locklear, remains for a second week at the Broadway.

TWO ORCHESTRAS PLAY.

Rachmaninoff with Philharmonic, Casals with Symphony.

Sergé Rachmaninoff began with the Philharmonic Society yesterday a series of appearances to continue later in the week, when the Russian composer will be doubly represented with music of his own. Yesterday he had chosen to present himself as piano soloist in a work of the general repertory, and his admirers found interest in the first concerto of Liszt—the Hungarian cosmopolite seeming not less but more enthralling in the white light of the powerful personality of this Slavic interpreter. Conductor Stransky opened the society's 1,405th concert with Beethoven's "Eroica" symphony, and he gave smaller works of his Czech countrymen, Smetana's "The Moldau," and Dvorak's "Carnival."

Pablo Casals played at the same hour with the Symphony Society yesterday in Aeolian Hall, repeating a concert heard in Carnegie Hall on the previous evening. Mr. Damrosch's program included Elgar's symphony No. 1, the 'cello concerto by Haydn, and "Daphnis and Chloe," by Ravel.

Raisa Sings at the Hippodrome.

Rosa Raisa, singing to a vast audience at the Hippodrome last night, gave an exhibition of versatility that the phenomenal Russian soprano has not at all times shown, when she followed Verdi's brilliant air from "The Sicilian Vespers" with a gentle Russian cradle song, a hushed encore that brought down the house. Her admirers, some of whom had waited since mid-afternoon in Sixth Avenue, gave further ovations after Raisa sang in Yiddish the appealing "Rachem," by Mana Zucca, and with Alessandro Bonci, the final duet from "Aida." Mr. Bonci encored the "M'Appari" from "Marta" with the "Donna e Mobile" from "Rigoletto," which was redemanded. Rimini substituted for an "Ernani" air Wagner's "Evening Star," in Italian, and Louis Hasselmans and the Chicago Opera Orchestra had to play twice over the second rhapsody of Liszt.

SUIT OVER GERMAN PLAY.

Ditrichstein Claims "Jacques Duval" Adopted from "Der Schoepfer."

Leo Ditrichstein, the actor, has begun suit in the Federal court to restrain George C. Tyler and George Arliss, theatrical producer and actor, respectively, from continuing to present the play "Jacques Duval." The plaintiff contends that the play is the same as the play "Der Schoepfer," the rights of which were purchased by him from Hans Bartsch, a play broker, who acquired it by purchase from a Berlin concern, Der Vertsiebstelle des Verbaudes Deutscher Buhneschartstelle, in September last.

It is explained in the complaint that "Der Schoepfer" was copyrighted in Germany, but that the United States Government refused to receive the copyright, on the ground that it would be in violation of the Trading with the Enemy act. The acceptance of the copyright would therefore have to wait until the war was over. Mr. Ditrichstein says he engaged, at large expense, Professor A. J. du Pont Coleman of Columbia University to translate the play into English.

On Nov. 10 last, he says, the defendants publicly presented the play under the title of "Jacques Duval," and advertised it as "A play adapted by George S. Kaufman, direction George C. Tyler." The play, according to the complaint, has been produced, and is still being produced, in the United States and Canada, thus depriving the plaintiff of a rôle "admirably suited to complainant's talents." It is stated in the papers that the plaintiff has suffered damages to the extent of many thousands of dollars and that he wants the defendants to render an accounting of their profits.

The interesting question to be determined by the court is whether a copyright obtained in an enemy country, and which the purchaser could not file here because of Government objections, releases the purchased property to the control of others.

In their answer to the complaint the defendants say that Bartsch was without the license required by the United States permitting him to deal or trade with a German concern and that no attempt was made to copyright "Der Schoepfer" because it was dedicated to the public. The defendants admit the presentation of the play, and state that they intend to continue presenting it.

Joseph S. Buhler of Dennis & Buhler is counsel for the plaintiff and Dittenhoefer & Fishel represent the defendants.

To Sing French "Manon" March 6.

Massenet's "Manon," with a locally unfamiliar "Cours la Reine" scene, will be sung for the first time in four seasons at the Metropolitan on Saturday afternoon, March 6, the cast including Farrar, Hacket, De Luca, de Segurola and Rothier, and Albert Wolff conducting. Last night, before a sold-out house, Giulio Setti led choral scenes and ensembles of leading voices from three operas in the repertory, and one, Boito's "Mefistofele," long unsung. Rose Ponselle was heard in episodes from "Forza del Destino" and "Aida," Miss Scotney in the Mad Scene from "Lucia," and Mr. Didur in the "Mefistofele" prologue. Others who assisted were Jean Gordon, Crimi, Zanelli, Malatesta, Martino and Mardones.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

John Drinkwater will read the part of the Chronicler in "Abraham Lincoln" at the Cort Theatre on Wednesday evening.

The opening of "Look Who's Here" will take place at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre on Tuesday instead of Monday of next week.

The mid-week matinee day of "The Letter of the Law," which opens this afternoon with Lionel Barrymore at the Criterion Theatre, will be Thursday, and "Beyond the Horizon" at the same theatre will therefore be presented on Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday afternoons.

There will be a performance of Charles Dillingham's newest musical comedy, "The New Dictator," at the Globe Theatre on Thursday morning for the entertainment of the members of the Dillingham companies playing in the city.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8:00. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. THE PASSING SHOW OF 1919. LOUIS DE FOE, WORLD:—"A dazzling new spectacle. Passes all the rest."

GARRICK 35th St., near B'way. Mats. Thurs. Greeley 1522. Evs. 8:30. & Sat. 2:20. BEGINNING TO-NIGHT AT 8:30. THE THEATRE GUILD Announces "JANE CLEGG" BY ST. JOHN ERVINE Author of "JOHN FERGUSON."

CENTRAL 47th & Broadway. Evs., 8:30. HOLIDAY MAT. TODAY, 2:30. SAM BERNARD AND IRENE BORDONI In the International Musical Success AS YOU WERE

AMERICAN SINGERS OPERA CO. in Gilbert and Sullivan's Comic Opera Burlesque, RUDDIGORE. "The best show I ever saw in my life." Alexander Woollcott, of The N. Y. Times. PARK THEATRE, Columbus Circle. Evs. Holiday Mat. Today, 2:15. 8:15.

PLYMOUTH W. 45th. Beg's. Sat. Ev., Mar. 6. John Barrymore in Richard III. SEATS NOW

MOROSCO West 45 St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. TONIGHT AT 8:20. CHARLES FROHMAN presents ELSIE FERGUSON in a New Play by ARNOLD BENNETT. Sacred and Profane Love. By Arrangement with DAVID BELASCO.

BOOTH Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Sat., 2:30. MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in "THE PURPLE MASK."

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Sat. 2:30. SPECIAL HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. ARTHUR HOPKINS Presents John Drew in "THE CAT-BIRD" A New Comedy by RUPERT HUGHES

BROADHURST, W. 44th St. Evs. 8:30. JANE COWL in "Smilin' Through." Mats. TODAY, Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.

LITTLE THEATRE, 44th St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Good Balcony Seats $1 & $1.50. Matinees Today, Wednesday & Saturday, 2:30. Seats 6 Weeks in Advance. EXTRA MATINEE TO-DAY. Miss Crothers Achieves a Triumph in a Crothers Play. "Crothers' best play." —Stephen Rathbun, Ev. Sun. "Few better are to be seen."—Town Topics. HE AND SHE With RACHEL CROTHERS and CYRIL KEIGHTLY. "Altogether, the play is extremely interesting and well written. It should keep the Little Theatre filled for a long time to come." —Pope, Journal of Commerce. "Interesting, thoughtful; well cast, tastefully mounted." —A. H. Woollcott, Times.

Positively the Biggest Musical Hit in Town! NORA BAYES THEATRE, 44th St., W. of Broadway. Evenings 8:30. HOLIDAY MATINEE TO-DAY, 2:30. VICTOR HERBERT'S Latest and Greatest Musical Success. MY GOLDEN GIRL. Recommended by Everybody!

BELMONT 48TH ST., EAST OF B'WAY. PHONE BRYANT 48. EVGS. 8:45. MATS. THURS. & SAT., 2:30. STARTING—SPECIAL HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. Nance O'Neil IN The Passion Flower

PLAYHOUSE 48 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Phone Bryant 2628. MATS. TODAY, WED. & SAT., 2:30. "The Triumphal Success" THE Wonderful Thing "A PLAY OF LOVE, LAUGHTER and TEARS."

CASINO 39th and Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today, Wed. & Sat., 2:20. MUSICAL COMEDY EXQUISITE. THE LITTLE WHOPPER With VIVIENNE SEGAL.

MOROSCO'S GREAT COMEDY HIT MAMMA'S AFFAIR WITH AN ALL STAR CAST. AT FULTON W. 46TH ST. EVS. 8:30. MTS. TODAY, WED. & SAT. HOLIDAY MATINEE TO-DAY, 2:30.

44th St. Thea., N'r. B'y. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. LAST WEEK. FRANK M. ANDERSON'S FRIVOLITIES OF 1920

LONGACRE 48th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed., Sat., 2:30. F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present 6TH MONTH ADAM AND EVA. "Thoroughly amusing, capitally acted."—Tribune

CENTURY THEATRE MAT. TO-DAY 2:15 also Wed. & Sat. F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present The Sensation of Paris and New York Aphrodite. COMPANY OF 300 PEOPLE—8 SCENES. CENTURY GROVE, Roof of the Century Thea. Morris Gest Midnight Whirl. Evs. 11:30. Best After Theatre Show in N. Y.

SHUBERT THEATRE, 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. MATINEES TODAY AND SATURDAY, 2:15. EXTRA HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. THE MAGIC MELODY with CHARLES PURCELL, Julia Dean, Tom McNaughton, Bertee Beaumonte.

PRINCESS Theatre, 39th, near Broadway. BEGINNING TO-NIGHT at 8:30. HERMAN TIMBERG'S TICK-TACK-TOE. Words, Music & Lyrics by Herman Timberg. A Musical Outburst with a Bevy of Fascinating Broadway Truants. MATS. WED. & SAT.

39th ST. THEATRE, near B'way. Evs. 8:40. Mats. TODAY, Wed. & Sat., 2:40. MORRIS ROSE Presents CHARLES CHERRY and FRANCINE LARRIMORE in the famous Comedy SCANDAL. Special Matinees—Tomorrow & Friday. Alexandra Carlisle in "TRAGEDY OF MAN."

COMEDY 41st, n'r B'way. Evenings 8:25. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat., 2:25. Greatest Laughing Comedy of All. MY LADY FRIENDS With CLIFTON CRAWFORD.

VANDERBILT 48th St. E. of B'way. Phone 134 Bryant. Curtain, 8:30. Mats. Mon., Wed. & Sat. Curtain 2:30. The Musical Comedy Hit "IRENE" with EDITH DAY. HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY.

HARRIS, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. WEDDING BELLS. MARGARET LAWRENCE and WALLACE EDDINGER. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30.

SELWYN, W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. DONALD BRIAN, PEGGY WOOD, RALPH MORGAN IN THE MUSICAL HIT "BUDDIES." Mats. TODAY, Wed. & Sat., 2:30.

ELTINGE 42d St. W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. FLORENCE MOORE IN BREAKFAST IN BED

BIJOU West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. this week Mon. & Sat. HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. BARNEY BERNARD "HIS HONOR ABE POTASH"

Republic West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. this week Mon. & Sat. HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. The Sign on the Door

LYRIC W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Wed. & Sat. LAST WEEK. Arthur Hammerstein Presents ALWAYS YOU. IRENE FRANKLIN—RALPH HERZ. A Chorus That Outstrips All. MON., MAR. 1—Seats Thursday. WALTER HAMPDEN IN 'GEORGE WASHINGTON' A New Play By PERCY MACKAYE

48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. HOLIDAY MAT. TODAY, 2:30. THE STORM With HELEN MacKELLAR. SUCCESS OF TWO SEASONS. EAST IS WEST with FAY BAINTER. ASTOR—Holiday Mat. Today. Evs. 8:30.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA. Evs. 8:15. H'day Mat. Td'y. TOO MANY HUSBANDS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY, Wed. & Sat., 2:30. 3 MATINEES THIS WEEK. TODAY, WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY, 2:30. ETHEL BARRYMORE in Zoe Akins' Play. Déclassée

CRITERION B'y, 44th St. Evs., 8:20. THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:20. LIONEL BARRYMORE in EUGENE BRIEUX'S THE LETTER OF THE LAW (LA ROBE ROUGE). JOHN D. WILLIAMS Presents EUGENE G. O'NEILL'S GREAT TRAGEDY Beyond the Horizon. 3 MATINEES THIS WEEK. TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY AT 2:20. CRITERION B'way & 44 St. Special Mts. Only

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Holiday Mat. Today, 2:15. Seats 50c to $2, No Higher. (Wednesday Matinee Omitted This Week.) The Most Delightful Musical Treat Ever Offered New York! MONSIEUR BEAUCAIRE. The Andre Messager-Booth Tarkington Gem of Melody, Wit and Romance!

Atop New Amsterdam Theatre, at 11:30. LAST WEEK OF THE CURRENT ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC. Roof will be closed MAR. 1st to 6th for redecorating and refurnishing by Joseph Urban and installing NEW COMPLETE ULTRA SMART RESTAURANT. DINNER SERVED AT 7 P. M. NEW ZIEGFELD 9 O'CLOCK REVUE. Will Open Monday Mar. 8th. Reserve Tables Now.

Holiday Mat. Today. Pop. Mat. Wed. Best Seats $2. CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S Latest Musical Comedy Joy-Ride, "THE NIGHT BOAT" By Anne Caldwell. JEROME KERN'S BEST TUNES. Evs. 8:20, at the LIBERTY.

HUDSON WEST 45 ST. Evs. 8:30. Mat. TO-DAY, 2:30. Booth Tarkington's "CLARENCE." "Best Light Comedy Ever Written by an American."—Heywood Broun, Tribune.

FRANK BACON LIGHTNIN. GAIETY, B'y, 46 St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. TO-DAY.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Mon. & Thurs. HOLIDAY MATINEE TO-DAY. DAVID BELASCO Presents INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS" By Avery Hopwood

COHAN & HARRIS Th., W. 42 St., at 8:30. Mts. Mon., Wed. & Sat. HOLIDAY MATINEE TO-DAY. THE ABSOLUTE DRAMATIC TRIUMPH. The ACQUITTAL. A Masterpiece in Play Construction.

STANDARD B'way, 90th St. POP. PRICES. Mats. To-m'w, Thurs. & Sat. RUTH CHATTERTON "Moonshine & Honeysuckle."

Globe—"Apple Blossoms" Kreisler-Jacobi-Le Baron Operetta with John Charles Thomas. Wilda Bennett, Star Cast. Pop. Mat. Wed. SPECIAL HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY.

BELASCO WEST 44th St. Evenings 8:30. HOLIDAY MATINEE TO-DAY, 2:20. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. Lenore Ulric in "THE SON-DAUGHTER" By George Scarborough and David Belasco.

JOHN DRINKWATER'S ABRAHAM LINCOLN. CORT THEATRE, West 48th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. TODAY, Wed. & Sat.

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE 124 W. 43rd St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY, Thurs. & Sat. HENRY MILLER in "THE FAMOUS MRS. FAIR" BLANCHE BATES by James Forbes. "Electrifying Effect."—Burns Mantle, Mail.

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Aft., Feb. 28, at 3. Third Piano Recital. HUTCHESON. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Steinway Piano.

Aeolian Hall, Sunday Aft., Feb. 29, at 3. The Slovak Soprano. ANICA FABRY. Tickets 75c to $2. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.

OPERA TICKETS Phone Gresley 4188. Seats for Caruso & La Juive. And All METROPOLITAN and CHICAGO OPERAS, in all parts of the House. SUBSCRIPTIONS BOUGHT, SOLD OR EXCHANGED FOR SEASON, ALTERNATE OR SINGLE PERFORMANCES. JACOBS' TICKET OFFICE, NORMANDIE HOTEL, B'way, 38th.

Carnegie Hall, Tues. Evg., March 2, at 8:15. Song Recital—MARIA WINETZKAJA. Tickets at Box Office. Mgt. Daniel Mayer.

COLUMBIA Twice Daily. Pop. Prices. Evs. 8:15. B'way & 47th. SIGHTSEERS with Gus Fay

CARNEGIE HALL Tues. Aft., Feb. 24, 2:30 Sharp. Wed. Eve., Feb. 25, 8:15 Sharp. NEW SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA of the Musicians' New Orchestra Society. BODANZKY, Conductor. SOLOIST NOVAES PIANIST. Tkts. Box Office. S. E. Macmillen, Mgr. M. H. 3428. KNABE IS THE OFFICIAL PIANO.

Aeolian Hall, Fri. Eve., Feb. 27, at 8:15. SONG RECITAL BY EDITH BIDEAU. SOPRANO. Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, SAT. AFT., MARCH 6, AT 3. First 'Cello Recital in two years by PABLO CASALS. Seats 75c to $2, at Box Office. Mgt. Metr. Musical Bureau. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Evg., Feb. 28, at 8:15. Graveure. Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

CARNEGIE HALL, at 3. THIS AFT. Song Recital. MABEL GARRISON. Metropolitan Opera Co. (Steinway Piano.)

Aeolian Hall, TOMORROW EVE., at 8:15. SERGE KOTLARSKY. Violin Recital. (Mason & Hamlin Piano.)

Aeolian Hall Tomorrow Afternoon, at 3. GRACE NORTHRUP. Song Recital. (Mason & Hamlin Piano.)

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Aft., Feb. 26, at 3. ROSA SIMON. Piano Recital. (Mason & Hamlin Piano.)

PHILHARMONIC. CONCERTS. JOSEF STRANSKY.....Conductor. CARNEGIE HALL. Next Thurs. Eve., 8:30. Next Fri. Aft., 2:30. Assisting Artist RACHMANINOFF. Thursday: Moussorgsky, Tchaikovsky, Rachmaninoff. Friday: Haydn, Liszt, Rachmaninoff, Tchaikovsky. Carnegie Hall, Sunday Aft., Feb. 29, at 3. Beethoven—Wagner—Liszt. Assisting Artist ALLEN McQUHAE Tenor. Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

Hippodrome, Sun. Aft., Mar. 7. JOINT CONCERT. BONCI, MATZENAUER, SEIDEL. ALL STAR PROGRAM. Tickets $2.50, $2, $1.50, $1, now on sale International Concert Bureau, 220 W. 42 St. Mail Orders Now, to Hippodrome.

CARNEGIE HALL NEXT FRI. NIGHT, 8:30. PEOPLE'S LIBERTY CHORUS. Marie Sundelius (Soloist). "Sing and March Together"—Dr. Henry Van Dyke. and 60 MEMBERS of L. CAMILIERI, CONDUCTOR. Prices 50c to $2.00 (Plus Tax). NEW SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., at 2:30. FEB. 28. KREISLER. Tickets now at Box Office. Direction C. A. Ellis. Steinway Piano.

2nd FREDERIC WARREN BALLAD CONCERT. AEOLIAN HALL, TODAY, AT 3. Van der Veer, Williams, Miller, Weldon, Van Vliet, Erb. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, WED. AFT., Mar. 3, at 3. Song Recital by CARMEN PASCOVA. Mgt. Winton & Livingston.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., at 2:30. SONG RECITAL BY MABEL. Tickets at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

Aeolian Hall, TUESDAY AFT., at 3:15. SERGE KOTLARSKY. Violin Recital. (Mason & Hamlin Piano.)

Aeolian Hall Tomorrow Afternoon, at 3. GRACE NORTHRUP. Song Recital. (Mason & Hamlin Piano.)

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Aft., Feb. 26, at 3. ROSA SIMON. Piano Recital. (Mason & Hamlin Piano.)

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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FACTS ABOUT THE ADRIATIC.

Light is thrown on several phases of the Adriatic dispute by Mr. JAMES'S dispatch to yesterday's TIMES, which gives the text of the Anglo-French-American plan of December, and by fuller details of the diplomatic exchanges of the past months. If we could get all the documents in the dispute in full, the world would be considerably better able to judge the rights and wrongs of the case than when it is dependent on tendencious and contradictory news which French diplomats give to "Pertinax" and untrustworthy information which elsewhere obtained.

It appears, for instance, that the President did not ignore the January memorandum, proposing a solution much more to the Italian taste than that of December, for nearly a month after it was framed, and then suddenly present an ultimatum just as this solution was about to be accepted. The American Ambassador had warned the Supreme Council that the January plan would not suit the ideas of his Government, and only after delicate intimations had failed to produce any effect did the President send his note of protest. The difference is obvious. It is clear that British and French statesmen thought that America could no longer be counted on anyway, and that it was better to please Italy than to try to meet the ideas of the American Executive. And since the Italians would not accept the December proposal, the British and French came over to the Italian side and joined in the January memorandum to the Jugoslavs.

It was a matter of expediency. England and France thought that America would give them no great help in future, and having lost America they could not afford to alienate Italy. The President, obviously, had not accepted the idea that America was out of the council of nations; the Senate's refusal to ratify the Treaty did not seem to him so definitive as it must have appeared to the British and French Governments. It is also possible that the British and French took too seriously the championship of Italian claims in the Adriatic by some of the Republican leaders. If the President had happened to approve of the Italian position, Senator LODGE would have been the most violent pro-Jugoslav in the world, but this may not be entirely understood in London and Paris. The French and British had to choose between WILSON, hampered by opposition at home, and NITTI, who had a united nation behind him; they did what seemed best to them, and no doubt realized that they ran the risk of betting on the wrong horse.

But the December plan, to which the British and French Governments assented, had cut a good deal of the ground from under their feet; for in that memorandum the most important features of the January plan were rejected, and rejected for reasons given in detail, and urged with justifying force by the very Powers which afterward adopted them. In one point only is the January plan better than its predecessor—the elimination of the buffer State, which it appears was to have included not only Fiume and the southeastern corner of Istria, but a good deal of the hinterland as well, with a population of some 250,000. The population is either Italian or Slav; it could not be neutral.

By the January plan the Italians get the corner of Istria, with certain rectifications of the frontier further north. Intrinsically these are of no great importance, particularly if the buffer State disappears. The entire population involved is 30,000 according to the Italians, 60,000 according to the Jugoslavs—a divergence of figures where exactitude ought to be possible, which exemplifies the familiar complaint that in the Adriatic question there are no facts, only opinions. The Italians insist on the corner of Istria, the corridor, the Senoseccia district. These are negligible by comparison with the cessions of purely Jugoslav territory to which the President has already assented. But this additional demand may well have seemed the last straw. The theory that the Italians must have the littoral territories inhabited by Slavs but needed by Italy, as well as Fiume, inhabited by Italians but needed by the Slavs, is hardly defensible on any grounds of logic.

Logic, however, is not all of it. In a sense the added demand is, indeed, blackmail, as The New Europe calls it. But it is not Mr. NITTI'S blackmail. The evil forces stirred up a year ago are still active, though somewhat weakened in strength. The January plan seems excessive to the President, and in December it was declared to be excessive to the British and French. They have now completely reversed themselves. But to Italian annexationists it seemed a betrayal of Italian rights, and it required all of Mr. NITTI'S address to get the Chamber's approval. It is a compromise, in other words, between the extreme and unjust demands stirred up under SONNINO and the rights of the case. It is apparently the least that Italy will accept; and if Mr. NITTI does not get his corner of Istria he may have to make way for some fire-eater who will loose the Italian armies to get all they can take and hold. For Jugoslavia, as well as for England, France and America, Italy under NITTI is likely to be a good neighbor; whereas an Italy driven back to the ideas of D'ANNUNZIO would be ruinous for the Jugoslavs and a source of anxiety to the other Powers. Liberalism and reaction are struggling for the upper hand in Italy, and it was a grave responsibility for the Ministers of France and Great Britain to withdraw their support from the friends of light and make more capital for the forces of darkness.

A NEW AMERICANISM.

Those who have been perplexed by the various problems of Americanization may find some few of their perplexities removed by JOHN SPARGO'S article in The Review upon the admission of aliens into the Socialist Party. It is true, Mr. SPARGO says, that "aliens of every kind" are admitted. He acknowledges that the party constitution gives them "the right to "control the action of the party's "representatives" at Albany, and that "in practice they do so." In the Judiciary Committee inquiry it has been shown that it is "possible for a "representative of the party in public "office to be subject to the control of "a majority composed in large part, "or even exclusively, of non-citizens "entirely unfamiliar with the lan-"guage of the country or with its "political and social institutions." In a nation supposedly ruled by a "representative democratic government," Mr. SPARGO admits that this is "a truly astonishing condition." But, with a gravity which is apparently real, and no mask for the comedian's satire, he counsels us to stop, look and listen before we take steps to alter the little arrangement. Perhaps a vaster danger lies beyond.

The danger is that if we no longer allow these aliens, who do not understand our language and abhor our institutions, to steer our Ship of State through the agency of the Socialist Party, they will rise against us under foreign guidance and inspiration—namely, as Bolsheviki. "I can imag-"ine nothing more undesirable than "that Socialists coming from Russia, "Poland, Italy or Hungary, for ex-"ample, should be encouraged to form "in this country branches of the So-"cialist Party of the European coun-"try from which they come." Over there "tremendous issues will have to be solved" and "the thoughtful student of American problems" is warned against the peril of allowing European violence to be imitated by aliens here. Our Socialist Party, on the other hand, being "under the necessity of getting votes," quite simply and naturally "uses every pos-"sible effort to compel its members "to become citizens." Mr. SPARGO is inclined to think that the party, by thus insisting upon naturalizing and voting its more violent members, has "rendered the nation a very great service." And still his mask of solemnity, if it be a mask, reveals no gleam of Aristophanic humor.

One reservation Mr. SPARGO does make: "I am assuming for the pur-"pose of this discussion that our im-"migration policy is to continue with-"out any very serious fundamental "change." The assumption may be warranted. If so, one must at least hope that there will also be no "serious fundamental change" in our deportation policy.

There is, however, another way out, though Mr. SPARGO does not mention it. Our immigration policy will become obsolete, and with it the political dictatorship of the alien members of the Socialist Party, just as soon as we exercise a rational control over immigration. "Scientific selection" through our agents abroad and "efficient distribution" of the newcomers here will largely eliminate Bolshevism, while relieving the Socialist Party of its high function of Americanization.

LABOR AND THE RAILWAY BILL.

The opposition of the railway unions to the passage of the bill for the restoration of the railways to private control failed to intimidate the House, which passed the bill, 250 to 150. In politics the Federation assumes the balance of power between the two dominant parties. That is the position given the unions in the division of the Labor Board into three sections, each of three members. It is obvious that labor's three votes can control the position by being cast at will with or against the public's or the companies' votes. No doubt the difference in the conditions of the two cases explains the reasons why labor rejects in the railway case what it would impose in politics. Domination is the objective in both cases, and is a sufficient reason to condemn the idea in both. The reason would fail in both cases, if it were possible to suppose that the labor vote would be cast with a first regard to public interests, but the only reason for the balance-of-power plan is to give labor an advantage which otherwise it could not get, and at the cost of others.

In politics the Federation's proposal will get nothing for it, for the division of the Federation vote among 435 Congressional districts reduces that vote in each of them to insignificance. In the Presidential vote the total vote is so large that the Federation vote would be swallowed, even if it were massed, as experience has shown it cannot be. Federationists vote as citizens, in the protection of the secrecy of the ballot. When the ballot is open it discloses that there are as many labor factions as Socialist factions.

That is particularly clear in the case of the labor clauses of the Railway bill. The railway unions are more nearly closed and complete than in almost any other industry, but there are some unions not affiliated with the Federation, some unorganized workers and some whom the Federation wishes to force within its control. When the organization is in entire control, then it is in position to dominate the public interests in the manner already demonstrated, and with greater efficiency. The proposal in the bill enabling any one hundred workers to act independently of the Federation appears to be for the benefit of the organized railway workers in general. It is particularly objectionable to the Federation because it defeats the effort that organization has made to unionize the classes of railway workers who prefer to benefit themselves by promotion in the service rather than to limit their prospects to the average imposed on the unionized crafts. Many railway unionists have been able to make more wages than they could without their union membership, and more than their superiors in the lower executive positions who get some protection in the bill. But the unionists forfeited or reduced their chances of promotion to anything better than the union average, although promotions in the railway service often lead to brilliant futures. Trackwalkers and water boys have been known to rise to high executive positions which are inaccessible to unionists.

ARMY AND NAVY PAY INCREASE.

The prospect for favorable action by Congress upon the Army and Navy Pay bills has been clouded by reluctance upon the part of so-called friends of economy in the House to approve of any legislation at all upon measures of that kind at this session, or even of the consideration of the bills by conference committees. It has been charged that an attempt was being made in the House to prevent the naming of conferees and thus to "kill" the pay bills. The outlook is not as dark as that. There seems to be no doubt that the Senate bill introduced by Mr. WADSWORTH of New York will go to conference carrying the provision of the House bill of Mr. KELLEY for increase of the pay of enlisted men in the navy only. Senator WADSWORTH had maintained that additions to the pay of enlisted men in the services were not really necessary. The case of the officers was different. Many of them were married and had families to support and children to educate. Opposition in the House to relieving them was inexplicable unless the sum total of the increases of officers' pay was a figure that interfered with the plans of those who wanted to impress the country with their devotion to economy.

As late as Feb. 19 Senator PAGE, Chairman of the Committee on Naval Affairs, was much concerned about the attitude of the House obstructionists. The Senate Committee on Military Affairs as well as his own committee, he said, was in favor of increases in pay for officers and men in all the services. "Such a bill," the Senator declared, "should be passed "and not a bill discriminating in "favor of a certain portion of the "navy personnel." The fact that there are still members of the House, no inconsiderable number, who would deny relief to officers and who are inclined to make a fight for the limited principle of the Kelley bill is disquieting, but the feeling at both ends of the Capitol at the present time is that the cry of economy is false in this instance, and that it would be discreditable for Congress to adjourn without passing the amended Wadsworth bill.

That measure was drafted "to meet "fluctuation in the cost of living so "far as it affects commissioned of-"ficers and certain non-commissioned "officers, and is intended to be flex-"ible and elastic." Accordingly, it provides that the pay of such officers shall be increased 10 per cent. and, in addition, that they shall receive "one "ration per day for each room allowed "for quarters." To the uninitiated this seems rather technical, but it may be said that the result would be an increase of about 31 per cent. in the pay of officers. The Senate sub-committee's report explains that "for the "present fiscal year the ration is to "be commuted on the basis of 55 "cents." The Wadsworth bill applies to the army, navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard and Public Health Service. There is no inflation in it. Its provisions for pay increase are moderate and can be defended, even in the presence of a House economist if he will be fair in argument. Of the urgency of relief legislation it need only be said now that the present schedule for officers dates back to 1908, and that it has become woefully inadequate because the dollar of 1920 as a purchasing medium goes no further than half the dollar of 1908.

THE PEOPLE'S DOLLARS.

The gold miners of the United States are asking for a subsidy again, this time a novel one. They are proposing that for five years an excise tax of $10 an ounce shall be levied for their benefit on the gold used in the arts. The plea comes when the arts are drawing their supply from the bank reserves. These are none too large and are daily depleted by exports of gold sent to countries which have not the power of drawing gold in the present condition of the exchanges. For example, Argentina has taken from this country this year forty millions gold, although the exchange is now below the shipping parity. We owe Argentina either gold or goods, but we should not now be sending gold under ordinary conditions. The suggestion is that the gold is sent on orders from some country which is paying its debts with our specie, having none of its own, and yet being in such trade relations with Argentina that it must pay Argentina, although it is not paying us.

The reason for mentioning the Argentine exports in connection with the request for a tax on the gold used in the arts is to show that there are no differences in dollars, in whosesoever hands and for whatever uses. In normal times the currents of gold are as free as the currents in the sea or the ether, and sometimes as difficult to explain. In normal times there is an economic check on such currents which does not exist now, when there is such an excess of substitutes for gold, domestic money, and such cross-currents in international trade that the only country of commercial importance which allows free exports of gold may find itself called upon to pay debts collectible in sterling whenever ordered to do so by either side of the trade. There would be no objection, if we could collect the gold owed to us, but orders to export gold on sterling debts come to us precisely because sterling is no longer gold and England cannot pay us what she owes. This is something to think about at a time when the loss of a million dollars gold is the same as the reduction of bank credits by fifteen to twenty millions. Deflation on that scale, and beyond control, is not wanted even by sternest critics of inflation.

Another and perhaps better present reason for disliking the miners' request for a tax for their benefit is that the effect would be to make a distinction between their dollars and the dollars of everybody else. The bullion is the miners' bullion, but the dollars are the people's dollars, not the miners' dollars. If either dollar is to be exchangeable for more goods, it ought to be the people's dollar. At least both dollars ought to be worth the same in goods. The miners' request for a grant in aid of mining might equally be made by anybody who finds dollars buying less goods than when gold was mined more cheaply. Everybody else is told to work harder in order to make dollars buy more goods, and that counsel is good for the miners. A tax to be paid to the miners amounts to the same as altering the weight of the dollar for their benefit and giving them a profit by the inflation of the goods value of the dollars paid to them. The inflation of the miners' dollars is objectionable at a time when inflation has lightened the worth of the people's dollars in goods, which in effect is the same as lightening the weight. The weight of the dollar should not be increased nor lessened for anybody's benefit or on any plea.

It does not follow that we alone ought to leave the gold market free when all other commercial nations are controlling it. No other nation is subsidizing gold and all nations are objecting to more taxes. The customary expedients are licenses and embargoes. There is no serious objection to making jewelry dearer at a time when too much is spent for it, and too much of it is of that cheap sort which wastes the gold, as fine jewelry does not. A license on the use of gold used in the arts would tend to keep it in the bank reserves and would be generally beneficial. Embargoes on the export of new gold would prejudice the miners by preventing them from realizing the premium on the coin value, and would be discrimination against their industry. Permission to realize that premium would be less objectionable than a tax for their benefit and would not prevent putting ourselves on a parity with other nations which have stopped the payment of gold. There are apparent objections to that and it is not yet necessary, but it is not premature to suggest that thought should be given to the subject.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Bolshevism as Seen by a Russian.

Struggling Russia, the magazine that ably represents and makes articulate in this country the part of the Russian population which always has been and remains vehemently opposed to Bolshevism and the Bolsheviki, prints in excellent translation a notable article written just before his death by LEONID ANDRIEV. In it that eminent novelist showed that he could deal with facts and politics as successfully as with imagined personages and scenes, and he made at least a little more comprehensible by non-Russian minds the recent lamentable course of events in the most unfortunate of lands.

Bolshevism and the movement that resulted in the Kerensky régime, ANDRIEV declared, were two sons of the same mother—the love of liberty that had so long smoldered in Russian hearts. But of the two sons, one was Cain, the other Abel, and Cain again murdered his brother. The figure was admirably worked out in the article, but it was most significant, perhaps, when this acute observer drew the distinction that KERENSKY headed a revolution, founded on thought and constructive in intention, looking to the future, while Bolshevism is mere mutiny—a sort of slave revolt—and, like all such revolts, incapable of any productive effort, thinking only of today, and with no higher ambition than immediate seizing and consumption of accumulated property. Not all the Bolsheviki are scoundrels, he admitted, for among them are a few sincere dreamers, ignorant of social and economic realities, but he insists that all the scoundrels in Russia are Bolsheviki, and that it is the scoundrels, not the dreamers, who give to Bolshevism all its characteristics.

When Revolt Displaced Revolution.

KERENSKY, in the opinion of ANDRIEV, as in that of the better informed critics of Europe and America, made his fatal mistake and brought upon Russia its present immeasurable woes when he misunderstood the character and purposes of General KORNILOV and called upon his own political opponents, the Bolsheviki, to aid him in suppressing that would-be protector of the revolution as distinguished from the mutiny or revolt. The summons was obeyed with eager promptness and KORNILOV and his little army perished. From that time the Leninites were able to appropriate the slogans of the real revolutionists who had overthrown the Czar; and to pretend to be the friends of the people, the preservers of democracy, the upholders of liberty. It was then that what ANDRIEV calls "the mutiny"—the "slave revolt"—celebrated its first decisive victory, and in bitter, despairing sarcasm he wrote:

> When the confused KERENSKY summoned to his aid the Bolsheviki in order that together—the Government and the German agents—they might save the Motherland and the Revolution from KORNILOV, the whole thing resembled the delirious chatter of the typhoid victim or suicide in a fit of epilepsy. All feelings became perverted and the very instinct of self-preservation fled from the condemned. Cain, the savior and benefactor of Abel! German agents, the fathers of the Fatherland!

His Visit Really a Success.

With the conclusion of Sir OLIVER LODGE'S course of lectures in the United States it seems timely to supplement the much adverse criticism and some derision which his defense of "spiritualism" and his interpretation of mediumistic "communications" have aroused with a cordial recognition of the good temper with which he has endured these inevitable assaults. It has been the easier for him, perhaps, to control the irritation which the verbal attacks to which he has been subjected naturally would create, because, in all except a few regrettable instances, his right to hold and express his beliefs has been respected, even by those not at all disposed to agree with those beliefs.

Wherever Sir OLIVER has spoken he has had large and attentive audiences, always pleased and attracted by him, if far from always convinced by his arguments or always ready to accept his "evidence" at his own valuation. When he spoke as a physicist his authority was unquestioned, and even if he did not make it appreciably easier for common folk to understand the newly formulated "law of relativity," that has not been counted against him.

As for what Sir OLIVER has accomplished here, that is a question to which no definite answer can be given. He has failed, probably, to extend in any measurable degree his convictions as to where and how the dead are alive, but, on the other hand, he has not changed or weakened any pre-existing confidence in the perpetuation of personality.

How such a man can believe what he does remains as much of a mystery as ever, and sometimes, as when he gravely quoted "communicated" paraphrases from the easily accessible books of FREDERICK MYERS as messages direct from the dead scholar and investigator, he became to some hearers just a little pathetic in his credulity. But there!—few indeed are those of us who are not equally credulous about something equally unworthy of faith, as much opposed to reason and refuted by experience, and Sir OLIVER can claim, or at any rate his friends can claim for him, that of things that can be proved he knows far more than do the majority of his critics—especially the scornful ones.

He was sincerely welcomed here and his departure will be as sincerely regretted.

Severity Fully Deserved.

What ought to rest most heavily upon the conscience of the once too famous Dr. COOK—and probably weigh no more there than the lightest of feathers—is not that he claimed to have reached the pole, but that he managed to create in many minds the suspicion, and in not a few the conviction, that he was a much-injured man. These feelings extended far beyond those who for one or another queer reason had or professed belief in his pretensions as an explorer long after those pretensions had been disproved to a mathematical certainty.

The only explanation of this curious phenomenon is that Dr. COOK was permitted, and even compelled, by the circumstances of the case always to speak of Admiral PEARY and his achievements with suavely courteous words, while it was only human that the Admiral, finding himself threatened with loss of the priceless reward earned by twenty years of hard and dangerous toil, sometimes used short and stern words in characterizing his competitor for glory.

Why everybody did not realize that the Admiral's severity was excessive only in moderation is indeed mysterious, but there were those who saw only the contrast between gentle speaking and harsh, and it is they who have perpetuated to this day, in some circles, the myth that Dr. COOK was ungenerously treated by a rude and bitter antagonist. A notion more absurd than that is unthinkable.

What Admiral PEARY was as "an officer and a gentleman" is best shown by what is now said about him by Captain BARTLETT and the other associates in responsibility and peril who went with him again and again into the frozen north. They knew their leader as none others could, and their praise of his character, his temper and his manners unquestionably is sincere and authoritative.

LANDLORD AND TENANT.

Former No Longer a Public Benefactor—Complaints.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I regret to state that in these times calling everybody profiteers, and undoubtedly everybody does profiteer, the landlord is attacked more than any other merchant, although he is entitled to as much consideration as any other business man.

The increases of rent are caused by the following increases which add to the landlord's expense, to wit: The interest rate on mortgages, which was heretofore 4 and 4½ per cent., has been increased by the title and mortgage companies to 6 per cent., and demanding heavy bonuses and fees for extension or replacing new mortgages and large amortization, and second mortgagees demanding 10 per cent. per annum for bonuses plus 6 per cent. on their mortgages with monthly payments of principal, and lawyers' and title companies' fees. The increase of the rate of taxes and increase of valuation of property. Rental of gas ranges has been increased a great deal. Painting and plumbing have been increased to more than double. The Superintendents, firemen, engineers and elevator men have been increased in wages, very short hours, inferior service, and one day off a week under the labor law.

The price of coal and its poor quality almost has tripled; all kinds of insurance on buildings have been almost tripled.

The time has come when people will have to cease to be extravagant and buying every month new fur coats and $15 silk shirts, but people will have to pay rent.

Then why ask the landlord to give away his commodity for the same old dollar? Can you now purchase anything at the same price that was purchased heretofore? Your very paper has been raised from 1 cent to 2 cents, also its advertising space. Then why continually criticise the landlord only? Is the cotton merchant, woolen merchant, or any other merchant selling his merchandise below the market price? Why demand the landlord to undersell his commodity below the market value?

Heretofore the landlord was only a public benefactor, and the rent he received was practically but a tip. He lost money, he did not profit by his holdings. Alas! that day is gone, dead and forgotten.

The landlord today must be considered as any other merchant, and that he must profit on his merchandise and get what the market will pay for his commodity.

MORRIS MORGENSTERN,
Of Morgenstern Brothers' Syndicate and President of the Federation of the Bronx Property Owners' Association.
New York, Feb. 19, 1920.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A friend of mine has just shown me a letter from his landlord, announcing an increase of over 100 per cent. in rent for the coming year. The letter concludes with a mild apology, and states that the increase is due to increased taxes, coal, help, &c.

This is the worst case of profiteering that has come to my attention. If such things are permitted to go on without protest the city will be up against a very serious situation. Is there no way to curb such rapacity? The landlords certainly are doing their bit to increase the H. C. of L. M. F. GEORGE.
New York, Feb. 19, 1920.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Have New York citizens no redress against the landlord? I am asked 90 per cent. increase from Oct. 1. It is reasonable to expect 25 to 30 per cent. raise, but 90 per cent. is going too far. The landlord replied to a tenant of ten years' standing, "We get market value. Why should we ask a $500 raise when we can get $1,500?" I have several friends who are being raised three and four hundred. These landlords are surely not losing money at that! Why cannot there be some measure to curb them?

J. NORTON.
New York, Feb. 19, 1920.

New Steel Inventions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read with much interest in today's TIMES the article on "Revolution in Steel Making" as a French invention, and while the names of the two Belgians, Lambrecht and Antoine, are given, the article states that "the two others are Frenchmen whose names may not now be mentioned."

These two "Frenchmen," as is known in the engineering profession, used to be Germans till 1918. They are connected with the Rombacher Huettenwerke in Alsace. This no doubt is the reason why the Paris correspondent did not give the names.

JULE DE MARE.
New York, Feb. 18, 1920.

CHEER UP, NEW YORK!

If you're weary of hailing and snowing,
With interludes only of slush,
Of winds that insist upon blowing
Like subway crowds starting a rush;
If you're tired of the constant vexation
Of Boreas having his fling,
The cure is to go to the windows that show
The hats that are meant for the Spring,
The hats that are worn in the Spring, tra-la,
The straws that are donned in the Spring.

If your temper is worn to a frazzle
By snowflakes and raindrops and sleet,
By ice-cakes that dampen and dazzle,
By trenches of mud in the street;
If you're tried by this whale of a Winter,
By north winds that buffet and sting,
The cure is to go to the windows that show
The milliners' visions of Spring,
The hats that are worn in the Spring, tra-la,
The straws that are donned in the Spring.

ELIAS LIEBERMAN.

PORTRAITS OF WASHINGTON.

Five Stuarts in Exhibition at Ehrich's—Fehrer's Paintings.

Among the various symbols and relics exposed in honor of the Father of His Country the little exhibition of portraits on view at the Ehrich Galleries is most satisfactory. There are five of the Stuart Washingtons, the "Baker" Washington, the "Key" Washington, the "Ballou" Washington (lent by Walter Jennings), the "Ingersoll" Washington and the "Nutter" Washington, lent by Henry P. Davison. Of course they are all interesting, and the well-known full-length figure, extending a too small right hand (said to have been modeled from a wax version of Stuart's own hand) and standing upon the legs of another and a lesser man, is made impressive by the dignity of the pose and the breadth of the gesture. It would be agreeable to know whether the furniture with its patriotic shield and eagles was a figment of Stuart's imagination or was made somewhere in France to Washington's taste, which turned toward French art. But Stuart was not at his best with his Washingtons. His gay spirit suffered eclipse in the august presence, and he had not in his character that bedrock of sincerity upon which a portrait painter builds for future fame.

The "General Washington at Princeton," lent by Henry E. Huntington, is a sturdier, if less accomplished, performance. The painter has worked directly and with strong conviction. It is not at all the Washington who has fixed himself in our minds and refuses to change even the cruel uncharacteristic weakness of his upper lip; but it is a Washington who had enough intellect and sound feeling and determination and reasonableness to make and save a nation.

Thomas Sully and James Frothingham both made copies on a smaller scale of the Stuart full length, but troubled themselves very little to reproduce exact detail. Frothingham has put the President into a coat much too tight for a portly figure, and has buttoned it with a clumsiness that would not have pleased his fastidious precision in such matters. One leaves such an exhibition with a profound sense of how little we know of the man whose name is on the lips of all of us.

Recent Pictures by Oscar Fehrer.

At the Ralston Galleries is an exhibition of the recent work of Oscar Fehrer. Mr. Fehrer paints with an equal zest, if not with equal success, all the subjects that come to his hand. There are several old peasants and a French innkeeper among his models in the present exhibition that are painted much as Chase and Duveneck used to paint during their Munich period, simply and solidly and darkly. With the "Lute Player" the artist moves more freely. The head of the musician is admirably modeled and the flexibility of his features and the shifting color and light throughout the composition lend vitality to the effect. It is not, however, until we get to the picture of a young woman seated on the seashore, among the dunes, that life invests every part of the canvas. This beautiful picture has many individual merits—the delicate adjustment of the values in the fabric of the dress seen in an outdoor light, the contrast between its texture and that of the smooth coat of the dog that lies sleeping on a trailing fold of the skirt, the gray clouds drifting heavy with moisture across the sky and the purity of the color in the fragment of ocean seen in the distance; but the integrity of the impression is what makes the work important. Each part belongs to all the others and there is a clear, clean atmosphere that holds all together without subterfuge or any befogging of the forms. The artist has done nothing more worthy of his talent.

EDUCATORS PLAN REFORMS.

8,000 Delegates from All Parts of the Country Expected in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 22.—More than 3,000 delegates had registered tonight to attend the semi-centennial meeting of the Department of Superintendence of the National Education Association and fifty other policy-determining bodies of the educational field from all parts of the country. Approximately 8,000 delegates are expected to be on hand when the first meeting of the Department of Superintendence opens Tuesday morning.

During the week many leading educators of the country will discuss educational problems and the convention will adopt resolutions respecting solutions.

The only meeting held today was a conference of the Committee on National Emergency in Education, representative of all groups of education, which discussed the questions of shortage and salaries of teachers and the Smith-Towner bill to create a Secretary of Education in the President's Cabinet and a $100,000,000 annual Federal subsidy for public schools.

Scores of the educators and teachers occupied Cleveland pulpits at services this morning and evening.

The great shortage of teachers, the finding of approximately 50,000 well trained teachers to take positions either vcant or filled with incompetents now, according to prominent educators, and the question of a minimum salary schedule of $1,200 per annum for beginners and a maximum of $2,100 as a reward for unusual merit for the 600,000 elementary school teachers of the country now receiving $630 per annum, according to the report of the Bureau of Education, will be the paramount topics of discussion before the convention. Other important questions will include:

Passage of the Smith-Towner bill, universal military training, health crusades throughout the school systems, including a concrete program for physical culture, broadening of Americanization work as applied to schools and teachers, affiliation of teachers' organizations with labor unions, necessity of teaching patriotism in the public schools and whether a course in patriotism should be made a part of the curriculum.

The Smith-Towner bill, creating an additional Federal Cabinet position, has caused much speculation among delegates as to whether a man or a woman should be chosen for the post in the event the bill passes.

Among those mentioned as candidates for the position in case the bill becomes a law is Mrs. Mary C. C. Bradford, Superintendent of Public Instruction for Colorado and Past President of the National Education Association.

Mrs. Bradford, when asked her opinion as to whether a demand for a woman Secretary of Education would be made, said:

"Whether a man or woman fills this important position is of small moment.

"It is my hope that the bill will be enacted into law, and that the first Secretary of Education, whether man or woman, may be ideally fitted to serve the children of the nation."

LIFE LEAGUE URGES TREATY

Memorial Quotes Roosevelt as Favoring a League of Nations.

Immediate ratification of the Peace Treaty with the League of Nations covenant unchanged is urged in a memorial to the Senate from the Legislation League for the Conservation of Human Life, forwarded yesterday to Senator Gilbert M. Hitchcock. The memorial states that ratification of the treaty and adoption of the covenant involve fundamental doctrines and basic priciples immeasurably greater than any man or party, as their purpose is to suppress war and save human life, and, as our soldiers, who made the supreme sacrifice, were told, they were fighting to make the world safe for democracy.

The memorial quotes from Theodore Roosevelt's published writings to show he was in favor of a League of Nations.

LAGUARDIA SPEAKS AT CHURCH FORUM

Says It Would Be Well if All Had the Broad-Mindedness of Dr. Grant.

NORMAN HAPGOOD EXPLAINS

Denies He Sympathized with Bolsheviki—Church of Ascension Rector Preaches.

Norman Hapgood, who was the speaker of the evening at the Forum of the Church of the Ascension, Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street, last evening, gave an explanation of why he came from Denmark as United States Minister before his term had expired. This was after he had spoken on "George Washington and His Teaching for Today."

One of the written questions asked for this information. All of the questions must be in writing and read and answered by the speaker of the evening since Bishop Charles S. Burch directed that the Forum be "toned down." The query was:

"What were the real facts about Mr. Hapgood coming home as Minister to Denmark?" Mr. Hapgood quoted Senator Lodge, and closed by saying: "Instead of proving I was a personal nuisance, he held I was a Bolshevist agent." Mr. Hapgood said that on the contrary he had sympathized with the Co-operatives in Russia, and not with the Bolsheviki.

The Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, rector of the church, presided. It was the first time he had been present since Bishop Burch issued an order restricting the methods of the Forum.

LaGuardia Speaks.

Just at the close of the forum Dr. Grant spying F. H. LaGuardia, President of the Board of Aldermen and acting Mayor, in the audience requested him to come to the chancel and speak. Mr. LaGuardia received the loudest applause of the evening. All applause up to this time had been rather faint.

"A great deal has been said about this forum of late," said the Aldermanic President. "It seems to me if more people had the broad-mindedness of Dr. Grant we would all be better off in this city," he said. "The only way to solve our problems is by coming together. We don't all agree on anything, but we are not going to solve our problems by keeping apart. That breeds hatred.

"The word 'American' is being used I fear today by many who have not the real interest of America at heart. It seems to me to talk about 'foreign-born' is un-American."

Mr. Hapgood made everyone sit up straight when in reading from one of the members of the Assembly in the time of Washington he said "Damn" right out loud.

"What a damn treaty! I make a motion we kill the damn treaty" were the words Mr. Hapgood read. Mr. Hapgood also quoted an epitaph of that generation which he said read "Here lies a man who was opposed to the ruinous liberty of America."

The church was filled, but there was no standing in the aisles as there was in the days before Bishop Burch interfered. When Mr. LaGuardia spoke many stood in their pews. There were members of many nationalities, including negroes, in the church.

Dr. Grant Preaches.

Dr. Grant preached for the first time yesterday morning for more than a month. The rector preached on "George Washington." He did not enter the church until it was time for the sermon, and immediately thereafter he left, speaking to no one. He looked worn from his recent illness. Dr. Grant before beginning his sermon stated he was glad to be back again among his friends after "rather an uncomfortable time."

The church was comfortably filled and the service was conducted by two curates. In reading the notices for the week one of the curates asked that the parishioners offer prayers of Thanksgiving for the restoration of Dr. Grant to health.

After the offering was received, "My Country, 'Tis of Thee" was sung. Dr. Grant closed his sermon by stating that Washington should be in the heart of every American, because the Father of his Country "understood justice and mercy, but he did not understand fear."

"We are told today in America that we do not venerate enough our fathers," said Dr. Grant. "But if we turned to the record of the time of George Washington we should find the leaders of that day were criticised, and in terms I could not repeat in this pulpit. We are told we do not venerate authority enough. Germany was a country which venerated authority. Russia was a country which venerated authority. Do we wish to imitate Germany or Russia?"

BENSON WANTS BIG NAVY.

Says It Must Equal Any in the World to Further Commerce.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—America's future naval policy must be one of expansion and increased efficiency, Admiral William S. Benson, recently retired from the navy and at present head of the Shipping Board, declared in an address tonight. The strengthening of the navy was not for aggression, he said, but to further the cause of commerce and to maintain America's status among the nations of the world.

"Our navy must equal in size any navy in the world, and from the standpoint of efficiency must be even better," Admiral Benson said. "I favor a closer alliance between this country's commercial interests and the navy, for in times of peace it is the function of the navy to facilitate foreign commerce."

MERCIER EXTOLS AMERICA.

Pastoral Letter Emphasizes Debt Belgium Owes for Our Aid in War.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 22.—In a pastoral letter to the Belgian clergy Cardinal Mercier emphasizes the debt of gratitude Belgium owes America for the part Americans played in the war.

"In the future National Basilica," he adds, "a monument should be erected to perpetuate the memory of our spiritual debts."

In conclusion Cardinal Mercier exhorts the faithful to pray for the progress of the Catholic Church in America.

ROYAL INSIGNIA BARRED.

Prussian Ministry Orders Its Removal from Buildings.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—A Berlin wireless message says the Prussian Home Minister has ordered that all pictures of the Hohenzollern family and the insignia of the monarchy be removed from Government buildings open to the public.

He has suggested that the municipalities follow suit.

San Juan Population 70,705.

BENEFIT TABLEAUX AMUSE PALM BEACH

Lady Thompson and Mrs. E. R. Thomas Arrange Performance to Aid War Charity.

AT JOSEPH RITER'S VILLA

Members of Winter Colony Give Living Representations of Famous Paintings.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Feb. 22.—The most elaborate and successful entertainment of the season was given last night when Lady Thompson presented at Joseph Riter's villa, formerly the estate of the late George B. Cluett, the tableaux vivantes which she and Mrs. E. R. Thomas have arranged for the benefit of a war charity. The performance took place in the new music room, decorated by F. Burrall Hoffman and Robert W. Chanler of New York, before an enthusiastic gathering of two hundred members of society from many cities.

Lady Thompson and Mrs. Thomas were assisted in the posing of the figures by Thomas Shields Clarke and Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr., and Mme. Blanche Yovin and Addison Mizner aided in the preparation of the costumes. Many leaders of the Winter colony were seen in a variety of famous paintings by the great masters.

The program follows:

"Charity," by Thayer—M. E. Wood, Diana Guest, Peggy Phipps, Master Thomas.
"The Graces," by Reynolds—Mrs. Kaye, Mrs. Pierre Barbey, Mrs. Ambrose Wetmore.
"La Belle Dame Sans Merci," Miss Margaret Flint, Master Pierre Barbey.
"The Stafford Children," by Romney—Miss Mary McManus, Miss Peggy Phipps, Miss Diana Guest, Miss Barbara Phipps, Master Michael Phipps.
"La Maja," by Goya—Mrs. Charles B. Dillingham.
"Jeanne d'Arc," by Boutet de Monvel—Mrs. Charles Munn, Miss Pauline Munn.
"Chinoiserie"—Mrs. Douglas Paige.
"The Letter"—Lady Newborough, Edward Thomas, Cecil Singer.
"The Ladies Waldegrave," by Reynolds—The Hon. Mrs. Frederick Guest, Lady Thompson, Miss Constance Robertson.
"Madame Recamier," by David—Mrs. Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte.
"Portrait of a Gentleman," by Franz Hals—Atwater Kent.
"Mrs. Siddons," by Gainsborough—Mrs. F. Roosevelt Scovell.
"Marie Antoinette," by Le Brun—Mrs. Paris Singer.
"Polish Gentleman," by Rembrandt—David R. Calhoun.
"Le Cruche Casse," by Greuze—Mrs. Harry Payne Bingham.
"Madame Sophie de France"—Miss Renee Carhart.
"Spring," by Botticelli—Mrs. George L. Kingsland.
"Carmencita," by Sargent—Mrs. David P. Calhoun.
"Page With Lute," by Holbein—Mrs. Jack Rutherfurd.
"Le Baiser," by Nellsen—Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Singer.
"The White Peacock"—Mrs. Gurnee Munn.

Among the guests were: Michael P. Grace, who had with him Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Phipps and the Hon. Hubert Beaumont, Mr. and Mrs. George Andrews, Lord Queensborough, Mrs. Alexander Biddle, Mr. and Mrs. Craig Biddle, Mrs. Charles Choate, Mr. and Mrs. Walter J. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. Frazier, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Webb, Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Flint, Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Stotesbury, Mr. and Mrs. Harlan Kent Bolton, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Seton, Jr., and Mrs. Pierre L. Barbey, General Fitzgerald, Captain Cyril Hargreaves, Mrs. J. Armour Worden, Mrs. Eugene Philbin, Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Aldrich, Mrs. Robert Dunn Douglas, Mrs. Frederick Edey, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Speddel, Mrs. Julian Fairchild, Mrs. Debee Wickham and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Munn.

HYLAN AT PALM BEACH.

Mayor Uncertain as to Length of His Stay in the South.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 22.—Mayor John F. Hylan and Mrs. Hylan arrived here this morning, and are at the Royal Poinciana Hotel, where for several years they have spent the latter part of February.

The Mayor said tonight that he might return to New York at any time, and that there was a possibility his stay would be limited to three days. "I am going to rest this time and not say anything," he added, and he stuck to this program.

Mr. Hylan went for a long walk along Lake Worth this afternoon. In the morning he and Mrs. Hylan strolled down to the bathing beach. Here they sat in the sand for an hour, but did not go into the water. On the train with the Mayor coming down was James F. Fitzgerald, former Mayor of Boston.

Lowe-Austrian Wedding.

The wedding of Ralph Brooke Austrian and Miss Alene Fenn Lowe, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Percival R. Lowe of 300 West End Avenue, took place last evening at 7:30 at the Plaza, the Rev. Dr. Krass officiating, and was followed by a reception, refreshments and dancing. The bride wore a white satin gown embroidered in spangles and pearls and was attended by the Misses Lucille Frank and Beth Albright, in lavender frocks with hats to match. Carl Austrian, a brother of the bridegroom, was his best man, and the ushers were Percival R. Lowe, Jr. Maurice Benjamin, William Bry, Herman Schram, Henry Seigbert and Alex Kempner. Mr. and Mrs. Austrian will spend their honeymoon in the South, and on their return will live at 300 West End Avenue.

ISN'T IT SO?

A man borrows to build a home—the architect plans it, the contractor erects it. The man breaks down—a lawyer draws his will, the doctor opens him by mistake, the mourners mournfully remark, "How Natural He Looks," the minister extolls his virtues—and we come along and pay the whole blooming shooting match their fees, and take care of his wife and family after he's gone. THAT'S ALL WE DO. Many men live to a ripe old age, however—they win coming or going, under our plan!

You Get $10,000 Cash

at a definite age, or if you die tomorrow the entire $10,000 goes to your family. We will show you in a five-minute interview that you get this $10,000 C-A-S-H simply by depositing with us temporarily 2½% to 4¼%. Ask us to prove it.

BRILL & SCOTT
Life Insurance on a Business Basis
516 Fifth Avenue at 43d St.
Phone Murray Hill 1150

SOCIAL NOTES.

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm D. Sloane gave a dinner last evening at Delmonico's, as did Mr. and Mrs. Roy Rainey. General T. Coleman du Pont was another dinner host.

Mr. and Mrs. Seth E. Thomas and Miss Emily Thomas of this city are spending a few days at the Kirkwood, Camden, S. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Ormond French, 156 East Seventy-ninth Street, are the guests at Palm Beach of Mrs. Pierre L. Barbey of Tuxedo Park.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Ellis Fisher, Jr., of 1,000 Park Avenue, are being congratulated upon the birth of their first child, a son. Mrs. Fisher was formerly Miss Eleanor Darlington.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Orthwaite of Tichenor Place, Bennington, Vt., have taken an apartment at the Wyoming, Seventh Avenue, for the late Winter and Spring.

White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.

Among the arrivals yesterday were Mrs. Stephen M. Clement of Buffalo, who came with Mrs. George E. Tener and her daughter, Miss Edith Tener of Sewickley, Pa., for a visit of three weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Dougherty and Miss Elizabeth Dougherty of Philadelphia are spending a week here.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert E. Boynton of Detroit, arrived last night with Mrs. G. F. Jewett, also of Detroit, for a stay of a fortnight.

Walter W. Price of New York was among those riding over to Valley View yesterday.

Miss Katherine Bulkeley Lawrence and Miss Love Godwin of New York drove over to Covington yesterday afternoon.

Hot Springs.

Sherman Ford of New York arrived yesterday to join Mrs. Ford.

Dudley P. Power and F. D. Power were among the newcomers last night.

Miss Amy Peabody of Boston and Miss Elizabeth Coats of Providence rode through Dunn's Gap yesterday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. William McK. Duncan started last night for their home in Cleveland after spending two weeks here.

Jared S. Lapham of Detroit arrived yesterday to join Mr. and Mrs. Lewis H. Lapham.

Newport.

Captain Julian S. Lattimer, U.S.N., left for New York last night.

Captain Commander J. C. Townsend returned yesterday from Washington.

Captain George W. William is away for a few days on a visit to New York.

Chaplain W. L. Steiner is in New York for a week.

Palm Beach.

Mrs. Frederick Guest of New York gave a large supper dance Saturday night at the Beach Club.

Thomas Eastman and Frederick Humphreys of New York also entertained after the tableaux vivants, taking their guests to the Country Club for a late supper and ball that lasted most of the night.

The customary Washington's birthday ball will take place this evening, and there is every prospect of a more brilliant occasion than ever before.

Among those who have issued invitations for various entertainments in the early part of the week are Mrs. Jerome N. Bonaparte of Washington, Mr. and Mrs. James H. Kidder of New York and Mrs. Eugene N. Pargny of Pittsburgh.

Mrs. Edward T. Stotesbury is to give a luncheon for 120 persons on Thursday at El Mirasol in honor of her husband's birthday.

ENGAGEMENTS.

The engagement is announced of Miss Caroline Burns Shumard Carden, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Carden of 20 East Eightieth Street, New York, and Dallas, Tex., to Captain Gerald Charitable Maxwell, M. C., D. F. C., A. F. C., who is a son of the Hon. Bernard C. Maxwell and Mrs. Maxwell of Farley House, Beauly, Scotland. The wedding will probably take place in March. Miss Carden is a graduate of Rosemary Hall in the class of 1918.

Mrs. Fremont C. Jones of Ebensburg, Pa., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Martha G. Jones, to Charles M. Niesley, Jr., the eldest son of Dr. Charles M. Niesley and Mrs. Niesley of Manhasset, L. I. Miss Jones is an artist and is a graduate of the Philadelphia School of Design. Mr. Niesley, who served with the A. E. F. in France, received his officer's commission in the artillery school at Saumer. The wedding is planned for the early Summer.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Erma Van Winkle of West Fifth Street, Bayonne, and Clifford J. Colville, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh C. Colville of Montclair.

Carnival Bazaar for Near East.

The carnival bazaar opened yesterday in the Seventy-first Regiment Armory to raise funds to feed destitute Jewish children in the Near East will continue today. There are movies, continuous theatrical performances and other amusements, including dancing. All sorts of attractive and useful articles are on sale. Mrs. Philip Lewisohn is Chairman of the committee in charge.

Y. W. C. A. INDUSTRIAL WORK

Report Shows Twenty War Centres Retained—Eight More Opened.

The War Council of the Young Women's Christian Association made public yesterday a third section of its annual report, showing that the association has continued in existence most of the twenty Y. W. C. A. centres, which it opened in large industrial communities during the war, and had opened new ones recently at Richmond, New Orleans, Cincinnati, Minneapolis, Pittsburgh, St. Louis, Chicago and Worcester, Mass.

The old institutions were maintained and the new ones opened in response to a large volume of requests from the different communities where they are in existence. The report says:

"The number of girls who have availed themselves of the privileges of the industrial service centres have been convincing evidence that the regular industrial club work, with its more intensive program, needs to be supplemented by just such a flexible, extensive program as the industrial centre affords."

CAT ATTACKS WOMAN.

Turns Suddenly on Mistress, but Is Subdued by Policeman.

A cat, which she had housed and fed for a few days, suddenly attacked Mrs. Edith Donahue, 52 years old, of 555 West Fiftieth Street. Mrs. Donahue's cries were heard by Patrolman Emil Krohn of the West Forty-seventh Street Station, and with gloved hands he overpowered the cat, which also attacked him.

Mrs. Donahue went to Roosevelt Hospital, where she was attended by Dr. Du Bois for scratches and lacerations of both arms. The cat was taken in a bag to the West Forty-seventh Street Station and will be turned over to the Board of Health this morning.

Detroit Bishop Heads Drive Here.

Bishop Theodore S. Henderson, resident Methodist bishop in Detroit, has accepted the directorship of a Lenten Evangelistic campaign to be conducted by the Interchurch World Movement of North America, whose headquarters are in the old Greenhut Building, at Sixth Avenue and Nineteenth Street. The campaign will culminate Easter day, which has been designated as "Join the Church Sunday."

WASHINGTON SPIRIT RED PERIL'S OFFSET

Birthday Speakers Assail Bolshevism at Meetings Throughout the City.

GOVERNOR PAYS TRIBUTE

Whole People Rule Nation, Declares Mr. Smith at Tammany Society Observance.

George Washington's birthday was celebrated yesterday at scores of meetings in this city at which speakers assailed the enemies of the principles on which the country was founded and those who from within are seeking to destroy the Republic.

Bolshevism was the special object of attack by Democrats and Republicans at the celebration held by the Society of Tammany at Cooper Union.

"Too many people have an impression," said Governor Alfred E. Smith at that meeting, "that Americanism means simply an understanding of our language. While it is highly desirable that all classes among our population have an understanding of our language, it is also true that that is not the only thing necessary in order to have them understand what America is.

"Unfortunately, a great many of our enemies are well able to talk our language, and they are talking it daily and nightly, and with a finesse that indicates that they studied it for the purpose of disseminating even among our own people some part of the false gospel that they have brought to the shores of this country. The essence of Americanism is an understanding of the aims and purposes of this country, an understanding of what the Declaration of Independence means.

"The strangest thing about all this anti-American agitation is this: That those who are standing on the street corners of this and other great commercial centers are only protected in their work by the document which they are assailing—the Constitution of the United States. They would be tolerated in no other country in the world.

"The intelligent man, the man who has studied, but who for some selfish purpose of his own would decry the Government of his country, would drag the flag in the dust, would hold up to ridicule the Constitution of the United States—that man is our enemy. He is against us and, by God, we are against him.

No "Ruling Class," He Says.

"One of the popular fallacies that we have to contend with is this constant preaching about the ruling classes. Why, bless my soul, there are no ruling classes in this country. There are no classes of any kind. This country is not ruled by any one man or by any set of men. The people of the United States of America rule this country.

"Linked up to the theory that we are struggling under a ruling class is the question of wealth. One of the very singular things about this country, if you study its history, is that no man of great wealth was ever President of the United States. Few men in all its history who presided over its destiny ever had overmuch.

"All of our history, no matter from what angle you read it, preaches above all other things this one sacred truth: that America is a land of equal opportunity for the rich and the poor alike. The man who does not believe in this country is invariably a man who does not believe in God.

Dr. Joseph Silverman of Temple Emanu-El in an attack on the internal enemies of America, said:

"They tell us they want to destroy capitalism. What is a capitalist? A capitalist in the last analysis is any man who spends less than he earns. Any man who has a dollar left that he can invest anywhere and can obtain revenue from, any man who has one dollar in the savings bank and gets 2 per cent. interest is a capitalist.

"Any man who owns a hammer is as great a capitalist as the man who owns a million dollars. In the hammer he owns the means of creating wealth. The pioneers in this country with only a hammer and a saw went forth and paved their way to fame and fortune. Every workingman, every laborer has an opportunity to become an independent man.

Declares Workmen Here Free.

"Let me tell the proletariat—and we all belong to the proletariat in this country, for there is no other class but the people—let me tell the people that we are all free workmen. We can work where we please, when we please, how long we please. We have a right to leave our work when we please, but if we lived in Soviet Russia we would not be free laborers. In Soviet Russia you are compelled to work wherever you are sent and for as long as they wish to keep you there, and for the pittance that they give you.

"Let the laboring people not be deceived by the hypocricy of the Socialist teachings and the soap-box orators, who on the curbstones and in various dives and halls strive to incite them to rebel against the present system of American Government and of American social and industrial life. We live, thank God, under the best system of Government and of industrial and social life that has so far been devised."

Bishop James R. Darlington, of the Harrisburg diocese of the Protestant Elscpopal Church, emphasized the religious seriousness of the nature of George Washington, his constant prayer during his greatest struggles and his tolerance. He told a story, which he said was sufficiently little known to have escaped Lanier Washington until the other day, of the first President's insistence on religious observance. Finding the doors of the Episcopal Church closed in Philadelphia on a Sunday, because the hours had been changed by its use for a mission, he went to worship in the German Church there and afterward wrote:

"Not finding the church open, I and my officers went down to the German Reformed Church. I don't understand German, but I will worship God on the Lord's Day."

Vice President Thomas R. Marshall praised the Tammany Society for the work of Americanization which it has started.

"Be the gospel of constitutional liberty in boots on the streets of New York," Mr. Marshall exhorted.

"It doesn't make any difference," he went on, "what blood is in your veins, if you have what I am pleased to call the Anglo-Saxon brain. By an Anglo-Saxon brain, I mean a brain that yields a ready assent to the principles on which the republic was founded, a ready assent to constituted and orderly government, a ready assent to this principle of American life, that while the ballot box is open the gunshop should be closed."

Assails College Radicals.

Dr. William Bradley Otis of the College of the City of New York, at the Church of the Holy Communion in part said:

"There is more real danger today of the undermining of our constitutional form of government through the secret activities of our parlor Bolsheviki and the communistic teachings in our high schools and colleges cleverly camouflaged as economic determinism than in all other agencies combined.

"In a recent trip over the country I was astonished at the amount of socialism and communism that had crept into the Faculties of American colleges and universities, especially in those of the Far West. These men are teaching, cleverly and insidiously, Marx and Lenin rather than Washington and Lincoln.

Dr. Raymond C. Knox, chaplain of Columbia University, who spoke at the Columbia University Washington's Birthday services in St. Paul's Chapel, compared the trials of the present day to the early struggles of the nation in the time of Washington.

Dr. Samuel Schulman, who preached the the Temple B'eth-El, said:

"America needs leadership like that of Washington, not of masterfulness but of service.

"What has happened in the American system is that the executive power has grown. The legislative has been overshadowed by it and we have the anomaly that, while we were commissioned to make the world safe for democracy, there is perhaps no real democracy in the world in which the power of one man has been so strikingly made manifest."

Dr. Butler's Tribute.

Washington's Birthday is the greatest Saint's Day on the calendar of liberty, said Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, who spoke at the Bronx Y. M. C. A. Dr. Butler said that he thought if Lincoln and Washington had the power to look down on the earth they would be surprised to find their own work so great and that of their detractors so small.

The Sons of the Revolution held their thirtieth Washington's Birthday service in the Brick Presbyterian Church on Fifth Avenue in the afternoon. The services were conducted by the Very Rev. Howard Chandler Robbins, Dean of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine and chaplain of the patriotic organization. The Rev. Dr. William Pierson Merrill, assistant chaplain and minister of the church, preached the sermon.

Among the associations represented were: The Sons of the Revolution, Colonial Dames of America, Daughters of the American Revolution, Colonial Dames of the State of New York, the Order of Foreign Wars, the Loyal Legion, the Society of the Cincinnati, Veteran Corps of Artillery, St. Nicholas Society, Aztec Club of 1847, and the Society of Colonial Wars. The officiating ministers were assisted by the Rev. Robert W. Anthony, the Rev. Anson P. Atterbury, the Rev. Howard Duffield, the Rev. A. R. Mansfield and the Rev. Charles Daniel Trexler.

"The spirit of Washington is necessary in the present international problems that confront us," said Dr. Merrill. "No one can read his Farewell Address and not be certain that that spirit is entirely in favor of our cooperation with other nations in the securing of peace. His words against 'entangling alliances' are often quoted, but he opposed the forming of alliances with one group of powers against another, and this view is the strongest reason for the participation of our country in any international arrangement by which special alliances will become impossible."

PARIS, Feb. 22 (By Associated Press).—On the occasion of the anniversary of the birth of George Washington, Hugh C. Wallace, the American Ambassador, today tendered a luncheon to the representatives in Paris of the Latin American States. Those present included the Brazilian Ambassador and the Ministers for Argentina, Chile, Cuba, Bolivia, Mexico, Peru, Guatemala, Uruguay and Ecuador.

ROME, Feb. 21.—More than 300 Americans attended a reception given in honor of Washington's birthday by the American Chargé d'Affaires, Peter Jay, and his wife, tonight.

DUCHESS NURSED OPORTO.

Late Duke and His Wife Had Planned Visit to America.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—The Duchess of Oporto, formerly Mrs. Philip Van Volkenburgh, is said to be prostrated by her husband's death on Saturday. She had been in attendance at his bedside for three months at their home, at Palazzo Reale, Naples. His paralysis was so great that he was unable to follow what was going on around him, but the Duchess to the very last refused to believe that his illness meant a fatal ending.

The exiled King of Portugal, Manuel, has been on the Riviera for the last two or three weeks and it is stated he has not shown a great deal of sympathy with his uncle, having made no recent inquiries as to his health.

The Duke of Oporto was a popular member of the royal family, and many members of the House of Braganza believe that, had he succeeded to the throne after the assassination of his brother in Lisbon in 1908, the revolution which came in 1910 would have been averted.

Before the Duke's paralysis became acute both he and the Duchess had planned to visit America, and in many of her letters to friends here she had spoken of their intention of coming to London. It is understood that it has been her earnest wish to make widely known her reception into the Roman Catholic Church, which took place formally in Rome after her marriage, the house of Braganza being one of the most prominent Catholic families in Europe, and the religion of all members a matter of vital importance to them.

EXPERT WARNS BRITISH.

Eustace Percy Sees Danger in Failure to Recognize Our Power to Aid.

No greater danger to the future peace of the world exists than the possibility that Americans may ignore or fail to remedy the weakness of their country's present position as a universal creditor in a world of debtors. This constitutes the judgment of Lord Eustace Percy, formerly attaché of the British Embassy at Washington and trade expert of the British War Mission, as expressed in his book, "The Responsibilities of the League," which will be published this week by the George H. Doran Company.

"There is, indeed, in Europe at this moment a somewhat bitter distrust of American economic statesmanship," writes Lord Eustace. "But American action on the Supreme Economic Council, and especially Mr. Hoover's management of relief work, has done much to redeem these shortcomings.

"America has, on the whole, shown herself keenly alive to the fatal consequences of continued economic dislocation in Central Europe, and to the interdependence of the whole world as an economic unit, and history may perhaps judge that her representatives in Paris have, on the whole, shown themselves more far-sighted than their associates in estimating the economic needs of the world. These tendencies may carry her far in the future toward helpful cooperation in the affairs of a League of Nations."

Discussing Anglo-American relations, Lord Eustace says he believes there is a genuine good feeling between the two countries, despite divergencies of aim and method.

Speaking of America's desire to take an equal share in world affairs, Lord Eustace says:

"It may, indeed, at any moment give place to suspicion and hostility, in the face of any hasty attempt on our part to force our views and policies on American statesmen or the American public. But it is nevertheless a real force, and Englishmen will incur a grave responsibility if they ignore it or allow it to fade into disappointment and resentment."

Obituary Notes.

JACOB STEIN, an optician in this city for twenty-five years, died Saturday, aged 73 years, at his home in Flushing.

JOHN CASMUS, a pioneer settler of the Polish colony in Bayside, L. I., died Saturday at his home there, aged 71 years.

MICHAEL CONNLAIN, 70 years old, died yesterday of pneumonia at his home in Philipsburgh, N. J. He was a Director of the Second National Bank there.

CHARLES W. LAWTON, an importer, died last night in Bellevue Hospital of a cerebral hemorrhage. He was 50 years old.

JAMES E. WILSON, 76 years old, formerly on the staff of The New York World, died yesterday in Knickerbocker Hospital following an operation.

JOHN B. TWOMBLY, Warden at Clinton Prison since 1913, died suddenly yesterday in Dannemora, N. Y. He was 51 years old.

SAMUEL MARKS, financier and one of the largest owners of mining and real estate interests in South Africa, is dead at Johannesburg. He was for twenty years a business associate and friend of Paul Kruger, former President of the Transvaal.

ROBERT McNEIL MORSE, member of Harvard Board of Overseers from 1880 to 1884, and State Senator in 1866 and 1867, died Saturday night in Boston. He was 73 years old.

RENEW FRENCH TIES ON WASHINGTON DAY

Americans in Paris Observe Anniversary in Churches and by Private Functions.

WALLACE SPEAKS AT DINNER

Urges Allies to Forget Their Differences—Derby Pleads for Peace Aid by America.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—Americans in Paris devoted themselves to making the Washington Birthday celebration an occasion to emphasize anew at an opportune time the bonds of union and ties of friendship between France and America. It was not amiss to do this today when so many little clouds tend to hide the purity of that association. The spirit of Washington and the spirit of Lafayette call their countries to reason.

At noon today Ambassador Wallace presided at a ceremony at Washington Statue Place, when many wreaths were laid at the feet of the effigy of the Father of his Country. The day was observed in American churches and in functions at the homes of various organizations. Tomorrow the American flag will fly beside the French flag over the Hotel de Ville in Paris.

Last night at the Hotel Palais d'Orsay the annual dinner of the American Club was marked by a plea by allied statesmen for continuance in peace of the unity of wartime, and the request by spokesman for England and France that America do not desert her allies now.

Lord Derby, the British Ambassador, made a particularly eloquent speech in advocacy of the banishment of pettishness in our international relations and for guidance by a bigger spirit than that commonly current today.

Forget Differences, Says Wallace.

Elmer Roberts, President of the club, presided. Ambassador Wallace, who was the first speaker, said that the time had come for the Allies to forget their little differences and get down to productive work as distinguished from destructive criticism of one another.

Mr. Wallace paid tribute to the bravery of Lord Derby in attending a dinner in honor of the man who gave England the worst licking she ever had, and said his presence showed what a good sport the English Ambassador was.

Referring to the spirit of Washington in leading our Revolutionary War, Ambassador Wallace said:

"A unique feature of that spirit was that although strictly national it did not belong to one nation alone. It expressed what was best in two nations which fought as one—France and America.

"Today, shortly after the victorious close of another great war, that spirit which can never die burns with renewed ardor because our two nations have once again fought and won side by side.

"France has given ample proof of her sublime courage. She possesses other qualities, such as can be claimed by no other nation on earth. Greatly as she has suffered she will rise again with a swiftness and completeness which will astonish her friends. One condition is that she work—that we all work—and America will not be found wanting. No nation has responded more genuinely than America to the charm with which France shows her affection."

Lord Derby Sees Many Ties.

Lord Derby began with a witty reference as to what George Washington, who never told a lie, would have done at the Peace Conference. He paid tribute to Mr. Wallace, for the British and American Ambassadors are great friends.

"We both have the same ideas and ideals," said Lord Derby. "We both believe in God. We both like racing when the horses are good. We both play golf. And while I am not a teetotaler, the American Ambassador is only a camouflaged pussyfooter.

"Most Englishmen and Americans get on well together, and what we diplomats have got to do is to make our two nations get on as well. We have a common language, the same ideals of justice and in many cases a common ancestry. You have shown your sympathy for the mother country in many ways, and the most marked of these has been your reception to that Prince of ambassadors, our Prince of Wales.

"Now, this is no time to talk politics. You cannot talk international politics today without saying something you may have to take back tomorrow. It is the prerogative of every man to criticise his own Government as the worst in the world, but he is not safe in saying that about somebody else's Government.

"We have never, never has there existed such unity as at present among America, France and England. In these days of peace we cannot but recall the gloomy days of war, those days when universal misery stirred the depths of our souls. For five years we stood together, and let me say today: I hate that man who says his nation won the war. We all won the war by our united courage and perseverance, each doing his best for the common aim.

Needs America's Aid in Peace.

"Let me say further—and here I put France before England, for she suffered most of all—let me say that for two and a half years we defended the cause of liberty until you came to our aid in the great and crucial moment, and I say you must continue to stand by us.

"Europe needs the aid of America as much in peace as in war. You must come now to our aid just as on the battlefield the slightly wounded soldier helped his more seriously wounded comrades to the first aid station. If America will come to the aid of England and France now as she did in war, our sacrifices will not have been in vain and the liberty of the world will be assured to coming generations."

Auguste Isaac, French Minister of Commerce, said were Washington alive today he would come to the aid of France.

"I am sure," he said, "you will not abandon us now, that the victory we fought so hard to win has been gained. It is true we have been disillusioned by the practical results of peace, but knowing the soul of France, the hard-working spirit of her peasants, and the artistic qualities of our workmen, I am sure you cannot but foresee France emerging from her material convalescence in full health and strength."

Major Gen. Allen, commanding the American forces on the Rhine, said:

"Washington could not have realized that upon the Rhine we are in communication with our nation's capital much more easily than he could have communicated with the Mississippi River. He could not have foreseen our present position when he formulated his policies of isolation for America. America cannot isolate herself, but the struggle incident to a change in policy so vital for us must not be misinterpreted here. America's soul is not a soul apart from yours."

President Wilson's name was not mentioned at the dinner until, just as the diners were rising, Mr. Roberts proposed a health to the President of the United States, the King of England and the President of France.

HOLD PEARY SERVICE AT BOWDOIN COLLEGE

Students, Faculty and Members of Explorer's Class Pay Tribute To His Memory.

BRUNSWICK, Me., Feb. 22.—A memorial service for Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary was held in the Bowdoin College chapel today, and was attended by the faculty, students, townspeople and several members of Admiral Peary's class of 1877. President Kenneth C. M. Sills, who delivered the address, said:

"His career is a great and wholesome inspiration to all the young men of the land, for what has been done can be done. His years of sacrifice for an ideal are a rebuke to those members of labor unions who would work but six hours a day and still call themselves Americans, and to those merchants and employers who count success only in the terms of huge profits."

MASONS TO HONOR PEARY.

To Give Widow Medal They Intended to Present to Explorer.

Kane Lodge, No. 454, F. and A. M., decided on Saturday night to present to Rear Admiral Peary's widow the gold medal the lodge had intended to give to the discoverer of the north pole at a meeting of the whole lodge on March 30, the one-hundredth anniversary of the birth of Elisha Kent Kane, the early American arctic explorer.

The meeting will be held as originally arranged, and Commander Robert A. Bartlett of the polar ship Roosevelt will tell of his former leader, and Secretary of the Navy Daniels is expected to speak for the navy

Major Raymond Pullman Dead.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Major Raymond W. Pullman, Superintendent of the Washington metropolitan police force, died at his home here tonight of double pneumonia after an illness which began several weeks ago with an attack of influenza. Major Pullman, owing to his advocacy of various reforms in police administration and to his connection with many affairs in the capital, including the quadrennial inaugural parades, was one of the most widely known police superintendents in the United States.

Nephew of Pope Leo Dies.

ROME, Saturday, Feb. 21.—Count Camillo Pecci, nephew of the late Pope Leo XIII., is dead, according to announcement made here today. While his uncle was Pope, the Count was General of the Palatine Guard and one of the most important personages at the Pontifical Court. He married Silvia Bueno Garzon of Havana. Count Pecci's daughter married the son of the Duchess of Montmorency.

Dr. John Van der Poel Dies.

Dr. John Van der Poel of 56 West Fifty-second Street, an authority on genito-urinary surgery, died yesterday at his home, aged 62 years. For many years he was associated with the New York University Medical College, having been appointed lecturer on obstetrics in 1888 and clinical lecturer in genito-urinary diseases in 1896, and retaining the latter position for fourteen years.

Confirmations.

LESSER—Mr. and Mrs. Pincus Lesser announce the bar mitzvah of their son, Irwin, Washington Heights Congregation, 508 West 161st St., Feb. 28, 1920, at 9 A. M. No cards.

Engaged.

ALTMAN—GOLDBERG—Mr. and Mrs. M. Goldberg of 218 West 112th St., New York City, announce the engagement of their daughter, Gladys to Dr. Joseph Altman of 462 East 4d St., Brooklyn.

HERZOG—MICHELS—Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Michels of 320 West 87th St. announce the engagement of their daughter, Gertrud, to Mr. Lothar Herzog, 771 West End Ave.

LANGER—WINER—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Langer announce the engagement of their daughter Hajnalka to Mr. Herman L. Winer. At home Sunday afternoon, Feb. 29, from 3 to 6, 60 West 75th St. No cards.

Married.

COLLINS—BROWN—At the Little Church Around the Corner, by the Rev. Dr. G. C. Haughton, Leicester Crowell Collins and Clara Wheeler Brown.

GROSS—WEINBERGER—Mrs. M. L. Livingston announces the marriage of her daughter, Ruth Weinberger, to Dr. Samuel H. Gross, Feb. 22, 1920.

WEISS—KORNSELD—Mrs. Henrietta Kornseld announces the marriage of her daughter, Juliette P., to Mr. Julius I. Weiss, Feb. 22, 1920. Los Angeles papers please copy.

Card of Thanks.

HENOCHSTEIN—Mrs. Philip Henochstein deeply appreciates and gratefully acknowledges the kind expressions of sympathy shown her by her many relatives and friends in her bereavement.

Died.

ARNOLD—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., Feb. 22, Charlotte Meyer, beloved wife of Herman R. Arnold, aged 64 years. Funeral services from her late residence, 219 North 7th Av., Tuesday evening, 7:30 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

BAGLEY—Elizabeth Cadwell, wife of J. W. Bagley, after a lingering illness. Notice of funeral hereafter. Syracuse (N. Y.) papers please copy.

BALDWIN—Harry C., on Saturday, Feb. 21, son of Emma Baldwin and the late Henry C. Baldwin of 12 St. James Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral private.

BARROWS—Bessie Van Inuzer, wife of the late Pitt Barrows, on Feb. 22, in New York, N. Y. Funeral Monday, Feb. 23, at 3 P. M., from Funeral Chapel of James T. Pratt, Capitol Av., Hartford, Conn. Williamantic (Conn.) papers please copy.

BROWN—On Sunday, Feb. 22, 1920, at her residence, Hotel Somerset, 150 West Forty-seventh, Mary Callander Brown, daughter of the late John J. and Mary Callander Brown. Notice of funeral later.

CAMMACK—Huette, at Tuxedo Park, N. Y., Feb. 21, in the 31st year of his age. Funeral services at St. Thomas's Church, 5th Av. and 53d St., Monday, Feb. 23, 11 o'clock.

CAMMACK—HOLLAND LODGE, NO. 8, F. & A. M. Brethren: You are requested to attend the funeral services of our late brother, Huette Cammack, at St. Thomas's Chapel, 5th Av. and 53d St., Monday, Feb. 23, 11 A. M.
HALIBURTON FALES, Master.
HARRY COMER, Secretary.

CONNOLLY—Mary E., suddenly Feb. 22, 1920. Beloved wife of William J. Connolly and daughter of Patrick and Annie McCarthy of Glen Cove, L. I. Funeral Wednesday morning, at 10 o'clock, from her late residence, 57 Darvall St., Corona, L. I., proceeding to the Church of Our Lady of Sorrows, where a requiem mass will be offered. Interment, Calvary Cemetery.

CREEVEY—Caroline A., wife of John K. Creevey, suddenly, at Fort Myers, Fla., on Feb. 19.

CROLIUS—On Friday, Feb. 19, 1920, William Albert Crolius, at the Home for Aged Men, 745 Classon Av., Brooklyn, in his eighty-first year, son of the late William Crolius and Mary Jane (Banta) Crolius. Funeral service in the chapel of the Home for Aged Men, 745 Classon Av., Brooklyn, at 11 A. M., Monday, Feb. 23, 1920.

DOVE—Adam, on Feb. 22, at Union Hill, N. J., after a short illness, aged 71 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DUNLOP—On Saturday, Feb. 21, 1920, after a long illness, at her residence in New York, Sarah Harrison Dunlop, daughter of the late James Dunlop and Isabella Natland of Petersburg, Va. Funeral private. Interment at Petersburg. Richmond and Petersburg, Va., papers please copy.

EDWARDS—Louis, suddenly. Beloved son of Sophie Edwards, brother of Mrs. A. L. Cahn, Jennie Simon, Hannah Belmerwald, Emma Stern, Florence Silberstein, Walter and Joe. Funeral services Tuesday, Feb. 24, at 10:30 A. M., from Weil's chapel, 120 East 116th St.

EIERMANN—At her home, 1,213 Herkimer St., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Saturday, Feb. 21, 1920, Anna A. Eiermann (nee De Veau), wife of Wm. Eiedmann. Funeral services will be held at her late home on Monday, Feb. 23, at 8 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment private.

DREICER & CO

Pearls, Precious Stones and Jewels

FIFTH AVENUE at FORTY-SIXTH

Died.

GREGORY—At East Orange, N. J., Feb. 21, 1920, Charles Emerson, husband of Frances Sackett Gregory. Funeral service at his late residence, 46 South Arlington Av., on Tuesday, Feb. 24, at 2 P. M.

HARE—At South Orange, N. J., Feb. 22, 1920, Helen May, wife of William S. Hare. Funeral service at her late home, 155 Grove Road, Tuesday evening, Feb. 24, at 8:15.

HUETTE—Cammack, at Tuxedo Park, N. Y., Feb. 21, in his 31st year. Funeral, Chapel St. Thomas's Church, Feb. 23, at 11 o'colck.

JULIAN—Suddenly, at Cristobal, Panama, Feb. 5, 1920, Anna Patterson, beloved wife of William P. Julian and daughter of Mary Harvey and the late Robert Burns Patterson. Funeral services will be held at the Bedford Park Presbyterian Church, 200th St. and Bainbridge Av.,

Ten Men with a message from Texas

A DOZEN callers and their business cards come to your desk in a day. Eleven of them are indifferent, but some one of the twelve has a message you need to hear. If you could only tell in advance!

THERE are ten men in New York today who bring a worth-while message from Texas and the Southwest. They are printing this advertisement so that you can get in touch with them if you desire to do so.

Are you seeking to broaden your market? Have you any interest in the brokers, jobbers, wholesalers, and retailers who are supplying merchandise to the section of the United States that is growing most rapidly in wealth and population? Does it interest you to know that the 10,000,000 people of the Southwest have more than twice as much money to spend in 1920 as they have ever had before? Do you care to know anything about the present market in the Southwest, and the people's interest in your goods?

TEN MEN Who Know

TEN MEN FROM TEXAS know the brokers, jobbers, wholesalers, and retailers of the Southwest. They know the people, too, and what the people need; what they want; when, why, and how they want it. TEN MEN FROM TEXAS bring to New York good information, yours for the asking. From them you can get intimate, concrete information on any phase of trade in the Southwest. It isn't the kind of general information that is covered by the good old term "trade conditions." It's the kind that gives names and dates. There's nothing "general" about it. TEN MEN FROM TEXAS know.

For years TEN MEN FROM TEXAS have made an intimate study of merchandising and marketing in the Southwest. For years they have called on the trade and on the consumer, and the information which they have gathered simplifies your problem of obtaining distribution in the Southwest.

Are You "Up" on the Southwest?

It is rather hard for one not in intimate touch with a growing country to appreciate rapid change. We smile at the person who thinks of the Southwest in terms of the school geography and tales of the cowboy and cattle ranch, but if your own impressions are based on pre-war conditions your perspective differs only in degree from the person whose perspective is entirely historical.

Figures that Tell

Let us glance at a few figures:

Texas produces one-fourth of all the cotton grown in the United States—the Southwest, as a whole, produces two-thirds of the crop. Stop a moment! The 1919 cotton crop came to $2,332,913,000—the Southwest got two-thirds of that!

Texas in 1919 produced $380,506,000 more in agricultural products than in 1918. This means that the purchasing power of Texas farmers is more than a third of a billion dollars greater in 1920 than it was in 1919.

Texas, which ranked third among the states in agriculture in 1918, took first place in 1919. As a corn state Texas came from tenth place to third. And corn in 1919 came to $3,934,234,000—the king crop in America.

Texas became the foremost oil-producing state in 1919. In the first six months of the year 31,439,289 barrels of oil were taken from Texas wells, with the production rate increasing weekly.

Oklahoma produced over $500,000,000 in agricultural products in 1919. Arkansas, Louisiana, and New Mexico together produced nearly another billion.

Why Go Abroad? Here are figures to conjure with. Here is the greatest potential market that the United States offers today. It is far easier and more profitable to secure distribution for your goods in the Southwest than to seek foreign fields or to put additional pressure on domestic territories already supplied to saturation.

The Southwest Needs Your Goods — The channels for distribution are clear. Eighty out of every hundred persons of the 10,000,000 people of the Southwest live on farms or in towns of 2500 or under. It is a farming country and the wealth is on the farms. The development and increased wealth of the Southwest in 1919 means that the people of that section will have more than twice the money to spend in 1920 that they ever had before. They will spend it through the stores in the small towns. They will buy more than ever before if the goods are there.

What a Future! Remember, too, that what Texas is in 1920 is only a faint forecast of what she will be in 1930. With 27,000,000 acres of improved farm land, Texas ranks first in farm wealth. There are 85,000,000 acres of unimproved land to develop. This development is fast under way. There is room and wealth for 100,000,000 successful people in Texas alone.

The merchants of the Southwest will supply a $2,500,000,000 agricultural market in 1920. They will supply people whose buying power has been more than doubled in twelve months. They will sell to these people in addition to necessities, all the luxuries and conveniences that success demands. They are the outlet for the one great undominated market left in America.

Do you care to know how this vast market of the Imperial Southwest can be supplied? Do you want to know its needs, and tastes, and the peculiar conditions that surround its local Trade? If you do, call Gramercy 5280 and ask for TEN MEN FROM TEXAS.

"Holland's Magazine," Read in 200,000 leading Homes of the Southwest.
Home Office—Dallas, Texas.
TEN MEN FROM TEXAS, 200 Fifth Ave., Room 1374, New York City.
Telephone—Gramercy 5280.

"Farm and Ranch," Read on 100,000 of the richest Farms of the Southwest.
Home Office—Dallas, Texas.
TEN MEN FROM TEXAS, 200 Fifth Ave., Room 1374, New York City.
Telephone—Gramercy 5280.

TRUSTS IN BRITAIN ARE UNDER FIRE

While Prices of Necessities Mount Enormous Profits of Producers Are Shown.

DEMANDS FOR NEW LAWS

Lloyd George Is Expected to Take Up Question of Restoring Some Form of Control.

AMERICANS SHARE BLAME

Bitter Feeling Aroused by Labor Charges of Manipulation of Nation's Food Supplies.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—A succession of rises in the price of articles of common consumption each of which is controlled by a trust is introducing a new and disturbing factor in the industrial situation. It has been settling down and many of the most influential labor leaders have been exerting a steadying influence and preaching the gospel of hard work. But now the extremists have got excellent material for their characteristic appeals to prejudice and ignorance.

First came a few weeks ago the announcement that enormous profits had been made on wool in spite of the practically complete monopoly the Government had established over raw materials. Next petrol was advanced eightpence a gallon, which has been a prime factor in increasing the cost of motor road transport and has led to the demand for higher taxicab fares. Tobacco and cigarettes have gone up one to two pence an ounce in the last few days following immediately on a boost of sewing cotton from 7 pence 1 farthing to 10 pence a reel.

The last two increases especially have hit the poor man's pocket and have made him ready to harken to agitators' diatribes. In the case of tobacco, for example, it is quite true that the Government Committee investigating trusts, under the chairmanship of such an impecable reformer as Sidney Webb, has found that the Imperial Tobacco Company has used its control of about 60 per cent. of the British domestic trade to keep prices down and quality up but that certificate of virtue is offset by size of its profits. It made £4,665,100 last year and every extremist orator will expatiate on this huge sum without explaining how great a percentage on the trusts' capitalization it represents until he makes his hearers believe it all comes out of their own pockets.

Big Profits of Thread Makers.

The rise in cotton is likely to lead to still more serious consequences, for the day after it was announced Sidney Webb's committee published a report to the effect that 6 pence would be an adequate price of a reel. It has also appeared that the firm of J. and P. Coats of Paisley, who manufacture 95 per cent. of sewing cotton for home consumption, pocketed last year, after paying excess profits tax, £3,694,011, or 16½ per cent. on their capital. The Coats have refused so far to make any reply to the committee's report, but their answer is expected to rely on the fact that over 80 per cent. of their profit was derived from their export trade, that Webb's Committee itself acknowledged it had done a good turn to the nation by taking the risk in buying up large stocks of raw cotton in advance and that it cannot be blamed for making huge profits in foreign trade.

As for the vagaries of American exchange, danger lies not so much in the adequacy of their defense as in its complexity. The British workingman knows he can hardly pay his way in spite of increased wages, and he is merely muddled by the talk of export prices and exchange. Thus too many of even the better educated people seem to think the depreciation of the sovereign in New York is due to some selfish manipulation of the market by wicked financiers instead of being practically an automatic register of the condition of Anglo-American trade and the ordinary person, when he is told of the export of coal, cotton or wool, asks why it's not kept at home to reduce high prices.

So the labor leaders, who have learned the main principle of economics, are finding the task of teaching the rank and file made much more difficult by the "cussedness" of events. They have for some time now been urging the increase of production, and it seems likely that the miners will drop their demand for nationalization. Yet at the present critical moment in the relations of labor and government there come these irritating rises and damaging revelations as to the power the trusts wield.

It is now announced in quarters in communication with 10 Downing Street that vigorous action is to be taken by the Government to deal with the continued increase in the cost of living and with the powers of combines and trusts as revealed in reports of inquiries conducted under the Profiteering Act. In the first place it is proposed that the Food Ministry shall become a permanent Government department, and that it shall have power not only to fix prices but also to commandeer stocks arriving from abroad.

Since the ending of control of certain foods and other commodities has taken place the response of the combines controlling them has been so different from the protestations when the control was in force that the Premier is now convinced that the time has arrived to embark on a new policy. The difficulties caused by short supplies of some necessary articles are intensified by the fact that purely financial interests are in control of purely commercial undertakings and their policy toward extorting from the consumer the highest possible prices.

Complain of American Influence.

It is stated that American influence is strongly present here and has its representation in councils which should be concerned purely with the welfare of Great Britain. It is this influence to which such bitter opposition has been organized by representatives of labor. The food supply of the empire and other necessaries as well are no longer controlled from this country. Accordingly the matter has come to a very definite and final issue which is to be decided in the new few days. Lloyd's Sunday News says:

"The Board of Trade is quite capable of evolving a scheme under which licenses will be issued to deal in all commodities of general and necessary daily consumption. It has been urged hitherto that the board was incapable of dealing with matters of this kind without hampering business and antagonizing progress and circulation of trade, but it is felt that much of opposition to the work of the board has been directed from interested quarters and that the system of comprehensive trade licenses is the only device by which control of food and clothing prices in this country can be kept in the hands of British subjects. Citizens of the United States, Dutchmen, Armenians and other foreigners today are dictators of what the housewife shall pay for her table and what the workingman shall pay for his corduroys. Matters have been going from bad to worse.

"In the last six months the Prime Minister, who promised there would be a definite drop in the cost of living next April, is determined to redeem his promise. He has given to the rings which control the goods of prime necessity every opportunity to restore damaged trade activities and resume the normal stream of commerce. He has listened to their requests that measures of control undertaken experimentally during the war should be removed when peace came in order that the cost of living might be gradually brought within pre-war standards as the community settled down to new conditions. The response of the rings has been so different from their protestations that Lloyd George has now decided it is time to embark upon a new policy and to consult the consumer first of all."

HIRSCHFELD SENTENCED FOR ERZBERGER ATTACK

Assailant of Finance Minister Says He Believed Official Was Menace to Germany.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—Some remarkable statements were made here today at the trial of young Ensign von Hirschfeld, who on Jan. 26 shot at Finance Minister Erzberger. The officer was sentenced to two and one-half years' imprisonment, less twenty-five days already spent in jail.

Von Hirschfeld entered into a long explanation of the motives which led him to commit the deed. He was certain Erzberger was a danger to the country, he said. The many "profiteering concerns" with which the Finance Minister was mixed up and the sudden change in Erzberger's war views convinced him, he said, the Minister "was working for England and filling his pockets with English gold."

"But," asked the judge, "how did you come by such views?"

"By reading Helfferich's book, 'Away With Erzberger,'" replied the accused.

Von Hirschfeld's admission will be unpleasant for the Pan Germans, who maintained against the democratic and socialist press that such provocative writings could not have affected the young man.

The accused said the first shot did not hit the Minister, and he was so excited when he fired the second shot that he did not take aim. He wished to wound Erzberger in the shoulder and chest, so as to lay him up for a considerable time. He said he knew from his own experience as a wounded man in hospital that such wounds were seldom fatal.

For the defense it was maintained that no bullet entered Erzberger's body. Professor Hildebrand, who took Röntgen ray photographs, declared that on the first occasion he saw no wound, but only a swelling. On the second occasion he noticed a small back wound. There was no exit to this wound, and the Röntgen ray photographs did not show the presence of a bullet.

Medical evidence was given to show that Erzberger's condition never was serious and that the information given to the press was much exaggerated.

ASK HOOVER TO EXPLAIN.

Georgia Democrats Want Him to Give His Party Attitude.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 22.—Secretary Hiram Gardner of the State Democratic Executive Committee addressed a letter tonight to Herbert Hoover asking him if he desired to qualify as a democrat for entrance in the Georgia Presidential primary. In his letter Mr. Gardner says:

"One hundred or more registered white Democrats of Georgia have petitioned this committee that your name be thus placed, and it is the desire of the committee that you express to us yourself whether or not you would meet the requirements made prior to the suggestion of your name as a Democrat qualified for the Presidency of the United States."

The Atlanta Journal, one of the strongest Democratic papers in the South, has practically espoused the cause of Hoover editorially and in its news columns.

The suggestion is made by Hoover's friends that the voters should be allowed to judge of Hoover's Democracy rather than that he should be called upon to explain his position, and this stand has been taken by one member of the Democratic State Committee.

GUESTS ROBBED, HOST HELD

Sohmer's Friends Lost $2,500 When Three Men Stopped Game.

Herman Sohmer, 27 years old, a clerk living at 611 West 135th Street, was held in $2,000 bail by Magistrate Silverman in the Washington Heights Court yesterday, charged with "acting in concert with three unknown men," who entered Sohmer's apartment early yesterday morning and held up ten guests grouped around a pair of active dice, and relieved them of $2,500 in money and jewelry.

Complaint having been made to the West 125th Street Police Station, Detectives Mullhey and Hauptman were assigned to the case. According to Sohmer he heard the doorbell ring, and on going down stairs was confronted by three armed men who struck him in the eye and also knocked out several teeth. They then went into the apartment, interrupted the game, and left with the cheering words: "Now, boys, don't worry; we're going to hock this stuff, and we'll mail you the pawn tickets here."

Mullhey's suspicions were aroused by seeing no marks of violence on Sohmer. After further questioning, Sohmer was placed under arrest. He pleaded not guilty yesterday morning, and will be examined Wednesday.

WOOD'S LABOR PLAN IS 'GOLDEN RULE'

With Profit Sharing, It Would End Most Industrial Disputes, Says General.

TELLS NEED OF PRODUCTION

Prospects of Butler and Johnson Aided by Convention Here, Their Managers Assert.

Major Gen. Leonard Wood, candidate for the Republican nomination for President, believes that the general application of the Golden Rule and profit-sharing will eliminate most of the differences now affecting relations between capital and labor. In this week's issue of The Outlook he will discuss "Labor Problems," and set forth his opinions regarding constructive needs. This article quotes General Wood as follows:

"The great war showed that if capital and labor were actuated by the same motive to get quantity production they could and would work together for a common end and upon the most amicable relations. For the prosperity of the country and for the good of all within the country every effort should be made to co-ordinate capital and labor to get them to pull together in order to get out this enormous production that is demanded at home and abroad.

"That the Germans realize that production is everything is well exemplified by the fact that we hear that the Germans are now working twelve hours a day, and that they are giving two hours of that work to their Government. This means that if we do not get into production the Germans will be flooding the markets of the world with the products of their factories just as they did before the war. For that reason it is necessary for us to increase our production here, so that we can supply our own wants, and also so that we can make use of our new fleet of American ships for exporting the product of our factories and mills to Europe, South America and the other countries of the world.

"This, of course, cannot be done if strikes are continually taking place, reducing production. Therefore it is desirable that we reduce strikes to a minimum, and that everything should be done to avoid strife between capital and labor.

Should Take Interest in Employes.

"A great deal of this strife can be avoided if the capitalists take a human interest in their employes. It seems to me it would be wise for them to take as much interest in their workers as they do in their customers. If they applied the Golden Rule, I am sure there would be very few strikes. They should pay their employes a living wage. This wage ought to be sufficient to enable the worker to build himself a home, to educate his family, to bring up his children in the proper way, and to put something aside for his old age. The conditions under which he works should be as sanitary as it is possible to make them, and he should be encouraged and given promotion if his work so deserves."

Reviewing some of the notable examples of progress toward a better situation for labor already established by employers in many parts of the country, the article quotes General Wood as saying:

"There ought also to be some sort of a profit-sharing plan devised, so that the employe might enjoy some of the benefits to be derived from the profits of his company.

"On the other hand, it seems to me that the workingmen should also do their part in increasing production and in improving their efficiency. First of all, the workingmen should seek to do all that would increase their skill in turning out more work at the present time, so as to supply the needs of the world. They must realize that wages are paid from profits, and that profits cannot be made unless the material produced is of the very best and that it is produced in quantities sufficient to be able to compete with the production of other factories, mills, shops which are working in the same field, and with the production of foreign countries. They must also realize that in order to get higher wages it is necessary to do their best and their utmost upon all occasions."

Strikes Only as Last Resort.

A summary of his further suggestions advises that strikes be a last resort, when every other expedient fails; strike leaders should all be Americans who have the welfare of America at heart. They should discourage—and 99 per cent. of them do!—all strife or disorder. The working people ought to beware of those preaching new and untried doctrines if they are hostile to our institutions and the duly constituted authorities and the Constitution. They should respect public officials, whose duty it is, in turn, to protect the lives and property of all the people. Organized labor can do much to help in eliminating such aliens as the Reds or the I. W. W., who do not form more than 1 per cent. of labor.

Campaign managers for Senator Hiram Johnson and Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler asserted yesterday that the outcome of the unofficial Republican State Convention last week adds the prospects of these two candidates for the Presidential nomination.

Ex-State Senator William M. Bennett, New York campaign manager of Johnson, declared that the convention had "bunkoed" the women and everybody had been "fooled" except the public, and that this would be of benefit to the Californian.

Justice John R. Davies, executive head of Dr. Butler's Campaign Committee, said:

"The platform adopted by the New York State Republican Convention Friday must associate itself in the minds of all who have read it with Nicholas Murray Butler, not alone because he was the author of it, and the chairman of the committee which presented it to the convention, but because the platform reaffirms the utterances that have been made in Dr. Butler's public addresses for more than a year past."

Justice Davies denied the charge by the Leonard Wood managers to the effect that Dr. Butler, Governor Lowden and Senator Harding of Ohio were in a "plot" to pool delegations against General Wood.

It was announced that Senator Johnson will leave Washington today for a long speaking tour in the West. He will first speak in North Dakota, where Republican managers have advised candidates for the Republican Presidential nomination to make no efforts to get delegates, on the ground that the party leaders have decided to send unpledged delegates to Chicago.

WOMEN DEMOCRATS MEET.

They Celebrate Washington's Birthday and Discuss Politics.

Members of the Women's Democratic National Campaign Committee and the Women Democrats of America met yesterday at the home of Mrs. John Sherwin Crosby, Chairman of the Campaign Committee, 27 West Eighty-second Street, at a Washington's Birthday celebration and for a discussion of political matters. The only man present was ex-Assemblyman Owen W. Bohan, an Assistant District Attorney, who told the women he had brought them a message that the men Democrats welcomed their co-operation "to make politics honest" and to eliminate the last vestige of vote buying.

Mrs. Clarice Dwright, who has been mentioned as a candidate for delegate at large at the unofficial Democratic State Convention, declared that if the men voters and leaders really meant their message to be carried out, they would receive hearty co-operation from the women, but that the women Democrats would not tolerate "the old régime in politics." Mrs. Dwright said she did not understand Mr. Bohan's reference to "vote buying," and asserted that women would certainly not go into politics for any other purpose but to advance government for the people.

Dublin Sinn Feiners Predict Disorders In Enforcement of New Midnight Law

DUBLIN, Feb. 21.—Friday's decree stipulating that after Feb. 23 all persons in the Dublin metropolitan district must remain indoors between midnight and 5 A. M. was not entirely unexpected, the Government some months ago having by proclamation taken power to apply it.

Fixing the hour at midnight will cause minimum interference with the normal life of Dublin, which has few night entertainments and goes to bed early, but it will affect a large class of night workers, who are alarmed at the announcement that virtually no one except clergymen, doctors and nurses, will get the necessary permits to be out of doors between the hours mentioned.

The order creates an interesting puzzle for the new corporation, as nearly all city cleaning is done at night. A cleansing committee will consider this phase of the situation at a special meeting on Monday.

Electrict lighting is under control of the corporation and the men connected with this service work in shifts. A slight alteration in hours would avoid inconvenience. The gas company is applying for permits for its workers.

An important feature of the present announcement is that it contemplates the employment of armed soldiers, who may shoot any one who does not answer the challenge. As street car service inside the city is virtually shut down before midnight it will not be affected.

Pastoral Letter Demands Freedom.

BELFAST, Feb. 22.—In his pastoral letter read today in all Catholic churches in the Archdiocese of Cashel, Archbishop Harty says:

"We are living under a government which has proved itself an abject failure. Neither based on the consent of the nation, nor working for the good of the community as a whole, it has trampled on the will of the people and upheld he ascendency of the pampered minority. History tells us that where such a system reigns the laws of God are set aside, coercion and crime go hand in hand and peaceful citizens are made the victims of the vicious circle.

"The remedy for the Irish upheaval is obvious, since freedom is the best solvent of political disorder. The traditional loyalty of the Irish people to the laws of God will prevail in the full when the days of oppression have passed away forever and when our people have in their own hands the making of the administration and their own laws."

The murder campaign is denounced in a pastoral by Bishop Foley of Carlow, who says:

"It is nothing short of appalling to think that a group of Irishmen, who in all probability profess the Catholic faith, should suffer themselves to be drawn or driven into a conspiracy for the purpose of taking human life without a particle of justification from any source, human or divine."

Sinn Fein M. P. Sentenced.

DUBLIN, Feb. 22.—Robert Barton, Sinn Fein member of Parliament for East Whitlow, who was convicted on Feb. 12 on a charge that at Shillelagh last year he made threats against Viscount French, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and Frank Brooke, a member of the Lord Lieutenant's Advisory Council, has been sentenced to three years' penal servitude.

WOOD MEN SEND QUERY TO LOWDEN

Seek to Put Governor on Record For or Against Compulsory Military Service.

GOULD SIGNS THE LETTER

Asks if Indorsement of New York Platform Covers Army Training Wood Is Demanding.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Senator Borah has not written any more letters to other Republican Presidential candidates asking them embarrassing questions, but General Leonard Wood has, or at least a letter has been sent for him through the agency of Representative Norman J. Gould. The letter is addressed to Governor Frank O. Lowden of Illinois, and was made public today through the Leonard Wood Campaign Committee, which has headquarters at the Willard Hotel.

Senator Borah, in his letters, has asked how other candidates stood in regard to the League of Nations, and there was a good deal of comment that the Senator might cause a split and much embarrassment by the persistence of his inquiries.

The letter which has been sent to Governor Lowden in behalf of General Wood—they are both seeking the Presidency on the Republican ticket—takes up the almost as ticklish question of universal training. General Wood, who favors universal training, wants to smoke out Governor Lowden and get him unalterably on record. He is not satisfied with a statement made by Congressman Smith, the Lowden campaign manager, indorsing the platform adopted by the Republican Party of New York, which supported universal training, and wants to hear from Governor Lowden direct.

Altogether the latest dispute has stirred up a lot of talk in political circles here. The Leonard Wood Campaign Committee expressed its attitude toward the aspiring Mr. Lowden in this statement:

"Governor Frank O. Lowden of Illinois was asked to define his stand on universal military training in a telegram sent him today by Representative Norman J. Gould, New York. The telegram was sent as a consequence of Governor Lowden's indorsement yesterday through Representative Frank Smith of Illinois, manager of the Lowden campaign, of the platform adopted at the New York State Republican Convention, which indorsed military training. Mr. Gould was a delegate to the New York convention and a member of the Committee on Resolutions which framed the platform. The telegram sent to Governor Lowden reads as follows:

"'Governor Frank O. Lowden,

"'Springfield, Ill.

"'Having noticed with satisfaction the statement issued by Congressman Smith, your campaign manager, pledging you to the hearty support of the principles adopted by the Republicans of New York in their recent State convention, in which he selects certain of such principles for special emphasis and indorsement, I regret that Mr. Smith did not make clear your attitude upon that portion of the New York Republican platform which commits our party in the Empire State to a straightout indorsement of universal military training. Some of your supporters in States other than New York have assumed to criticise the candidacy of General Leonard Wood on the ground that it includes universal training as a portion of the program which he will advocate when elected to the Presidency, and as a delegate to the New York State convention and as a member of the committee which drew up the platform I am interested to know whether Congressman Smith's highly eulogistic indorsement of the New York Republican platform in your name is piecemeal or complete; and I particularly invite you to let me know at your earliest convenience whether you, like the Republicans of New York and like General Wood, indorse universal military training.

"'NORMAN J. GOULD.'"

WOOD FILES OHIO PAPERS.

Declares Candidacy and Authorizes Delegates to Pledge Votes to Him.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 22.—Major General Leonard Wood filed his declaration of candidacy for the Republican Presidential nomination with the Secretary of State here today.

He also filed a statement authorizing candidates for delegates to pledge themselves to his support at the Republican National Convention.

WON'T TRY FOR MICHIGAN.

Senator Harding Will Not Contest for State's Delegation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Owing to the early date of the Michigan Presidential preference primary, Senator Harding of Ohio will not enter the contest for that State's delegation to the Chicago convention, Harry M. Daugherty, manager of the Harding headquarters here, today informed Burt D. Cady of Port Huron, Chairman of the Michigan Republican State Central Committee.

In a letter to Chairman Cady, Mr. Daugherty wrote that the decision was based on "the very practical reason that it is physically impossible at the early time of your primary to engage in a campaign there."

SUFFRAGIST TO ASK KING ALFONSO'S AID

Marquesa del Ter Will Appeal to Throne for Help in Holding Congress.

CLERICALS CHIEF OPPOSERS

Blocked Attempts to Obtain Theatre for Meeting, Says Leader—Young Queen Favors Feminists.

MADRID, Feb. 21.—Reports reaching here that the International Woman Suffrage Alliance has abandoned the idea of holding a congress in Madrid next May came as a surprise to feminist leaders here.

The Marquesa del Ter, President of the Union of Spanish Women, told The Associated Press correspondent today that the efforts which had been proceeding to arrange for the congress in Madrid had met with many difficulties, but still were progressing with the hope that matters eventually would be arranged.

The Marquesa declared the feminist movement had found sympathizers among every class of Spanish society with the possible exception of the Clericals, whose leaders strongly oppose any effort at the emancipation of women, especially in a political sense.

Marquesa del Ter, who has participated in the feminist movement in England and France, and who in the war was especially active in providing ambulances for the allied front in France, said she had virtually obtained use of the Royal Theatre in this city for the congress meetings from the Minister of Public Works, but that later such strong pressure had been brought to bear by the Clericals that this assent had been withdrawn.

She added, however, that she intends making a direct appeal to King Alfonso, who, she feels certain, will not allow Spain to "appear ridiculous in the eyes of the rest of the world" by refusing to recognize the advancement of women and their right to put their views before their countrymen.

The Marquesa also discussed the possibility of engaging another meeting place where the Clericals would be without influence, but pointed out that the question of expense was important in this connection, as the women's societies in Spain are in their infancy, although the majority of the educated women and teachers approved the idea of the women's forward movement.

Several leading statesmen with liberal tendencies already have expressed keen interest in the feminist work, and it is currently believed that the young Queen also is sympathetic, although the Queen Mother, who is most conservative in her opinions, opposes everything which does not meet with the approval of the Clericals.

The Archbishop of Madrid has come out strongly against feminism, but approves the formation of women's societies under the Presidency and control of the clergy. In Barcelona feminism has progressed much more rapidly than in Madrid, but a campaign is being conducted in the newspapers there against the movement, and any independent women's society which is formed meets with the distinct disapproval of the reactionary classes.

Despite this opposition, however, Marquesa del Ter hopes that her appeal to the King will succeed that the congress may be held, regardless of all obstacles, in the Spanish capital, as she believes this would give a great impetus to the feminist movement in the South American republics, where similar opposition exists.

READY TO CHALLENGE CLARK

Will Be Asked About Wilson Statements if He Runs for Senator.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 22.—If Champ Clark intends to announce himself as a candidate for the United States Senate nomination, friends and Democratic leaders, it is reported, will ask him to explain statements he is accredited with making in speeches in the Third Missouri Congressional District in the campaign of Congressman Milligan.

He is reported to have said at Richmond:

"This country is still at war, and will be at war until the spirit moves the President, and God only knows when that will be."

At Cameron he is quoted as saying:

"This country is still at war, while all the rest of the world is at peace, and we will be at war until the spirit moves the President."

PUTS WOMEN ON COMMITTEES

Permissive Bill to be Introduced by Assemblyman Amos Tonight.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 22.—Assemblyman William C. Amos, New York, Republican, will introduce a bill tomorrow night designed to give women equal numerical representation on the State committees of all political parties.

"This is the written contract of the oral promise between political leaders and certain citizens of the State commonly known as women," declared Assemblyman Amos in a statement issued here tonight.

"It seeks to enact into law that which the leaders of both parties have been proclaiming from the house tops to be their intention and purpose in connection with the recognition of the right and justice of women to participate in the patronage, deliberations, and organizations of the political parties."

There are several bills before the Legislature making such recognition mandatory, but Assemblyman Amos's bill would make the change permissive.

PHONE GIRLS HERE FORMING A UNION

Labor Officials and Fifty Operators from Boston Aiding Organization Work.

GRIEVANCES NOT SETTLED

Concessions Only a Compromise, Employes Say—Company Association Called Failure.

City telephone operators are forming a union, with the intention of affiliating with organized labor—this in spite of the concessions granted Saturday night by the New York Telephone Company to the operators who caused "walkouts" in several exchanges last week. Officials of the Telephone Operators' Union have come here from Boston, at the behest of the local operators, to direct the work of organization.

Miss Teresa Sullivan, Vice President of the union, which is a part of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, is at the Hotel Pennsylvania, and may be joined later in the week by Miss Julia S. O'Connor, who headed the fight in New England which resulted in the formation of the first operators' union. Miss O'Connor, President of the national organization, is in San Francisco, but a hurry call has been sent for her to return to this city.

"Frantic appeals by wire and special delivery letters reached our national offices in Boston last week," said Miss Sullivan yesterday. "As acting President in Miss O'Connor's absence I started for New York. We find from our conversations with the New York girls that despite the fact that the company agreed to a slight increase in wages, they are determined to organize into a legitimate trade union, as they are now convinced that such an organization will be their only means of future protection."

The settlement made with the dissatisfied operators on Saturday was a compromise, it was said yesterday. While the operators agreed to continue at work, it is said that the senior operators, especially, are far from satisfied with the terms of the agreement. They had demanded $25 a week, a $3 rise. Operators said yesterday that the settlement gave them a rise of $2. This officials of the company refused either to confirm or deny.

Union Headquarters Opened.

Union headquarters have been opened in the Woman's Trades Union League, at 7 East Fifteenth Street, and the work of organization will be directed from there. A mass meeting will be held on Wednesday night at Bryant Hall, 725 Sixth Avenue, at which Hugh Frayne, organizer for the American Federation of Labor, will be a speaker.

Fifty telephone girls from Boston came here for Sunday and Monday, giving up their holiday to do missionary work at the different city centrals. They went about yesterday among their fellow-workers in this city distributing hand bills headed, "New York operators, are you ready to organize? Do you want a real union?" The bill set forth the alleged disadvantages of the company association plan and told of the work done by the Boston union. Among the things put into effect in Boston the circular named the adjustment board plan, eight-hour day, elimination of "split tricks," selection of tricks by seniority, overtime pay, standardized schedule of wages, and seniority rights.

"During last Summer," said Miss Sullivan yesterday, "the New York company brought forth in new form the 'employes' representation plan,' handing out a ready-made, company-prepared organization. We believe in permitting these company associations to run their course, knowing that it is only a question of time before the operators will realize the futility and hopelessness of such an organization.

"We visited two months we have had insistent letters from New York operators, pleading that we come, and stating that they could gain no redress from the unfair and burdensome conditions under which they were forced to work. Our national President, Miss O'Connor, had just concluded the negotiations of our 1920 schedule with the New England Telephone Company, and had gone to the Pacific Coast to assist the operators there in their agreements with the Pacific Telephone Company, when the bottom fell out of the employes' representation plan in the New York Telephone Company.

Resent Public's Criticism.

"We find the New York girls highly resentful of the merciless criticism heaped upon them by a long-suffering public, who do not know the operators' side of the case. Good telephone service will never be possible in New York City until the operator is given a square deal as a wage earner and a public servant.

"The question of wages is a most vital one in this difficulty, but the problem involves more than wages. Long hours, favoritism, nagging of superiors, and a hundred minor things in the personal relations in the exchanges have made the life of the New York operators unbearable.

"As a national organization we recommend the Adjustment Board plan in effect between the New England Telephone Company and its operating forces."

The Adjustment Board agreement referred to by Miss Sullivan provides a joint board consisting of three members of the company and three members of the operating force. All complaints and agreements are referred to this board. Appeal from the decision of the board might be made to the President of the company and appeal might be made to it from the decision of the chief operator. The board meets weekly and acts as a clearing house for grievances. The board negotiates wages, establishing time schedules of regular automatic increases. Requirements for promotions, selection of hours, seniority rights, transfers, penalties for poor tests and adjustment of "tricks" have been the subject of rulings by the board.

Officials of the company refused yesterday to discuss the formation of an operators' union.

APPEAL FOR MISS McPIKE.

Women Democrats Issue Statement Recounting Suffrage Work.

Some of the Democratic women leaders who are urging the candidacy of Miss Sara McPike as a delegate-at-large to the National Democratic Convention issued this statement last night:

"The members of this committee are all members of Democratic organizations in their respective districts, but for many years they have all been active in social reform and suffrage work. It is the consensus of opinion among this group that no woman in the Democratic party in New York State deserves greater credit for making it possible for women to attend National Conventions than Sara McPike. She has been equally energetic on behalf of the measures embodied in the welfare bills. Her designation would be acceptable to organized labor.

The statement bears the names of Mrs. Anna Sands O'Shea, President of the Civic Circle, Manhattan; Mrs. M. J. Cahill of the League of Women Voters, Nineteenth Assembly District; Miss Lilly McGlade of the 69th Auxiliary, Miss M. McGrath and Miss M. F. Hogan of the St. Catherine Welfare Association and Miss Sara E. Fahey, National President of the Classroom Teachers' Association.

Paris Council Votes to Float $20,000,000 Loan in Canada

PARIS, Feb. 22.—It has been decided by the City Council of Paris to float a municipal loan of $20,000,000 in Canada.

The proceeds are to be used for the purchase of foodstuffs and other essentials in the Canadian market.

FRANCE PAYS TRIBUTE TO AMERICA'S DEAD

Thousands of Memorial Certificates Presented to Relatives of Men Lost in the War.

O'RYAN ADVISES PARENTS

General Deems It Unwise to Return Bodies — Warns of Bitter Disappointments.

Speaking yesterday afternoon at the 7th Regiment Armory, Park Avenue and Sixty-sixth Street, in connection with the presentation of 1,667 French memorial certificates to the next of kin of that number of deceased New York soldiers, General John F. O'Ryan, who commanded the 27th Division in the war, suggested that parents and other relatives of soldiers who fell in the war obtain knowledge of the conditions surrounding their death before asking that their bodies be returned home.

He admitted that it was natural for relatives to want the bodies of loved ones brought home, "but," he added, "I would have you take into consideration that there was no civilization on Europe's battlefields. The entire place was hell. Neither photographs nor motion pictures will ever give you any idea of conditions under which our men died. Great sorrow and disappointment will attend any wholesale removal of the dead. However, in the last analysis, you are the people to make the decision. If you know the facts and then decide to have them brought back here, do so."

General O'Ryan said that almost all of the officers of the 27th Division favored American cemeteries in France, while many of the enlisted men thought the final disposal of the dead was a matter for relatives to decide.

"Many of the men who were killed on the field of battle were afterward struck by shell fire," General O'Ryan continued. "Some of the self-sacrifices I have witnessed almost pass belief. When those men came to die they did not think of themselves; they thought of their mothers, their fathers, and their homeland. Those men at all times maintained a degree of exaltation, and when called upon to die did so in an admirable fashion. I have brought back many impressions with me, and in all I have only known two men who made any fuss about dying."

Colonel Willard C. Fisk, who presided at the meeting for the American Legion, said, at the close of General O'Ryan's address that his son, Captain E. Clinton Fisk, who died leading the 1st Battalion of the 7th Regiment, would lie where he fell in France.

The exercises opened with prayer by the Rev. Father Peter F. Hoey, Chaplain of the 107th Regiment, followed by a few remarks by Captain Wladimir V. Archawski, representing the French Army. Yvonne Gall of the Chicago Opera Company sang the "Marseillaise," and Alma Gluck sang "The Star-Spangled Banner." Selections were rendered by an army band, and the certificates were distributed at the conclusion of the exercises. Colonel John A. Cooper of the Canadian Army, representing that force in this city, was among those present.

Colonel A. E. Anderson, of the 165th Infantry, presided at the exercises at the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory, Twenty-fifth Street and Lexington Avenue, where 750 memorial certificates were distributed by the French Government, which was represented by Captain Blaise. Colonel Y. M. Fitzhugh, of the Royal Berkshire Regiment, representing British War Veterans in America, also occupied a seat on the platform.

Major Henry H. Curran, President of the Borough of Manhattan, delivered the address. "France gave us liberty through Lafayette," he said, "and later presented this country the symbol of Liberty. Our response to the need of France is attested by 75,000 small monuments on the fields of the French Republic."

Madame Eleanore De Cisneros, and fifteen United States sailors, bearing aloft the French tri-color and the Stars and Stripes, sang, "La Marseillaise," and "The Star-Spangled Banner."

The principal speaker at the ceremonies at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, 68th Street and Fort Washington Avenue, where 450 certificates were given out, was F. H. LaGuardia, Acting Mayor of New York. He paid a high tribute to the men who faced the enemy and fought the real battles for world freedom."

Major Robert Dumont of the French army was in charge of the exercises. Marjorie Romaine of the Metropolitan Opera Company sang "The Star-Spangled Banner," in which she was joined by the 3,000 persons singing. The singing of the "Long, Long Trail" closed the meeting.

The French memorial certificates were presented to the nearest relatives of the 2,248 Brooklyn boys who died in France at exercises held at the armory of the 13th Coast Defense Regiment, Sumner and Putnam Avenues, Brooklyn, more than 8,000 persons being in attendance. Joseph Fennelly, Assistant Commissioner of Public Works, presided, and the certificates were presented by Colonel Maurice Hue of the 3d Cavalry, France, and were accepted by Judge Frederick C. Crane of the Court of Appeals.

The "Memorial Certificate of Honor" is an artistic production, headed by the dates "1914-1919." It bears the name of the deceased soldier who "Died for America during the Great War." Appended is a facsimile of President Poincaré's signature.

FOR FIRST VOTERS' LEAGUE.

Willis Brown Says Boys Will Elect Next President.

Organization of the youth of the country into a First Voters' League, which, he said, could determine the next President, was advocated yesterday by Willis Brown of Los Angeles, Cal., in an interview at the Hotel Astor. Mr. Brown, who was formerly Judge of the Superior Court of Utah, has been active in the establishment of courts for juvenils in other States.

"The next President of the United States is not going to be elected by the farmer vote, the labor vote, the so-called foreign vote or by the votes of organized women," said Mr. Brown. "The next President is going to be elected by the boys of the country.

"There are about 4,000,000 boys between the ages of 21 and 25 who will cast their first Presidential vote this year. Form these into a First Voters' League and you will have a potential force that will not only elect the next President, if properly organized and enthused, but will run the country, giving us more patriotism and common sense, more purposeful leaders and saner laws."

Mr. Brown said he did not suggest the formation of the league in the interest of any particular candidate and stated that he had no connection with the campaigns of either Senator Hiram W. Johnson or Herbert Hoover, both of whom are from his own State of California. He said the possibility of the league had been suggested to him by his work for the Americanization of immigrants and their children.

CRACKSMEN GET $14,500 IN BRONX

Four Fell Tobacco Company Watchman, Bind and Gag Him, and Rip Open Safe.

POLICE HIDE RAID 3 DAYS

Crime Comes to Light Through Search for Boy Bandit Who Slew Policeman.

TOOLS ARE LEFT BEHIND

All Wear Gloves, So That No Fingerprints Will Serve as Clues.

Four burglars broke into the Bronx branch of the Metropolitan Tobacco Company at 4,581 Park Avenue early Thursday morning, knocked out and then bound and gagged the watchman, ripped open the safe and stole money, bonds and jewelry to the value of $14,500. News of the burglary, which both the police and officials of the company tried to keep secret, became public yesterday as a result of the investigation of the murder of Policeman Henry Immen by boy burglars at Bainbridge Avenue and Gun Hill Road in the same police precinct.

The burglary, according to the information obtained by the police from the watchman, Paul Limato, and from observation of the premises, apparently was planned carefully. The four burglars forced a door in the rear of the basement and caught Limato unawares as he sat reading a newspaper in the office.

A blow from a blackjack stunned Limato. When he recovered consciousness he found himself bound and gagged and wrapped in a horse blanket. He finally succeeded in freeing his head from the folds of the blanket and in getting a good view of the burglars and their operations.

Limato told the police that one of the men stood guard over him with a drawn revolver while the other three attacked the safe. They first drilled several holes with an electric drill, he said, and then used the "can opener" process to rip off the door.

After emptying the safe the four burglars helped themselves to cigars, Limato said, and in a burst of good humor ungagged him and offered him a smoke.

Limato, who is more than 60 years old, was too greatly perturbed to accept a cigar, and one of the men remarked that in that case they would have to gag him again. They did so and left, after knotting his bonds more securely.

It took Limato more than two hours to wriggle sufficiently free to reach the telephone with the intention of calling Samuel Mats, manager of the branch, only to find that the telephone wires had been cut. He then went to the street and notified a policeman of the Bronx Park Station.

Mr. Mats, who took an inventory of the contents of the safe, declined to say just what had been stolen, but admitted that the loss was more than $10,000. From another source it was learned that the burglars got away with $7,000 belonging to the company, and $5,000 in Liberty bonds and $2,500 worth of jewelry, owned by employes.

The police were unable to find any finger prints, the absence of which corroborated Limato's statement that all four men wore gloves. Limato described them as "young Italians" of the Americanized type. They left behind a set of safe-opening tools.

RETAILERS ARE WARNED TO DROP MEAT PRICES

Palmer Declares Cut Must Follow That at Wholesale or Books Will Be Examined.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—Retail meat dealers throughout the country must reduce their prices as the wholesale price of meat declines or

MORTIMER WILL PLAY PELL TODAY FOR NATIONAL TITLE IN RACQUETS

PELL AND MORTIMER WILL MEET IN FINAL

National Racquets Champion Earns Right to Defend Crown by Beating Cutting.

TO PLAY FOR TITLE TODAY

Frelinghuysen Loses to Tuxedo Star in Straight Games—Pell's Scores Are 18—15, 15—9, 14—18, 15—7.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 22.—Clarence C. Pell of New York, individual racquets champion of the United States, will defend his title tomorrow morning at the local Tennis and Raquet Club against Stanley G. Mortimer of Tuxedo, his partner in doubles and former holder of the team championship with him.

Both of the metropolitan representatives won their semi-final matches here today, the singles champion defeating R. Fulton Cutting of Boston in four hard games, scored 18—15, 15—9, 14—18, 15—7. Mortimer overwhelmed Frederick T. Frelinghuysen of New York in straight games, 15—8, 15—7, 15—2.

The splendid showing made by Cutting, who had previously eliminated the redoubtable Jay Gould, was again the feature. The Bostonian was not a bit overawed by the reputation of the present title holder, but went right after him from the start and drove him to the limit of his game.

Cutting was in the lead for the greater part of the opening game and nearly half of the second, and in the third he came from behind to win after extra points had been called. A bit of hard luck in the disagreement of marker and referee as to the calling of a good ball hurt his chances near the start of the final session, but although he lost this game at 15—7, Cutting was pressing the champion to the very end and made him work for every point.

Cutting's Pace Is Baffling.

The challenger's service was again his strongest weapon, and he scored many a point outright by the speed and puzzling twist of his delivery. He also made good use of a change pace, often catching Pell out of position as he dropped a soft one in the forecourt, or easing the ball into the corners with practically no rebound.

Pell depended more on sheer speed and the agility with which he covered court was often amazing. His service was largely a backhand delivery, and he also scored many an ace outright. In the pinches the champion was steadiness itself.

Cutting was off like a flash at the start, serving in baffling style, and killing the ball with terrific smashes all around the gray stone walls. He scored three points in his first chance at serving, and added three more in the third hand. Pell, however, tied it up at 6 all, only to see Cutting go into the lead again in the next hand.

At this point the champion snapped off the head of his racquet with a wild swipe at the side wall, and for a time seemed unable to recover his eye, while his opponent once more increased his lead. With the score standing at 11—8 in Cutting's favor, they went through four desperately played hands, eight rallies in all, without being able to increase their total.

After Cutting had scored one more ace, however, Pell began to creep up, getting a point at a time, until the game was set at all. The champion took the first of the extras before losing his service and four more hands sufficed to bring him out ahead by the narrowest margins.

Pell Has Spectacular Run.

Cutting was again the aggressor in the second session, making three in his first hand in, and keeping his lead up to 5—2 and 6—4. Then a spectacular run of seven in one hand put Pell far ahead, and he picked up the remaining four points one at a time, winning at 15—9, in spite of a belated rally by Cutting.

After two scoreless hands in the third game the champion once more broke loose in sensational style with a run of six, but Cutting surpassed this effort by gathering seven points in his next try at the service, and won again the lead by a slight margin. Pell whipped this out with a cluster of four, and then the Boston man began another courageous fight to catch up. He held the champion scoreless through five hands in succession, while gathering three aces himself. Although Pell, by changing his pace, went ahead once more to 13—10, Cutting responded with three in one hand, and extra points were again necessary.

This time it was Cutting who proved better in the pinch, and by serving four aces in a row he pulled on top at 18—14.

The final game showed Cutting again in the lead for the first two points, but a run of five by the champion changed the aspect of the battle. Three service aces in succession a few hands later put Pell ahead at 9—6, and another run of four practically settled the match. It was all over when Pell placed a pretty one in the right corner that could not be turned.

The scores by points follow:

FIRST GAME.

Pell— 1 2 2 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 1 0 0 2 0 1 2 1—18
Cutting— 3 0 3 0 2 2 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 0—15

SECOND GAME.

Pell .....0 0 2 2 7 1 0 1 0 1 1—15
Cutting .....3 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 2 1 ..— 9

THIRD GAME.

Cutting ....0 0 0 7 0 0 0 1 1 1 3 0 1 2 2—16
Pell .....0 0 6 0 4 0 0 0 0 3 0 1 0 0—14

FOURTH GAME.

Pell .....0 5 1 0 3 0 4 0 2—15
Cutting .....1 1 0 3 1 0 1 0 0— 7

Mortimer's Speed Dazzling.

Mortimer exhibited wonderful speed in the other semi-final, hitting the ball with terrific force from the start and covering the ground with great leaps that allowed very little to get away from him. Frelinghuysen was practically outclassed most of the way and did well to hold the Tuxedo star as close as he did in two of the games.

This match required less than half an hour to play, the first game being finished in ten hands, the second in nine, while the last took only three chances at the service on the part of Mortimer, who finished with a tremendous run of eleven straight points, after his opponent had scored only two.

If Mortimer plays tomorrow as he did today he should make things exceedingly interesting for the champion, with more than a chance in carrying off the title.

The loser had only two chances to serve in the final struggle. He scored twice on the second, and then watched the winner pull away to victory with his sensational run of eleven straight. Three of these points came when Frelinghuysen tried desperately to volley Mortimer's fast service, finding the telltale each time. The next two were clean placement shots, and the finish came on a dazzling service ace.

The point score follows:

FIRST GAME.

Mortimer .....4 2 2 1 2 1 1 2 0 1—15
Frelinghuysen ..1 0 2 0 0 1 0 1 1 2— 8

SECOND GAME.

Mortimer .....0 4 5 3 2 0 0 0 1—15
Frelinghuysen ....0 1 1 1 0 3 0 1 ..— 7

THIRD GAME.

Mortimer .....1 3 11—15
Frelinghuysen .....0 2 ..— 2

ATTEND TO FIRST SYMPTOMS

Business men are apt to neglect the first symptoms of bodily weakening. In the hustle of today they do not stop until Nature calls "Halt." Then it may be too late. Get a good physical instructor to build your body. Your mind will be reinvigorated at the same time.

At Arthur McGovern's Gymnasium, 9 West 66th Street, latest appliances and the best ways of using them are at the disposal of gentlemen and women. Terms moderate. Phone Columbus 2928-9193.—Advt.

Canadians Want Joe Wright to Coach Their Olympic Oarsmen

TORONTO, Ontario, Feb. 22.—Plans for the participation of Canadian athletes in the Olympic games at Antwerp next Summer are rapidly maturing. The Canadian Olympic Committee has decided to offer the position of rowing coach to Joe Wright, providing some equitable arrangement can be made with the University of Pennsylvania, where he is under contract for the coming season. Walter R. Knox, former star athlete, has been appointed coach of the track and field team, and other coaches will be selected later. The Canadian Canoe Association desires that canoeing events be added to the Olympic games rowing program, and has offered to send two war canoe crews to Belgium to give exhibitions, providing the Olympic authorities will sanction such exhibitions. The Canadian Olympic Committee has already received a grant of $15,000 from Government authorities toward the expenses of the team, and hopes to obtain a further contribution, in view of the increased costs of transporting and quartering athletes at Antwerp.

BRADLEY IS DOUBLE WINNER AT TRAPS

Captures Two N. Y. A. C. Prizes at Travers Island and Ties for First in Third Event.

There was one of the largest fields of the season for a Sunday shoot at the Travers Island traps of the New York Athletic Club yesterday, and the scores were remarkably high. No less than three gunners, D. I. Bradley, R. L. Spotts, and T. H. Lewis, tied for the high scratch prize. All had the excellent total of 95 out of a possible 100 targets. On the shootoff the cup was won by the first named.

It was a great day for Mr. Bradley. In addition to winning the high scratch prize, he took the special scratch prize with a straight run of twenty-five targets and also tied for the handicap cup, won by F. A. Baker, each having forty-nine out of a possible fifty targets. The high handicap prize went to C. A. Brown, and the special handicap cup was taken by L. F. Curtis.

The scores:

	Tour. Cup.	Handicap Cup.	Pres. Cup.	Lyon Cup.	Scr.	& Hdc. Cups.
R. S. Smith	3	25	3	25	92,	15—100
A. F. Bennett	3	25	3	21	84,	12—90
R. L. Spotts	1	25	0	23	95,	6 100
E. H. Morse	3	24	3	25	84,	12—96
R. B. Sloan	0	25	1	21	90,	12—100
G. J. Corbett	1	22	0	24	90,	5— 95
F. A. Baker	1	21	2	25	93,	12—100
H.L. Ken'edy	0	20	2	24	88,	12— 93
F. J. Ham	3	24	0	23	85,	12— 97
D. W. Gluck	4	24	4	25	91,	15— 96
R. B. Cole	1	24	2	24	91,	12—100
D. I. Bradley	1	23	1	23	95,	5—100
T. W. Decker	6	17	6	20	86,	25— 85
G. H. Martin	1	19	0	21	85,	6— 91
T. H. Lewis	1	25	1	25	95,	5—100
L. S. Curtis	1	24	1	24	94,	5— 99
C. A. Brown	2	24	2	25	90,	14—100
Z. Rogers	1	25	1	23	90,	5— 95
E. Milliken	0	17	0	21	87,	0— 81
W. H. True	0	22	0	20	88,	0— 88
H. Keller	0	22	0	24	86,	0— 86
L. N. Smith	0	20	0	23	87,	0— 87
H.J. Thiel'an	3	25	2	25	90,	12—100
E. R. Gaines	0	24	0	24	95,	0— 95
B. P. Earle	0	22	0	23	94,	0— 93

WINNERS.

High Scratch Prize—D. I. Bradley.
High Handicap Prize—C. A. Brown.
Special Scratch—D. I. Bradley.
Special Handicap—L. F. Curtis.
Buermeyer Cup—F. A. Baker and D. I. Bradley.

McCAHILL'S SCORE BEST.

Takes High Scratch Prize at Traps of Larchmont Yacht Club.

T. J. McCahill won the high scratch prize at the traps of the Larchmont Yacht Club yesterday. He scored 91 out of a possible 100 targets.

The scores:

	Hit.	Hdcp.	Total.
F. A. Moore	70	44	100
L. C. Dalley	77	24	100
S. G. Duffey	77	24	100
E. G. Unitt	81	24	100
C. J. Winninger	90	8	98
C. Simpson	78	20	98
A. W. Fitzgerald	77	20	97
W. B. Short	89	4	93
T. J. McCahill	91	0	91
W. E. Ferguson	73	16	89
J. C. Andresen	59	28	87
W. E. Knight	66	20	86
C. L. Weyand	60	20	80
A. Krickl	60	20	80
L. Tracy	60	20	80
E. M. Dalley	41	36	77

SOUTAR TO MEET BOAKES.

Racquets Champion to Oppose Chicagoan in Handicap Match.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 22.—Plans were completed at the Racquet Club during the last week for an intercity racquets competition between Jock Soutar, professional of the local club, who holds the world's open racquets championship, and Chris Boakes of the University Club of Chicago. The match will be played Saturday at the University Club, Chicago. The match will not decide the title, as Soutar is conceding his younger opponent four aces in each game.

George Thorne, a member of the Racquets Committee of the Chicago University Club, and one of the best-known racquets players in this country, was here competing in the national amateur doubles championship at racquets and arranged the match. If Boakes can defeat the Philadelphian with the aid of his handicap, the Western clubmen will seek a match for him with Soutar for the world's open title next Winter for a large purse.

YALE NET TEAM AT WORK.

Tennis Practice Starts with Strong Array of Veteran Material.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 22.—Yale's tennis team has started early after another intercollegiate championship. Most of the veteran players are still in college and are practicing in the baseball cage when it is not needed for the work of the other teams.

An innovation which is planned for the team is a trip to the South during the Easter vacation. Matches are being arranged with college teams in Norfolk, Baltimore and Richmond for Easter week, and daily matches will be played during that period. The later schedule will include all of Yale's big intercollegiate rivals, Harvard, Princeton, Pennsylvania, Columbia and Cornell.

A larger squad of even stronger material than before has been gathered by Coach Bill Hinchcliff, and a second team will be formed, to meet the smaller New England colleges.

Lipton Cup for Sailing Races.

PENSACOLA, Fla., Feb. 22.—It was announced here tonight that Sir Thomas Lipton, the British sportsman, has offered a trophy for the winner of a series of sailing races in which representatives of the four gulf yacht clubs are entered. The races will be sailed in fish-class boats and will probably take place in July.

Automobile Race Postponed.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 22.—The 250-mile automobile race scheduled for the new Los Angeles speedway tomorrow has been postponed until Saturday because of wet grounds.

Comment on Current Events in Sports.

Boxing Bill Finds Favor.

If one can safely draw a conclusion from the weakness of the protest raised against the bill to legalize boxing in this State there is reason to believe that the Walker bill will receive the approval of the Senate and Assembly at Albany. Only two voices were raised against the bill at the Senate committee hearing, and one of the two objectors admitted before finishing his talk that he favored boxing, but was against commercializing the sport.

To those who recalled the opposition against the passage of previous boxing bills at Albany the showing of the "antis" seemed decidedly tame. Some marked changes in the attitude to boxing of many persons influentially situated have been noted recently. The part that boxing played in developing our soldiers earned for the sport a prestige which it previously had lacked, and the formation of two highly reputable organizations, with boxing as the sole aim of each, has placed the game on a much more reputable basis in New York.

One of the organizations referred to is the Army, Navy and Civilian Board of Boxing Control, which is expected to play an important part in the governing of the sport, if it is legalized. The other is the International Sporting Club of this city. Each has a membership list of men who in themselves are a guarantee that the game will be conducted along lines which will admit of no such happenings as have brought the game into disrepute in its previous leases on life in New York State. Boxer, manager and promoter will have to play fair and follow the rules laid down by the Commissioners, or pass out of the game in this State.

Too much unfair dealing by men in the game and too much leniency by the Governing Board hastened the end when boxing was last allowed in the State.

The Walker bill is to be reported out this week, and it is expected that the Senate will pass the measure. A harder fight is expected in the Assembly, with favorable action looked for. Boxing is thriving in other States without any such safeguards as would be thrown around the game here under present conditions. The Walker bill appears to be all that a boxing bill should be, and there is no real reason why New Yorkers should be denied the privilege of seeing boxing bouts—a privilege now enjoyed by our neighbors in the States of Connecticut, New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

When New Yorkers desire to see one of the game's greatest exponents, such as Jimmy Wilde, they must go out of the State. The same will hold true if Georges Carpentier comes over here. A few thousand went to Jersey City last week to see Wilde in action, and were amply repaid for the journey, but the inquiry why they should be forced to leave their own State to enjoy such a fistic treat forced itself upon their minds.

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High Cost of Baseball.

The High Cost of Everything at last has invaded the precincts of the sun god of baseball, the bleacherite, whose "two bits" always played its part in the support of the great national game. What previously was the minimum price of admission has been doubled by the club owner, who finds that the great increase in expense of everything pertaining to the game demands a readjustment of prices.

A statement of prices made by the local major league club owners during the last week allayed the fears of those who had looked for a big advance all around in the cost of baseball tickets. The advance has amounted to exactly a quarter in virtually all sections of the grand stand and bleachers, and in these days of bounding prices the addition of only 25 cents calls for little protest. In view of the scale prevailing at other amusement places, the baseball admission rate does not appear to be out of proportion.

At the Polo Grounds the change in prices carried with it the announcement that nothing would be reserved except the upper and lower tier boxes. This means that the upper stand, which for years had been reserved, will be thrown open the same as the lower section, with the best seats in either section open to the early comers. In this respect the Polo Grounds fan has an advantage that is not shared by fans in other major league cities. He has the choice of more than 20,000 seats to select from as he wishes, with the best seat in the huge stand calling for no more than any of the other thousands of chairs.

Baseball magnates take some pride in the statement that they battled against the higher prices longer than did any other amusement enterprise, and that final capitulation to the exigencies of the times showed them making only a slight advance. Few will protest against their decision to raise prices. Baseball salaries have increased, and the cost of training, travel, with its advanced hotel rates; park attendants, and in fact everything connected with the game has gone up. It was a certainty that the admission scale would have to advance to meet new conditions, and the owners appear to have shown more consideration for the ultimate consumer than have many others who have been called upon to adjust rates.

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The Great Yacht Race.

If Sir Thomas Lipton were less indefatigably persistent than he is and has been, Americans who care for clean contests in the realm of sport would not have the opportunity of witnessing a series of stirring contests off Sandy Hook this coming Summer for the America's Cup, that ugly but historic and sentimental trophy emblematic of the championship of the seas.

It cannot be said that the Irish Baronet has received anything resembling encouragement from the New York Yacht Club in his numerous endeavors to consummate negotiations for another combat of single stickers for the cherished prize.

When Sir Thomas first came into the limelight as a contender for the cup there were at least suggestions of the interjection of the commercial into a sport renowned for its freedom from such a taint, but even though there might have been some such motive then, that time has long since passed. In all his later attempts to arrange for a marine battle royal it may safely be said that the only motive back of the challenger was a desire to lift the cup, such as might be expected from any red-blooded individual who never recognized defeat but believed that keeping everlastingly at an object brings success.

Prior to the recent acceptance by the New York Yacht Club of Sir Thomas's challenge a long and quite heated discussion, by letters and cable, took place regarding numerous details of the contests, some purely technical, but one at least in which the public is chiefly interested, namely, the waters in which the races should be held.

The New York Yacht Club recommended and urged a course off Newport, R. I., while Sir Thomas was equally insistent that the races be held off Sandy Hook, and he won. Those who sought an excuse to take a fling at the premier American yachting organization found it in this preference of the Newport course, and they attributed it to snobbishness or a desire to be exclusive.

There can be no doubt that, in a club having as large a membership as has the New York Yacht Club, at least a few may have preferred the Newport course because of its exclusiveness, but, on the other hand, all who have witnessed previous America's Cup races off Sandy Hook must remember, if they can recollect over a span of seventeen years, that the great armada of sightseeing craft, and some of them, interfered at one time or another with the contending yachts, and it was this thought, not exclusiveness, which prompted the N. Y. Y. C. to prefer the Newport course.

If there was such a great fleet present seventeen years ago, it is reasonable to suppose that a proportionately greater one will be in evidence this Summer, particularly when one considers the growth of motor boating, but, on the other hand, means for patrolling the course have developed to an even greater extent, and it is safe to say that means will be provided for keeping the course reasonably clear.

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May Modify Gridiron Rules.

When the Football Rules Committee convenes in March a whole medley of proposed changes will receive consideration. There is a spirit of reconstruction following the war in the great college game, as there is in the affairs of nations. Since 1906, when the forward pass was legalized and the distance needed on downs doubled from five to ten yards, the game has been remarkably free from alterations. To be sure, the thirty-minute halves were lengthened to thirty-five minutes in 1907, and still later cut into quarters, but in general the rules have been "interpreted" rather than changed during the last fourteen years. Since 1914 this has been actually true, and the rules have been allowed to crystallize in their present form. Only such minor improvements as eliminating the kickout after a touchback or a safety and putting the ball into play always on the 20-yard line and the regulation against allowing the head coach to walk up and down the side lines have been instituted since 1914.

The two seasons during the war were entirely free from changes, but now it would seem that the radicals are aiming to make up for lost time. Harvard alumni are under the spotlight with sensational new proposals, which, however, are not subscribed to entirely by Bob Fisher, the Crimson coach. One plan seeks to substitute quarters of forty plays for quarters of fifteen minutes, but this is not likely to receive serious attention from the committee. Another idea, also fostered at Harvard, seeks to lessen the chances of a weaker team winning a game from a stronger because of one outstanding star who can boot over field goals. This proposal would shorten the space between goal posts from 18 feet 6 inches to 14 feet, thereby putting a premium on driving play. This, too, probably will be attacked from all angles by the great majority of players, coaches and critics who are supremely satisfied with present-day football.

There is one proposed change, however, suggested at Cambridge, that is gathering favor throughout the country. It would increase in merit, if not in value the goal from touchdown, now of questionable satisfaction. By this provision both teams would line up on the 20-yard line or 25-yard line after a touchdown, and the try for goal would be made by a drop kick or kick from placement in a regular scrimmage. An important feature is that the kick always would be from directly in front of the posts. The puntout, in order to get a more advantageous position, would thus be eliminated.

This plan has some disadvantages. The extra point should be retained in the game. Many a great gridiron battle has been won by it, but comparatively few teams have a dependable drop or placement kicker. The eleven without such a proficient star would obviously be the weaker, even though the two scrimmage lines and the two backfields were equally strong, whereas the man who can make a goal from touchdown as now allowed is to be found on every squad.

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Some Needs of Squash Tennis.

The great popularity of the game of squash tennis this season has emphasized certain improvements which will eventually have to be made in the local courts in order to make it possible to conduct important matches properly. With hundreds flocking to see the crucial battles between amateurs and professionals alike, it has been found impossible to accommodate the would-be onlookers this year in the limited gallery space provided by most of the clubs. At the Yale club conditions are the best, but the Harvard quarters are limited, while at the Columbia University Club a large percentage of the crowd has necessarily been turned away, particularly for the concluding matches of the amateur national championship.

Here, at least, the enlarging of the gallery seems a possibility and plans, in fact, are already under way for securing more room along the side of the main court by building a grandstand on what is now the roof. It seems a pity also that on most of the courts the spectators are practically unable to see the shots that strike the back wall, many of which are of the utmost importance in deciding whether the ball is in or out. At the Yale Club it is possible to station a linesman near the front of the side gallery who can call the outs accurately. But in most other places it is necessary to leave close decisions of this kind to the players themselves.

In a recent professional match at the Harvard Club there were some important differences of opinion and there was no way for the referee to be sure that his decision was fair. The problem has been solved at the Columbia University Club by the "Keeler Telltale," a strip of metal which runs a few inches above the deadline at the back and rings up the outs quite as accurately as the actual telltale on the front wall. It is the invention of Fred S. Keeler of that club, who laid out the courts, and it seems the most practical plan for making decisions easy on the back wall, even where the spectators or linesmen can get a good look at the line. There should be no disputes or mistakes possible as to outs at the back, and even when the players themselves are inclined to be absolutely fair or needlessly generous the Keeler telltale should solve the difficulty of judging the close ones.

Squash tennis is at present in a state when every improvement of details will add appreciably to the vitality of a game which has already proved itself the most practical indoor recreation for the Winter months. It is through tournament play that it reaches its highest points and tournament matches should therefore have every possible consideration.

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Great Racing Season Looms.

The increased values of stakes announced by the various racing associations of the Metropolitan Circuit, seem generally to have met the demands of horsemen throughout the country. This is made evident by the unusually large number of entrants in the events for which entries have already been closed. These lists disclose that no leading horseman and no thoroughbred racer of any consequence, will be missing from the local tracks next season, which can be taken as an indication that the owners feel the associations have done all they can to make the events attractive and to remedy the condition under which horsemen have often raced for their own money.

It is doubtful if the associations which provide racing on the Metropolitan tracks will ever be able to meet the huge offerings made by the Maryland and Kentucky associations. These latter have the advantage of a percentage taken from the mutuel machines, which enables them to be very generous to horsemen. As a result these associations have been able to put up purses which entice horsemen away from the local tracks whenever there is a conflict in racing dates.

The Metropolitan tracks have no such fund to draw from to increase their stake events. They are dependent on the gate receipts, racing in New York being supported entirely by public patronage, in some past years the associations sustained losses, and while this is not likely to be the case next season, they can hardly be expected to compete with Western associations, which have a much more liberal income. However, the New York promoters have shown a willingness to share their profits with the horsemen who make the sport possible, and te latter seem to appreciate the fact.

Even though Maryland and Kentucky will put up larger purses generally, the New York tracks will continue to hold the best of the racers. This is indicated by the names of horses nominated for stakes to be run at Aqueduct. In the long list of names there is not one horse missing of any particular merit. All of the old favorites and many which have yet to make their reputations, will be seen in action. These include such formidable racers as Purchase, Sir Barton and Man O'War, with all the lesser lights, which vied with them for turf honors last year and will appear as their rivals again this season.

At the same time the officials of the various associations may feel secure in the thought that their increases are not being made in vain. They not only go to content the horsemen, but they serve to interest the public. Racing hereabouts is approaching the threshold of one of its greatest seasons, and quite possibly the greatest yet experienced.

PENN FIVE DRAWS AWAY FROM YALE

Quakers Tighten Their Grip on Topmost Position in Basket Ball Race.

Whatever chance the Yale basket ball five had of crowding Pennsylvania out of first place in this year's race for permanent possession of the intercollegiate trophy was curbed in Saturday's surprising upsets. After trailing along a close second for several weeks, the Elis took an unexpected tumble when Princeton, far outclassed this Winter, took the measure of the Bulldog by a decisive score.

The Quakers forged on ahead, taking a tighter grasp on the top position, by reason of their victory over Cornell, and have now completed exactly half of their games in the league round robin without a loss. Yale, with seven out of her ten games played, has already lost three and stands a poor second with the percentage of .571. Yale's next two games will be with Dartmouth at New Haven this week and at Hanover on March 6. Victories seem assured because of the Green's dismal showing this season, but on March 10 Yale will close her season against Pennsylvania.

Penn has already beaten every other team in the league once, and as the Philadelphia five seems to be gaining in strength weekly little doubt remains that it will run off with the championship. Indeed, so awed are the other teams by Penn's phenomenal five of this season that it would not be surprising if the Quakers went through their entire schedule without suffering a loss.

Princeton played plucky basket ball in beating Yale, but the victory will avail the Tigers little or nothing. Of her four remaining games only one will be on Princeton's home court, and at best the Tigers can probably merely beat out Cornell for third place.

Columbia sank as far as possible during last week and now crowds Dartmouth for the cellar place. The Columbia loss to Yale was unfortunate, since it was measured by only one point, even after an extra period of time had been played. But Dartmouth's triumph Saturday at Hanover was as complete as it was unexpected.

Penn, Columbia and Dartmouth each have the last half of the schedule to play; Cornell and Princeton have only four games left, and Yale has still to play three. The remaining games are booked as follows:

Feb. 25, Columbia at Pennsylvania; 27, Dartmouth at Yale, Cornell at Princeton; 28, Cornell at Columbia, Dartmouth at Pennsylvania; March 2, Dartmouth at Columbia; 5, Princeton at Columbia and Pennsylvania at Cornell; 6, Yale at Dartmouth; 9, Columbia at Cornell; 10, Pennsylvania at Yale; 13, Princeton at Pennsylvania; 19, Princeton at Dartmouth.

Captain Van Slyck of Yale jumped far ahead of his rivals for individual scoring honors and now has 88 to his credit. Porter of Cornell, who has been pressing him hard, finds himself now in a tie for second place with Sweeney of Pennsylvania at 70 points. Farrell of Columbia joins the first six and is in fourth place with 38.

The six leading individual scorers and the standing of the teams follow:

Player.	Games.	Field Goals.	Foul Goals.	Total Pts.
Van Slyck, Yale	7	17	54	88
Porter, Cornell	6	18	34	70
Sweeney, Penn	5	11	48	70
Farrell, Columbia	5	6	26	38
Browne, Dartmouth	5	10	15	35
Hynson, Princeton	6	16	2	34

College	Games.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Pennsylvania	5	5	5	1.000
Yale	7	4	3	.571
Cornell	6	3	3	.500
Princeton	6	3	3	.500
Columbia	5	1	4	.200
Dartmouth	5	1	4	.200

VICTORY FOR HOLY NAME.

Basket Ball Team Vanquishes Rosary Five by a Score of 36 to 23.

The Holy Name basket ball players defeated their fellow Harlemites of the Holy Rosary five at the Manhattan Casino yesterday afternoon by a score of 36 to 23. McDermott, who scored 15 points for the winners, was the star of the game.

The lineup:

HOLY NAME (36).		HOLY ROSARY (23).
McDermott	R.F.	McLaughlin
Tideaback	L.F.	Lennon
T. Driscoll	C.	W. Thompson
F. Driscoll	R.G.	G. Thompson
Pinkney	L.G.	McPetrie

Goals from floor—McDermott (5), Tideback, T. Driscoll (4), Pinkney (3), Connolly, McLaughlin (4), Lennon (2), W. Thompson (2), G. Thompson. Goals from foul—McDermott (5), Tideaback (3), McLaughlin (2), Lennon, McPetrie (2).

Substitution—Holy Name: Connolly for F. Driscoll.

Referee—Mr. McCaffery. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

NEW YORK WINS AT CHESS.

Manhattan Club Easily Defeats Boston in Telegraphic Match.

An easy victory by 6½ to 2½, which will probably be changed to 7 to 3 when the unfinished game is adjudicated, was the result of the first of the Manhattan Chess Club's two telegraphic matches with the team representing Boston at the Boston City Club.

The New Yorkers lost but one game, at the tenth board, won five, and drew three, incidentally obtaining valuable practice for the return match by wire, to be contested with the Capital City Chess Club of Washington today from noon to midnight.

SQUADRON A POLO PLANS.

More Than Fifty Candidates Trying for the Team.

With more than fifty candidates trying for the team, polo, both indoors and outdoors, is enjoying a boom that bespeaks well for the future of the sport with Squadron A. Major Nathaniel Eglesston, the new commanding officer of the squadron, says that this famous mounted National Guard organization, which did so much in the past to keep alive the sport, plans to make quite a feature of the game this year and will go into it on a more extensive scale than ever before. Seekers of places on the four are working hard daily and devoting every Saturday afternoon to practice. The material is of such a character that followers of the sport are certain the squadron will have a team that will maintain the reputation made by other representatives of the organization.

As soon as the weather permits practice will be started at Van Cortlandt Park. Outdoor matches will be one of the big features of the season's program, and they will be played with all military units in this vicinity. It is intended to have weekly matches throughout the season.

Carlton Winner on Skis.

MONTREAL, Feb. 22.—John Carlton of Dartmouth College won the Canadian-American intercollegiate ski jumping championship and finished fourth in the Quebec Province titular event here yesterday with a jump of seventy-six feet. R. Bowler and C. Backswith, both of Dartmouth, won third and fourth places, respectively, in the college event. Frank Mackinnon of Montreal was first in the several events, with a jump of eighty-seven feet.

HANDBALL TITLE IS CAPTURED BY REGAN

Annunciation A. C. Athlete Defeats Shea for Metropolitan Honors in Singles.

Cyril Regan of the Annunciation A. C. yesterday gained the Metropolitan A. A. U. singles handball championship in the final play for this branch of the tournament, which is being held on the court of the Annunciation Club in West 129th Street. Regan, responding to the cheers of several hundred clubmates who jammed every vantage point about the four-wall court on which he was battling for the title, defeated Dan Shea, fireman-athlete of the Pastime A. C., in straight games by scores of 21—10, 21—17. These two players survived a field of more than twenty handball exponents.

Play for the doubles title was continued and progressed to the semi-final round. This branch of the competition produced a measure of consolation for Pastime A. C. members, for the Bronx club's combination, P. Ryan and J. McGann, vanquished Adolph and John Badinelli, the strong Annunciation A. C. team, in a spirited three-game match. The scores were 21—8, 11—21, 21—13. In another match a quartet of Annunciation A. C. representatives furnished the contest, which ended, after three stiff games, in a victory for Andy O'Brien and Edward Demarest over Robert Powers and James Beakey, at scores of 20—21, 21—19 and 21—13.

The summaries:

Metropolitan A. A. U. Handball Championship, Singles; Final Round—Cyril Regan, Annunciation A. C., defeated Dan Shea, Pastime A. C., 21—10, 21—17.

Doubles; Third Round—P. Ryan and J. McGann, Pastime A. C., defeated Adolph Badinelli and John Badinelli, Annunciation A. C., 21—8, 11—21, 21—13; Andy O'Brien and Edward Damerest, Annunciation A. C., defeated Robert Powers and James Beakey, Annunciation A. C., 20—21, 21—19, 21—13.

Annunciation Five in Action Today.

The annunciation Big Five basket ball team will engage the Robins Dry Dock quintet in a holiday game this afternoon at Dry Dock. The contest will start at 4 o'clock.

NEW ROCHELLE WINS ON ICE

Defeats Albany Field Club Hockey Team at Schenectady, 4 to 1.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Feb. 22.—The New Rochelle Hockey Club sextet scored a convincing victory over the Albany Field Club team here today, the final score favoring the former by 4 goals to 1.

Allen Smith, centre, was the leading scorer for the victorious team. Held in restraint during the first period because of the superb defense of the rival team.

The lineup:

NEW ROCHELLE (4).		ALBANY (1).
Bull	G.	McNamee
L. Smith	P.	Mayer
Hunter	C. P.	Murray
A. Smith	C.	Lawler
C. Smith	R. W.	Wheeler
Wellington	L. W.	Fruyen

Goals—First period: T. Smith, in 5:00; Wellington, in 10:00. Second period: A. Smith, in 1:00; Wheeler, in 9:45; A. Smith, in 14:53.

Time of periods—Twenty minutes.

Jewtraw to Race at Minneapolis.

LAKE PLACID, N. Y., Feb. 22.—Charles Jewtraw, Eastern amateur skating champion; Joe Moore and Al Leitch, of Lake Placid, left today for Minneapolis, to compete in the Northwestern championship meet there Feb. 28 and 29.

ADVERTISEMENT.

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TO BE SO

MAJOR LEAGUE TRAINING CAMPAIGN OPENS IN SOUTH TODAY

MAJORS AT WORK IN SOUTH TODAY

"Stove" League Disbands As Connie's Athletics Usher in Another New Baseball Year.

DODGERS MOVE THURSDAY

Yankees Will Follow Them to Jacksonville on Saturday—Cubs to Train in California.

In far-off Lake Charles, La., a little city in the southwestern corner of that State, the 1920 baseball campaign is scheduled to start today. Connie Mack, with a small band of recruits and his veteran catcher, Cy Perkins, will usher in the training of what is expected to be a record-breaking season on the diamond.

Connie's batterymen who left Philadelphia Friday formed the vanguard of the major league players leaving the chilly north for the warmer clime of Dixie. Before the current week is ended most of the major league clubs will be headed for their training camps.

From the various sections of the country players will begin this week to converge toward camps in Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Louisiana and Texas. About thirty players will be moved toward California, where the Chicago Cubs will do their training.

The idea that a team can do its conditioning at home as well as in the warmer sections of the country was dispelled last year, when Branch Rickey's Cardinals and Connie Mack's Athletics tried it out. This year Rickey is going about as far south as any manager ever took a ball club, and Mack will give a few hundred dollars to the railroad companies to get his players down to the southwestern corner of Louisiana.

Following closely on the start of the Mackmen will be that of the Detroit batterymen. Hugh Jennings has ordered Jack Coombs to begin work early this week at Macon, Ga., with a squad made up of veteran and rookie hurlers and some veteran backstops. Eddie Ainsmith led the Tigers into camp when he arrived at Macon last Thursday. The Detroit regulars are slated to start the training camp by Saturday next and the entires quad will be at work next Monday.

Speaker's Indians Leave Wednesday.

Tris Speaker and his first squad of players will set out from Cleveland Wednesday night for New Orleans. Seven pitchers make up this delegation and eight other boxmen have been ordered to go direct from their homes to the Crescent City, where work is to be started on Friday. Other members of the Cleveland team have received orders to report by March 3, so the entire squad, barring the holdouts, will be in camp one week from tomorrow. Steve O'Neil and Joe Harris are not included in the training plans, as both are holdouts.

On Thursday the advance guard of the Brooklyn team gets under way for Jacksonville, the Robins being the first of the National Leaguers to start for the training camp. Three players and some newspaper men start from here by boat for the Florida metropolis. Other players will leave from their homes for the training camp, and Manager Robinson expects to have most of his players at the camp by Monday next.

One day later Clark Griffith will start for his training camp in Tampa, Fla., with a number of his younger players. Nick Altrock and Trainer Mike Martin are already in camp, getting things in readiness. The veterans of the Griffith squad are due in Tampa a week later, the last of the players being scheduled for arrival on March 8.

The main advance on the training camps is scheduled for Saturday, when four National League teams and three from the American League will begin the long jaunt, one for California, and the others for the South. The Giants and the Yankee players going from New York are scheduled to leave Saturday, and the Cubs' entire squad will leave Chicago on the same day for Pasadena. Both St. Louis teams will move toward Texas on Saturday. The Boston Red Sox will start for Hot Springs, and George Gibson will take a number of Pittsburgh batterymen to the Arkansas resort. The Pittsburgh veterans will not report until a week later.

White Sox Last to Move.

On Sunday next the Boston Braves will make their start southward, and are scheduled to begin work at Columbus, Ga., one week from tomorrow. Late next week the Phillies and Reds will get into the long parade, and a week later, March 12, the Chicago White Sox will bring up in the rear of the procession. Gleason's aggregation is not scheduled to engage in any exhibition games this Spring, and for that reason the start of the training campaign has been delayed. Some of the clubs will have played nine-inning games before the White Sox reach their camp.

Both Texas and Florida will have four major league clubs as guests during the training season. The Giants will work out at Marlin, the White Sox at Waco, the Cardinals at Brownsville and the Browns at Taylor, Texas. The teams to train in Florida are the Yankees and Robins at Jacksonville, the Senators at Tampa and the Reds at Miami. The Braves and Tigers will do their training in Georgia, the Pirates and Red Sox in Arkansas, the Indians and Mackmen in Alabama, while the Phillies will work out in Alabama and the Cubs in California.

Fate of Canadian Racing May Be Foreshadowed This Week

TORONTO, Ontario, Feb. 22.—While the dates for Canadian racing in 1920 have been announced, there is still some doubt as to whether the program as announced will be carried out under the law. As it stands at present there is no ban on racing, but there is a possibility of hostile legislation.

Dr. J. G. Rutherford, who acted as a Commissioner to inquire into the whole matter of racing in Canada, is preparing his report, and it is expected to be the basis of legislation during the session which is to be opened at Ottawa on Feb. 26. It is likely that the report will be in the hands of the Government early this week. Therefore, unless in the meantime there is legislation forbidding racing on any or all of the tracks in Canada, there will be nothing to prevent the holding of a race meeting at Woodbine during the week of May 22.

STAKES AT JAMAICA INCREASE IN VALUE

Several Fixtures to be Decided in Early Meetings Carry More Money This Year.

Walter C. Edwards, racing secretary of the Metropolitan Jockey Club, made public yesterday a list of the stakes to be run off at the first and second meetings to be held May 15 to May 22 and June 14 to June 23, both inclusive, at the Jamaica race course. Eight stakes will be decided in the seven-day meeting in May and nine in the June meeting, which lasts nine days.

The Paumonok Handicap, of the value of $5,000, is the most important of the stake races scheduled for the earlier meeting. It is for three-year-olds and upward over six furlongs of ground and will undoubtedly engage the attention of owners of the best of the handicap division which are then ready for action. The other leading events for the all-aged racers, barring only the youngsters, at this May session are the Kings County Handicap and the Garden City and Newtown Selling Stakes. There is also one important fixture for the three-year-olds, the Southampton Handicap at one mile and a sixteenth, to which $2,500 is added.

For the two-year-olds the chief feature of the first meeting is the Colorado Stakes of a guaranteed value of $5,000. The course is five furlongs. The Sufolk Selling Stakes calls for the same trip for the young racers and carries $1,500 in added money. The same sum is added to the Montauk Stakes, another selling race, which is half a furlong longer.

There are two $6,000 races in the June meeting, each of which carries $1,000 more for distribution than was up for division last year. These are the Excelsior Handicap for three-year-olds and upward at one mile and a sixteenth and the Youthful Stakes for the baby races over a five and a half furlong course. The other chief events at the second meeting for the older horses include the Long Beach Handicap at nine furlongs, with $2,500 added; the Rainbow Handicap, at six furlongs, with $2,000 added, and the Olympic Selling Stakes, also at six furlongs, to which $1,500 is added.

The crack three-year-olds will be enticed into action at the June session by the Stuyvesant Handicap, at one mile, with a value of $5,000.

HAVANA ENTRIES.
(Tuesday)

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs, claiming, for maiden three-year-olds, purse $800. Miss K., 98 pounds; *Rockaree, 100; *Herself, 101; Plainheather, 101; *Mary Fitzhugh, 101; *Smallstone, 103; Mineral, 106; Virgie Lee, 108; *Mildred, 108; *Sea Prince, 110.

SECOND RACE—Five and a half furlongs, for three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $600. *Drusilla, 85 pounds; *Jill, 99; *Lackrose, 102; *Sophie K., 103; D. C. Girl, 104; *Top Rung, 104; Bella Wilfer, 104; *Sir Oliver, 105; *Prince Bonero, 105; *Twenty-seven, 108; Sea Beach, 110; Perseus, 110.

THIRD RACE—Five and a half furlongs, for three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $600. *Annabelle, 86 pounds; *Koran, 97; *Premium, 99; *Dainty Lady, 99; *Tarascon, 101; *Nepe, 103; *Skeer Face, 105; *Walter Mack, 105; High Gear, 107; Brizs, 110; Iron Cross, 110; Meliora, 114.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs, the Grito Debaire Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, purse $800. Surprise, 100 pounds; Belle of Elizabethtown, 105; Different Eyes, 105; Basil, 109; Bill McCloy, 109; Alvard, 111; Ima Frank, 116; Colonel Taylor, 117; Sirocco, 117.

FIFTH RACE—Mile and a furlong, Independence Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, $3,000 added. Scotch Verdict, 96 pounds; War Spirit, 101; Legal, 103; Lackawanna, 106; Walnut Hall, 108; Buford, 113; Hank O'Day, 113; Bally, 117; Cromwell, 130.

SIXTH RACE—One mile and one-sixteenth, for four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $600. *Little Ceta, 103 pounds; *Rameau, 106; Eda Herrmann, 108; *Rey Ennis, 108; *Assign, 108; Wild Thyme, 108; Baby Rasch, 110; *Half and Half, 111; Miss Sweep, 111; Legacy, 111; Jose de Vales, 116.

SEVENTH RACE—One mile and fifty yards, for four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $700. *Lariat, 93 pounds; *Salvatelle, 99; *John W. Klein, 100; *Candle Light, 102; *Coryden, 103; *Circulate, 103; Coral, 111; Monomoy, 111.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear; track fast.

BALLY TO THE FORE IN HAVANA FEATURE

Stoneham Entry Makes Strong Finish and Wins George Washington Handicap.

HAVANA, Feb. 22.—Bally again showed his class here today, racing in the colors of Charles A. Stoneham and performing at his best. He led his field home in the George Washington Handicap at one mile, the feature of the card at the Oriental Park course.

The son of Ballot was the choice of the large field, and it was due to his good courage alone that he was up in the last jump to win the event.

The Cherry Tree Handicap was another attraction on the program, and it resulted in victory for the long shot Mess Kit.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $600; claiming; 5½ furlongs. Timothy J. Horan, 103 pounds (Antimon), 6 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, first; Lenora P., 86 (F. Hunt), 7 to 1, 3 to 1 and 8 to 5, second; Miss Le Rue M., 91 (Jarrell), 6 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, third. Time—1:08 1-5. He's a Bear, Baby Bonds, Galaway, May Maulsby, Burlingame, Jack Dawson, Old Eylers and Sentry also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $600; claiming; 5½ furlongs. Trophy, 109 pounds (Garmody), 5 to 2, 4 to 5 and 1 to 3, first; Elga, 106 (Murray), 10 to 1, 4 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Phedoden, 106 (Kederis), 7 to 5, 1 to 3 and 1 to 6, third. Time—1:07 4-5. Leoma, Lad Assign, Frank Burke, Harlock, Rora, Marty Lou and Lowell also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $600; claiming; six furlongs. Blondel, 106 pounds (Murray), 6 to 5, 1 to 3 and 2 to 5, first; Yorkville, 106 (Carmody), 5 to 2, even and 1 to 2, second; Sister Susie, 101 (Chiavetta), 5 to 2, even and 1 to 2, third. Time—1:13 2-5. Premium, White Crown, Polar Cub, Little Nephew and Koran also ran.

FOURTH RACE—The Cherry Tree Handicap; for three-year-olds; purse $800; six furlongs. Mess Kit, 96 pounds (Merimee), 12 to 1, 5 to 1 and 5 to 2, first; Miss Patty, 108 (Murray), 2 to 1, 4 to 5 and 2 to 5, second; Eulah F., 100 (Chiavetta), 5 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, third. Time—1:12 4-5. Sea Bat, Herron, Orleans Girl, Horace Learch and Mighty Level also ran.

FIFTH RACE—The George Washington Handicap; purse $1,000; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Bally, 117 pounds (McCrann), 8 to 5, 3 to 5 and 1 to 3, first; Alvord, 110 (Tryon), 10 to 1, 4 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Poacher, 108 (Finley), 6 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, third. Time—1:40. Lackawanna, Major Dome, Don Thrush, Freemantle, War Spirit, Monomoy and W. Ward also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $600; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Solid Rock, 110 pounds (Mangan), 5 to 2, even and 1 to 2, first; Assumption, 105 (Barnes), 5 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, second; Chillum, 104 (Carmody), 6 to 5, 1 to 2 and 1 to 4, third. Time—1:47 4-5. Little Nearer, O'Malley, Dick Bengon and Little Ed also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $600; four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and an eighth. Fly Home, 106 pounds (Carmody), 4 to 1, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, first; Dick Williams, 103 (Chiavetta), 6 to 5, 1 to 2 and 1 to 4, second; Woodthrush, 108 (F. Hunt), 8 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, third. Time—1:53 2-5. Sasenta, Fairly, Attorney Muir, The Talker, Great Gull, High Tide also ran.

LONDOS TO MEET LEWIS.

Curley Signs Wrestlers for Bout at Garden on March 2.

Jim Londos, the Greek wrestling champion, and Strangler Lewis were matched yesterday to meet in a finish match at Madison Square Garden on March 2. The two grapplers were brought together by Promoter Jack Curley after Londos and Billy Sandow, the manager of Lewis, wound up in a heated discussion over the ability of the Strangler and Londos.

When Londos battled Stecher the other night he demonstrated that he is a wrestler of the highest calibre. His display of gameness and offense made him one of the real heroes of the game. Though he was eventually forced to succumb to the skill and strength of the champion, he gave Stecher a terrific struggle.

In addition to this match, Curley intends to stage a match between two other headliners the same night. He expects to receive the signed articles today or tomorrow.

Forty-Foot Putt Squares Match.
Special to The New York Times.

BELLEAIR HEIGHTS, Fla., Feb. 22. Henry J. Topping of Greenwich, paired with Alex Smith of Wykagyl, finished all even today in a four-ball match against Ellsworth Augustus of Cleveland and Davie Robertson, of the Detroit Pro. Augustus sank a forty-foot putt for a four on the last green to square the match.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for two-year-old maidens, colts and geldings; three and one-half furlongs. Home Guard 115 pounds, Voorin 115, No Fooling 115, Tutt 115, Humpy 115, Coombs 115, Freddie 115, Rungeorge 115, Tommie C. 115.

SECOND RACE—Purse $600; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five and a half furlongs. Jockey Jane 90 pounds, *Little Maudie 98, *Rose Mary 98, *Grumbling Ina 98, *Silvey Shapiro 98, *Jean K. 98, *Humma 108, Marie Rappold 108, Corson 108, The Gallant 108, Stetsy 108, M. Bert Thurman 108, Neg 108, Yorkist 108, Marsamus 108. Also eligible: Benecia 90, Alf Vezina 108, Tom Brooks 108.

THIRD RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Choice 98 pounds, Thousand 101, *Pigeon 103, *Marmite 104, Madras Gingham 105, J. P. House 108, *American Eagle 107, Goldvale 107, *Bagpipe 109, *Iwin Iwin 109, Huntsman 110, Promise Me 110, Kate Bright 110, Ting-a-Ling 118. Also eligible: Poultney 112, *Jago 109, Bell Ringer 108.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $800; for four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Rainbow Girl 108 pounds, Legotal 108, Stephen 108, Bonstelle 108, Osgood 108, Applejack II. 108, Siesta 108, Ed. M. Stone 108, I Win 107, W. W. Hastings 110, Pullux 110, Trusty 110, Troltus 110, Assume 110. Also eligible—Dixie Carroll 108.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $700; George Washington Handicap; for three-year-olds; one mile and seventy yards. Yaphank 98 pounds, Simpleton 106, Fleer 105, Damask 126, Bulletproof 120, Breadman 116, St. Germain 106, General Glenn 113, Golden Dawn 90, Bone Dry 112.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. *Bar One 107 pounds, Red Domino 97, *Water Willow 98, *Orenzo 98, Grandee 108, Kimpalong 108, Glass Toi 110.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. *Merry Lass 102 pounds, Say When 106, *Poilu 105, Charming 107, Mab 107, *Almine 107, *Red Start 107, Frank Maltex 110, Caballo 110, Dr. Crigler, 112, Sky Pilot 112, Lucius 112, Ben Hampson 112, Raconteuse 107, *Captain Hodge 107. Also eligible—Alhena 107, Indolence 112, Water War 107.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear; track fast.

DURLAND'S TEAMS WIN AT WEST POINT

Whippany and Foxhunters Outclass Army Officers in Indoor Polo Matches.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Feb. 22.—Earl Hopping, prospective member of America's international polo team, and Archie Kinney, former member of the Royal Air Force Trio of Canada, combined this morning to give polo teams of Durland's Riding Academy a brace of victories over West Point officers' teams. Hopping, playing back for the Whippany trio, composed of members of the Whippany River Club, helped considerably toward an 8 to 2 victory over the West Point Reds, while Kinney, at No. 2 position for the Durland Foxhunters, was the chief figure in his team's victory over the West Point Whites by a margin of 5½ goals to 4½.

The games were held in the big West Point riding hall as a morning after climax to the annual Hundredth Night celebration, which was observed Saturday. In both games the Durland polo-ists rode army ponies. A large crowd witnessed both games and enjoyed interesting competition. Particularly in the Foxhunters-Whites clash was the play keen. This engagement went to an extra period of three minutes, in which Kinney, with masterly use of his stick and skilful horsemanship, registered the deciding goal for the Foxhunters shortly before the final whistle.

The lineups:

FOXHUNTERS (5¼).	WHITES (4½).
1—George Sherman.	1—Capt. Rafferty.
2—Archie Kinney.	2—Capt. Nelson.
Back—Herbert Winn.	Back—Capt. Greenwald

Goals—Sherman (2), Kinney (3), Winn, Captain Rafferty (3), Captain Nelson, Captain Greenwald. Penalties—Sherman, ½ goal for foul; Captain Rafferty, ½ goal for foul.

Referee—Captain J. K. Brown, West Point. Timekeeper—Captain T. K. Brown, West Point. Time of periods—Six of 7 minutes 30 seconds each, and an extra one of 3 minutes.

WHIPPANY (8).	REDS (2½).
1—R. A. Grannis.	1—Capt. Tully.
2—Harry Guthrie.	2—Capt. Devens.
Back—Earl Hopping.	Back—Capt. Breuer.

Goals—Grannis (2), Hopping (6), Captain Tulley (2), Captain Breuer. Penalty—Captain Tully, ½ goal for foul.

Referee—Captain Anderson, West Point. Timekeeper—Captain Surles, West Point. Time of periods—Six of 7 minutes 30 seconds each.

MORE EXHIBITS ARRIVE.

All Craft and Engines Now in Place at Motor Boat Show.

When the Motor Boat Show resumes this morning in the Grand Central Palace all exhibits will be in place. Several of the exhibits which have been delayed because of traffic conditions got in yesterday, and were immediately placed in position. These included the boat displays of the George Lawley & Son Corporation and the Luders Marine Construction Company. It was necessary to get special permission to move the Lawley exhibit, because of rail congestion.

The excellent attendance at the show goes far to prove the interest in water sports this year. The fact that the America's Cup races are to be staged here in July and that the Harmsworth Trophy events are to be contested in England in August has greatly stimulated the boating world.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Pressure distribution has changed but little in the last twenty-four hours. The depression of Saturday night in Arkansas has about filled up over eastern Tennessee, and a second depression as yet of little intensity is central over southern Utah. Pressure is high over the north Rocky Mountain region and the St. Lawrence Valley.

General rains have fallen in the Middle, South Atlantic and East Gulf States and snow in northern New England. Rain has also fallen in California and Arizona.

In other parts of the Washington forecast district fair weather will continue with little change in temperature.

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Monday and Tuesday, gentle east to south winds.

Southern New England—Fair Monday and Tuesday.

Northern New England—Fair Monday and Tuesday, warmer Tuesday.

Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday, not much change in temperature.

Western New York—Fair Monday; Tuesday partly cloudy, snow flurries along the lakes.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 12 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
8 A. M.	34	35	4 P. M.	40	37
6 A. M.	36	36	6 P. M.	37	36
9 A. M.	30	35	9 P. M.	37	36
12 M.	34	37	11 P. M.	36	36

The thermometer is at 114 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 35; for the corresponding date last year it was 37; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 31.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 31; at 8 P. M. it was 35. Maximum temperature, 40 degrees, at 3:45 P. M. Minimum, 30 degrees at 8 A. M. Humidity, 100 per cent. at 8 A. M., 67 per cent. at 8 P. M. The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.13 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.10 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
3:50—5 W. 32 St.; Dets & Ortenberg	Slight
9:45—97 2 Av.; G. Hamberger	Slight
10:15—24 E. 124 St.; Gertrude Marshall	
P. M.	Slight
3:10—14 Mott St.; J. Low	Slight
5:30—306 Av. A; not given	Not given
7:20—240 E. 2 St.; F. Klein	Slight
8:00—362 Broome St.; Herrmann & Co.	Not given
9:50—10 W. 18 St.; Hirsch & Co.	Slight

I·M·M·Lines
AMERICAN LINE
Fast Mail Steamers
NEW YORK—PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON

St. Paul	12 Noon, Feb. 28	Mar. 27	Apr. 24	
Philadelphia	12 Noon, Mar. 6	Apr. 3	May 1	
New York	Mar. 20	Apr. 17	May 15	

NEW YORK—HAMBURG

Mongolia	2 P. M., Feb. 28	Apr. 10	
Manchuria	Mar. 27	May 8	

PHILADELPHIA—LIVERPOOL

Haverford	Apr. 5	May 19

RED STAR LINE
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON
CHERBOURG—ANTWERP

Lapland	2 P. M., Feb. 25		

NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—ANTWERP

Kroonland	Mar. 17	Apr. 24	May 29	July 3
Finland	Mar. 24	May 1	June 5	July 10
Lapland	Apr. 3	May 8	June 12	July 17
Zeeland		June 19	July 24	

WHITE STAR LINE
N. Y.—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON

†Lapland	2 P. M., Feb. 25			
Adriatic	Mar. 20	Apr. 24	May 29	July 3

†To Southampton, Cherbourg, Antwerp.
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL

Cedric	12 Noon, Mar. 6	Apr. 10		
Baltic	12 M., Mar. 13	Apr. 17	May 22	June 26
Oriana	End Apr.			
Celtic	2 P. M., May 15	June 19	July 24	

NEW YORK—AZORES—GIBRALTAR
NAPLES—GENOA

Canopic	2 P. M., Mar. 16	May 11	
Cretic	2 P. M., Mar. 31	May 26	

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S. S. ROTTERDAM.....Mar. 26, May 1, June 12
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LA SAVOIE	FEB. 28,	APR. 17,	MAY 22
LA TOURAINE	MAR. 6,	APR. 24,	JUNE 5
ROCHAMBEAU	MAR. 16,	APR. 29,	MAY 27
FRANCE	MAR. 18,	APR. 14,	MAY 13
LA LORRAINE	MAR. 27,	MAY 1,	MAY 29

NEW YORK—BORDEAUX
CHICAGO (From Pier 84, N. R.).. MAR. 6
NIAGARA (From Pier 84, N. R.) MAR. 13
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Miniature Almanac for Today.
[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]
Sun rises.....6:41 | Sun sets.....5:39

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:59	10:23	3:56	4:10
Governors Island	10:05	10:22	4:12	4:25
Hell Gate	12:00		6:01	6:14

Arrived—Sunday, Feb. 22.

SS Megali Hellas, Piraeus, Feb. 2.
SS Syria, Piraeus, Jan. 15.
SS Strabo, Buenos Aires, Jan. 22.
SS Henry Clay, Antwerp, Jan. 31.
SS East Indian, London, Feb. 3.
SS Alliance, Colon, Feb. 15.
SS Karimoen, Port Natal, Jan. 19.
SS Severnpoe, Shields, Jan. 31.
SS Buford, Antwerp, Feb. 5.
SS Lake Duncan, Nuevitas, Feb. 15.
SS Waiwera, Avonmouth, Feb. 4.
SS Tregaron, Hull, Feb. 4.
SS Gen. G. W. Gorgas, Colon, Feb. 13.

Incoming Steamships.
DUE TODAY.

Duca degli Abruzzi	Gibraltar	Feb. 13
Chicago	Bordeaux	Feb. 1
Savoie	Havre	Feb. 14
Marica	Colon	Feb. 15
Eurana	Genoa	Jan. 25
Antonio Lopez	Havana	Feb. 18
Calamares	Limon	Feb. 13
Fort Hamilton	Bermuda	Feb. 14

DUE TOMORROW.

Kaiserin Aug. Victoria	Liverpool	Feb. 14
Medina	Genoa	Feb. 1
Montana	Vera Cruz	Feb. 16
Morro Castle	Havana	Feb. 20
West Modus	Gibraltar	Feb. 7

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Cedric	Liverpool	Feb. 16
New York City	Bristol	Feb. 10
Stephen	London	Feb. 12
Galahad	Glasgow	Feb. 12

Outgoing Steamships.
SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Ardgowan, London		12:00 M.
Persian Prince, Shanghai		12:00 M.
F. J. Luckenbach, Rotterdam		10:00 A.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Taormina, Naples	9:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Carrillo, Limon	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Rosalind, St. John's	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Spartan Prince, Cape Town	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Lapland, Southampton	10:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
San Giorgio, Naples	9:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Belgic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Moemugao, Lisbon	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Fort Hamilton, Bermuda	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Iroquois, Turks Island	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Caracas, Port Rico	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Advance, Haiti	12:00 M.	4:00 P.M.

Reported by Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., FEB. 22.
SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, incoming from Liverpool, was signaled; due Feb. 24, afternoon. Cunard Line.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Santa Luisa, at Valparaiso, Feb. 20.
SS Milwaukee Bridge, at Queenstown, Feb. 21.

Sailed.

SS Clan Monroe, from Colombo, Feb. 14.
SS Gunston Hall, from Buenos Aires, Feb. 19.
SS Shaume, from Buenos Aires, Feb. 19.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 6 P. M., as follows:

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, Cochin China and Netherlands East Indies, via San Francisco—SS Siberia Maru.....Feb. 23
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, Cochin China, Netherlands East Indies and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.—SS Empress of Japan.....Feb. 25
Hawaii, via San Francisco—SS Manoa.Feb. 26
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, Cochin China, Netherlands East Indies and Philippine Islands, via Seattle—SS Manila Maru.....Feb. 27
Hawaii, Guam, Siam, Siberia, and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco—U. S. A. T. Sherman.....Feb. 29
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, Cochin China, Netherlands East Indies and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco—SS Colombia.....Mar. 1
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand, via San Francisco—SS Sonoma.....Mar. 11

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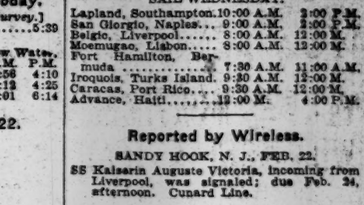

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K. A. Victoria	New York	to Plymouth, Cherbourg and Liverpool	Mar. 2
Carmania	New York	" Plymouth, Cherbourg and Liverpool	Mar. 6
Imperator	New York	" Cherbourg and Southampton	Mar. 6
Vasari	New York	" Liverpool	Mar. 9
Royal George	New York	" Plymouth, Havre and Southampton	Mar. 9
Columbia	New York	" Londonderry and Glasgow	Mar. 13
Mauretania	New York	" Cherbourg and Southampton	Mar. 20
Saxonia	New York	" Plymouth, Havre and London	Mar. 30
Pannonia	New York	" Patras, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Mar. 31
K. A. Victoria	New York	" Liverpool	Apr. 3
Carmania	New York	" Liverpool	Apr. 6
Royal George	New York	" Plymouth, Havre and Southampton	Apr. 14
Mauretania	New York	" Cherbourg and Southampton	Apr. 17
Caronia	New York	" Plymouth, Cherbourg and London	Apr. 17
Columbia	New York	" Londonderry and Glasgow	Apr. 17
Imperator	New York	" Cherbourg and Southampton	May 1

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FINANCIAL SITUATION

Railroad Securities Reflect Conservative Views of Bill in Congress.

In the market for railroad stocks and bonds last week was supplied evidence that the public acquired a measure of satisfaction from the Railroad bill. True, the bill as it went from conference to the two branches of Congress contained many clauses which will need to be worked out in practical application, with others which may have to be interpreted liberally in the future in order to satisfy the pleas of workers and employers. The Interstate Commerce Commission is intrusted with powers over the making of rates and the distribution of traffic which were not dreamed of before the war by either the railroad managements or the users of transportation. The general thought of establishing a rate structure which will return for two years at least 5½ per cent. and probably 6 per cent. on the aggregate railroad property throughout the country leaves room for clarification in respect to its application to individual carriers. The problem whether "book value" or fresh valuations shall dominate in figuring railway investment is one that promises to promote acrimonious discussion. As has been said, there are sections of the bill which bristle with subjects for litigation. There will undoubtedly be difficulties to overcome before the bill, if enacted into law as it stands, becomes a working document, one that satisfies all of the many interests comprised in a strong, efficient and profitable railway system. But the fact which the financial community laid stress upon after the measure became public was that, at least, definite machinery had been shaped for the work of rejuvenating the roads as a whole, for the restoration under private ownership of economical management and the re-establishment of a sound investment medium. The week's promise of speedy action by Congress brought near the day when the fixing of adequate rates will let the roads pay their own way again and provide a reasonable return on money put into them. It may be some time before a real speculative flavor can be ascribed to railroad stocks. The hesitant action of the shares after last week's initial advance seemed to reflect a feeling of the sort. Bonds, also, steadied down following a surge forward. Since rail shares touched their minimum levels of the year early this month, it is significant that recoveries extending from 2 to 10 points have occurred. Only a part of this upturn developed after the Railroad bill was sent out of the Conference Committee, an indication that during the final stages of preparation very meagre information in respect to the measure helped to stimulate the confidence of purchasers of stocks. So, even though sentiment may fluctuate in the ensuing few weeks and speculators be cautious, securities were put into a more favorable position by the presentation of the bill, and the predictions of pessimists were not borne out.

The credit situation has lost none of its serious aspect despite the stability of call money at 6 per cent. for a week and slight signs of easement of collateral time loans. In New York there has been heavy liquidation of stock market loans in the last seven weeks, but the credit released in this department has been largely absorbed in commercial lines. The Clearing House banks have reported a decline of $281,000,000 in their total loan account since Jan. 1, but while liquidation of securities has figured largely in this result, it is significant that during the period holdings of bills and acceptances, representing commercial loans, have expanded approximately $101,000,000. Government deposits in the seven weeks have been drawn down $285,000,000 and demand deposits have fallen about $133,000,000, the latter change evidently due to a movement of funds from local institutions back to interior institutions on a scale unusually large for the season. With deposits heavily eaten into from these sources, the banks have apparently been moved to rediscount liberally their Government securities and mercantile bills at the Reserve Bank, which accounts in part for the poor showing made by the latter in the last several weekly statements. Losing gold to the extent of many millions per week through the movement to South America and being called upon to increase its discounts and bill purchases, it is not surprising that the Reserve Bank has recorded a falling ratio of reserve to deposit and note liabilities. The process has application to the entire system, and with the system's required reserve of 40 per cent. cash against notes and deposits being closely approached in the downward movement, there seems to be a strong basis for expectation of further increases in Federal Reserve discount rates in the near future.

The plethora of call money last week appeared not to be the result alone of offerings by the banks. Corporations and wealthy individuals were reported to be concentrating funds at New York for the payment of Federal taxes next month, and from them came a growing supply of money for temporary employment, offered either through the banks where deposits were kept or direct by lenders through brokers. Due to the presence of these loan sources brokers predicted relatively easy rates until the middle of March, but time money quotations continued sufficiently stiff to prevent the supposition that accommodation of this character could be arranged in quantity great enough to warrant extensive speculation for the rise of stocks. This situation presumably had influence in retarding the purchase on margin of railroad as well as industrial shares, acting as a damper upon the active buying of the rails which began at midweek.

A combination of adverse weather and inadequate railroad facilities is supplying a feature for comment on industrial endeavor in territory extending from the Atlantic seaboard out into the Middle West. When products cannot be shipped activity dependent upon them suffers all along the line. The steel companies entered the month with a tremendous pressure of orders for early completion, but it looks now as though deliveries of finished material will have to be extended far into the Spring which would have been out of the way if conditions had been otherwise. The effect upon earnings is obvious. A slowing down of shipments now raises the query of how the railroads will be able to meet an increased pressure from shippers when better weather comes and the urge appears for moving tremendous quantities of goods.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED FEB. 21, 1920.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	5,081,865	36,408,275
Same period a year ago	3,657,291	19,401,624

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks.	83.36	77.65	92.18	75.45
Same period a year ago.	74.13	72.08	74.99	69.73

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
1,800	ADAMS EXPRESS	34¾	28½	34¾	+ 6
2,100	Advance Rumely	41½	38½	41	+ 2⅝
400	Advance Rumely pf	69	65½	69	+ 4
2,700	Ajax Rubber	74½	68¾	74½	+ 5½
2,300	Alaska Gold Mines	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝	..
1,700	Alaska Juneau	2	1¾	2	+ ⅛
6,300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	42¾	38	41¾	+ 1
200	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf.	84½	84½	84½	+ 2½
1,100	Am. Agr. Chem.	89⅞	85⅞	89	+ 4
100	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	92	92	92	+ 3
150	Am. Bank Note	40¾	40¾	40¾	+ 1¾
4,700	Am. Beet Sugar	84	80	84	+ 3⅝
6,100	Am. Bosch Magneto	119¾	106½	116	+ 4
23,200	Am. Can	45½	42	45	+ ½
100	Am. Can pf.	96½	96½	96½	+ 1½
6,000	Am. Car & Fdy.	134	127½	133⅜	+ 3⅝
100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	113¾	113¼	113¼	— ¾
3,100	Am. Cotton Oil	45½	43¾	43¾	— 2
11,100	Am. Drug. Syndicate	13½	12	13⅛	— ⅛
1,700	Am. Express	99¾	96½	99¾	+ 3
4,800	Am. Hide & Leather	23¼	20¾	23¼	+ 1⅞
6,500	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	108	102	107½	— ½
600	Am. Ice	40	39½	40	+ ½
600	Am. Ice pf.	59¾	58	58½	+ 1½
28,600	Am. International	96	89¾	94	+ ½
300	Am. La. F. Fire Eng.	13	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
4,700	Am. Linseed	82⅞	77½	81¼	+ 2⅞
100	Am. Linseed pf.	95	95	95	..
29,000	Am. Locomotive	94⅞	86	94	+ 3⅝
400	Am. Malt & Grain	31½	31	31½	+ ¾
24,100	Am. Ship & Commerce	27½	19¼	21⅝	+ 1⅜
10,850	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	64⅜	60¾	63⅝	+ 1
1,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	95¾	94½	95½	+ 1⅜
200	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. A	80	80	80	..
300	Am. Snuff	102	88¾	101¾	+ 5¾
5,400	Am. Steel Fdys.	43	40½	42¾	+ ½
300	Am. Steel Fdys. pf.	92	91½	92	+ 1
4,500	Am. Sugar Ref.	129	124¾	127	..
100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	117	117	117	..
5,600	Am. Sumatra Tob.	85½	82⅜	85	+ 1¾
100	Am. Sumatra Tob. pf.	84	84	84	— 5
7,825	Am. Tel. & Cable	98	96⅝	97⅞	+ ⅛
400	Am. Tobacco pf. new	95½	93⅝	93½	+ ⅜
38,200	Am. Tobacco Securities	61½	56⅝	59⅝	+ 1⅞
57,700	Am. Woolen	133⅜	119½	132	+ 3½
400	Am. Woolen pf.	103	102¼	103	+ ¾
2,400	Am. Writing Paper pf.	47⅛	45½	46½	+ ¾
3,800	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	19¼	16	18⅛	+ ⅛
400	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	54	50	53	+ 1
18,800	Anaconda	59⅝	55¼	59	+ 2
3,000	Ann Arbor	16½	11	16	+ 5
500	Ann Arbor pf.	26⅞	25	26⅞	+ 3⅞
100	Assets Realization	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	+ ⅛
3,400	Associated D. G.	51¾	49	51	— 1½
100	Associated D. G. 2d pf.	72	72	72	+ 1½
100	Associated Oil	113	113	113	..
16,400	Atch., Top. & S. F.	85	78¼	83¾	+ 5¼
1,900	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	78½	76½	78½	+ 2
2,800	Atl., Birm. & At.	9	6¾	8½	+ 2¼
2,300	Atl. Coast Line	90½	86¾	88	+ 1¼
8,300	Atl., Gulf & W. I.	152¼	141¾	150⅝	+ ¼
100	Atl., Gulf & W. I. pf.	64½	64½	64½	+ ½
200	Atl. Refining pf.	113¾	113¾	113¾	+ ¾
100	Auto Sales	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
234,400	BALDWIN LOCO.	114¼	105⅝	112½	+ 2½
800	Baldwin Loco. pf.	98½	98¼	98½	..
24,300	Baltimore & Ohio	35½	29⅛	35	+ 4¼
6,200	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	48	42	47⅝	+ 4⅝
100	Barnet Leather	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	—10⅛
1,000	Barrett Co.	118½	115⅛	118½	..
1,000	Barrett Co. pf.	106½	105	106½	+ ½
900	Batopilas Mining	1¼	1	1¼	+ ⅛
14,100	Bethlehem Motors	24	19½	23½	+ 1¾
200	Bethlehem Steel	84½	84	84½	..
49,100	Beth. Steel, Class B	89¾	84½	88⅝	+ ⅝
1,000	Beth. Steel 8% pf.	111½	109	111½	+ 2½
7,200	Booth Fisheries	11¾	10½	11⅛	+ ¾
9,300	Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	14⅝	11¾	13¾	+ 1½
6,200	Brooklyn R. T. c. of d.	10⅝	8	10⅝	+ ⅝
400	Brown Shoe pf.	97½	96	97	— 2
1,200	Bruns. Term. & Ry. Sec	7⅜	5¾	7	+ 1
2,200	Burns Bros.	108	99	105	+ 4
8,700	Butte Copper & Zinc	10⅝	8	10	+ 1⅝
8,100	Butte & Superior	27⅞	23½	26¾	+ 2
900	Butterick Co.	22	18¾	22	+ 5
3,500	CADDO CENT. O. & R.	20½	19	19	— 1
3,700	California Packing	79¾	75¾	78¾	+ 1¼
6,100	California Petroleum	34⅜	30	34	+ 1⅞
500	California Petroleum pf.	72	69	72	+ 2⅝
100	Calumet & Arizona	61	61	61	+ 1½
19,400	Canadian Pacific	126	117¼	125	+ 5
100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	97	97	97	— ½
24,800	Central Leather Co.	81½	76½	81	+ 3
400	Central Leather Co. pf.	105	104½	104⅞	+ ⅞
30	Central & S. Am. Tel.	114	114	114	..
9,300	Cerro de Pasco Copper	49⅜	48	*50½	+ 1⅜
500	Certain-teed Products	50½	49¾	50	— 1¼
24,700	Chandler Motor	131½	124¼	127⅞	— 3¼
21,700	Chesapeake & Ohio	58¼	48	57⅜	+ 6⅝
1,400	Chicago & Alton	10⅜	6	10⅜	+ 2⅜
200	Chicago & Alton pf.	15	12½	12½	+ 1½
1,900	Chi. & E. Ill. Eq. T. r.	7¼	4	7¼	+ 2⅛
2,000	Chi. & E. Ill. pf. Eq. T. r.	9	5¾	8¾	+ 2¼
13,400	Chi. Great West.	10⅞	8	10⅜	+ 3⅛
7,700	Chi. Great West. pf.	26½	22	26	+ ¾
37,950	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	39⅝	31½	38½	+ 4⅞
28,800	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	56½	48	55¾	+ 4¾
7,800	Chi. & Northwest.	87¾	78½	87¾	+ 9½
800	Chi. & Northwest. pf.	117	116	117	+ ¾
200	Chi. Pneu. Tool	83	82	82	— 2
131,200	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	35½	25¾	35	+ 8¾
7,800	Chi., R. I. & P. 7% pf.	78	67	78	+10¼
5,600	Chi., R. I. & P. 6% pf.	66¼	57¾	66	+ 8
200	Chi., St. P., M. & O.	63	60	63	+ 3½
100	Chi., St. P., M. & O. pf.	91	91	91	..
7,800	Chile Copper	18½	16½	17⅝	+ ⅝
4,500	Chino Copper	37⅜	35	37¼	+ ⅝
600	Clev., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	46	42½	46	+ 4
200	Cluett-Peabody	88	88	88	+ 1
100	Cluett-Peabody pf.	102	102	102	+ 1
8,200	Coca-Cola	39½	36½	38½	+ 1
2,200	Colorado Fuel & Iron	39	38	39	+ 1
8,300	Colorado Southern	27	22	25½	+ 5½
400	Colorado South. 1st pf.	50	47¼	50	..
1,800	Columbia Gas & Elec.	57½	56	57⅛	+ ⅛
22,900	Columbia Graphophone	43⅞	39	43	+ 1
100	Columbia Grapho. pf.	89	89	89	— 2
300	Computing Tab Record	47	46⅝	47	+ 1
700	Consol. Cigar	57	55¼	55½	— 1
50	Consol. Cigar pf.	77⅛	77⅛	77⅛	..
500	Consol. Gas	80	77¼	80	+ 2
11,700	Con. Interstate Cal. M.	20	18	20	+ 1½
1,900	Consol. Textile	28½	26½	28⅝	+ ⅝
3,300	Continental Can	81⅝	79⅝	81½	— ⅝
440	Continental Can pf.	101	101	101	..
1,300	Continental Candy	11¼	11	11¼	— ⅛
25,300	Corn Products Ref.	82½	78½	81½	+ 1¼
800	Corn Products Ref. pf.	105	103¾	105	+ 1½
200	Crex Carpet	55	55	55	..
141,000	Crucible Steel	208½	191	204	— 5¾
300	Crucible Steel pf.	98	97	98	+ 1
14,700	Cuba Cane Sugar	45½	42⅝	44	— ½
1,600	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	81	80	81	+ 1
400	Cuban-Am. Sugar pf.	100¼	100	100	— 6
5,600	DEL. & HUDSON	94	89½	93	+ 2½
2,500	Del., Lack. & West.	172½	170	172¼	+ 1¼
5,500	Den. & Rio Grande	8½	6¾	8⅛	+ ⅜
38,400	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	15¼	10	15	+ 4⅝
1,200	Dome Mines	11⅝	10⅜	11⅜	+ 1
700	Duluth, S. S. & Atl.	5⅞	4	4⅝	+ 1¼
600	Duluth, S. S. & Atl. pf.	11	9	11	+ 3½
1,400	ELK HORN COAL	22¼	21	21⅝	+ ⅞
200	Elk Horn pf.	35	33	33	— 2
400	Emerson-Brant.	22¼	22	22¼	+ 2¼
100	Emerson-Brant. pf.	82¾	82¾	82¾	— ⅝
14,900	Endicott-Johnson	122	108	119	— 1
200	Endicott-Johnson pf.	101	101	101	..
28,400	Erie	15	11⅝	14⅞	+ 2⅝
15,700	Erie 1st pf.	24⅛	18¾	24¼	+ 5
3,600	Erie 2d pf.	16⅜	12⅝	16	+ ⅝
6,000	FAMOUS PLAYERS-L.	74	69	73	+ ½
1,100	Famous Players-L. pf.	87⅝	86½	87	..
700	Federal Min. & Sm.	13¾	11	13¼	+ 2¼
900	Federal Min. & Sm. pf.	31	28½	31	+ 3
1,600	Fisher Body	135	126	127	— 7¾
300	Fisher Body pf.	99½	97¼	99½	+ ½
16,600	Fisk Rubber	36⅞	33½	36⅛	+ 1¼
6,500	Freeport-Texas	27½	23½	26⅞	+ 3⅝
3,200	GASTON, W. & W.	14½	13	14	+ ½
100	General Chemical pf.	98	98	98	— ¾
4,500	General Cigar	66⅝	65	66⅜	..
100	General Cigar pf.	98½	98½	98¼	— 1½
100	General Cigar deb. pf.	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛	+ ⅛
1,700	General Electric	160	155½	159	+ 3
190,600	General Motors	254	225½	250¼	+ 8¼
1,000	General Motors pf.	78¾	76	78½	+ 3¾
7,100	General Motors 6% deb.	75	76	73	— ¾
1,100	General M. pf. 6% deb.	88	86	87½	..
11,600	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	71	67	70¼	+ 1¼
4,600	Goodrich pf.	94½	93¾	94¼	— ⅛
1,300	Granby Consol.	40	37	39	+ 1
900	Gray & Davis	34	33	34	+ 2
22,900	Great Northern pf.	79	71⅝	79	+ 7⅜
8,600	Great Nor. ctfs. for ore p	38⅝	35½	37⅝	+ 1½
400	Greene-Cananea Cop.	33	31	33	+ 1
2,000	Gulf States Steel	65	62	65	— ½
100	Gulf, Mobile & Nor.	7¼	7¼	7¼	..
100	Gulf, Mobile & Nor. pf.	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	+ ⅛
500	HARTMAN CORP.	88	86	86½	— ⅝
4,000	Haskell & Barker	58½	52½	58	+ 4½
600	Hendee Mfg.	38	36	36	+ 1
200	Homestake Min. s. 10 f.	61½	61	61	..
5,200	Hupp Motor Car	14⅝	13⅝	14½	+ ⅝
1,400	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	88	84	88	+ 2
11,500	Inspiration Copper	55½	52¼	55⅞	+ 2⅛
5,400	Interbor. Consol.	4¼	3⅝	4⅛	..
5,300	Interbor. Consol. pf.	13	9¾	13	+ 3¼
1,800	Internat. Agricul.	19⅝	16	18¾	+ 2⅝
400	Internat. Agricul. pf.	73	71	73	+ 3
2,300	Internat. Harv., new	118	112¾	117¾	— ¼
100	Internat. Harv. pf., new	112¾	112¾	112¾	+ 1
37,100	Internat. Mer. Mar.	32⅛	29½	31½	..
5,800	Internat. Mer. Mar. pf.	83¾	79¾	84¼	+ ⅝
100	Internat. M. T. 1st pf.	75	75	75	..
300	Internat. M. T. 2d pf.	60	60	60	— 6
17,300	Internat. Nickel	21⅞	20⅝	21⅞	+ ½
100	Internat. Salt	70	70	70	..
18,800	Internat. Paper	79¼	74¼	78⅝	+ 1⅝
300	Internat. Paper pf., sta.	74½	70	74½	+ ½
200	Iowa Central	6	5	6	+ ⅛
1,400	Iron Products	44⅝	42	44½	+ 1
300	JEWEL TEA	17	16	17	+ 1
200	Jewel Tea pf.	41	40¾	41	+ ¾
200	Jones Bros. Tea	26¼	26	26	+ 2½
11,000	KAN. CITY SOUTH.	19	15	18½	+ 4¾
1,800	Kan. City South. pf.	48	44	48	+ 3¾
100	Kayser (Julius) & Co.	106	106	106	— 4½
4,800	Kelly Springfield Tire	121	113	120	— 1
400	Kelly Spring. Tire 8% pf.	100	98	100	+ 3
200	Kelsey Wheel	68	67	68	+ 1

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
9,900	Kennecott Copper	30¼	28¼	30	+ ¾
15,300	Keystone Tire & Rub.	31⅛	29⅜	30½	— ¾
15,200	LACKAWANNA STEEL	76	72	74⅜	+ 1⅝
1,400	Lake Erie & Western	11¾	9⅞	11⅜	+ 3⅝
300	Lake Erie & West. pf.	22	17	22	+ 6
2,910	Lee Rubber & Tire	32¼	28	32⅛	+ 3
6,000	Lehigh Valley	48½	40⅝	46	+ 5⅛
200	Liggett & Myers pf.	106	106	106	— 1⅝
9,000	Liggett & Myers rights	16⅝	16	16¾	+ ⅝
4,300	Loews, Inc.	29	26⅝	27½	..
2,200	Loft, Inc.	21	18⅞	20⅜	+ ¾
1,600	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	53	48	53	+ 3
200	Loose-Wiles Bis. 2d pf.	113½	112	112	..
1,300	Lorillard (P.) Co.	150½	149	153	+ 3
3,400	Louisville & Nashville	104⅞	99⅞	103⅜	+ 2⅜
100	MACKAY COS.	64	64	64	— 1
400	Mackay Cos. pf.	62	61	61	..
500	Manato Sugar	112	110	112	— 4½
700	Manhattan Elevated	47	44	44	— ⅞
300	Manhattan Shirt	30½	29½	30½	+ 2⅞
900	Martin-Parry	27½	26½	*26½	+ 1
100	Mathieson Alkali	30	30	30	— ¾
1,900	Maxwell M.	32	24	28	+ 5½
700	Maxwell M. c. of d.	28	22½	28	+ 5½
1,000	Maxwell M. 1st pf.	57	50	57	+ 5½
600	Max. M. 1st pf. c. of d.	50	48	50	+ 2
200	Max. M. 2d pf.	25¼	25	25¼	+ 5¼
100	Max. M. 2d pf. c. of d.	25½	25½	25½	+ ½
900	May Dept. Stores	121⅞	117⅞	*121⅞	+ 3⅝
90,200	Mexican Petroleum	182¾	166	179½	+ 4
2,450	Miami Copper	23	21½	23	— 1
89,500	Middle States Oil	38⅝	26⅜	*29½	+ 6¾
19,600	Midvale Steel	46⅜	45	46½	+ ⅞
8,900	Minn. & St. L., new	15⅝	10½	15¼	+ 4
1,000	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	74	67	74	+ 6
500	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.pf	91½	80½	91½	— 2½
31,800	Mo., Kansas & Texas	11	7	10⅝	+ 3¼
8,800	Mo., Kansas & Texas pf.	18	10⅜	16½	+ 5⅜
57,000	Mo. Pacific	29⅜	22½	29½	+ 6¾
7,400	Mo. Pacific pf.	46⅜	38⅛	46½	+ 8½
500	Montana Power	65	61⅝	65	+ 3
100	Montana Power pf.	99¼	99¼	99⅛	— ⅛
1,000	Mullins Body	45½	40¾	45½	+ 5½
400	NAT. ACME	37	36¼	37	+ 1
7,300	Nat. Aniline & Chem.	55⅞	50½	55	+ 5
900	Nat. Aniline & Chem. pf	86	85¾	88	+ 3
1,800	Nat. Biscuit	114	110¼	113	— 1⅝
100	Nat. Biscuit pf.	112	112	112	— 2
500	Nat. Cloak & Suit	67⅞	63½	65	— 4
200	Nat. Cloak & Suit pf.	94½	94½	94½	— 2½
2,900	Nat. Conduit & Cable	10	8⅞	10	+ 1
4,400	Nat. Enam. & Stamping	76⅝	72	75½	+ ⅞
5,400	Nat. Lead	83	73¾	80	+ 4⅞
300	Nat. Lead pf.	107⅞	106⅜	106⅝	+ 1⅛
3,000	Nat. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	6	4½	6	+ 1⅝
2,700	Nevada Consol. Copper	15⅞	14⅜	15⅝	+ ⅝
3,100	New Orleans, Tex. & M.	47⅜	40	46¼	+ 6⅛
1,200	N. Y. Air Brake	103½	99	103	+ 2
30,800	N. Y. Central	73½	67	72¼	+ 4½
2,300	N. Y., Chicago & St. L.	30½	25	30	+ 6¼
200	N. Y., Chi. & St. L. 1st pf	59¼	59	59¼	+ 4¾
100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L. 2d pf	43	43	43	— 2
1,400	N. Y. Dock	36	32	35	+ 2
300	N. Y. Dock pf.	49	48	48	+ 3
103,300	N. Y., N. H. & H.	35	25¾	35	+ 9
4,700	N. Y., Ontario & West'n	20⅝	16	20⅝	+ 4⅜
1,000	Norfolk Southern	14½	10¼	14½	+ 3⅝
2,400	Norfolk & Western	98¼	91	96	+ 5½
100	Norfolk & Western pf.	70	70	70	+ ½
300	North American	52¼	51¼	51¼	— ¾
25,500	Northern Pacific	79	71½	78½	+ 5½
2,800	Nova Scotia Steel & C.	58⅜	54½	58¼	+ ⅜
12,000	OHIO CITIES GAS	43⅜	41¾	43¼	— ⅛
1,820	Ontario Mining	8	6½	8	+ 1
5,200	Oklahoma Prod. & Ref.	8⅜	7¾	8	— ⅛
12,500	Oklahoma P. & R., new	5½	4¾	5½	..
900	Otis Elevator	134	125	133⅝	+13¾
5,700	Otis Steel	32	29⅝	32	+ 1½
2,100	Owens Bottle	58½	52½	58½	+ 6½
100	PACIFIC DEVELOP.	70	70	70	— 1
400	Pacific Gas & Electric	51	50	50	— 1
99,300	Pan Am. Pet. & Trans.	89¼	74½	87¾	+ 8¾
10,400	Pan Av. P. & T., Class B	84⅝	71¼	83	+ 8⅝
1,100	Parish & Bingham	41	37	41	+ 3
24,300	Penn. Railroad	43	40¾	43	+ 2⅜
2,800	Penn. Seaboard Steel	25¾	22½	25	+ 3
1,200	People's Gas, Chicago	39½	37	37	+ 2
300	Peoria & Eastern	13¼	12¼	13¼	+ 2
124,300	Pere Marquette	32	26¼	31½	+ 3⅝
1,700	Pere Marquette prior pf.	65	62	62½	+ ½
1,300	Pere Marquette pf.	51	48	51	+ 3
7,900	Philadelphia Co.	38½	35½	37⅝	+ 1⅝
73,500	Pierce-Arrow	58⅛	51¾	55⅝	+ 1
400	Pierce-Arrow pf.	100½	98½	100½	+ 2
7,300	Pierce Oil	18¼	16⅞	18	+ ⅛
800	Pierce Oil 8% pf.	93⅜	92	93⅜	+ 3⅜
1,700	Pitts., C., C. & St. L.	64	52	64	+ 9
1,200	Pitts. Coal	56¼	53⅜	56¼	+ 2⅜
100	Pitts. Coal pf.	90	90	90	+ ⅞
200	Pitts. Steel pf.	80	88½	85¾	+ 2
22,000	Pitts. & W. Va.	20¼	22½	20¼	+ 4½
100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf.	70½	70½	70½	+ ⅛
2,000

A circular describing

Otis Steel

Listed on the New York Stock Exchange

Annual average earnings for the three fiscal periods ended December 31, 1918, were equivalent to $9.75 a share on the present common stock, after providing for Federal Taxes and 7% dividends on the preferred stock.

Circular C-18 sent upon request

A. A. Housman & Co.

Members: New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exch., N. Y. Coffee & Sugar Exch., New York Produce Exch., Chicago Board of Trade, Associate Members of Liverpool Cotton Ass'n.

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Branch Office—25 West 33d St. New York City. Liberty Building, Phila.

Mississippi River Power Company

1st Mortgage 5% Bonds

Due January, 1951

Price at Market to Yield About 7%

Net earnings are nearly double the interest on these bonds.

They are secured by first mortgage on the entire property of the Company, which owns one of the largest hydro-electric developments in the world located on the Mississippi River at Keokuk, Iowa.

Power is sold to public utility and industrial companies in the surrounding territory, including St. Louis, East St. Louis, Burlington and Fort Madison.

Circular B-2, containing detailed information, sent upon request.

Stone & Webster

120 Broadway, New York

Telephone Rector 6020

Boston Chicago

Territory of Hawaii

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Optional Sept. 15, 1939

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Description Upon Request

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HIGHER PETROLEUM SENT GASOLINE UP

Standard Oil Company Says Rise in Prices Is Due to Shortage of Raw Material.

DEMAND GROWING LARGER

Oil-Burning Vehicles Increase Fifteen Times—Many Wells Are Exhausted.

Reasons for the recent advance made in the price of gasoline are advanced by the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey in the official publication of the company, The Lamp. It is pointed out that gasoline has moved up very little in price as compared with other necessities, although the price of crude petroleum has been advancing to a record high level. In this advance, the company says, lies the foundation for increased prices for gasoline.

In discussing the situation the publication says:

"While the public during the last three years has watched the price of one commodity after another go skyrocketing into ever higher altitudes, the domestic price of gasoline—in the territory served by the Standard Oil Company (New Jersey) at least—has remained constant and stable. Since the beginning of 1917 gasoline has been probably the one necessity of modern life that has not added to its burden of cost. Official data of price changes show an advance of 200 per cent. in the cost of potatoes, 190 per cent. in beef, 198 per cent. in shoes, during a period in which the price of gasoline, now also as essential as foodstuffs, and reflecting a much greater increase in consumption than practically any other product, showed not even a fractional change. So that as people have become accustomed to paying more and more for everything except gasoline, a belated advance of less than 10 per cent., or 2 cents per gallon, in this commodity since the beginning of the year has only emphasized the fact that it is still relatively one of the cheapest of the things that the public must buy.

"The reason why gasoline has at last fallen in at the end of the line of advancing commodities is patent to any one who studies even casually the statistics of oil production in this country. The basic reason of course is that gasoline prices are slightly higher than they were for the identical reason that bread prices are very much higher than they were—namely, a shortage of raw material.

"Corresponding to the wheat growers of the agricultural industry are the fifty to sixty thousand individual oil producers of the United States. As the basic source of supply they are the farmers of the oil industry. To them the Standard Oil Company (New Jersey) must go to purchase well over half of its requirements of raw material—crude oil—and pay the price fixed for it by a competitive market. Various circumstances have contributed to make that a steadily rising market, so much so that Pennsylvania crude, which could be bought for less than $3 a barrel three years ago, now costs this company $5.25 a barrel and the mid-continent crude, which was $1.50 a barrel in 1917, is now worth $3 a barrel at the well.

"To the natural inquiry as to why the advance in crude occurred, the fifty to sixty thousand American oil producers mentioned have a ready answer. Part of it, of course, deals with the ever-increasing demand. In ten years they have managed to double their output of crude oil, but the consumption has galloped far ahead of them. The number of oil-burning vehicles alone increased fifteen times, while the production was being doubled, and every day finds a new use for petroleum derivatives.

"Oil wells, like any other mines, suffer from exhaustion. If the annual consumption of petroleum was fixed instead of, as it is, advancing by leaps and bounds, it would still be necessary to 'bring in' every year a percentage of new wells to replace those which play out. While in the last ten years over 213,000 new wells were drilled in the United States, the actual increase, owing to the fact that 120,000 ceased to produce during that period, was less than half the number of wells drilled and at the end of the ten years there were just 240,000 wells in operation.

"The figures are significant because they indicate that still new oil areas will have to be found, as they undoubtedly will be. From the existing wells there was produced last year, according to government reports, 376,000,000 barrels of crude, and the consumption of this, and the 55,000,000 barrels imported, was such that the year ended with total reserve stocks on hand of 130,000,000 barrels. Roughly, this is only a five months' supply for the American refineries and at the end of the year the average daily production of crude in the United States had fallen from 1,122,000 barrels in September to 1,060,000 barrels."

ISSUE BY H. H. FRANKLIN CO.

Additional $1,000,000 of Preferred Stock Is Offered.

The H. H. Franklin Manufacturing Company, which owns all of the capital stock of the Franklin Automobile Company, is offering an additional $1,000,000 of its 7 per cent. cumulative preferred sinking fund stock at $100 a share and accrued dividends.

In a circular offering the stock for subscription the company states that the production schedule for the current year is 16,000 cars, an increase of 80 per cent. over the 1919 production. A summary of profits for the past five years shows average yearly earnings equal to four times the dividend requirements on $3,500,000 preferred stock. The fiscal year ended with Dec. 31, 1919, showed net sales of $23,466,000 and net profits after depreciation and Federal taxes of $1,841,000.

BILLIONS IN WOOD PLANTS.

Industry Employes 1,130,000, Says Forestry Body—Warns on Depletion

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Replying to the request of Senator Capper of Kansas, made yesterday for information in regard to the depletion of the forests, the American Forestry Association today made public figures showing that $3,000,000,000 are invested in the 52,000 wood-using plants in the United States, and that 1,130,000 people are on the payrolls of these plants, according to the last census.

As to the pulp wood shortage, the association points to the fact that while the cordage used has increased about 100 per cent. in twenty years, the value of it has increased about 200 per cent.

"Senator Capper has earned the thanks of industry by moving to place this question before the United States," said Charles Lathrop Pack, President of the American Forestry Association. "Such an inquiry will bring forth these facts:

"1. The New England States are no longer self-supporting in a lumber way.

"2. The Lake States, once our greatest producers of lumber, are now importing lumber to keep alive the many wood-using industries in that section.

"3. The centre of the lumber industry is fast moving to the Pacific Coast, which means long hauls and high freight rates.

"4. The lumber people of the Southern States admit they are through in fifteen or twenty years, as far as yellow pine is concerned.

"5. The forest fire loss in this country is about $28,000,000 every year, and the area burned over is ten times greater every year than the devastated areas of France we have heard so much about. This must stop."

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED FEB. 21, 1920.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$68,426,150	$598,639,550
Same period a year ago	59,679,500	463,392,000

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 40 bonds.	70.88	69.41	72.51	69.20
Same period a year ago.	78.25	78.07	79.01	77.76

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
58½	55⅞	19	ADAMS EXP. 4s....	56¼	56	56	..
13	13	1	Alaska G. M. cv. 6s, Series B	13	13	13	..
100	95	38	Am. Ag. Ch. cv. 5s.	99⅛	98½	98⅝	+ 1⅛
99¾	93	7	Am. Ag. Ch. deb. 5s.	94	94	94	+ 1
89½	86	19	Am. Cotton Oil 5s..	89½	88¾	89½	+ ¾
98⅜	96⅛	1	Am. Dock & I. 5s...	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	— 1⅜
86½	82	39	Am. S. & R. 1st 5s..	83	82	83	..
85	82	1	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	84	84	84	..
99⅞	95½	65	Am. T. & T. cv. 6s..	97⅛	96¾	97⅛	+ ⅛
80½	77¼	118	Am. T. & T. col. 4s.	78½	77½	78	+ ⅝
83⅜	80	72	Am. T. & T. col. 5s.	81⅜	80	81	— ⅛
83⅜	82	3	Am. Wr. Paper 7s.	83½	82	82	— ½
53½	49⅞	2	Ann Arbor 4s.....	50⅞	50½	50½	— ⅜
84½	82⅜	76	Armour & Co. 4½s..	83⅜	82⅝	83⅝	+ ⅝
82⅜	74¾	176	A., T. & S. F. gen.4s	78½	75	78¼	+ 3⅛
71½	66	53	A., T. & S. F. adj.4s	70	68	70	+ 2⅜
60½	55	5	A., T. & S.F.cv.4s,'55	60¾	55	60	+ 4
71½	67¾	18	A.,T.&S.F.adj.4s,sta.	69	67¾	68	— ⅝
89⅝	85	1	A., T. & S.F.cv.4s,'60	85	85	85	..
80	74	39	Atl. Coast Line 4s..	76	74	75	+ ⅝
72	67	16	A.C.L., L.& N.col.4s.	68	67	67¼	— ¾
78	73½	5	Atl. C. L. unif. 4½s	73½	73½	73½	— ½
88¼	85	1	At.& Char. 6s, Ser.B	88	88	88	+ 3
97	97	4	BALD. LOCO. 5s...	97	97	97	— 3⅝
70	60	83	Balt. & Ohio g. 4s...	64½	63¾	64½	+ 2¼
60	60	5	B. & O. gold 4s..reg.	60	60	60	..
69	60	316	Balt. & Ohio ref. 5s.	63⅜	60	63⅜	+ 2⅝
84½	78½	113	B. & O. pr. lien 3½s	83½	79	83½	+ 4⅝
92	81½	349	B. & O. temp. 6s....	84¾	81½	84½	+ 2½
68	59⅝	230½	B. & O. conv. 4½s..	65	59½	65	+ 5½
77	69½	18	B. & O. S. V. 3½s..	72	70	71⅜	+ 1⅜
61	53	122	B.&O., P.,L.E.&W.4s	56	53	56	+ 2½
53	47⅞	7	B. & O., T. & C. 4s.	49½	48	49½	+ 1½
49	49	1	Battle Creek & S. 3s	49	49	49	..
97½	96½	2	Beth. Stl. ext. 5s....	96½	96½	96½	— ½
86	83¾	16	Beth. Stl. ref. 5s....	84¼	83¾	84	..
86¾	82¾	20	Beth. Stl. pur. m. 5s	84¾	83½	84¾	+ 1¾
50	39	40	B. R. T. 7s, 1921....	45	42½	45	+ 6
47½	40	24	B. R. T. 7s, '21,c.o.d.	44½	40	44½	— 1
45	31½	1	B.R.T.7s,'21,c.o.d.,st	40	40	40	+ 7
63	61⅜	1	B'klyn Un. Elev. 5s.	61⅞	61⅞	61⅞	— ½
77	70	1	B'klyn Un. Gas 5s..	77	77	77	+ 4
80	78	4	Bush Terminal 5s....	75	75	75	+ 2
90¼	83	14	CAL. GAS & EL. 5s	89¾	83	89¾	+ 7¾
87	82	1	Can. Sou. con. 5s...	82	82	82	..
97¾	94	15	Central Leather 5s..	95	94½	94½	..
94	88	15	Cent. of Ga. 6s.....	89½	88	89½	+ 1½
95⅝	95⅝	2	Cent. of Ga. 1st 5s..	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	..
88	83½	9	Cent. of Ga. con. 5s..	84	83½	84	+ ½
81¾	80¾	5	C.R.R. & B. Ga.col.5s	80½	80½	80½	— ¾
85	85	1	Cent. Ohio 4½s.....	85	85	85	+10
78	69½	80	Cent. Pacific 4s.....	72¾	69½	71⅞	+ ⅜
81½	75½	146	Ches. & Ohio cv. 5s..	80½	77	80¾	+ 4¼
77	70	178	Ches. & Ohio cv. 4½s	75½	70⅞	75	+ 4½
95	89	19	Ches. & Ohio con. 5s	90¾	89	90½	+ ¾
85¾	82½	6	Ches. & Ohio fund 5s	83	82¾	83	— 2¼
77	73½	36	Ches. & O. gen. 4½s.	76	73⅝	76	+ 2
73	70	9	Ches. & Ohio, R. & A. 1st con. 4s....	71	70	71	+ ½
33½	20¾	82	Chi. & Alton 3½s....	33½	29¼	33¼	+ 4¼
49	44¼	2	Chi. & Alt. ref. 3½s.	44⅝	44⅜	44⅜	— ⅛
96	93	475	C., B. & Q. joint 4s..	94⅝	93¼	94½	+ 1
81¼	76⅜	21	C., B. & Q. gen. 4s..	78	76⅞	77½	+ ⅝
24	20¼	4	Chi. & E. Ill. ref. 4s.	24	24	24	+ 3½
83	79⅜	1	Chi. & Erie 1st 5s..	79⅜	79⅜	79⅜	— 1⅝
57⅞	52⅝	80	Chi. Gt. West. 1st 4s	55¼	52⅜	55¼	+ 1⅜
60⅜	55½	7	C.,M.& St.P. gen.3½s	55½	55¼	55½	— 1½
72	63	8	C.,M.& St.P. gen. 4s.	68	65⅝	67	+ 2
73⅜	65½	54	C., M. & St.P. cv. 5s	72⅝	66¾	72⅜	+ 6⅜
71	66¾	141	C.,M.&St.P. cv. 4½s	71	67	71	+ 4¾
79	74	19	C.,M.&St.P. gen. 4½s	79	74	78	+ 4
61	56	202	C.,M.&St.P. ref. 4½s	59½	56	59½	+ 2½
63	55	47	C.,M.& St.P. 4s, '34.	62¾	55	61½	+ 5½
75	70	15	C.,M.& St.P. 4s, '25.	75	71½	75	+ 3⅞
65	59⅜	1	C.,M.& St.P., P.Sd.4s	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞	— ⅜
99	98¾	4	C.,M.&St.P.,CP.&W.5s	98½	98½	98½	..
68	63	4	C. & N. W. gen. 3½s	62	62	62	— 1
98	95	4	C. & N. W. gen. 5s..	96½	95	96½	+ 1¾
80	76	1	C. & N. W. gen. 4s..	77	76¾	77	..
92	88	10	C. & N. W. ext. 4s..	88	88	88	— 2
70	65¼	7	Chi. Railways 5s..	67⅜	65½	67⅜	— ⅜
76½	70½	50	C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	71⅜	70¼	71¼	+ ⅛
67⅜	60¼	403	C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	64½	60¼	64½	+ 3¾
99	96	1	C., St. L. & Pitts. 5s	99	99	99	..
87½	83½	1	C.,St.P.,M.& O.deb.5s	83½	83½	83¼	— 1½
105	103	10	C., St.P.,M. & O. 6s.	103	103	103	+ 1
83	78¼	1	Chi. Un. Station 4½s	78⅞	78¾	78⅞	+ ⅝
60¾	54¾	36	C. & W. I. con. 4s..	58	56	57⅞	+ 1¾
86	76½	257	Chile Copper 5s.....	80½	76½	80	+ 2
108½	100	48	Chile Copper 7s....	106	101	106	+ 4
65½	63	5	C., C., C. & St. L. gen. 4s	65⅝	65	65¾	+ ¾
84	84	2	C.,C.,C.& St.L.gen.5s	84	84	84	+ ½
77	73	7	C., C., C. & St. L. gen. 4½s	76	75	76	+ 1
71¾	71¾	5	C., C., C. & St. L., Cario Div. 4s.....	71¾	71¾	71¾	+ 1¾
85	81	1	Col. Gas. & E. 1st 5s	81	81	81	— 1
74	72	13	Col. Industrial 5s...	72½	72	72	— ⅝
85½	82⅝	2	Col. & So. 1st 4s....	83	82⅝	83	+ ¼
75	69	17	Col. & So. ref. 4½s.	71¾	70⅝	71	+ ⅝
88	83	1	Comp.-Tab.-Rec. 6s.	83	83	83	+ 2
85	82	1	Columbia G. & E. 5s	82	82	82	— 3
75	75	2	Con. Coal Md. 5s..	75	75	75	— 9
101	99⅜	44	Con. Gas cv. 7s....	101	99⅝	101	+ 1
85¼	84½	2	Cumberland Tel. 5s..	85	85	85	..
85¼	81⅜	3	DEL. & HUD. cv. 6s	82	81¾	82	+ ⅛
96⅞	96⅜	1	D. & H. lien eq. 4½s.	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	..
73⅜	62⅝	4	D. & R. G. con. 4½s.	63½	62½	63½	— 6⅞
70¼	63	87	D. & R. G. imp. 5s.	66	63	66	— 4½
67⅝	60	57	D. & R. G. con. 4s.	64	60	62¼	+ 1⅝
46	39	90	D. & R. G. 1st ref.5s	41½	39	41	+ ½
90	87¾	1	Det. Edison ref. 5s..	88	88	88	+ ⅜
66	65	1	Detroit Un. Rys.4½s	65	65	65	— 1
83	80½	2	Dist. Securities 5s..	80¾	80½	80¾	— 2½
98	95	2	ERIE 1st con. 4s....	97	97	97	+ 1
55	49½	62	Erie 1st con. 4s....	54⅝	49½	54¾	+ 5¼
44	39	99	Erie gen. 4s.....	44	39½	44	+ 4⅜
37¾	33⅜	12	Erie cv. 4s, A.....	37⅜	34	37¾	+ 2⅜
37½	30	7	Erie cv. 4s, B.....	37½	37¼	37½	+ 7½
39¼	34	26	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. D...	39	36½	39	+ 3
79⅜	79	5	Erie Pa. col. 4s....	79¼	79	79¼	+ ¾
90	90	10	Erie & Jer. s. f. 5s.	90	90	90	— 4½
80	76	2	FLA. E. COAST 4½s	76¾	76	76¾	— 3¼
97	86⅞	2	GEN. ELEC. deb. 5s	88	86⅞	88	+ 1½
83½	81⅞	5	Gt. Nor. ref. 4½s...	82	82	82	+ ⅛
10	7⅜	16	Green Bay deb. B...	10	7⅜	10	+ 2¼
85⅞	84	110	HAV. EL. RY. 5s...	85½	83	85½	+ ⅛
73	68¼	7	Hock. Val. 1st 4½s..	69	68	69	+ ¾
60	54	54	Hud. & M. ref. 5s...	56⅝	54¼	56⅝	+ 2⅜
16⅞	13	68	Hud. & M. adj. 5s...	15⅜	13½	15⅜	+ 1⅜
72½	64½	11	ILL. CENT. 4s. '52.	69	68¾	69	— 2
72¼	64½	8	Ill. Cent. 4s, '53.....	65¼	64¾	65¼	+ ¼
76½	67⅛	91	Ill. Cent. ref. 4s.....	72	67½	71⅝	+ 3⅝
93½	90	7	Ill. Cent. temp. 6½s.	92	90	92	+ 1¼
83½	80	1	Ill. C. & C., St. L. & N. O. jt. 5s.....	80	80	80	— 1
93⅞	90	21	Indiana Steel 5s....	90¾	90¼	90⅝	+ ⅞
15½	14½	240	Inter.-Met. 4½s	18¼	16¼	18¼	+ 2¼
19	15	42	Inter.-Met. c. of d..	18	17½	17¾	+ 2¾
57	48	506	Int. Rap. Tran. 6s..	53¾	50½	53¼	+ 1¾
95¾	87¾	68	Int. Mer. Marine 6s.	88⅞	87¾	88½	+ ⅞
84¼	78	5	Int. Agricul. 5s.....	79	78	78	— 1
42	37½	38	Iowa Cent. ref. 4s..	42	38	42	+ 3
70	67	6	K. C., F. S. & M. 4s	66	65	65	+ 1½
100	98	28	K. C., F. S. & M. 6s	98	98	98	— ½
73¼	67¾	43	Kan. City Sou. 5s....	70	67¾	69¾	+ 1¾
59	55	6	Kan. City Sou. 3s....	55½	55	55½	— ¾
74⅝	69	62	Kan. City Term. 4s.	72	68	72	+ 3⅝
71	68	3	Keok. & D. M. 1st 5s	71	68½	71	— 2
55	50	12	Kings Co. El. 4s....	50¾	50	50¾	..
96	96	1	Knox. & Ohio 6s....	96	96	96	— 4
97¾	92½	14	LACK. STL. 5s, '23.	93½	92¼	93½	+ 1
99½	88	36	Lack. Steel 5s, '50..	89¾	88	89¼	+ 1¼
81⅝	73	11	Lake E. & W. 1st 5s	81⅝	80	81⅝	+ 2⅝
70	68	2	Lake Shore 3½s....	68	68	68	+ 1
84½	79	16	Lake Shore 4s, '31..	82½	79½	81¾	+ 2¼
87½	81⅛	30	Lake Shore 4s, '28..	84	81⅜	84	+ 1
103	99¾	89	Lehigh Valley 6s....	100	99¾	99⅝	— ⅛
86⅞	83¼	1	Lex. & E. 1st 5s....	83½	83¼	83¼	— 1¾
71¾	70¼	3	L. V. of Pa. con. 4s	71	71	71	..
89½	85½	1	Liggett & Myers 5s..	89½	89½	89½	+ ⅜
111	106	8	Liggett & Myers 7s..	108	108	108	..
69½	65	41	Long Island ref. 4s..	65½	65	65¼	— 2¼
88	85¼	11	Lorillard 5s	87¾	87	87¾	+ 1¼
84½	79¼	52	Louis. & N. unif. 4s.	81¾	79½	81	+ 1½
51⅜	49⅝	1	L. & N., St. L.Div.3s	49⅝	49¾	49⅝	— ⅜
100	97½	7	L. & N., St. L.Div.6s	99	98	99	..
65	63	5	L. & N., So. Ry.jt.4s	65	63	64⅞	— ⅛
69	56¼	3	MAN. RY. con. 4s....	56½	56½	56¾	..
60½	56	6	Man.Ry.con.4s,tax ex	56½	56	56½	— 2¼
68	65½	3	Mich. Central 3½s...	65¼	65¼	65¾	— 2⅜
81	78	9	Mich. Central deb. 4s	78¼	78	78	..
96⅜	95⅜	1	M., L. S. & W. ext.5s	96¾	96¾	96⅝	+ ⅜
70¼	70¼	1	M.,St.P.& N.W.1st 4s	70¼	70¼	70¼	— 3¼
85½	82	40	Midvale Steel 5s....	84	82	83½	+ 1¼
43	34¾	40	Minn. & St. L. 4s....	43	37	42¾	+ 6¾
44	42¾	17	M.& St.L.ref.& ext.5s	44	44	42¾	..
95¼	94	5	M. & St. L., P.Ext.6s	95¼	95¼	95¼	+ 1½
82¼	77	5	M.,Sa.P.&SS.M.con.4s	78¾	78¼	78¾	+ 1⅜
60⅝	56	28	Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s..	58	56⅝	57⅜	+ 1¼
32	28¼	15	Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s...	32	31½	32	+ 3⅝
28	24	15	Mo., K. & T. s.f.4½s	26	25	28	+ 2
38	37	10	Mo., K. & T. ref. 4s.	37	37	37	— 1
91¼	86	7	Mo. Pac. 5s, 1923...	88	86	86	— 3
59	52	274	Mo. Pac. gen. 4s....	57¼	54	56⅝	+ 2¼
83½	81	8	Mo. Pac. 5s, 1965...	81¾	81	81	+ ¾
89⅜	85½	5	Mo. Pac. 5s, 1926...	85½	85½	85½	— ½
85¼	81⅝	16	Montana Power 5s...	85	82¾	85	+ 2½
70½	70	8	Morris & E. ref. 3½s	70	70	70	..
22	17¾	10	NAT. RYS. MEX.pr. lien 4½s	17¾	17¾	17¾	..
93½	90	9	Nat. Tube 5s.....	90	90	90	— 1
55½	49⅞	32	N. O., T. & M. inc.5s	55½	52½	53½	+ 4½
65	61¾	5	New Or. Term. 4s...	62	61¾	62	..
82	74⅞	301	U. S. Realty & I. 5s.	76½	74⅞	76	..
105	100	1	U.S.Sm.,R.& M.cv.6s.	100	100	100	— 2½
103¾	100½	12	U. S. Rubber 7s.....	102	100½	103	+ 1⅞
90	81⅞	125	U.S.Rub.1st & ref.5s	85¼	83¾	84¾	+ 1¼
99⅝	95	215	U. S. Steel 5s.....	97¾	95¼	97¾	+ 2¼
97½	96	1½	U. S. Steel 5s, reg..	96	96	96	— 1½
92⅝	90½	1	Utah & Nor. 1st 5s.	90½	90½	90½	— 1½
83¼	79⅞	10	Utah Power & L. 5s	81⅝	80½	81	+ 1½
95½	93	27	VA.-CAR. CH. 1st 5s	95	93¼	95	+ 2
101	99	5	Va.-Car. Ch. cv. 6s..	99	99	99	+ 1
85¼	82	21	Virginian Ry. 5s....	83½	82	83	+ ⅜
91	87	13	WABASH 1st 5s.....	87⅞	87	87⅞	+ ⅜
83	80	4	Wabash 2d 5s.....	80	80	80	..
97¾	95	6	Western Electric 5s.	96½	95	96⅛	+ 1⅛
74½	70½	28	West Shore 4s.....	71⅜	70½	71	..
52	49	169	Western Md. 4s.....	52	49½	52	+ 3
85¼	80	42	Western Pacific 5s..	81½	80	81¼	+ ⅜
53	50	6	W. & L. E. ref. 4½s	53	50	53	+ 3
98¼	93¾	23	Wilson & Co. 1st 6s..	97	95½	96½	+ 1¾
55	53	1	Wilkes. & E. 1st 5s..	53	53	53	— 1
96½	90	52	Wilson & Co. cv. 6s	92	91	92	+ 1½
70	67	8	Wis. Cent. gen. 4s..	68	67	68	+ 1
70	68	2	Wis. C., Sup. & D.4s	68	68	68	— 2

Total sales $15,141,000

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BONDS

100.40	96.00	3538	Lib. 3½s, 1932-47...	96.80	96.00	96.04	+ .48
93.40	90.30	223	Lib. 1st cv. 4s,'32-47.	91.00	90.30	90.70	+ .30
92.90	89.48	1380	Lib. 2d 4s, 1927-42..	90.50	89.80	90.50	+ .40
94.60	90.80	574	Liberty 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-1947	91.50	90.80	91.10	— .10
92.80	89.50	6852	Lib.2d cv.4¼s,'27-42.	90.50	90.30	90.80	+ .60
94.08	92.60	8054	Lib. 2d 4¼s, 1928...	93.18	92.90	92.94	+ .06
92.94	89.72	11881	Lib. 4th 4¼s,'33-38.	91.06	90.50	91.00	+ .24
99.40	97.64	6531	Vict. 3½s, 1922-23..	97.76	97.64	97.70	— .06
99.40	97.64	8624	Vict. 4½s, 1922-23..	97.82	97.66	97.70	+ .04
105⅝	105⅜	1	U. S. 4s, coupon...	105⅝	105¾	105¾	— ⅛

Total sales $46,070,150

OTHER GOVERNMENT BONDS

96⅛	93½	35534½	Anglo-French 5s.....	96½	94½	96⅛	+ 1⅜
74	70⅜	1	Argentine 5s	72½	72½	72¾	+ ⅜
54	42	25	Chinese Govt. 5s...	43½	42	43¾	+ ⅜
92⅜	90¼	46½	City of Bordeaux 6s.	90½	90¼	90¼	..
92½	90¼	65	City of Marseilles 6s	90½	90¼	90¼	..
92⅜	90¼	19	City of Lyons 6s....	90½	90¼	90¼	..
93	89⅝	90	City of Paris 6s.....	91⅝	90	91⅛	+ 1⅜
60¼	55	91	City of Tokio 5s....	57¼	54	57⅛	— ⅜
80⅝	79¼	15	Copenhagen 5½s....	80⅝	79½	79⅝	— ⅜
98¾	96⅛	8	Dom. of C. 5s, 1921..	97⅛	96½

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Only Small Sum in Appropriation to Return Overpaid Income Taxes.

TOTAL REACHES BIG FIGURE

Representative Watson Protests Against Long Holdup of Taxes Illegally Collected

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Repayment of $1,000,000 illegally collected Federal taxes, representing chiefly overpayments in income taxes in the last three years, is provided for in the pending Legislative, Executive and Judicial appropriation bill. This, according to Representative Henry W. Watson of Pennsylvania, who, is a member of the Ways and Means Committee, has spent some months investigating, does not represent the actual illegal collections by many millions.

According to Mr. Watson, officials of the Internal Revenue Bureau declared flatly that the illegal collection last year ascertained by their own auditors reached $8,000,000. The exact overpayments since 1913 of income and corporation taxes, he said, could not be determined, because of the inadequate facilities to examine claims made by taxpayers. Thousands of claims are initiated by the taxpayers themselves, and scarcely any of these can be passed upon by the auditors in the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue because Congress failed to authorize an appropriation sufficient to supply the necessary force.

It was estimated by Mr. Watson today on information obtained by him that the overpayments exceed $100,000,000 and that scarcely any of this amount had been returned to taxpayers. Mr. Watson intends to introduce a bill to provide more employes for the tax office, and if it is found practicable will offer a bill to simplify the system of making returns.

"Business men from all parts of the country," said Mr. Watson, "have given their unqualified indorsement in favor of a law less intricate than the present for making income tax returns, and a system by which taxes illegally collected may be refunded without the delay of a special authorization and appropriation by Congress.

"The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, now under consideration in the House, provides for $1,000,000 to be used in payment of certified claims over three years old. This is a new provision developed through the dissatisfaction of taxpayers. While it intends to relieve those who have overpaid taxes, and the amount specified is in excess of that determined, yet it fails to cover many millions of dollars of claims not audited, and which cannot be reached within the three-year limit, because of an insufficient number of trained clerks in the auditing department to properly examine the returns.

"Taxes provoke more criticism than any other public question. The revenue bill should porvide a simple form for all corporate, individual and fiduciary tax returns, in order that every taxpayer can make his return without aid of an expert. Errors would thus be greatly minimized. This would not only reduce the number of clerkships in the Internal Revenue Bureau, but it would decrease its annual expenses by millions of dollars. It has been officially stated that the Government has expended for a period of six months $18,000,000 in clerk hire to audit, in part, the 4,000,000 separate income tax returns."

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GRAIN PRICES GO HIGHER ABROAD

Exchange Rates Force Increase of from 12 to 25 Per Cent.

ROME, Feb. 21.—The bulletin of the International Institute of Agriculture, issued today, says:

"As a consequence of the dislocation of rates of exchange, applicable to the grain trade, the principal importing countries have to submit to an increase in the cost at the port of shipment varying from 12 to 25 per cent., according to the country of destination, and as compared with the amounts payable in December last.

"This enhancement naturally acts as a barrier to new business. America, with a larger crop of wheat in process of distribution, shipped nearly 1,000,000 tons less during the last six months of 1919 than for the corresponding period of 1918. Besides, the wheat stocks in the hands of farmers, millers and dealers were in January, 1920, larger by 3,750,000 metric tons than in January, 1919.

"It is estimated that the American stocks of rye also are 400,000 tons greater than last season.

"The cereal harvests of the Southern Hemisphere were large. The yield of barley in Argentina amounted to 240,000 tons, or 22 per cent. beyond the yearly average. This increase was partly due to the increased area under cultivation, this being 37 per cent. over the average, but it was chiefly the result of the good season. No information has been received about the actual yield in Chile, but it is reported the wheat crop is in excellent condition, and that other cereals promise well.

"The area under wheat in America is much reduced, being 77 per cent. under last year. Decreases in the area sown also are reported from Spain, Rumania and Egypt. While extensive cultivation has occurred in France and Algeria, it is most noticeable in British India, where it is 15 per cent. more than last year.

"Crop conditions are reported to be fairly favorable in Belgium, Great Britain, Ireland, Spain and Italy, and average in Egypt. The approaching harvest in British India is expected to be good."

RAW MATERIALS UP IN FOREIGN MARKETS

Cotton, Silk, Jute and Hide Figures Advance Steadily Beyond War Figures.

PRICE CUTS HERE HALTED

National City Bank Issues Statement Showing the Upward Trend Abroad.

There is little indication that raw material producers abroad will aid the American manufacturer to decrease the price of his finished product, according to a statement prepared by the National City Bank. Figures show that raw material prices in other parts of the world have advanced steadily since the signing of the armistice and are continuing to advance. The statement reads in part:

"The Egyptian cotton grower, who had seen his export prices of raw cotton increase nearly 100 per cent. during the war period, could not be persuaded that he ought to reduce his price merely because the guns had ceased to roar, and he continued the boosting process which had characterized the war period with the result that American importers of Egyptian cotton are now paying nearly 50 per cent. more for that necessity of manufacture than at the close of the war. The jute growers of India are also demanding and receiving today an advance of more than 50 per cent. on their prices at the close of the war. Producers of goatskins in Latin America, China, India, North Africa and Southern Europe, not content with an increase of 100 per cent. during the war period, insisted upon a still further advance in celebration of universal peace, and were in November, 1919, demanding and getting 50 per cent. more than at the termination of hostilities in 1918, and the quantity brought into the United States goes on increasing irrespective of the advance in price.

"Raw silk producers on the other side of the globe, far distant from the scenes of hostilities, were not satisfied with an increase of 100 per cent. up to the termination of the war, but calmly added 50 per cent. more to the already high prices in the period between November, 1918, and November, 1919. The livestock producers of South America, Australia, South Africa and India who have developed the habit of pushing up the prices of hides, whether of cattle, sheep, goats, pigs, horses, or kangaroos, have continued the advance which characterized the entire war period, and the average price which American importers must now pay in the country of production is 50 per cent. higher than on the day on which the whole world was celebrating the return to peace.

"These figures, based upon official data, illustrate the difficulties under which the manufacturers of the United States, dependent upon foreign as well as domestic products for their material, have labored in their attempts to reduce the high prices which existed at the close of the war. In fact, they have found in practically every important article, abroad as well as at home, the prices not only refusing to 'come down,' but actually advancing since the termination of the war. The average import price of raw silk, for example, brought into the country in November, 1919, was, as shown by official figures of the Government, $9.10 per pound, as against $6.09 in November, 1918, and $3.09 in the first year of the war and yet the quantity imported in 1919 is greater than ever before and nearly twice as much as in the pre-war year.

"Goatskins imported, of which the price in the countries of production, chiefly Latin America, China, India, North Africa and Europe, averaged 26 cents a pound in the year before the war, advancing to an average of 54 cents a pound in November, 1918, and an average of 92 cents a pound in November, 1919, the increase in price per pound in the one year following the war being actually greater than that of the entire war period of practically five years. Hemp, of which the import value, based upon cost in this country of production, averaged $177 a ton in the year immediately preceding the war, stood at $372 a ton in November, 1918, and $677 a ton in November, 1919. Raw cotton, imported chiefly from Egypt, but also in limited quantities from Latin America, China and India, averaged 16 cents a pound in the country of production for that imported in the fiscal year 1914, 35 cents a pound in November, 1918, and 48 cents in November, 1919."

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

FOR THE WEEK ENDED FEBRUARY 21

Trading by Days

	Industrials	Oils	Mining	Bonds
Monday	63,210	145,015	152,765	$179,000
Tuesday	74,800	150,625	178,525	176,000
Wednesday	94,340	229,485	212,330	151,000
Thursday	73,800	146,987	171,300	261,000
Friday	113,805	203,150	170,925	232,000
Saturday	42,075	115,750	160,165	218,000
Total	462,030	994,012	1,046,010	$1,217,000

INDUSTRIALS

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
2¼	1¼	19,700	Acme Coal	2¼	1¼	2	+ ⅜
9⅜	7¼	3,800	*Aetna Explosives	8½	7½	8½	+ 1
40	29	700	*Aluminum Mfg	30	29	30	+ ½
49	44	200	Air Reduction	45½	45	45	+ 1
11½	8½	1,700	Am. Candy	11½	8½	8½	— 2½
16⅝	16½	1,000	Amal. Leather	16⅝	16½	16½	..
75	71	1,500	Am.-Hawaiian S.S.	75	71	71	— 4
17⅝	10½	13,400	Am. Safety Razor	11½	10⅜	10⅝	— 1½
18	16½	1,700	Armour Leather	17	16¼	16⅝	+ ⅛
12½	10	100	Am. Writ. Paper	10	10	10	..
28½	19	6,500	Austin-Nichols	25¼	22	25	+ 3
93	88	800	Austin-Nichols pf	89½	88	88	— ½
28	17	13,500	*Br.-A. Tob., coup.	19⅝	18	19¾	+ 1½
28	17	300	Br.-Am. Tob., reg.	18½	18½	18½	+ ⅜
9	6	24,800	Br.-Am. Tob., rts.	7⅜	6¾	7⅛	+ ⅜
7⅜	6	2,400	Br.-A.Tob.,reg.rts.	7½	7	7½	+ 1⅛
3½	2½	1,100	*Car Light & Pow.	2⅝	2½	2¾	+ ⅛
28	22	500	Conley Tin Foil	23	22½	23	..
6⅜	3⅝	700	Dafoe-Eustice	5¼	4½	4½	— ½
48	35	600	Farrell Coal	40	38	38	— 2
145	138	975	Gen. Asphalt pf	145	138	138	..
130	77	11,500	*Gen. Asphalt	91	79½	86½	— 2½
63	23	68,000	*Gen. Motors	26½	23	26	..
9	3	300	Gen. Elec. rgts.	6	6	6	..
34	24	22,300	*Goldwyn Pictures	28	24	26¾	— ⅜
1⅝	1	6,000	*Grape-Ola	1⅝	1¼	1⅝	..
2⅛	1⅜	7,400	Grape-Ola pf	2	2	2	+ ⅛
3	3	100	Hall Signal	3	3	3	..
26⅞	26⅜	400	Haynes Knitting	26⅞	26⅜	26⅜	..
43	30½	400	*Hydraulic Steel	32	30½	31	— 2
17	13	2,300	Hocking Val. Prod.	17	14½	17	+ 4
6¼	4⅞	3,500	Heyden Chem.	5¼	4⅞	5	+ ⅛
35	31	200	Ide Collar	32	31	31	..
20	12⅜	9,200	Indian Packing	14⅞	12⅜	14⅜	+ ⅜
17	10	3,000	Inter. Rubber	13	10¾	11½	— ½
2¼	1½	3,300	Kay County Gas	2	1⅝	1⅞	— ⅛
27⅝	24	2,800	Libby, McN. L.	26	24	24	..
53	49	2,800	Lincoln Motor Car	51	50	50¾	+ ¼
25	21	8,800	*Locomobile,n.,w.i.	23	21	22	— 1
85	72	900	Lima Locomotive	80	74	77	+ 5
7½	6¼	2,100	Lorillard rgts.	7½	6¼	7⅛	..
38½	32	6,200	Montgomery Ward	35½	33½	35	..
6⅜	4⅜	10,820	Marconi of Am.	5	4⅜	5	+ ⅛
39	20	600	*Mercer Motors	23	20	23	..
6¼	4⅜	4,800	Nor. Am. P. & P.	6	5⅜	6⅛	+ ⅛
22⅜	18⅜	100	Nunnally Candy	19	19	19	+ ⅛
37	23½	13,500	Orpheum Circuit	31⅞	28½	31½	+ 2½
42¾	39	600	Patchogue Ply	42	40	42	+ 1
33	28	900	Penn. Coal & Coke	30½	28	28	..
5⅜	2¼	11,000	Perfection Tire	4½	4	4¼	+ ⅜
2⅜	2	1,500	Pressman T. & R.	2¼	2¼	2¼	+ ⅛
34	30	22,710	Rainier Motor	34	30	33⅜	..
3	2	4,000	*Radio Co., w. i.	2⅜	2⅜	2½	..
5¼	2	5,000	*Radio Co.pf., w. i.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	+ ⅛
6	3	14,500	*Republic Rubber	4⅛	3⅜	4¼	+ ⅜
54¼	44	800	Root & Vanderv't.	45½	44	44½	— 1½
29	27½	600	Spicer Mfg., new	28½	27½	27½	+ ⅛
26⅛	18	100	Stand. Gas & Elec.	20½	20½	20½	+ 2½
58½	40	2,900	Swift Int.	44½	43	44	..
17⅞	12½	12,000	Submarine Boat	15¾	12½	13	..
48⅛	35	2,000	*TemtorC.&F.Prod.	42½	40⅝	41⅜	+ ⅜
200	151	490	*Todd Shipyards	170	160	170	+ 8
32	17	200	Tobacco Prod. Exp.	19	19	19	+ 1
⅞	⅜	9,800	Triangle Film	⅝	⅜	⅜	— ⅜
3½	2⅜		U. S. Lt. & Heat	3½	3	3½	— ⅜
3½	1⅞	21,800	Un. Profit Sharing	2½	2⅛	2⅜	+ ⅛
55	47	5,600	U. S. Distrib.	55	50	54	+ 4
19	13	14,900	*Un. Ret. S. Candy	16	13½	15	+ 1¼
39	27	3,815	*U. S. Ind. Tool	35	33	35½	+ ¾
4⅝	2⅜	11,600	U. S. Stmship. Co.	3	2⅜	3	— ⅛
18⅜	11	7,800	*Un. Pict. Prod.	12½	11	12½	..
12¾	10¾	10,300	U. S. Transport	12	10¾	10¾	— 1½
70	63	300	Warren Bros.	65	63	63	..
7	6½	200	White Rock Water	7	6½	7	..
24¼	16½	800	Vivaudou	19	17½	18	+ 1
50	40½	2,800	William Davies	43½	40½	41¾	— 3½
100	96	1,500	Willys-Ov. 1st pf.	98½	96	96	— 1¾
26½	24	100	Willys	24½	24½	24½	..

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

31	24½	5,550	Anglo-American	26	25	26	..
143	143	10	Eureka Pipe Line	143	143	143	..
388	318	40	Ohio Oil	347	340	347	+17
400	305	210	Standary Oil Co.	318	308	315	—85
345	290	20	So. Penn. Oil	293	290	293	— 7
460	387	867	Stand. Oil N. Y.	413	387	408	+92
795	655	7,140	Stand. Oil N. J.	707	683	705	+35
128	101	100	Union Tank Line	110	110	100	..
435	380	30	Vacuum Oil	390	380	390	..

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS

1⅞	1⅛	6,850	Allen Oil	1½	1¼	1½	+ ⅛
16⅛	10½	700	*Alliance Oil & R.	16	13½	16	— ½
⅛	⅛	42,000	*Allied Oil	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
76	64	20,500	Annabel Wyo.	72	64	68	— 6
1⅛	½	10,100	*Amalgamated Roy	¾	½	¾	+ ⅛
45	21	2,600	*Ark. Nat. Gas	26	25⅜	25⅜	— 4⅛
2	1¼	400	*Associated Oil	1¾	1¾	1¾	— ⅜
4	3	3,000	Atlantic Pet.	3⅜	3	3⅜	..
2½	1	2,100	Bell Petroleum	1⅛	1	1⅛	+ ⅛
56	49½	2,700	Barnsdall Corp	51⅜	50	50	— 1⅜
7⅝	3	35,000	*Boone Oil	5¼	4⅜	4⅝	— ⅛
3½	1	500	Boston-Mex. Pet	2	2	2	..
1⅛	1	45,000	*†Boston-Wyo. Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
24	18	400	*Brazos Oil Corp	19¼	18	18¾	+ ¾
3	1⅞	1,500	Burknett Van Cl.	1⅞	1½	1⅝	— ⅛
51¼	25	10,600	Carib Syndicate	34	27	31½	..
5⅜	3½	1,400	Circle Oil	4½	4	4½	+ ⅛
44⅛	38¼	1,000	Cities Service	39¼	39	39½	+ ⅛
44⅛	38¼	2,200	Cities Serv. B. T.	40	39	39¼	..
22	18¼	11,500	Col. Emerald	12½	9	12⅜	— ⅜
4¼	3⅞	500	Continental Ref.	4	4	4	..
10½	7½	7,800	*Cosden & Co.	8¼	7⅞	8⅛	+ ⅛
3	1⅞	7,200	*Cushing Petrol.	2¼	1⅞	2¼	+ ⅛
39½	11⅞	77,000	*Dominion Oil	16	11⅞	12⅝	— 3⅜
10	4¼	8,100	*Duquesne Oil	7⅛	5½	7	+ 2½
9⅝	8	10,500	*Elk Basin Pet.	8¾	8¼	8⅝	+ ⅜
2½	1½	25,425	Engineers Pet.	1⅞	1½	1⅝	+ ⅛
2⅜	1¼	14,900	*Ertel Oil	1⅜	1¼	1½	— ⅛
¼	¼	9,000	*Esmer. O. & G.	¼	¼	¼	..
4⅜	3	10,500	*Federal Oil	4¼	3¼	4¼	+ ⅜
7½	5¾	600	Feusland Oil	6	5¾	6	+ ⅛
60½	32½	4,700	*Gilliland Oil	41	37	38	— 3
120	84½	1,400	*Gilliland Oil pf.	94	88	94	+ 4
3⅞	3	4,000	*Glenrock Oil	4¼	3½	3¾	..
39¼	26¼	1,800	Guffey-Gillespie	28¼	27	28	— ⅛
2¾	1½	2,400	Gum Cove Oil	2¾	2	2	— ⅛
3½	3	5,200	Home P. of Den.	3½	3	3⅜	+ ⅛
104	88	2,000	*Houston Oil	103	95	101	— 3
1¼	⅝	66,300	*Hudson Oil	1	¾	¾	+ ⅛
9	2¾	6,500	Home O., R. & T.	3¼	2¾	3	+ ⅛
10½	7	500	Hughes Pet.	8	7	7	..
77	51¼	14,300	*Inter. Pet.	68	56	66½	+ 7½
6⅞	5	3,900	*Island O. & T.	5¾	5½	5⅝	..
9¾	7¼	200	Indiahoma	7¾	7¾	7¾	+ ⅛
45	27	10,100	Invincible Oil	33	29	33	+ 3½
3½	2	6,800	King Pet.	3½	2½	3⅜	..
		72,500	Lance Creek	65	43⅜	60	..
2¼	1⅜	9,500	Livingston	1⅝	1½	1⅝	..
38	31	3,600	Lone Star Gas	38	31	37	+ 4½
41	25	3,400	Manhattan Oil	29½	28	28	— ½

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
9	5	3,400	Magna Oil & R.	6	5¾	5¾	— ¼
27	16	2,400	*Maracaibo Oil	18½	17¼	18	+ ⅜
22½	17½	5,100	*Merritt Oil Corp.	19½	18¾	18¾	— ¾
4½	2⅞	4,800	Met. Petrol.	3½	2⅞	3½	..
4⅝	4⅜	400	Metex Petrol.	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	..
31	9	1,600	Mex. Panuco	15	11⅞	15	+ 3
4¼	1⅞	3,700	Mexico Oil	2½	2	2¼	+ ⅛
180	140	7,145	*Midwest Ref.	156	147	153	+ 3
½	½	2,300	Midwest Texas Oil	½	½	½	..
3½	2⅜	1,500	Morton Pet.	2⅝	2⅜	2⅜	+ ⅛
3⅜	2⅜	2,700	North Texas Oil	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	— ⅜
5⅜	3¾	4,350	North Am. Oil	4	3⅞	4	— ⅛
1½	⅞	500	Ohio Ranger	1	1	1	..
7¾	5¼	1,300	Omar Oil & Gas	6¼	5½	5¼	— ⅜
90	80	100	Panhandle pf.	81	81	81	+ 1
26	18	600	Panhandle P. & R.	19½	19½	19½	+ ½
9½	6	1,000	Pennok Oil	7¾	6¾	7½	+ ¼
43	32	7,000	Phillips Pet. (ex.)	39	34	39	+ 2
10¼	7⅞	11,300	*Prod. & Ref.	8½	7¾	7⅞	— ⅛
1½	1	4,800	*Red Rock Oil	1¼	1	1	..
⅜	1¼	800	*Rickard Tex. Co.	1¼	1¼	1⅜	+ ⅛
4⅞	3⅜	10,600	Ryan Petroleum	3⅞	3⅜	3⅞	+ ⅛
53½	44	5,800	Salt Creek Prod.	51½	49½	50½	— 1¾
6	6	200	Savoy Oil	6	6	6	..
7	5½	2,300	Sapulpa	6¼	5¾	6¼	+ ⅛
⅛	⅛	5,500	Sequoyah O. & R.	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
13½	9	13,000	*Skelly Oil	11¼	9¾	11	+ ⅜
73½	33	42,200	*Slimma Petrol.	40	33	35¾	+ 4
1⅜	1	37,200	Southern S. Con.	1¼	1¼	1¼	..
15½	12	400	Steiner Oil	13	12	12	— 2½
30½	17½	8,900	Spencer Pet. Corp.	19⅜	18½	19⅜	+ ⅜
¾	⅛	11,500	*Stanton Oil	⅜	⅛	⅜	+ ⅛
17	11¼	9,800	Superior Oil	14½	12⅜	14⅜	+ 1½
50½	43⅜	2,800	Texas Co. w. i.	48¼	45	48	— ½
111	92	1,200	Tex. & P. C. & O.	98	97	98	— 3
3⅜	2	2,300	Texken Oil	3⅜	3	3¼	+ 1
47½	20	1,400	*Texas Chief Oil	23	20	20	—10
1½	1	4,400	Tex.Ranger P.& R.	1¼	1½	1¾	+ ⅛
23½	15	5,500	*Tropical Oil	19½	17	18½	+ ½
1⅜	⅞	64,800	*Texon Oil & L.	1¼	⅞	1⅛	+ ⅛
1	⅛	11,100	*Trinity Oil	⅜	⅛	⅜	+ ⅛
1½	1	10,500	*United Tex. Pet.	1⅛	1	1	..
9½	6¼	7,700	*Vulcan Oil	8¼	7	8¼	+ 1¼
2⅜	1⅛	9,800	*Victoria Oil	1½	1¼	1½	+ ⅛
4¾	4	2,800	Wayland O. & G.	4½	4¼	4½	+ ⅛
24	19	4,000	*W. Eagle O. & R.	22	20¾	22	+ 2
50	26	16,500	*White Oil	31½	25¼	29	— 2
1	¾	2,900	Whelan Oil	1	1	1	..
8½	6	6,675	Woodburn Oil	6½	6	6½	+ ⅛

MINING STOCKS

2⅛	⅞	19,700	Alaska-B. C. Min.	1	⅞	1	+ ⅛
3⅝	1⅜	200	Am. Hon. M. Corp.	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
1⅛	1		*America Mines	1	1	1	..
3	1½	15,400	*†Atlanta	3	2	2½	— ⅛
5	1	4,600	Arizona Silver	1⅜	1	1⅜	+ ⅛
38	15	32,000	*†Belch.Div.(pros.)	18	15	16	— 1
49	15	28,300	*†Belch.Ext.(pros.)	19	15	16	— 2
⅛	⅛	14,100	Big Ledge	⅛	⅛	⅛	— ⅛
72	68	3,500	Bon Alaska	72	68	72	..
¾	½	1,100	Butte-N. Y.	⅝	½	½	..
7	4¼	14,300	*Booth	6	5	6	..
74	65	18,800	†Bos. & Mon.	69	67	69	..
42	31	15,300	*†Caledonia	37	33	35	..
⅛	⅛	1,000	Calu & Jerome	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
⅛	⅛	5,900	Candelaria	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
40	20	1,880	Carson Gold Hill	23¼	20	24½	..
1½	1½	3,100	Canada Copper	1¾	1¾	1¾	..
10	6	19,300	*†Cashboy	8	7	8	..
10	5	4,925	*Con. Vir. Silver	6	5	5⅝	— ⅜
2½	1⅜	2,100	Cresson Con. Gold	2	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
5¼	4½	200	Con. Copper	4½	4½	4½	..
⅞	⅝	1,500	Con. Ariz.	¾	⅝	¾	..
2⅜	2⅛	700	Dolores Esperanza	2⅜	2¼	2⅜	..
48	37½	8,800	De Beers Con.	41⅝	38	41⅜	+ 1
1⅛	⅛	43,500	*Divide Extension	⅞	⅛	⅛	+ ⅛
3⅜	2⅜	7,700	El Salvador Silver	3⅜	2⅜	3½	+ ⅛
1⅛	1⅛	14,900	*Eureka Croes. M.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
⅛	⅛	6,800	Eureka Holly	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
2¼	1⅝	4,100	*Forty-nine Mining	1¾	1	1¾	..
41	28	26,800	*†Gold Zone Divide	33	29	31	..
2¼	1	3,900	*Golden Gate	1½	1	1¼	..
15	10	24,200	*†Goldfield Con.	14	12	13	..
15	9	34,700	*†Goldfield Dev.	15	13	13	— 1
4	2	10,500	*†Goldfield Merger	4	3½	3½	— ½
3	2	8,900	Great Bend	3	2	3	..
4⅝	2	4,415	Hecla Mining	4¼	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
4⅜	4	1,200	Howe Sound	4⅜	4	4⅜	..
27	21	10,800	*†Jim Butler	24	22	24	..
⅝	⅜	5,300	Iron Blossom	⅝	⅜	⅝	+ ⅛
8	6	12,200	†Jumbo Extension	7	6	6	— 1
4⅜	4	200	Kerr Lake	4	4

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QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request
Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Quotation Feb. 21, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Albany Southern, '39	5	Mar. & Sep.	75	80
Am. W. W. & El., '34	5	Apr. & Oct.	51	51½
Anac. & Pot. R., '49	5	Apr. & Oct.	..	87
Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr. & Oct.	75	..
Augusta-Aiken Ry. & Elec., '35	5	June & Dec.	15	30
B. Rouge El. 1st, '30	5	Feb. & Aug.	75	80
Buff. Gen El., '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	96	96½
Do deb., '22	6	Feb. & Aug.	102	104
Buffalo Ry. cons., '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	85½	87
Buff. & Lock. 1st, '38	5	Jan. & July	..	98
Buff. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35	5	Jan. & July	..	89
Do 1st, '42	5	Jan. & July	93½	94½
Cape Breton El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	..	73
Capital Trac. 1st, '47	5	Jan. & July	92½	93
C. & P. Tel. cons., '29	5	Jan. & July	95	..
Charleston Con. Ry. G. & E., '99	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	85
Cit. Service deb., C	7	Jan. & July	101¾	103¾
Cleve. Elec. Ill., '39	5	Apr. & Oct.	86	89
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July	60	70
Conn. Pr. 1st & con., '63	5	Apr. & Oct.	82	90
Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd., 1st, '51	4½	Jan. & July	55	65
Cons. Gas (Balt.), '54	4½	Jan. & July	..	83
Do, 1939	5	Jan. & July	90	..
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July	..	80
Cons. G. of N. J., '36	5	Jan. & July	85	..
Do 1st, '65	5	Apr. & Oct.	80	..
Cons. T. of N. J. 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	65	70
Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '30	5	Jan. & July	90	..
Do deb., '30	5	Jan. & July	85	..
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32	5	May & Nov.	..	90
Dallas Elec. 1st, '22	5	Apr. & Oct.	100	..
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42	5	May & Nov.	74	80
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, '56	5	June & Dec.	87	93
El Paso Elec. coll., '32	5	Jan. & July	82	90
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54	5	Apr. & Oct.	..	75
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40	5	May & Nov.	..	75
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49	5	June & Dec.	80	..
Gen. Gas & El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	55	65
Harwood Elec. 1st, '39	5	Jan. & July	91	95
Houston Elec. 1st, '25	5	Feb. & Aug.	85	90
Hudson Co. Gas, '49	5	May & Nov.	80	83
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49	4	May & Nov.	45	50
K. C. Long D. T., '25	5	Jan. & July	85	86½
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23	5	Jan. & July	88	90
Knoxville Trac., '28	5	Apr. & Oct.	85	..
Middle West Util., '25	6	Jan. & July	90	95
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Jan. & July	70	73
Nev.-Cal. El. 1st 6s, '46	6	Jan. & July	90	96
Newark Gas, '48	5	June & Dec.	79	83
Newark Pass. Ry., '30	5	Jan. & July	73	80
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '48	4	May & Nov.	44	50
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004	4	Jan. & July	55	60
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	92	93
Do ref., '32	6	Apr. & Oct.	100	102
Norf. & Ports. Tr., '36	5	June & Dec.	..	80
Norf. Ry. & Lt., '49	5	May & Nov.	..	90
N. Tex. El. coll. tr. '40	5	Jan. & July	72	79
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons., '28	5	Jan. & July	76	78
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. & Bridge con., '28	5	Feb. & Aug.	76	79
Ontario Power 1st, '43	5	Feb. & Aug.	89	91
Do deb., '21	6	Jan. & July	96	98
Paterson Ry. gen., '44	5	Apr. & Oct.	85	..
Pensacola Elec. 1st, '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	..	70
Portland. (Ore.) Ry. 1st, '30	5	May & Nov.	63	68
Pot. El. Power 1st, '29	5	June & Dec.	92½	94
Do cons., '36	5	Jan. & July	86½	..
Rutland R. & L. 1st, '46	5	Mar. & Sep.	45	55
S. Jos. (Mo.) R., H. & Power 1st, '37	5	May & Nov.	60	..
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '52	5	Feb. & Aug.	88	90
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb. & Aug.	82	90
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Mar. & Sep.	70	80
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '31	4	May & Dec.	70	..
Syracuse Light 1st, '51	5	June & Dec.	80	85
Syracuse Lt. & P., '54	5	Jan. & July	69	73
Tampa Electric 1st, '37	5	June & Dec.	85	88
Twin States Gas & El. 1st & ref., '53	5	Apr. & Oct.	65	70
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June & Dec.	64	67
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar. & Sep.	66	68
Do income, '49	4	June & Dec.	44	45
Wash., B. & A., '41	5	Mar. & Sep.	72	75½
Washington Gas, '60	5	May & Nov.	87	88
Wash. R. & E. con., '51	4	Jan. & July	57	59
Wheeling Trac., '31	5	Jan. & July	70	75

INDUSTRIAL BONDS.

Am. B. Sh. & Fy., '52	5	Mar. & Sep.	98	101
American Ice, '22	5	Apr. & Oct.	97	..
American Malting, '26	5	June & Dec.	90	..
Am. Oil 1st, '36	5	Feb. & Aug.	80	86
Am. Steel Fds. deb., '28	4	Feb. & Aug.	92½	..
Am.S.S. (W.Va.) 1st, '20	6	May & Nov.	99	..
Buf. & Sus. Iron 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	86	..
Can. Car & Fdy., '39	6	June & Dec.	78	..
Can. Cons. Felt, '40	6	Apr. & Oct.	80	..
Cent. Iron & Steel, '25	6	Feb. & Aug.	95	..
Chi. Pneu. Tool, '21	5	Jan. & July	99½	..
Commer. Cable 1st, '97	4	Jan. & July	68	..
Computing Scale, '31	6	Jan. & July	85½	88½
Dom. Glass 1st, '33	6	June & Dec.	87	..
Lima Locomotive, '32	6	May & Nov.	92	..
Monon Coal 1st, '50	5	June & Dec.	40	45
New Jersey Zinc, '26	4	Apr. & Oct.	91½	..
Phoenix Iron, '30	6	Jan. & July	97	..
Poch. Con. Coll. 1st, '57	5	Jan. & July	82	84
Roan. Iron, '23	6	Jan. & July	95	..
Rogers-Brown Iron 1st ref., '37	5	Jan. & July	90	97
Standard Motors, '27	6	Jan. & July	98	101
United Fruit deb., '23	4½	Jan. & July	96½	..
Wickwire Steel 1st, '34	6	May & Nov.	98	101

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Feb. 21, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Pwr.	..	..	..	14	16
Do pf.	1½	..	Oct 1, 19	77	81
Am. Gas El. ($60)	1½	Q	Jan 2, 20	120	123
Do pf. ($50)	1½	Q	Feb 1, 20	39	40
Am. Light & Trac.	2½	Q	Feb 1, 20	177	179
Do pf.	1½	Q	Feb 2, 20	88	90
Am. Power & Light	1	Q	Dec 2, 19	60	65
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 2, 20	70	74
Am. Public Utilities	¾	..	Jul 1, 14	7	12
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 1, 20	22	27
Am. W. Wks. & Elec.	..	..	.....	2	4
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Feb 16,20	47	52
Do participating pf.	..	..	.....	4	7
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf	3	S	Dec 1, 19	70	75
Buffalo Gen. Electric.	2	Q	Dec 31,19	102½	105
Capital Traction	1½	Q	Jan 1, 20	87	87½
Cities Service	*1	M	Feb 1, 20	369	370
Do pf.	½	M	Feb 1, 20	70	71
Do Bankers Shares	43.8	M	Feb 1, 20	39½	41½
Do pf., B	..	..	.....	6½	7¾
Colorado Power	½	Q	Jan 15,20	15	17
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 15,20	90	95
Columbus Elec. pf.	3	S	Jan 2, 20	68	74
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt.	1	..	Nov 1, 18	17	19
Do pf.	1½	..	Feb 1, 20	38	40
Conn. Power pf.	1½	Q	Dec 1, 19	80	86
Con. Trac. of N. J.	2	S	Jan 15,20	38	45
Eastern Texas Elec.	4	S	Jan 2, 20	64	70
Do pf.	3	S	Jan 2, 20	70	76
Elec. Bond & Share pf	1½	Q	Feb 1, 20	88½	92
El Paso Electric	2½	Q	Dec 15,19	74	80
Essex & Hudson Gas.	4	..	Dec 1, 19	100	115
Federal Light & Trac. Do pf.	1½	..	Sep 1, 14	6	8
Gal. & Hous. El. pf.	3	S	Sep 15,19	43	47
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	2½	S	Jan 2, 20	48	54
Miss. River Pr. pf.	..	..	.....	80	..
Newark Con. Gas	2½	S	J. & J.	48	51
Niagara Falls Pwr. pf	1¾	Q	Jan 15,20	70	76
No. Ont. Light & Pwr. Do pf.	3	S	Jan 15,20	102	104
No. States Power	1¾	..	Jan 20,18	10	14
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 20,20	55	62
Nor. Texas Elec. pf.	3	S	Sep 1, 19	87	90
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	1½	Q	Nov 15,19	65	71
Republic Ry. & Light	1	..	Jul 15,18	83	84
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 15,20	15	17
Southern Cal. Edison.	1¾	Q	Feb 15,20	46	49
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 15,20	57	60
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	4	S	Dec 1, 19	100	104
Standard G. & E. ($50)	..	..	.....	90	100
Do pf. ($50)	2	Q	Dec 15,19	19	21
Tampa Electric	2½	Q	Feb 16,20	38	30
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr. Do pf.	..	..	.....	102	107½
United Light & Rys.	1	..	Oct 1, 19	1½	2
Do 1st pf.	1½	Q	Jan 2, 20	25	8
Un. Rys. & El. (Balt.)	50c	Q	Jul 22, 19	00	30
Washington Gas	90c	Q	Feb 1, 20	11	12
Wash. Ry. & Electric.	1¼	..	Sep 1, 19	46	46½
Do pf.	1½	..	Sep 1, 19	16	22
Western Power	1¼	..	.....	47	51
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 15,20	19	21
Wisconsin Edison	$3	..	Dec 31,19	68	70
				30	35

*1% payable in com. stock. †Incl. 2½% payable in com. stock. ‡And 2% extra. ¶Incl. 3% extra. a—Payable in scrip.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Feb. 21, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Trust	¶1,000,000	..	Q	Jan 2, 20	368	374
Bankers Tr.	20,000,000	5	Q	Jan 2, 20	502	515
Brooklyn	1,500,000	a5	Q	Jan 2, 20	410	419
Cent. Union	12,500,000	5½	Q	Jan 2, 20	410	419
Columbia	5,000,000	*4	Q	Dec 31,19	335	345
Commercial	1,000,000	..	..	.....	150	..
Empire	2,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31,19	295	305
Equitable Tr.	12,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31,19	282	286
Far. L. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Feb 2, 20	430	435
Fidelity	1,000,000	2½	Q	Dec 31,19	230	240
Franklin	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31,19	235	245
Fulton	500,000	*5	S	Jan 2, 20	255	..
Guaranty	25,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31,19	368	372
Hamilton	500,000	*3	Q	Feb 1, 20	270	280
Hudson Tr.	500,000	*2	Q	Dec 31,19	155	..
Irving Trust.	3,000,000	2	Q	Jan 2, 20	‡	..
Kings Co.	500,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 19	640	..
Law. T.& T.C.	4,000,000	11½	Q	Jan 2, 20	125	130
Lincoln	1,000,000	1	Q	Feb 2, 20	175	185
Manufact'rs.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 20	208	..
Mercantile	1,000,000	..	..	.....	310	..
Metropolitan.	2,000,000	4	Q	Dec 31,19	295	300
New York	3,000,000	6	Q	Jan 2, 20	610	630
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	10	S	Dec 31,19	715	735
People's Tr.	1,500,000	4	Q	Jan 1, 20	205	..
Title G. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31,19	380	383
United States	2,000,000	25	S	Jan 2, 20	830	860
U. S. M. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Jan 2, 20	405	415

‡And 2% extra. †And 1% extra. §See Irving Bank.
¶See N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co. a—And 10% extra.
b—And 4% extra. c—And 5% extra. d—And 10% extra.

INSURANCE, REALTY, AND SURETY COMPANIES.

Am. Alliance	$1,000,000	7½	S	J. & J.	280	..
A. Sur'y ($50)	5,000,000	2	Q	Dec 31,19	77	77
Bd. & Mtg.G.	5,000,000	4	Q	Feb 15,20	220	230
City of N. Y.	600,000	3	..	Jun 30,19	150	200
Commonw'lth	500,000	5	S	J. & J.	300	325
Continental	10,000,000	2½	S	Jan 7, 20	73	76
Fidel. Phenix	2,500,000	15	S	Jan 7, 20	640	670
Globe & Rut.	700,000	10	Q	Jan 31,20	100	..
Great Amer. Do rights	5,000,000	†6	Q	Jan 15,20	252	256
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jan 2, 20	85	..
Home Fire	6,000,000	12½	S	J. & J.	540	560
Lawyers Mtg	6,000,000	2	Q	Jan 1, 20	120	123
Mtg. Bond Co	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Dec 31,19	95	100
Nat Llb.($50)	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	175	190
Nat. Surety	5,000,000	3	Q	Jan 1, 20	195	205
N.Y. T. & M.	3,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan 2, 20	1135	140
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	*10	S	J. & J.	253	260
N.River ($25)	600,000	5	S	A. & O.	45	..
Pacific ($25)	400,000	5	S	Jan 21,20	50	65
Realty Asso.	4,000,000	a3	S	Jan 15,20	107	111
Stuyv't ($100)	700,000	3	..	Jan 1, 17	50	75
U.S.Fire ($20)	1,400,000	5	S	F. & A.	45	55
Weste'r ($10)	1,000,000	50c	Q	Nov 1, 19	37	40

*And 5% extra. †And 1% extra.
‡Includes Amer. Trust Co. stock. a—And 2% extra.

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

Bikr. St. & F Ferry stock	$900,000	⅝	..	J. & J.	2¼	..
Bway&7thAv	2,100,000	2½	..	Jan 1, 19	40	80
Bx. C.R.($10)	12,000,000	25c	..	Jul 15, 19	4¼	5
Ch. & 10th St	650,000	2	..	Jan 1, 19	35	60
8th Av. R.R.	1,000,000	4	..	Jan 15,19	100	125
42d St & G.St	748,000	4½	..	Feb 1, 19	50	90
Ninth Av.	800,000	2	..	Jan 15,19	50	110
6th Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	..	Mar 20,19	30	50

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Feb. 21, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Chicle	1	Q	Feb 1, 20	74	76
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 2, 20	78	82
American Mfg.	1½	Q	Jan 1, 20	165	170
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 20	87	90
Am. Piano pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 2, 20	80	84
Amer. Typefounders.	1	..	Jan 15,20	42	46
Atlas Powder	3	Q	Dec 10,19	135	163
Do pf.	1½	Q	Feb 1, 20	86	89
Am. Seed. Machine pf.	1½	Q	Jan 15,20	95	97
Babcock & Wilcox	2	Q	Jan 2, 20	117	119½
Borden Co.	4	S	Feb 1, 20	109	111
Do pf.	1½	Q	Dec 14,19	96	99
Carbon Steel	2	Q	Jan 15,20	95	105
Do 1st pf.	4	..	Sep 30,19	100	110
Do 2d pf.	6	A	Jul 30, 19	70	78
Cardenas Am. Sug. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 2, 20	80	..
Celluloid	b2	Q	Dec 31,19	145	155
Central Coal & Coke	1½	Q	Jan 15,20	100	101
Chi. Ry. Equipment	2¾	Q	Dec 31,19	108	110
Childs	*1	Q	Dec 10,19	89	93
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Dec 10,19	96	99
Crocker-Wheeler	2	Q	Jan 31,19	88	96
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 15,20	95	100
Del., Lack. & W. Coal	1¾	Q	Jan 15,20	135	138
Draper Corp.	3	Q	Jan 1, 20	144	147
Eastern Steel	2½	Q	Jan 15,20	76	80
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Dec 15,19	88	92
Eastman Kodak	a2½	Q	Jan 2, 20	560	565
Fajardo Sugar	2½	Q	Feb 2, 20	140	142
Federal Rubber 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 2, 20	95	100
Federal Sugar	1¾	Q	Feb 2, 20	100	108
Do pf.	1½	Q	Feb 2, 20	105	108
Fisk Rubber Tire pf.	1¾	Q	Feb 2, 20	95	100
Gillette Safety Razor	2½	..	Dec 1, 19	163	165
Guantanamo Sugar	2½	Q	Jan 2, 20	72	73
Hercules Powder	2	Q	Dec 25,19	190	210
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Feb 14,20	100	104
Int. Silver	..	..	.....	35	40
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 1, 20	95	98
Lanston Monotype	1½	Q	Nov 29,19	79½	82½
Merg. Lindotype	2½	Q	Dec 31,19	131½	134
Merrimack Chem. ($50)	2½	Q	Jan 1, 20	89	91
Nat. Candy	3	S	Sep 10,19	142	147
Do 1st pf.	3½	S	Sep 10,19	104	107
Do 2d pf.	3½	S	Sep 10,19	105	108
Nat. Sugar Refining	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 20	140	143
New Niquero Sugar pf.	3½	S	Jan 2, 20	250	825
Niles-Bement-Pond	2	Q	Dec 20,19	104	108
Do pf.	1½	Q	Feb 20,20	93	99
Northwest Leather pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 15,20	99	101
Norton Co. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 20	101	104½
Procter & Gamble	5	Q	Feb 14,20	700	725
Royal Baking Powder.	b2	Q	Dec 31,19	135	140
Do pf.	1½	Q	Dec 31,19	87	88
Safety Car H. & Ltg.	1½	Q	Dec 23,19	58	59½
Santa Cecilia Sugar	1½	Q	Feb 1, 20	75	76
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Feb 1, 20	75	77
Shredded Wheat	2	Q	Jan 1, 20	133	..
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 1, 20	..	90
Singer Mfg.	2½	Q	Dec 80,19	148	151
Stollwerck Choc. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 20	102	105
Valvoline Oil	2	Q	Jan 1, 20	102	104
Waitt & Bond pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 20	100	103
Warren (S. D.) pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 20	101	103½

*And 1½% extra. †And 50c extra.
a—And 7½% extra. b—And 2% extra.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Feb. 21, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
America	$1,500,000	16	S	Jan 2, 20	610	620
Am. Exc. N.	5,000,000	7	S	Nov 1, 19	295	304
Atlantic ($100)	1,000,000	†2½	Q	Jan 1, 20	215	..
Bk. of Cuba	100,000	6	S	Jan 1, 20	175	180
Batt'y Pk. N.	1,500,000	‡3	S	Jan 2, 20	203	215
Bowery	250,000	‡3	Q	Feb 1, 20	425	..
B'way Cent'l.	100,000	..	..	.....	150	165
Bronx Nat.	200,000	5	S	Jan 2, 20	155	165
Bronx Boro.	150,000	..	..	.....	85	100
Bryant Park.	200,000	b3	S	Jan 1, 20	145	155
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	4	S	Jan 2, 20	35	45
Chase Nat'l.	15,000,000	4	Q	Jan 2, 20	430	435
Ch.-Fn. Nat.	7,000,000	4	Q	Jan 2, 20	307	315
Chelsea Ex.	1,000,000	3	..	Apr 1, 17	130	135
Chemic. Nat.	3,000,000	3½	B	Jan 2, 20	580	590
Citizens Nat.	3,000,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 20	255	265
City Nat'l.	25,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 19	375	385
Coal & I. N.	1,500,000	c2	Q	Jan 2, 20	250	..
Colonial	600,000	‡3	Q	Jan 2, 20	350	..
Columbia	2,000,000	b4	S	Dec 31,19	175	..
Comm. Exch.	200,000	d10	S	Jan 2, 20	425	..
Commonw'th.	400,000	5	S	Nov 1, 19	210	220
Com. Nat.	25,000,000	b2½	Q	Jan 2, 20	227	232
Contin'l ($75)	1,000,000	8½	S	Feb 2, 20	120	..
Corn Exch.	4,620,000	5	Q	Feb 1, 20	435	458
E. R. Nat.	1,000,000	4½	S	Jan 2, 20	160	..
Fifth Av.	500,000	6	Q	Jan 2, 20	920	..
Fifth Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan 1, 20	160	..
First Nat.	10,000,000	15	Q	Jan 2, 20	950	978
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	‡3	Q	Dec 31,19	230	240
Gotham Nat.	500,000	b2	Q	Jan 2, 20	210	220
Greenwich	800,000	f4	Q	Jan 2, 20	400	..
Hanover Nat	3,000,000	8	Q	Jan 2, 20	815	835
Harriman N.	1,000,000	5	S	Jan 3, 20	375	400
Imp. & T.Nat	1,500,000	12	S	Jan 2, 20	650	700
Irving Nat.	6,000,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 20	*387	391
Liberty Nat.	5,000,000	4½	Q	Jan 2, 20	395	410
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Feb 2, 20	275	285
Manh'n ($50)	2,500,000	$3	Q	Jan 2, 20	245	255
Mech. & Met.	6,000,000	5	Q	Jan 2, 20	445	450
Mer. Nat.	3,000,000	$3	S	Jan 2, 20	235	240
Metropolitan	2,000,000	d2½	Q	Jan 2, 20	350	..
Mutual	200,000	g5	Q	Jan 2, 20	475	..
N. Netherl'd.	600,000	4	S	Oct 1, 19	..	210
N.Y.(N.B.A.)	2,000,000	5	Q	Jan 2, 20	435	..
N.Y. Co. Nat	1,000,000	10	..	Jan 2, 17	125	..
N.Y.Pro. Ex.	1,000,000	5	..	Jan 2, 20	400	..
Pacific ($50)	1,000,000	a81	Q	Feb 2, 20	150	..
Park Nat.	5,000,000	g6	Q	Jan 1, 20	745	780
People's ($25)	200,000	3	S	Jan 10,20	145	..
Public	2,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31,19	340	..
Seab'd Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 20	650	675
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 20	425	..
State	2,500,000	8	S	Jan 2, 20	210

PROTESTS LIMITING COMMERCE BUREAU

Chamber of Commerce of United States Declares More Attaches Are Needed.

FEARS CRIPPLING OF TRADE

Congress Is Told That Business Demands That the Service Should Be Enlarged.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—The Chamber of Commerce of the United States came out tonight with an attack upon the House Committee on Appropriations for eliminating the Commercial Attaché Service of the Department of Commerce and reducing the activities of the bureau by one-third to one-half by limiting available funds.

Pointing out that when other countries are extending and enlarging their commercial services abroad this is a particularly inopportune time to cripple the bureau, the chamber, in a letter addressed to all members of the House, declares the bureau has been a valuable source of information to American business houses, and that there is no existing agency which can take its place, just as there are no existing agencies which can take the place of the commercial attachés.

In a letter to member oragnizations the chamber sets forth that only two reasons have been assigned for the cut in appropriation—one economy and the other duplication of effort. Of these claims the chamber says:

"This is economy at a point where enlarged expenditures would be more appropriate. As for duplication, if any exists, it would seem to arise from the efforts of other government departments to encroach on the proper field of the bureau."

It is pointed out that the two referenda of the Chamber resulted in an overwhelming vote in favor of commercial attachés and an enlargement of the bureau's activities.

Discarding of the Commercial Attaché Service, members of Congress are told, is an exact reversal of recent American international trade policy.

"Legislation has been enacted," the letter says, "to permit American business concerns to co-operate in their foreign trade. As late as December legislation has been enacted to permit co-operation in international finance. These are merely illustrations of apparent congressional policy in favor of developing the part the United States plays in international commerce."

The Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce and the Commercial Attaché Service, the Chamber declares, have been particularly valuable for American concerns of smaller size.

"In other words," says the letter, "the bureau has served to promote a broad and sound foreign trade with participation by manufacturers and merchants of moderate and small size. It is needless to add that the comparatively few large industrial organizations of the country are themselves able to maintain such services of their own as they may require abroad."

Calling attention to the fact that no more inopportune time for curtailing foreign trade service could be selected, the Chamber points out that in the development of commercial services by other countries Great Britain alone has upward of fifty representatives of the staff of her eighteen attachés and resident attachés and resident trade Commissioners.

Lutheran Appeal for Orphans.

"Orphans' Sunday" was observed yesterday by the Lutheran churches in this city and vicinity which are connected with the Lutheran Synodical Conference. Special contributions were asked for the Bethlehem Orphan and Half Orphan Home, Fort Wadsworth, S. I., N. Y., where there are 126 children. Last year it cost $29,000 to run the home. This year a greater sum will be needed.

GIVES $50,000 FOR WORKERS

Head of Wilson & Co. Swells Pension Fund, Now $562,000.

A gift of $50,000 by Thomas E. Wilson, President of Wilson & Co., wholesale meats, 816 First Avenue, to the Wilson Employes' Pension Fund will be announced today in the annual report of the officers of the fund.

The report as it will be presented by the retiring President of the fund, Dr. R. F. Eagle, will show assets of over $562,000 accumulated in less than three years. Of this amount $200,000 has been contributed by the company. When the fund was established, less than three years ago, after Mr. Wilson took over the company now bearing his name, all employes who joined received credit for all the years of their service.

Weekly deductions of 3 per cent. are made from the salaries of employes. In the event they leave the employ of the company their contributions are returned in full. After twenty years of continuous service and upon reaching the age of 65 years, they are retired automatically. For each year of service, those eligible to participate in the fund are paid on the basis of 2½ per cent. of their annual salary. A surviving widow receives one-half of the amount, payable during her lifetime or until she remarries. In the latter event the pension is paid to any surviving children until they reach the age of 18.

ARTISTS OPPOSE UNION.

Society of Independents Gives Out Result of its Questionnaire.

Artists in America do not favor a union similar to the recently formed Union of French Graphic and Plastic Artists in Paris, according to a statement made yesterday by the Society of Independent Artists, Inc., giving the results of a questionnaire on the subject. The organization, which has 550 members, will hold an exhibition in this city from March 11 to April 1 at which more than a thousand pictures, sculptures and etchings will be shown. The principles of the society are no prizes, no juries and alphabetical hanging of exhibits.

The attitude of those opposed to the idea of a union was summed up in the reply of Walter Wesley Dow, Director of the Department of Fine Arts, Columbia University, who wrote:

"I do not think that American artists need a union. We have more societies than we know what to do with. It simply makes additional trouble and takes time that artists would prefer to give to their work."

Annetta J. Saint-Gaudens, a sculptor, was one of those who favored the union idea. Not only would it bring unity among artists, she maintained, but it would help make the artist a part of the life of the people.

ASK $975,000 TO AID NEEDY.

Association for Improving Condition of Poor Will Open Drive March 5.

The New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor will begin on March 5 a week's drive to raise $975,000 needed to carry out the work of the organization this year. Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., President of the association, announcing this yesterday, said that expenditures last year totaled $886,888.05, and the cost of this year's work would be much greater because of increased prices.

"It is absolutely essential for us to appeal at this time to the public for funds with which to carry on if we are to continue our relief work among the 4,700 families under our care and our health work among a still larger number," Mr. Bliss said. "We have been obliged to help families to meet the high rentals. This increase amounts to about 75 per cent. Food and clothing have been advanced, and these increased costs have added to our burden."

Mr. Bliss said that the $975,000 was to be apportioned as follows: Relief in homes where there were no wage earners, $440,000; preventive nursing care to mothers and children, $100,000; expenses of Home Hospital and clinics, $65,000; fresh air site and building development, $120,000; outings for mothers and children, $75,000, and co-operating in epidemics, $175,000.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Manufacturing opportunities offered at Saugerties, N. Y.; labor supplied from 10,000 population, railroad and Hudson River shipping, favorable electric and gas service, individual sites and large tract of 30 acres offered to manufacturers at low cost; modern improvements. Address Chamber of Commerce, Saugerties, N. Y.

Hudson, New York, on Hudson River, offers unusual opportunities for manufacturers and exporters; lower living costs; available locations; houses for needs; New York Central, Boston & Albany; quick river transportation. Address, Chamber of Commerce.

Want to buy bookbindery in New York equipped for job work; state particulars and price. E. Y., 209 Cable Building.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Party with $200,000 wishes to invest in a good money-making proposition; give particulars in first letter. Westerner, S 384 Times.

$5,000-$10,000 to invest; mfg. or jobbing; must stand investigation. I. W. H., 565 Broadway, Room 806.

Willing to invest $4,000 and services in good paying proposition. Wadsworth 5641.

Clean-cut young American seeks business opportunity. A 666 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED.

Capital Wanted—An established publishing company, now selling its product all over this country and Canada; the sales this year are exceeding the sales of last year tenfold. We would like to interest capital to the extent of $30,000 or about $6,000 each month, to enable us to execute these orders which are very profitable; arrangement for security to suit; references exchanged. K. S., 361 Times.

Partner or investor wanted in successfully operated paper plant located in New England, with offices in New York; one hundred thousand dollars required for extensions and enlargement of business; product has an established reputation for quality. V 286 Times.

Young man who can invest from $20,000 to $50,000 in a manufacturing business in New York State; an interest in the company will be given and fine position; the President of this company now in New York City. Write for an appointment. J 389 Times.

Going manufacturing business, metal line, needs $15,000 for year for reorganization and expansion; profits $30,000; loan secured; liberal bonus of stock with or without services; will stand full investigation. B 671 Times Downtown.

Originator and maker of candy malt tablets wants party with capital to enlarge business; big demand for these candies; orders secured. Write Maltinette, 1,111 Southern Boulevard, Bronx.

Wanted, capital to finance Latin-American orders, on profit-sharing basis; we guarantee all accounts; will consider active, silent partner. E 680 Times Downtown.

Printing salesman; wonderful chance invest $1,000 with two practical printers on equal basis in plant that can do $75,000 business. D 708 Times Downtown.

$30,000 will buy interest of retiring partner in old established banking business; splendid earnings on investment; only principals. T 90 Times.

An established concern requires $20,000 to enable it to do business more profitably; highest references. S 724 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

NOVELTY BUYER,
GOING ABROAD;

Responsible party leaves March 6; experienced in ribbons, trimmings, silks, old scarfs, French-Italian novelties, interior decorating, willing to undertake commissions. Perfect knowledge French customs, language, markets, from 15 years' residence; custom entry experience; will bring merchandise on return in May. Write Mossman, Hotel Algonquin.

Foundry and machine shop now open for additional lines for the manufacture of complete machines and machine parts; grey iron, brass and aluminum castings; location ideal for production. Foundry, Y 409 Times Annex.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Wanted—The agency for a well-established insurance company for the business of insuring the body and for goods of ships (native country fleet); a firm of 75 years' standing; will give highest references and from the best bank for any amount. Please write Virgil Lalji & Co., Kharek, Bazar Mandvi, Bombay, India.

MANUFACTURERS! Our representative is leaving for Europe and will transact your foreign business. Address COLUMBIAN IMPORT CORP., 2,321 B'way, N. Y.

CALIFORNIAN RETURNING TO PACIFIC COAST SEEKS TO REPRESENT ONE OR TWO RELIABLE CONCERNS; SALARY AND COMMISSION. S 396 TIMES.

Gray Iron Castings—Contracts to place, want nearby foundry connection; production must be guaranteed; references. D 702 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE.

For Sale—Woodworking plant, strictly up-to-date machinery, practically new; together with heating plant and kiln, large stock, electrically equipped; well located private siding; buildings in first-class condition; will sell with or without machinery; low figure to those meaning business. Address Scherm & Stephan, Buffalo, N. Y.

$30,000 will secure absolute control of a corporation manufacturing a staple article; the business is still in its infancy, with excellent future and possibilities; absolutely legitimate and will stand most thorough investigation. For particulars address T 200 Times.

An established mail order business, selling massage apparatuses which are operated without electricity; this business is very profitable, can be conducted as a side line evenings at home; splendid opportunity for man or woman; will sell complete with stock, &c., $5,000. B 101 Times.

SUMMER HOTEL FOR SALE.

Lake Hopatcong, N. J.—Finest location on lake; accommodates 150; excellently furnished and equipped throughout; good moneymaker. Price, 602 West 184th. Tel. Wadsworth 4353.

Wonderful opportunity to acquire an old-established drug store; no charge for good will; applicants must be experienced druggists. Remmers & Co., 343 Lewis Av., Brooklyn.

Shop for sale, 2-year lease, dress plant 10 machines, cutting table, pressing table; everything complete; ready to work; immediate possession. Call from 10 to 1. 113 East 24th St., top floor.

Store in busiest theatrical section, ladies' lingerie, hosiery, gloves, &c.; long lease, stock fixtures; must be sold for cash. L. Bloom Co., 1,476 Broadway, City.

Moving pictures theatre, best location; 596 seats; price, $6,000; theatre like new; will sell account other business. Call at theatre, 7 West 110th St., any evening.

Small first mortgages yielding 12-15 per cent. interest, well secured and guaranteed; will be sold by old-established New York business house. S 395 Times.

BAKERY

for sale; weekly receipts over $2,100; no restaurant; great profits. Box H 150, 1,515 3d Av.

Milliner leaving for Europe sacrifices business for $700. Call Tuesday, 38 West 47th St., parlor floor.

Established up-to-date retail clothes shop on Broadway; most prominent location. S 357 Times.

Restaurant, best paying place in Harlem; sell at bargain; owner leaving town; needs cash. Sherman, 76 East 103th.

Billiard parlors, best localities. Are you looking for good paying business? If interested, apply Sherman, 76 East 106th.

For sale, 20,000 pairs rebuilt army shoes. Call at Broadway Central Hotel, Room 754. M. Schlesinger.

Apartments, tearooms, separate; good money makers. Gentlewoman's Exchange, Murray Hill 1475.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Are you looking to rid yourself of your business and get into something better? If interested, Sherman, 76 East 106th. Phone Harlem 9028.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Twelve cents per word each insertion.

ANNIMOLE, VERIMOLE or Artex wanted. Chelsea 9039, 3575.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Delands 3700, will exchange rose for pekin and other colors. Rosing & Cohn, 1,333 Broadway.

COATS Wanted—Jobs, plushes, cloth, ladies', children's, juniors'. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Glenroy or similar gingham; quantity of checks. Telephone Watkins 4150.

DRESSES Wanted — Suits, Winter coats, waists, skirts, silk underwear; better trade jobs; cash. National, 15 Lispenard. Canal 1447.

DRESSES Wanted—Tricotines, taffetas, tricolettes, velours, in jobs; any quantity. 12 East 32d, fifth floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at satin taffeta and georgette, H. Bakowitz, 134 West 29th. 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Open for all kinds of dresses in jobs. Queen, 114 West 26th.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Large quantity, good quality, all shades. Henry Simonoff & Sons, 40 West 28th.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Thrown raw and finished. Abrahams, 215 4th Av., Room 901.

JERSEYS Wanted—Heather and plain, all colors, suiting weight. Call with samples, Accurate Cloak Co., 15 West 18th.

JERSEY SUITS Wanted — Jobber placing stock orders. Twelfth floor, 22 West 26th.

JERSEYS Wanted—Quantity jersey suitings. Hirsch & Bro., 153 W. 27th.

LACES Wanted—Cotton curtain filets, ten point, large quantity. Phone Stagg 1075.

MOLESKINS Wanted—Style 9206 in drab and army shades; any quantity; will pay spot cash; immediate delivery. D. R., 803 Times Downtown.

NETS Wanted—Point d'esprit and dotted; quantity no object. Phone Chelsea 2340.

OVERCOATS Wanted—Will buy large quantity o'coats; immediate delivery. I. Rude, Pennsylvania Hotel.

PANAMAS Wanted—Cotton warp, wool; also Chudda cloth. Honig & Hochenberg, 1,193 Broadway.

PLUSH Wanted—Beavers, ungava, fur effects, strips; cash. Watkins 9386.

SERGES Wanted — Brown, pencil stripes; Broadhead or similar. Bernstein, Madison Square 745.

SHIRTS Wanted—Open for large quantity low-priced dress shirts. I. Rude, Pennsylvania Hotel.

SILKS Wanted—Messaline, peau de chines, black, red, green, any quantity; price must be low. Ellinger, 27 East 22d St.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Stoney Starkey 320, tan; Stevens 61082, pekin; also 923 polo, tan. Merit Co., 1,333 Broadway.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking high-grade suit samples, ready to place large orders, 30 West 32d, third floor.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at boys' wash suits, knee pants; state prices. H 136 Times.

SUITS Wanted—Open for quantity wool jersey suits. 8th floor, 153 W. 27th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Blacks at a price; all qualities, for cash; also satins. Sinsheimer Co., 21 East 32d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—All colors; cash; Tuesday, 10 to 12. I. Harris, 22 East 21st.

TAFFETA Wanted—Silk changeables. Manhattan Petticoat, 3 West 29th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Colors brown and black; good quality. Rosenberg Bros., 8 West 30th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Empires, navy, 5799; also Americans 09077. Gramercy 4493.

TRICOTINE Wanted—0388 American $4.50, spot cash. Penn. 258.

VELOUR CHECKS Wanted—Open for all shades, also navy 0388 tricotines. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

VELOUR Wanted—Checks, Steven's, and other good qualities; spot cash. Penn. 258.

VELOUR Wanted—Stevens 4314, peacock 547, reindeer 536. Gramercy 4242.

VELOURS Wanted—Lightweight in fall shades. Spring 4646.

WAISTS, Skirts, Dresses Wanted—Jobs, better grade; cash. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Twelve cents per word each insertion.

AMOSKEAG—7301 copen. Chelsea 9039-3575.

BROADCLOTH—112 black; also 15030 and 13058, all shades. Greeley 1120.

COATS—Will be open Monday all day, and are showing polo coats; coats, capes and wraps, the better merchandise; for immediate delivery. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

COATS for the jobbing trade; taking Spring orders now. Blumenson & Co., manufacturers, 56 West 22d.

COATS—Tweed coats, automobile wear; full line Spring coats; popular prices. Blumenson & Co., manufacturers, 56 West 22d.

COATS, coatees, plush; orders taken for next Fall; no jobbers. Seventh floor, 48 West 25th.

COATS—Clean merchandise, clean methods. Blumenson Co., manufacturers, 56 W. 22d.

COATS—Spring; straight line dolmans, capes; cheap. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES—Job of 100 all wool tricotine dresses to close out at $13.75; job of 150 all wool serge dresses to close out at $8.75. Alper Bros., 153 West 27th.

DRESSES — Tricolettes, satin, charmeuse, $15, $27.50; georgettes, $13 up; voiles, $3.75; $10.50 jobs on hand. D. Horowitz & Co., 21 West 19th.

DRESSES — Samples, taffetas, crepe de chines, georgettes and foulards, to close out. Wolfert Dress, 35 East 21st St.

DRESSES—Pick them from racks; serges, velours, georgettes and silks to close out. Weingarten Bros., 151 West 30th.

DRESSES—Taffetas, georgettes and embroidered georgettes to close out at $12.75. Jawitz, 130 West 32d.

DRESSES—Better grade taffetas, satins, Georgettes, tricolettes, tricotines. Glockner, 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES—Wash, for jobbing trade, $3.50 up. Ford, 118 West 26th.

DRESSES—Poplins, for jobbers, $4.75 up; immediate delivery. Rivoli, 114 West 26th.

DYETYNE—25 pieces assorted shades to close out. Penn. 6860.

FLANNELETTE—New Era, Troy, Scotch; immediate and future deliveries. Pezenik. Lenox 5712 and Lenox 6282.

FOR SALE—171 Susquehanna poplin, at $1.20 net, ten days; 30 pieces black, 19 navy, 4 rose, 7 taupe, 7 copen, 3 white. E. A. Lorenz, 923 Washington Av., St. Louis.

FUR COATS—Sealine, with skunk collars and cuffs. Boutis Brothers, 478 6th Av. Telephone Watkins 2949.

FURS—Collars and cuffs of all kinds. Borynack, Kotzky & Co., 200 West 28th St.

GEORGETTES—Manufacturer offers fifty pieces of georgette, assorted colors, $2.05; regular terms. I. A. Hartstein & Co., 5 West 31st St.

GEORGETTE—All weights and dress shades; crepe de chine, wash satin; reasonable; regular terms. 288 4th Av., 8th floor.

GEORGETTES—25 pieces, 2x3, $2.25, 7% 10 days. Pennsylvania 6860.

JAP SILK—75 pieces 5 mm. Kaga, red label, below market price. Pennsylvania 6860.

JAP SILK—White Habutai, 7½ momie; below market. Spring 5537.

JERSEY CLOTH—Best quality, suitable for dresses, in all shades, for immediate delivery. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716, 5372.

JERSEYS—Heather 1988, bontons, below market price. William Marks, Madison Square 4731.

JERSEYS—50 pieces to close out. Penn. 6860.

KNEE PANTS—200 dozen, corduroy, thick-sets and wide wales. Louis Friedman, 713 Broadway.

MIDDIES—New Spring models made of Lonsdale drill, all white and trimmed with fast color Galatea; ladies' and children's sizes; reasonable prices. A. Millman, 20 West 33d St.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—Big variety for quick deliveries; see us. Lippman Underwear Co., 529 Broadway. Spring 4154.

PETTICOATS—Novelties, silk jersey, at a price. Canterbury, 172 5th Av.

POIRET TWILL—Garfield 4978, navy and black. Madison Square 7950.

POLO CLOTH—American 21227, 16011, also American velours 0360, and Arthur Meyer 3018; also Arthur Joel 500, 501, 600, 555; Saxonia 986. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716, 5372.

POLO CLOTH—American 15035, Dexter 1125, 125; also 1464 and 0036 serge. Greeley 1120.

POLO—Finsilvers 182, natural 875; 10% off. Greeley 2354.

RADIUM—40-inch, 25 pieces. Phone Penn 6860.

SATIN—High-grade black washable satin, below market. Spring 5536.

SERGES AND POIRET TWILLS—54289, 4061, 0036, 0308, U. S. 838, 235, Gera Poiret twill 50236, 7120, 7614, 7512, 7301, Botany 833, 780, 11433, Cleveland 9067, Whitmans 87, 99, 113, 104, 774, Geras 9056, SPA, WLP, BPNL, MPL, VSL, WFX, WP, SSGL, Julliards 54296, 54274, 54292, 8007, 5606, 5609, Broadheads 500, 8000; also big variety of Jamestown, Cleveland, Merz and Broadhead all wool plaids and stripes. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 5372, 2716.

SERGES, Goldtone, Tricotine, Plaids, Oxford, Velour, Polo—Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES—Tricotines, 4682, 1464, 7008, 3056, 8002, 6000, 528, 3700, 500, 5036, 907, 50341, 107. Watkins 9407.

SERGES—54289, navy and black. Greeley 2606.

SHANTUNG—50 pieces Schwartzbacher, Huber, 30-yard pieces. Sidney Kleinfield, 1,533 Broadway. Greeley 400.

SHANTUNG—50 pieces to close out. Penn. 6860.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY, N. Y.—M. Lurie & Co.; Mr. Davidson, coats, waists; 37 W. 26th.

ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.; R. A. Conliffe, toys, china; 120 W. 32d.

BALTIMORE—Gans Bros.; W. Gans, mfrs. umbrellas; 97 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; H. S. Messersmith, remnants; 354 4th Av.

BATESVILLE—Miss E. Cassell & Co.; E. Cassell, women's ready-to-wear clothing; Aberdeen.

BOSTON — Jordan-Marsh Co.; P. McHugh, silk dress goods; Miss G. A. Galbraith, braids; G. L. Snyder, stationery, fancy stationery; W. G. Titus, music, talking machines; Miss A. Chaloux, corsets; Mr. Wilkins, women's millinery; Miss G. D. Hurtibuse, ladies' suits; Miss M. A. Turner, ribbons; A. G. Sanborn, silks; 432 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—W. Hengerer Co.; Miss P. Brinton, ready-to-wear; 2 W. 37th.

BURLINGTON, Vt. — M. Lurie & Co.; B. Perk, women's ready-to-wear; 37 W. 26th.

CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; B. Jones, white goods; 366 5th Av.; Bresiln.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; J. Kaplan, Spring coats, suits, skirts; Miss Lesher, Spring furs; 37 W. 26th.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—The Fashion; Mr. Kahn, ready-to-wear, cloaks, suits; 277 5th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Union Co.; Mrs. M. M. Kerstetter, waists, dresses; 120 W. 32d.

COLUMBUS—W. C. Moore, carpets; Collingwood.

DES MOINES, Ia.—Wilkins Bros.; Miss M. McNerney, embroideries, hdkfs., fancy goods; 1,270 B'way.

DETROIT—Field's Cloak and Suit House—H. Simon, ready-to-wear; 1,204 B'way.

DETROIT—Elliott-Taylor-Woolfenden; Miss P. O'Brien, infants' wear; T. H. Whan, domestics, beddings, toys, umbrellas; J. P. Rowe, domestics, linens, quilts; C. W. Bieber, white goods, embroideries, hdkfs.; M. W. Leach, hosiery, umbrellas, house furn. goods; 220 5th Av.

GALVESTON, Texas—Galveston D. G. Co.; S. W. Block, notions, fancy goods; 43 Leonard.

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Bowman & Co.; C. R. Bowman, toys, upholstery goods, rugs, carpets; 277 5th Av.; Continental.

INDIANAPOLIS—Efroymson & Wolf; M. Strashum, domestics; 116 W. 32d.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—W. H. Block Co.; Mrs. M. Lewis, misses, children's wear; 1,261 B'way.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—King Outfitting Company; H. B. Friedman, coats, suits, dresses; 56 W. 22d; McAlpin.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Kohn, Furchgott Co.; H. Meyerheim, men's clothing, furn. goods; 6 W. 32d; Wallick.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa.—Schwartz Bros.; Mr. Friedlander, china, glassware, house furn. goods; Room 505, 1,161 B'way.

LITTLE FALLS, N. Y.—B. Feldman & Son.; H. Feldman, carpets; Hermitage.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Miller Ready-to-Wear Co.; J. B. Miller, ready-to-wear; Miss F. Dancy, millinery; Pennsylvania.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Bry-Block Merc. Co.; Mr. Block, gen'l mdse.; Mr. Heas, waists, shirts; S. Greenblatt, jobs coats, suits, dresses; 352 4th Av.

MIDLAND, Texas—Wadley Wilson Co.; F. Boylan, women's wear; Aberdeen.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Blumfield-Locher Co.; Miss K. Laubenheimer, millinery; 640 B'way; Breslin.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Young, Quinlan Co.; Miss C. Berry, waists; 220 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—L. S. Donaldson Co.; C. E. Fisher, silverware, toilet goods, jewelry; C. E. Sharon, notions, fancy goods, trunks, yarns; Miss F. Banks, Miss V. Barrette, representing; 230 5th Av.; Marie Antoinette.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—Dwyer Bros.; G. Bagnette, notions, holiday goods; 256 Church.

NEW ORLEANS—Coulter D. G. Co.; R. G. Rease, stationery, fancy goods, silverware, jewelry; 1,170 B'way; McAlpin.

NORRISTOWN, Pa.—F. Heinz Store; J. Block, silk, jersey dresses; 352 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; F. W. Graham, curtains, upholstery goods; 1,140 B'way.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Olds, Wortman & King; W. H. St. Clair, hosiery, gloves, underwear, umbrellas; 432 4th Av.

RICHMOND, Va.—Kaufmann & Co.; L. Kaufmann, sweaters, underwear, infants' wear; 353 5th Av.

RUTLAND, Vt.—Kamber, Frank & Co.; H. H. Walk, gen'l mdse.; The Annex.

SAGINAW, Mich.—Modart Corset Co.; H. H. Behse, mfrs. corsets; 553 5th Av.

SALISBURY, Md.—R. E. Powell Co.; W. Powell, A. Toadwine, gen'l mdse., ready-to-wear; Collingwood.

SALT LAKE CITY—Keith-O'Brien Co.; F. G. Feulger, dinnerware, glassware, housefurn., toys; 120 W. 32d.

SEATTLE, Wash.—Brick Bros.; A. M. Brick, wholesale men's, women's woolen wear; Knickerbocker.

ST. LOUIS—Carleton D. G. Co.; G. W. Clipner, women's, children's ready-to-wear, sweaters; 329 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; S. A. Dobriner, hosiery, underwear, furn. goods, sweaters; Miss L. Sullivan, juniors', children's garments; 470 4th Av.

TERRELL, Texas—Price & Fields; W. P. Allen, O. S. Fields, gen'l mdse., St. James.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—H. S. Williams & Co.; C. Williams, carpets; Alcazar.

ZANESVILLE, Ohio—The A. E. Starr Co.; A. J. Baernstein, women's ready-to-wear; 37 W. 26th.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

SHIRTS, Hosiery, Underwear—For immediate delivery, for best retail trade. J. Leibovit, 15 Waverley Place.

SKIRTING—Cotton warp, panamas, serges, mohairs, white gabardine, printed voile and all kinds of suiting. Call S. Orenstein at the Hotel Imperial between 1 and 6 P. M.

SKIRTS for jobbers and January sales; wash, $12 dozen up; silks, $2.50 up; wool plaids, $3 up. Ford, 116 West 26th.

SKIRTS—Plaids, serges, poplins and novelties for jobbers; special February prices. Milton Skirt Co., 450 4th Av.

SUITS—Will be open Monday all day, and are showing velour checks and tricotine suits, silk lined; $29.75; immediate delivery. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

SUITS—500 serge suits, silk lined, to close out at a big reduction; all new spring styles. S. Lieblich Sons, 424 7th Av.

SUITS—Jobs, newest styles, tricotines, serges, poplins. Talbot Co., 38 West 32d.

TAFFETA—Five pieces black, $1.95. Telephone Circle 3623.

TINSELTONES—718. Holden & Leonard, Madison Square 7950.

TRICOLETTE AND PAULETTE — Below market price. B. Schustack, 44 East 32d.

TRICOLETTES—Quantity. Phone Pennsylvania 6860.

TRICOTINES AND POIRET TWILLS—Also blacks, American 0388, Julliards 5615, Geras 50341, 10854, 10816, Goff 3304, Cleveland 9541, Merz 6708, 6718, Saxonia 969; also Gera Poiret twill 50236, Martin 1156 and Goff cotton warp tricotine 4201. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716, 5372.

TRICOTINES—5952, 8304, 4201, 1451, 833, 7512, 7120, 9, VSL, PGL, MDSL, 6709½, silvertones, goldtones and others. David Carity, 44 East 23d; Gramercy 4992.

TRICOTINES, taffeta, charmeuse; good quality; Dunmore 0158, Andrews 5782. Watkins 9366.

TRICOTINES—Botany 5954, all shades. Madison Square 7950.

TRICOTINES — Fifty pieces 4718. Watkins 3897.

UNIFORM CLOTH, Burgundy — For hotel uniforms, 54-inch, all wool. River Road Woolen Co., 28 Harrison Av., Boston, Mass.

VELOURS—Spring shades Merrimac, Pekin, Copen, Tan, Rookie, other makes. Watkins 9407.

VELOURS—0360 and ¾ goods, in Fall colors; also 9600. Gramercy 4381.

VELOUR—Botany suede velour, 5963; all colors. Chelsea 2840.

VENETIANS—Quantity, 54 inch marquise de luxe. Spring 9332.

WAISTS—Jobs, georgettes, assorted styles, $3.87½; cotton waists, $8.50 dozen up; Jap waists, $18 dozen up. Dixie, 114 West 26th.

WAISTS—Closing out 500 dozen georgette, crepe and taffeta waists at very low price. B. & E. Waist, 159 West 25th.

WHITMAN 1213, 45 pieces, navy; Susquehanna 171, 100 pieces, black, navy, taupe. 134 West 29th, first floor.

ZIGEROUX JUILLIARD — 5614M-18, light grade, $3.75 net. Greeley 2606.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS on boys' blouses, shirts and pajamas; can keep factory busy entire year. Write D, K., 520 Presbyterian Building.

Allied Industries.

ARMY AND NAVY STORES, ATTENTION! —We have for immediate delivery all new army and navy merchandise, O. D. shirts, blankets, socks, rubber boots, shoes, navy pea jackets, giddy blouses, trousers. Wholesale Merchants Clearing House of America, 557 Broadway, between Spring and Prince Sts. Wire Spring 3143.

BEADED BAGS—Shipment of imported handmade beaded bags, $5 and up. Yarn, 182 5th Av.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN—A prominent manufacturer of decorative linens has opening for salesman of proven ability; New York State and Middle West; only those having large department store following and established trade need apply; replies must state experience and for whom now traveling; commission; strictly confidential. G. K., 600 Times.

SALESMEN wanted for our retail department to represent our line of children's popular priced wash dresses on commission basis throughout the States. World Children Dress Co., 145 Greene St. Spring 3941.

SALESMAN, tricolettes as side line, commission basis, for New York and other cities. Y 433 Times Annex.

WOOLEN AND SILK MAN—Good proposition with wonderful future for man with thorough knowledge buying and selling woolens and dress goods as to the cutting-up trade. To receive prompt attention write fully of past connections, references and experience. State salary to begin. Letter only. Clover Mills, 27 West 27th St.

REJECT MEDIATION OFFER.

Swedish Strikers Cause Enormous Losses from Stoppage of Production.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 22.—The outlook for the settlement of the labor conflicts in Sweden seems dark. The Svenska Dagblad says the workers in the saw mills have rejected proposals for mediation in their strike and that it is expected iron workers will do likewise.

The strike pay distributed totals more than 2,500,000 kronen weekly. Enormous losses are being suffered through the stoppage of production.

Action! Sky-Rocket Your Sales with a MARVELNEEDLE

WOMEN are demanding embroidery.

BUT the H. C. of labor puts it beyond the reach of many.

WITH the MARVELNEEDLE it is made at trifling cost—and quickly.

CONSEQUENTLY it sells itself; also your materials.

A LITTLE larger than a fountain pen and as easy to use.

PRICE $5.50

Mail orders promptly filled

MARVEL

MARVEL NEEDLEKRAFT WORKS
Dept. A-2, 309 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

Also demonstrated and sold at Lord & Taylor's and McCreery's.

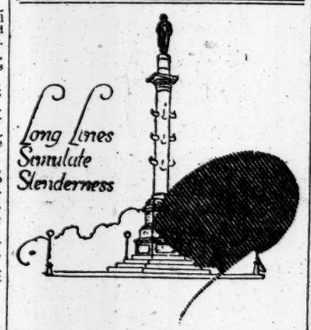
PURE WORSTED SCHREIBER Standware FABRICS JERSEY CLOTH MADE IN U.S.A.

The demand of Fashion everywhere is for that "sport air" and "tang" of outdoor freshness that "STANDWARE" Worsted Jersey Cloth alone can give.

When you stipulate "Standware" you discriminate between the best—Pure Worsted and the rest—poor wool.

Look for the "Standware" label and specify "Standware" when you order

RUDOLPH SCHREIBER 1140 Broadway, New York



Long Lines Simulate Slenderness

F. F. Models FULL FORM

SUITS AND COATS for Stout Women.

Our Showrooms Will Be Open until one o'clock today, Washington's Birthday.

BERNSTEIN, BAUM DaCOSTA CO., 38 WEST 32D ST., N. Y.

INSPECTION TODAY (MONDAY)
(Washington's Birthday), Feb. 23d
And Tuesday, Feb. 24, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
RHEINFRANK BUILDING MATERIAL CO., Retiring
SMITH & JAFFE; PHILIP SMITH, Auctioneer
WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION
STARTING WEDNESDAY, FEB. 25, 1920, AT 11 A. M.
and continuing daily until completed,
THEIR LARGE, DESIRABLE STOCK OF
Building Materials, Accessories & Equipment
CONTAINED IN THEIR BUILDING, SHEDS AND YARDS,
614-620 East 14th St., through to 13th St., near Ave. "B," N. Y. C.
500,000 FEET OF LUMBER, IRON of all kinds and descriptions; Plumbing Materials, Pipe and Fittings; Steamfitters' and Carpenters' Materials, Granite, Bluestone and Marble.
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF COLONIAL, Italian and French Mahogany Doors, Mantels, Tile and Crystal Chandeliers, suitable for architects and interior decorators.
MACHINERY consists of Power Boilers, Electric and Hand Derricks and Cranes; Power, Steam, Electric and Hot-Air Pumps; Electric Elevators, Electric and Hand Hoists, Elevators, Electric Fans, Blowers, Motors, Electric Derrick and Traveling Crane with 5 H. P. Motor complete, and a large amount of Scrap Metals and Iron.
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For descriptive Catalogue and further particulars apply to
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OWING TO EXPIRATION OF LEASE IMPORTANT SALE BY AUCTION OF FLORENTINE ARTS AND ANTIQUE TEXTILES TO TAKE PLACE ON THE PREMISES, 581-583 MADISON AV.
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A large collection of Brocades, Vestments, Decorative Hangings just received from Italy.
SALE DAYS, WED., THURS. AND FRIDAY, FEB. 25, 26, 27, AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M. EACH DAY.
C. B. CLARKE, Auctioneer.

BURLING, DOLE & CO., Auctioneers, At 599 and 601 Broadway, New York, Tomorrow, Tuesday, at 10:15 o'Clock, 425 Pieces
Fine Woolens & Worsteds
For Men's and Women's Wear.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
New York Harbor Line Board will hold a Public Hearing in Room 512, 39 Whitehall Street

BUILDING MATERIAL STAMPEDE CHECKED

Postponement of Many Projects Because of High Prices Helps Supply.

PLENTY OF BRICK HERE

Manufacturers Say Supply Is Ample In Most Lines and Car Service Is Better.

Persistent claims are being made in the current building market to the effect that the Spring price peak for building materials has been reached, that the supply will be adequate for Spring needs and that better conditions are already noticeable in the matter of transportation facilities.

Facilities were placed at the disposal of the Allen E. Beals Corporation, building trade analysts and publishers of The Dow Service Daily Building Reports, for a general survey of the entire building material market as it applies to New York and vicinity. It disclosed, for instance, that the common brick situation was much stronger in this city than had been anticipated, that many of the calcined products, like plaster, lime and cement, were in an unexpectedly good position to take care of Spring needs, that slate interests were in a splendid position to ship from Pennsylvania and that Vermont conditions are steadily improving.

Even lumber showed signs of presenting a more encouraging aspect, although demand is said to be still in excess of production in the St. Louis centre. In the West the statement is made that the high price here is due mainly to shortage of cars to keep up the supply, that there is plenty of lumber ready to be shipped, if cars were made available in sufficient quantity. Iron and structural steel conditions are improving right along.

The best opinion in the building industry is that the long-looked-for price plateau in the materials market is at hand, or, at least, not far distant, perhaps a matter of weeks, certainly not much further off than a month, if present trade indications count for anything.

In this connection it was revealed that the brick tables are likely to be turned from a sellers' market back to a buyers'. Thanks to the bricklayers' strike and the improved facilities in the way of providing cars for the transportation of brick into this market, this commodity has been shifted from the state of famine to one of being almost a drug on the market. It develops that Brooklyn dealers have 9,500,000 common brick in stock for open market use. There are about six unloaded barkes at Brooklyn docks, making the total immediately available for Brooklyn at approximately 12,000,000. In addition to that supply, brick supplies are being obtained from Farmingdale, and some brick is being received in this city again from Richmond.

In Manhattan and Bronx the dealers have about a million and a half brick in stock at their yards, there are six barge loads still at the wholesale docks at West Fifty-second Street, making a round total of brick available in this market to-day of about 6,300,000.

In the meantime railroad facilities are being made available to such a degree that up-river brick is coming in in great quantities daily at Thirty-third Street, Sixtieth Street and 130th Street in Manhattan and at the Melrose and Westchester stations in the Bronx. The brick manufacturers report that they have about 150,000,000 burned and ready for market up the river and the probabilities are that by now the total is nearer 200,000,000. In the meanwhile Kingston manufacturers are preparing to compete with the Haverstraw stocks as soon as it is possible to break the Hudson River ice barrier. There are fourteen barges now loaded at Kingston that will be rushed to this market to compete with the Haverstraw stocks while the market remains at the $25 level.

From Eatontown, N. J., word was sent to architects and dealers this week to the effect that it was now possible to obtain quotations on any quantity of brick desired.

There are those in the building material market who say that brick and other building material prices have not yet reached their highest point. It seems probable to some persons that there will be some recessions in prices in basic commodities within the next six weeks, if the situation regarding supply and demand continues to move as it is now progressing.

The sudden turn-about in the building outlook is due to the great number of building projects that have been indefinitely deferred because of the prohibitive bids made for building materials and the cost of construction based upon preliminary estimates.

The volume of this construction work that has thus been postponed is greater than is generally supposed and it is due to the outspoken word of financial men against further advances in cost of materials and construction that has at last stopped the stampede for building materials, eased up the demand upon manufacturers and is showing the way toward a condition of stability of prices during the Spring season, at least until the actual pace of the 1920 Spring building movement can be actually determined.

TO EQUIP ONE-GUARD TRAINS

I. R. T. Plans to Put New Device on 982 Subway Cars.

The device that will enable one or two men to operate simultaneously the doors of all the cars on a subway train, that has been tested by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, will be immediately installed in 982 subway cars by the company if permission is granted by Transit Construction Commissioner John H. Delaney. It is the intention to equip two-thirds of the 982 cars with motors, while the remainder will be "trailer cars." Altogether the company operates about 1,950 cars on its subway lines.

The name of the new device is the "Multiple Unit Car Door Control." It was invented by Frank Hedley, President of the company, who estimates that the cost of installing the device on the 982 cars will be approximately $1,122,000. Mr. Hedley has told Commissioner Delaney that the multiple unit control will provide a maximum of safety in loading and unloading passengers and a substantial reduction in the time of station waits. The effect will be, according to Mr. Hedley, to increase subway capacity and comfort without any increase in hazard. Fewer men will be required to operate a train.

The trainman who will operate the device will stand on a footboard elevated about one foot above the car floor, from which he will have an unobstructed view of the unloading and loading of passengers.

No attention has so far been paid to the question of maintaining order among the passengers, but it was indicated that this question is less serious since prohibition has set in.

To Condemn Land for School.

As a means of compelling W. Gould Brokaw to cede a plot of property to the Great Neck school district the Board of Education has resorted to condemnation proceedings in the Nassau County Supreme Court. John F. McIntyre, Justice of the Court of General Sessions, is named as one of the defendants by virtue of the fact that he holds a mortgage on the Brokaw property. The other defendants are Mr. Brokaw himself and his wife, Mrs. Katherine Gamara Brokaw. The property involved is a part of Nirvana, the extensive Brokaw estate at Great Neck.

ASK MAIL TUBES USE AGAIN.

Merchants Association Cites Storm Delays in Pneumatic System Plea.

A plea for the restoration of the pneumatic mail tube system in this and other cities is made by the Merchants Association in a letter to Senator Charles E. Townsend, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, pointing out the delays in mail service here during the storm.

"The obstructions of the streets by ice and snow are so great that traffic of all kinds moves with great difficulty and slowness, and is in large part suspended," says the letter. "We are informed that approximately 150 of the Post Office autos are broken down and in shops for repairs and that only about 30 per cent. of the department's auto equipment is available for moving mails.

"We are further informed that many thousand sacks of mail matter, estimated at about 40,000, are piled up in the various receiving stations unable to move, and that some of this mail has been detained for about eight days. Such part of the first class mail as is moved moves with great difficulty and slowness. All of this first class mail would move without delay if the pneumatic tube service were available."

The association also reports delays in the mail service between this city and Albany.

Will Build Homes in Greenwich.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Feb. 22.—A syndicate is being formed here for the purchase of 280 acres of land in Greenwich, owned by Mrs. Elizabeth Milbank Anderson, wife of A. A. Anderson, in the rear of her home on Milbank Avenue, which extends to the railroad tracks at Coscob. The purchasers intend to cut a four-mile road through to Indian Field Road and develop the property for residential purposes.

State Police Arrest Seven as Robbers

Special to The New York Times.

HAVERSTRAW, Feb. 22.—State constabulary troopers, acting under the orders of District Attorney Morton Lexow of Rockland County, today arrested seven young men at Willow Grove, near Haverstraw, who are charged with a series of robberies of Summer homes, when property valued at $15,000 was said to have been stolen. The men were held for the Grand Jury, charged with grand larceny.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

CHANCE FOR ARTISTIC ALTERATION.
GREENWICH VILLAGE,
Near Sheridan Square.
50x80. Two 4-story dwellings can be had at a bargain, on easy terms. Call or write sole agents,
DWIGHT ARCHIBALD & PERRY, INC., Watkins 5360. 137 West 23d St.

4-Story Garage
LOWER 80'S, NEAR LEXINGTON AV. 50 feet. Price $80,000, with possession. Easy terms. Brokers protected.
F. B. Robert, 150 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE.

DWELLINGS FOR SALE
Owner must sell dwellings in New York and Brooklyn; exceptional opportunity; for particulars apply
SAM HOFFMAN,
37 East 21st St., N. Y. C.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

4 Story and Basement Dwelling
At least 20 feet wide, from 34th St. to 42nd St.
Between Madison and 3rd Avenues.
Address BUYER, Box 67 Times.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

REDUCE YOUR RENT!
INVEST $10,000 AND BECOME ONE-SIXTH OWNER
7-STORY CORNER OFFICE BUILDING
LIBERTY STREET
Possession May 1st
Good Light, Elevator
Floors 1100 Sq. Ft.
Carrying Cost To You
First 4 Years, $1.90 per Sq. Ft.
Thereafter, $1.00 per Sq. Ft.
Suitable for Lawyers
Albert W. Meisel, 165 Broadway.

What $25,000 Will Do
INVESTED in a small West Side apartment house, in a choice location, it will produce $5,500 income per year.
Particulars on Request.
SLAWSON & HOBBS
162 W. 72d St. Tel. Columbus 7240.

CHANCE OF LIFETIME
UPPER WEST SIDE, OVERLOOKING RIVER AND COUNTRY FOR MILES.
Fine large corner apartment house, having 4 to 8 room apartments; elegant first mortgage at 5% for about 9 years to run. Rents $42,000 at less than $12.00 per room, which will be increased to about $55,000 in October. Price $335,000.
Also other bargains in large and small apartment houses for sale. What do you want?
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ON WEST 14TH ST. NEAR 7TH AVENUE.
7th Avenue Subway Express Station at corner. Four Story Building, 25x103 ft., suitable for alteration into Stores and Lofts. Possession April 1st. Central, convenient location for almost any business. Price Low. Terms Easy. (May lease.)
Owner
WILLIAM D. KILPATRICK,
149 Broadway.

Stucco House Owners!
Do Not Re-Stucco Your House.
INVESTIGATE MORENE LIKWID SEMENT
A Material Superior to Stucco.
ELLIS & TURRELL, Inc.,
53 WEST 39TH ST., NEW YORK

LOFTS TO LET
Printers, Bookbinders, Electrotypers, 300 lbs. to square foot; new building; heavy elevator; exceptional light; steam heat; 13 ft. headroom; downtown section; 5,000-10,000 sq. feet, $1.25 sq. ft.; 10-year lease. Occupancy May 1st.
W 559 Times Downtown.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
425-427 West 144th
Near Convent Ave.
4 story American basement, 12 room private dwellinx every convenience. Caretaker or
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Private Dwellings
Washington Heights.
CALL FOR LIST.
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11 Story Fireproof Loft Building (52x99)
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50% of leases expire Feb., 1921
For Further Particulars Apply
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301 Canal St.
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BELOW CHAMBERS STREET, business building. RENTS $65,000, very low. PRICE $385,000. This property is free and clear, and a long term first mortgage can be arranged.
ON BROADWAY, BELOW 14TH STREET. Store and loft building. RENTS $18,000. PRICE $135,000.
VICINITY OF FIFTH AVENUE AND 18TH STREET. Store and loft building. RENTS $26,000. Clear income over expenses $17,000. Mortgages $75,500. PRICE $140,000.
VICINITY OF FIFTH AVENUE AND 23RD STREET. Store and loft building. 10 year mortgage. RENTS $23,000. PRICE $156,000.
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Also a number of other business buildings. What do you want?
H. T. WOOD, 220 Broadway.

WEST SIDE DWELLINGS
West 20th St., near 8th Ave.—3-story and basement; possession May, 1920; price $15,000; easy terms.
West 21st St., opposite college.—5-story and basement; price $21,000; terms to suit; possession 60 days.
West 22d St., between 8th and 9th Avs.—Fine block; 3-story and basement; price $16,000; easy terms; possession May, 1920.
West 22d St., near 9th Av.—4 story; price $14,000; terms; possession 60 days.
West 30th St., near 8th Av.—4-story; price $15,000; terms; possession May, 1920.
West 70th St.—4-story and basement; electric light; price $30,000; terms; possession 60 days.
Dwight Archibald & Perry
137 West 23d St. Tel. Watkins 5360.

"SNAP"
2 five-story buildings on 20th Street, near 6th Avenue. Alteration chance. Possession. Terms to suit. Bargain.
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Five-story building on West 16th Street can be had for $12,000. Easy terms.
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Prospect Park South
PERFECT HOUSE, 11 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, EVERY IMPROVEMENT. DOUBLE GARAGE. PLOT 60x100.
PRICE $30,000
WESTWOOD REALTY CO.
Headquarters Flatbush Realty.
685 FLATBUSH AVE., BROOKLYN
Open Washington's Birthday.

ONLY FOUR LEFT
Two-family brick, semi-detached; just completed; in Bay Ridge; with garage for two cars; two steam plants; inclosed porches; electric lights, parquet floors; open for inspection every day, including Sunday and holiday.
M. H. OAKWOOD
7805 Third Av., Brooklyn.

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Jackson Heights
PLAN OF TENANT-OWNERSHIP
OF APARTMENTS
For details address
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Manhattan Office, 50 E. 42d St. Phone Mur. Hill 7037. Jackson Heights Office, Opp. 25th St. Sta. Phone Newtown 2261.
Queensboro Sub. to 25 St. (Corona Line)

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YONKERS
We are offering this special home at No. 557 Van Cortlandt Park Av., with living room, library, dining room, pantry and kitchen; three master rooms and bath, one servant's room; gas and electric light. Plot 33x100 feet. Convenient to two stations. House will be open for inspection Sunday afternoon from 1 to 4:30 P. M., and all day Monday. Telephone Owner at Yonkers 5457.
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OUR LOCAL OFFICES
At White Plains, Tel. 2456; Pleasantville, Tel. 501; Larchmont, Tel. 500; Pelham, Tel. 1160; Rye, Tel. 740, will be open on Monday. Take advantage of the holiday and select your future home. Less to choose from and higher prices later. Let us solve your home problem.
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of the highest, best located hills of Westchester County, within one mile of White Plains, bordering on the Bronx River Parkway, comprising about 88 acres; no buildings on property; has stone fences surrounding and sub-dividing. Would make ideal country estate, club, or development. Price $110,000.00; $45,000 cash, balance mortgage at 6 per cent. Must be sold this week. If interested further, details or viewing property, address Post Office Box 244, White Plains, N. Y. Telephone White Plains 1076.
A High Class Property for Low Price.

BRONXVILLE, N. Y.
12 rooms, 2 baths, bungalow style, red roof, ¾ acre, $25,000. Can be seen any time.
Stone house, situated on White Plains Road, between Bronxville and Tuckahoe, 14 rooms, 2 baths, extra toilet; stone barn; room for 3 autos; 7 acres; immediate possession; $40,000; will make terms.
"Riley" House, Pond Field Road West, Dutch Colonial, 9 rooms, 3 baths; plot 87½x115; 2 car garage; hot water heat; $23,500; two years old; immediate possession.
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BUNGALOWS COTTAGES PLOTS and ACREAGE
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Choice 5th Ave. Corner showing 15% on investment
370-372-374 Columbus Ave. 18 East 94th St.
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Modern Twelve-Story Fireproof Building
Large or Small Suites
POSSESSION MAY 1st, 1920
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Or Your Own Broker.

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Buy a home in
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The New Home Colony
Fifteen Minutes from Grand Central Subway Station. Five Cent Fare.
100 Houses Now Building.
100 Acres Under Development.
Adjoining the New 60 Acre Million Dollar Water Front Park.
Six and seven rooms, with heated garage and private driveway. Tapestry Colonial brick, parquet floors, white enamel trim, hot water heat, tiled bath and kitchen. Price $10,000 to $12,000.
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Send for photographs, floor plans and particulars. Brokers protected.
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Between Nassau and William Sts.
Opposite Site Acquired by Federal Reserve Bank.
12-Story Office Building
14,500 Net Square Feet
Available May 1st, 1920
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Gentlemen's Home
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BEAUTIFUL HOUSE, most modern type stucco construction, tile roof. Plot 140x150. 11 rooms, four tile baths, with garage, gas, electricity, hot-air heat; every modern equipment.
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SALE RENT
Very select list of places.
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Crestwood
$850
50x100 feet. 20 minutes out. Harlem R. R. Easy Terms.
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Garden City Estates
NEW HOUSES READY FOR INSPECTION
Office open TO-DAY
For details address 185 Madison Avenue, N. Y. Phone Vanderbilt 8373. Property office at Nassau Boulevard Station.

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MOUNTAIN LAKES NEW JERSEY
TWENTY MODERN HOMES
for year round living ready for occupancy now. $9,000 on easy terms buys a 7 room house with bath and 1-3 acre. $14,000 a 12 room house with 3 baths, garage and 2-3 acre. Many prices, sizes and designs. Easy commutation to N. Y. C. 900 ft. elevation. A little cash and your rent buys one. Call for details at Mountain Lakes, Inc.
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Anywhere in Jersey
HOMES, FARMS, ESTATES, FACTORIES & FACTORY SITES
JOHN D. MINER,
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FOR SALE
8TH AVE., NEAR 42D ST.
4 Story Business Building.
Size 19x59.6.
Immediate possession.
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FOR SALE
Very important building situated in
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27,642 sq. feet. Suitable for a bank or large concern.
Write for price and particulars, R 15 Times.

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PARIS *is 1560 years old*
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BERLIN *is 620 Years old*
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NEW YORK, compared to other cities, is like a boy of 18.
The characteristics and features of its manhood are now discernible.
The Heart of This Great City Is Now Settled for All Time
It is the district from 34th to 59th St., 3rd to 10th Aves. From this district Transportation lines radiate to all parts of Greater New York and the United States.
This Is the Hotel, Amusement and Shopping Centre
IT IS WITHIN THIS DISTRICT that most of the great improvements are being and will be made.
IT IS HERE that property will become the most valuable.
For good profits for conservative investment, this is the location in which to buy.
It is in this centre that the properties of the Henry Astor Trust Estate are located.
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2,000 sq. feet
For high class concern needing possession
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Hub of Bronx; facing square. Will remodel to suit tenants. Stores and offices. Particulars
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FLOORS
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STORES
17-Story Building
WEST SIDE
Seventh Avenue
30th to 31st St.
Adj. Penn Station
Near Main Post Office
APPROXIMATELY
20,000 ft. per Floor
READY ABOUT JULY, 1920.
Light on Four Sides.
NO MANUFACTURING.
REGENT REALTY CO.,
33 WEST 42D ST.
Or Your Own Broker.

FOR RENT
No. 132-6 Greene St.
Lofts 76x100
Suitable for manufacturing
Heavy carrying capacity
Sprinkler being installed
ALSO
Store and Basement
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LOFT TO LET
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EXTRA LIGHT LOFT
Elevator service and steam heat.
Suitable for Manufacturing
Next door to Post Office.
$4,000 year. Inquire on premises.
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POSSESSION MAY 1, 1920
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ROSS REAL ESTATE 551 NOSTRAND AVE.

7th Av. and 23d St.
A five-story building can be leased for long term. Rent $6,000 per annum net.
DWIGHT ARCHIBALD & PERRY, INC., Watkins 5360. 137 West 23d St.

RENT PAYERS!

Rents are bound to go still higher. If you have a lease, you can safely figure on a substantial raise when its renewal is due. Why not forestall this increase by buying your home or business quarters now—and save money by doing it?

Pease & Elliman have many fine residences and business buildings to offer. A number of them can be purchased very reasonably, while quite a few can be bought for very little cash because of existing mortgages.

What safer investment can you make for yourself—what better insurance can you provide for your family or your business than the purchase of New York City real estate?

Get in touch with the nearest Pease & Elliman office, let them know your requirements and they will quickly show you how easy and inexpensive it is to own your home or permanent business quarters. Several co-operative apartment and business syndicates are being formed.

Pease & Elliman

Town Dwellings and Country Estates

340 Madison Ave., N. Y.

Tel. 6200 Murray Hill

55 Liberty St. 165 W. 72d St.

About 50,000 Square Feet

FOR RENT

IN THE

Victoria Building

1150 Broadway, Cor. 27th St.

Broadway to 5th Ave., 27th Street. Two and a half floors.

POSSESSION MAY 1ST, 1920

Apply

BING & BING

119 West 40th St. Tel. 6410 Bryant.

Or Your Own Broker.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

MOTION PICTURE STUDIO FOR RENT

APPLY

MR. NAULTY,

130 W. 55th ST. CIRCLE 500.

DESIRABLE OFFICE,

13 WINDOWS, ABOUT 1500 SQUARE FEET, FIREPROOF BUILDING, BROADWAY CORNER,

NEAR CANAL STREET.

BERGMAN, 309 Broadway.

759 Worth.

LOFT TO SUBLET

Equipped With

Complete Dress Plant

16 Machines

Immediate Possession

155 W. 34th St., First Floor.

Phone Greeley 3543.

BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A BIG BUSINESS CHANCE

FOR A FAST GROWING BUSINESS THAT CAN USE A

7 STORY BUILDING, 25x87.6

BUSINESS CENTRE OF EAST SIDE.

LONG LEASE

Orchard St., Bet. Hester and Grand Sts.

A. GUTTERMAN

49 Orchard St. Phone Orchard 802.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Calvin Apts.

249 W. 80th St., Cor. B'way

1-2 Rooms and Bath

NON-HOUSEKEEPING APTS.

NEWLY RENOVATED.

ELEVATOR SERVICE.

AGENT ON PREMISES.

Tel. Schuyler 2947.

2, 3 & 4 Room Apartments,

314 West 75th St.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

Complete housekeeping apartments (unfurnished), elevator service, chef and maid service available; open fireplaces; extra size rooms and other unusual features.

Brooks & Momand

115 Broadway. Rector 2267.

605 WEST 141ST ST.

BET. B'WAY AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE.

Near subway station; modern elevator building; efficient telephone and elevator service; select location.

6 LIGHT ROOMS REASONABLE.

ARGUS BUILDING

17 West 42nd St.

A Few Desirable Offices Still remaining for rent.

See Renting Agent, or Phone Vanderbilt 47.

23-25 PARK PLACE,

Opposite Woolworth Building.

Floors with 9,000 Sq. Ft. Each.

Suitable for Offices and Salesrooms.

WM. C. WALKER'S SONS,

299 Broadway.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FACTORY SITES

Plots from 5,000 to 60,000 square feet with railroad frontage and siding; unrestricted zone, suitable for any industry. At Elmhurst. Splendid location on all lines of transportation to Manhattan. 40c to $1.00 square feet. Particulars from John A. Rapelye, John M. Perry, Broadway, Elmhurst.

FACTORY PROPERTIES WANTED.

WE WILL RENT OR BUY A LARGE BUILDING for warehouse purposes. Must be first class; railroad siding preferred. In or near Greater New York. Please give full particulars. Address EXPORTER, Box A 650 Times Downtown.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

35,000 to 45,000 Sq. Ft. WANTED

between 23rd St. & 50th St.

4th and 7th Aves.

for

DISPLAY AND STORAGE

Must be good building, with possession no later than May 1st. Long lease taken if rental fair. D 670 Times Downtown.

Warehouse Wanted

About 15,000 to 20,000 sq. ft.

Possession April or May 1, 1920

Elevator and heat.

Address E 700 Times Downtown.

WANTED

8,000 sq. ft. of office space in absolutely first-class building in heart of financial district for law firm. Good light essential. May 1st possession. Will pay the necessary price. D 669 Times Downtown.

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4th and 7th Aves.

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CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan.

W. 12TH ST., BET. 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—Plot, 20x100, 3 and 4 story dwelling, suitable for alteration or improvement. Price and terms very reasonable to quick purchaser. M. MORGENTHAU, JR., CO., 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3966.

702 Lexington Av.; close to 61st St.—20 ft. inside; hardwood floor and electric lights; possession in 90 days; can be bought right; terms to suit. Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Av. Phone Murray Hill 6200.

Six-story elevator, near 110th St. subway station; now rented at $10 per room; brings $17,000; mortgage $95,000; price $145,000; can be bought right. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Five story new law, corner on upper west side; fine neighborhood; all leases expire Oct. 1; only $18,000 cash necessary to buy this bargain; rents $14,000; price $110,000. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Bargain in Dyckman section; five-story, 50x 125; 1-8, 3-4, 1-5; mortgage $52,500; rents $14,000; price $76,500. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Widow sacrifices elegant stone residence; excellent location, business, apartments, club, gentlewoman's exchange. N 825 Times Annex.

Bronx.

Seven-room cottage, $7,500; six-room cottage, $7,000; ten-room private home, $9,000; each has all improvements; possession May 1; located Van Cortlandt Park South, near Broadway subway. McGill, 27 Cedar St. Phone John 4097.

Brooklyn.

Beautiful 7 rooms, bath and two toilets, stucco, enclosed porch; latest improvements, tile kitchen, bath; ready March 1; now $11,000. Spring same will be $12,500. 1,311-1,321 East 9th St., Brooklyn, or phone Hammels 174.

For sale, immediate occupancy, new stucco nine-room house in Flatbush, with or without furniture; must sell immediately; leaving for Europe shortly; all latest improvements and double garage. Phone Midwood 581.

Decatur St.—2½-story limestone, 10 rooms, bath, furnace, parquet, electricity; price $10,600; mortgage $5,000. Remmers & Co., 342 Lewis Av., Brooklyn.

Two 7-room frame houses; furnace heat, gas; 7,113-7,117 Ridge Boulevard. Phone Bay Ridge 2889-R.

City Houses Wanted.

Will pay good bonus for straight lease three or five years, on desirable house for residence purposes; 15th to 42d St., 3d to 4th Av. O. C. Bubeck, 116 West 39th St.

A well-furnished house or apartment wanted, east side; must have 3 master bedrooms; term of one or more years. Telephone 3973 Murray Hill.

Wanted—Three-story, between 60th and 85th, Madison and Third Avs.; $20,000 to $25,000. Phone Bayside 757.

Want to buy dwelling, Madison to 3d Av., in the Seventies or Eighties. Ashforth & Co., 501 5th Av.

Want to buy private house vicinity Gramercy Park or Stuyvesant Park. Phone 172 Hamilton.

House, 10-12 rooms, on lease; west side, 72d-110th; Spring or October possession. A 722 Times Downtown.

Cash to prevent foreclosure mortgage, any condition house. Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 5th Av.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

HOUSES OF QUALITY.

West 89th St., American basement	$40,000
West 12th St., Colonial	30,000
East 86th St., modern elevator	140,000
East 77th St., modern small	35,000
East 57th St., small, desirable	17,000

Several others may be purchased on easy terms, with immediate possession.

EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO., 4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av. (42d).

FOR SALE OR LEASE, with possession, 121 Broad St., 5-story and cellar. 6 Front St. cor. Moore, 4-story and cellar. 892 Broad St., Newark, N. J., 2-story and cellar, 22x145.

H. A. FAJEN & CO., INC., 1 Liberty St. Phone John 2027.

FOR LEASE.

Private house in East 50s, adjoining Fifth Avenue.

Will alter for satisfactory tenant. BETHLEHEM ENGINEERING CORP., 527 Fifth Av. Vanderbilt 9686.

FOR SALE.

Private house in the 60s, between Fifth and Madison Avs. Second ownership from Fifth Av. BETHLEHEM ENGINEERING CORP., 527 Fifth Av. Vanderbilt 9686.

21-FOOT DWELLING, 22d St., 6th and 7th Avs., can be bought for $8,000 cash above first mortgage of $12,000; immediate possession; small alterations will produce $6,000 rental per annum. OWNER, Box G. M., 44 Times.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY. 3-5 story apartments, with stores; may be purchased with $20,000; west 80s; no leases; easy mortgage terms. EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO., 4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av. (42d).

Brown stone rooming house for sale in Harlem; 3-story and base, completely furnished; receipts $75 weekly; terms $7,000 cash, bal. $8,000; 5-year mortgage. A 913 Times Harlem.

For Sale—Broadway, near Canal St., 7-story elevator loft building, with possession of large store and basement, February, 1921. Finkelstein & Co., 301 Canal St. Telephone Canal 4315.

In the heart of the city, near 34th St. and Lexington Av., 4-story building, 20x100; easily converted into business or other building; will sell below $20,000; quick action. Chas. Warner, Attorney, 299 Broadway.

For Sale—Corner dwelling, four stories, basement; Lexington Av., in the 30s; suitable for business; $25,000, terms. F. B. Green, 1,400 Broadway, Room 410.

36 FEET, 49th St., near 5th Av., 35 rooms, 13 baths, elevator, American basement. Robertson, 1500 Vanderbilt.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Factory building, corner, brick, four-story and basement, about 25,000 sq. ft; price $38,000; immediate occupancy; East New York Av. and Watkins St., Brooklyn. N. Y. David Joyce, 375 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Brooklyn Heights, 77 Henry St.—Four-story basement brick, 19 rooms; electricity, hot water; assessed valuation $11,000; my price same. Cotter, 162 East 32d St., New York City.

Three-story brick, 20x1000, Williamsburg section; $6,800. Owner, Room 808, 51 East 42d St., N. Y.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE.

Small cash payment down, balance on terms, buys fine 2-family brick, 20 minutes' ride on subway; Christian neighborhood. For particulars write G 185 Times.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

Westchester County

RESIDENCE ON THE HUDSON, 14 rooms, 3 baths, billiard room, electricity, hot water heating, garage, man's room; grounds 200 feet frontage; buildings alone cost, before present high prices, more than $35,000; wide river view; 30 minutes from 42d St. by New York Central; sale to close estate; $35,000, part on mortgage. Bellows & Warren, Getty Sq., Yonkers.

HOMES WITHIN THE HOUR.

(Sale) everywhere. Phone, call or write. J. Clarence Davies, 32 Nassau St. John 6094.

Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y.—Nine rooms and bath, parquet floors; fine river view; 5 minutes to station; plot 66x100; bargain $10,000. Devine.

New Rochelle—Attractive, modern dwelling, large grounds; best location; $18,500; worth $28,500; unusual opportunity. Lenney, 51 East 42d St.

Beautiful, unique, cosey furnished house, 3 baths; garage; 35 minutes Grand Central Station; near water. Phone Larchmont 297.

Long Island.

A REAL HOME FOR $10,000.

Send for particulars of new 20-foot Colonial brick houses, containing six rooms and bath, with garage, which can be purchased for $10,000 on easy terms. Parquet floors, white enameled woodwork, hot water heat, gas, electricity and sewers. Two blocks from Ditmars Avenue express station on Queensboro subway, 15 minutes from Grand Central subway station; five cent fare to all parts of the city; five minutes' walk to waterfront park, with bathing, etc. J. S. WITHERS, Room 1809, 32 Vanderbilt Av., corner 45th St., New York City. Telephone 3798 Astoria.

COUNTRY HOME AT BARGAIN.

GLEN COVE, L. I., NEAR PIPING ROCK. Modern country residence, constructed 3 years ago; handsomely designed; about 20 rooms, including 5 master's bedrooms; garage and other outbuildings; on 3 acres; will be sold less than cost to quick purchaser. M. MORGANTHAU, JR., CO., 200 Broadway. Cort. 3966.

HOMES WITHIN THE HOUR.

(Sale) everywhere. Phone, call, or write. J. Clarence Davies, 32 Nassau St. John 6094.

Far Rockaway—House, large grounds, near ocean. Gross, 70 Lenox Av. Harlem 4797.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

FURNISHED HOUSE, 10 ROOMS.

June to Sept. 15; up to date; stable, 2 saddle horses; tennis; handball court; 5 minutes to station; 40 minutes to Penn. station; 5 miles from Long Beach. Full particulars M. Levy, 98 Spencer Av., Lynbrook, L. I. Telephone Madison Square 8686.

COMMUTER'S BARGAIN, seven-room house; running water, gas; large plot; healthy section; four blocks from station, three blocks from trade, high, public schools, &c.; $5,950; cash $950, balance mortgage or easy payments. Slocum, care Gilbert, 246 West 106th St. Phone 2123 Academy.

Beautiful Colonial house, all modern improvements; glass-inclosed veranda; on Jamaica Heights, near Normal College and high school; 5 minutes' walk from Jamaica main station; grounds 40x100; now rented for $100 per month. Tel. Riverside 3332, or Box 126, 852 Columbus Av.

New Jersey.

For sale, large, roomy house; 3 large bathrooms; conservatory; all modern improvements; combination garage and stable; corner lot; 220x220; situated on best residential street; 40 minutes from New York; price $50,000; free and clear; terms to suit. For full particulars address The Dorland Agency, Inc., Box 116, 9 East 40th St., New York.

For Sale—Little Falls cottage, six rooms, bath; all improvements; steam heat, electric light, sewer; plot 100x150; garden, shrubbery; garage; high location; station 12 minutes; price $7,250, cash $4,250, balance mortgage. James A. Graham, owner, 30 Church St., New York.

HOMES WITHIN THE HOUR.

(Sale) everywhere. Phone, call, or write. J. Clarence Davies, 32 Nassau St. John 6094.

At Ridgewood—Modern new home, every convenience; 7 large rooms, tiled bath, exceptional living room, solarium, gas kitchen, convenience. Buckley Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

Country Houses Wanted.

FROM JUNE 1 TO SEPTEMBER 15, 1920. A completely furnished house wanted within one hour's commuting distance of New York; must have four large bedrooms and sleeping porch, with two baths on first sleeping floor, also maid's room and bath; when giving information please state price and location, with references. Y 74 Times Annex.

Wanted to rent about April to October or term of years, furnished or unfurnished modern house, all improvements, 4 or 5 master's, 2 servants', 3 bathrooms, garage, garden, in good location, Westchester or Long Island, easy commuting distance; responsible family of 4 adults. R. S., 143 West 73d.

Will buy seven or eight room house on Long Island within commuting distance of New York City; kindly give terms, price and exact location of property and state when same can be seen. Y 351 Times Annex.

Want to buy 7 or 8 room house, all improvements; spacious lot; city outskirts; full particulars; limit $10,000. D 688 Times Downtown.

Westfield—8-room improved house; bargain; $8,500 through agents, $8,075 direct; $2,500 down. Phones Greeley 327, Westfield 926-W.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

For sale, estate of 178 acres; fine residence and buildings; profitable orchard; high and fertile; adapted to stock farm. Reid, owner, Granite Springs, Westchester Co., N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Great Neck, L. I.—Colonial dwelling, brick and stucco; plot 60x100, with shrubbery and trees; last minute improvements; 7 rooms, 3 baths, large sun parlor and garage; $20,000; terms reasonable. W. D. Riley, 51 East 42d St., N. Y. Tel. Vanderbilt 5462.

Forest Hills—Splendid lot in Overhill Road, 60x105; highest point in this most desirable section; bargain for quick buyer. M 291 Times.

Kew Gardens—4 lots within 3 minutes' walking distance of station; 17 minutes to New York. M 290 Times.

Cedarhurst—10-room house, improvements; garage. Goldschmidt, Tel. 2203 Far Rockaway.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Thousand Islands, Halcyon Point, Grenadier Island, Cape Vincent, N. Y.; 100 acres, on beautiful 1,200-acre island; large bungalow house, 80x80; porch entirely around it; living room, 80x40x35; 3 bedrooms, 3 baths; also stone and frame cottage, with several rooms and bath; concrete walks and bulkheads; beautiful flowers; large boathouse containing six or seven motor boats; one large passenger launch, complete equipment; house thoroughly and finely furnished; reasonable price. W. D. Riley, 51 East 42d St., New York. Tel. Vanderbilt 5462.

Any one wishing purchase or rent property in the Adirondacks, write Wm. H. Montgomery, Chestertown, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

A FINE 20-ACRE FARM.

All fertile, tillable land; practically new seven-room house with bath, running water, &c.; barn, garage, all newly painted; large henhouse and windmill; 75 young fruit trees, all bearing; one hour N. Y., N. J. Central R. R.; immediate possession; price $8,500; terms liberal. D 703 Times Downtown.

COME OUT TODAY.

New 6-room modern dwelling, tile bath, parquet floors, hardwood trim, built-in bookcases, sewer, water, gas, electricity; paved street, all assessments paid; $7,500; terms: 30 minutes N. Y. City; 8 cents commutation fare. John A. Baldwin, Ridgefield Park, N. J., opposite station.

Orange—11-room house, all improvements, lot 70x200, corner; convenient to every railroad and trolley on Park Av.; price $13,000; terms to suit. Address Mrs. C. S. Fitch, 118 Day St., Orange, N. J., or phone 3782.

Atlantic City Hotel, 54 bedrooms, 2 dining rooms, 50x180, just off Boardwalk; chance for stores; ready to step into; $60,000. W. D. Riley, 51 East 42d St., New York. Tel Vanderbilt 5462.

For sale, 4 lots, 25x100, beautifully located in this section, five minutes from Essex St. Station; price $350 each. Address B. Lethbridge, Hamilton Place, Hackensack, N. J.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Long Island.

Seven-room furnished modern house, garage, May 1, year; privilege buying; 60 minutes; consider unfurnished. S 368 Times.

New York State.

On beautiful lake in mountains, 5 hours out, 7-room cottage, furnished; sell $1,750. Address R. 295 East 204th St. Phone Fordham 8189M.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

An honest, respectable couple, middle aged, with the finest references; man a lifetime experienced gardener, farmer or poultry grower, like to rent or to buy with small cash payment down a good, not too large farm, with good soil, all kinds of fruit trees, cherries, &c., live stock, implements and machinery eventual, with boarding house, furnished, in a good section and location near water (lake or pond) and near railroad station or trolley; honest offers with all particulars on details. P. S., 346 East 79th St.

GARAGE WANTED.

I will buy good-will of running garage or will lease or buy building suitable for garage alteration. R 13 Times.

WANTED, STABLE, 50x100. SEND FULL PARTICULARS TO PEPE, WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Want to purchase altered dwelling, west side, above 72d St.; $10,000 cash. Investment. Box 135 Times.

Wanted—Improved real estate; Manhattan. M. A. C. Levy, 1 East 42d.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

FARMS! FARMS! FARMS!

The Cream of Them All.

Pictures and details; state requirements. E. E. SLOCUM, Inc., 141 Broadway, selected farms in N. Y., N. J. and Conn.

Long Island.

A REAL HOME FOR $10,000.

Send for particulars of new 20-foot Colonial brick houses, containing six rooms and bath, with garage, which can be purchased for $10,000 on easy terms. Parquet floors, white enameled woodwork, hot water heat, gas, electricity and sewers. Two blocks from Ditmars Avenue express station on Queensboro subway, 15 minutes from Grand Central subway station; five cent fare to all parts of the city; five minutes' walk to waterfront park, with bathing, etc. J. S. WITHERS, Room 1809, 32 Vanderbilt Av., corner 45th St., New York City. Telephone 3798 Astoria.

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GLEN COVE, L. I., NEAR PIPING ROCK. Modern country residence, constructed 3 years ago; handsomely designed; about 20 rooms, including 5 master's bedrooms; garage and other outbuildings; on 3 acres; will be sold less than cost to quick purchaser. M. MORGANTHAU, JR., CO., 200 Broadway. Cort. 3966.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

FOR SALE—Choice first mortgages on city property and farm land, to net investor 6%; correspondence invited. South Dak. Loan & Inv. Co., Sioux Falls, S. D.

Wanted—$30,000, first mortgage, new store property. Box Z., 104 East 14th.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICE SPACE. SPLENDID QUARTERS, OVERLOOKING 5TH AV., MODERN BUILDING; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; 1,800 SQUARE FEET. 680 5TH AV., 5TH FLOOR. INQUIRE IN ADJOINING OFFICE OR PHONE CIRCLE 6122.

EIGHTH AVENUE STORE.

Near 14th St., with office floor above and large basement, about 6,000 sq. ft.; immediate possession; long lease. MERCER, 206 WEST 23D ST.

1,650 square feet, 5th Av., north 23d, handsomely fitted offices, ready for business; fixtures must be sold with two-year lease; price fixtures $3,000; rent $6,000 annually. H 145 Times.

FOR RENT, 2,500 SQ. FEET, EXCEPTIONALLY LIGHT, MODERN LOFT, SUITABLE FOR LIGHT MANUFACTURING, $3,000 YEAR; NO BROKERS. S 381 TIMES.

Would be willing to rent part of our floor, about 1,500 or possibly 1,750 feet, to a responsible party for eleven months for $3,000. Apply Room 203, Imperial Hotel, 32d St. and Broadway.

LOFT TO SUBLET, EQUIPPED WITH COMPLETE DRESS PLANT, 16 MACHINES; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. 155 WEST 34TH ST., 1ST FLOOR. GREELEY 3543.

Lofts to lease, 37 West 19th St., 25x92; elevator, steam heat; immediate possession; light manufacturing; $3,750. Jacobs & Livingston, 120 Broadway. Recter 2444.

Two light manufacturing floors, near Maiden Lane, 2,500 square feet to floor; steam heat and electric hoist; possession May 1. D 708 Times Downtown.

For rent, suitable for a dentist, front office, elegant light; best location in New York. 1,560 Broadway, second floor. Bryant 4120.

Office space for rent, about 1000 feet, heart of leather district, William and Spruce; reasonable. Phone or write Garcia Co., 112 Fulton, John 678.

5TH AV. SHOWROOM, NEAR 31ST ST.; SIZE 25x65; POSSESSION MAY 1. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

Will sublet part of office (about 220 square feet), desirable location 5th Av., near 23d St. S. B., 605 Times Downtown.

NOW VACANT, TOP LOFT, LIGHT FROM 2 LARGE SKYLIGHTS & FOUR SIDES. 252-258 WEST 29TH. PHONE SPRING 3671.

Mulberry St., 5 and 9, rear building, first and second floors 5,000 square feet. Inquire janitor, front building.

Have several lofts and commercial buildings to lease. Finkelstein Co., 301 Canal St. Canal 4315.

111 NASSAU ST.

Office, 1,800 square feet; entire floor; elevator: rent $4,200 yearly.

Six-story building, suitable any business, for sale or to lease; possession May 1. B. B., 88 Times.

Loft to rent, 25x100, immediate possession, entrances on 14th and 13th Sts., near 5th Av. Call Watkins 9327.

Handsomely furnished apartment; piano practice or study; convenient location. F 884 Times.

Office and Lofts—Large and small, 1-2-3 floors. 330 West 42d St. and 340-342 West 42d St.

Lofts, factories, business properties rented, bought, sold; brokers 50-50. Spencer, 154 Nassau. Beekman 2684.

1,015 Madison Av.—First floor to rent; doctor's office or business, or lease of entire house for sale. Tel. Vanderbilt 3360.

To sublet, 8,000 sq. ft. in high-class factory bldg. on 11th Av., uptown; $1.25 sq. ft.; concrete floors. A 703 Times Downtown.

Modern factory, steam, elevator, fine light, 25,000 square feet; full commission. Attorney, 154 Nassau St. Beekman 2685.

Offices—12,000 sq. ft., Broadway corner, below Reade St.; might divide; principals only. K 441 Times Downtown.

Warehouse, Brooklyn, about 26,000 sq. ft., at 30 cents; electric elevator; principals only. K 442 Times Downtown.

Rear part of store, suitable for office use or workshop; heated, electric and phone connection. Barber Shop, 59 East 59th St.

Stores about to be altered; northwest corner 34th St. and 3d Av. H. Schult.

Office suite, about 400 feet, near Penn. Depot. Bellringer, 224 West 34th.

Space for office and showroom; choice location. 909 Broadway, near 20th.

Loft, 3,100 square feet, automobile district. Apply Store, 10 West 60th St.

Loft, 2,000 sq. ft.; elevator; no manufacturing. Tutelman Leopold, 20 White St.

121 Bank St., 5 stories; suit any business. Mitchell, 1 E. 42d St.

About 300 square feet fronting 5th Av., near 16th St. $1,200. A 311 Times.

Large, spacious loft, 25x100; 55 Vesey St. Apply on premises.

Desk room with desk to rent; Broadway and Liberty St.; telephone. S 369 Times.

Store to sublease, with fixtures; reasonable price. Baley, 1,917 7th Av.

New Jersey.

Substantial two-story brick building, central business section of Newark; attractive front, store and loft; rent $4,200; building 25 feet by 87 feet; 206 Plane St., one short block north of Market St. Charles Hood, 1023 Kinney Building, Newark, N. J.

For sale, three story and basement brick and stone building, 50x120; on corner main business street; 15 miles from Jersey City; price $50,000 on suitable terms. Full particulars can be had by addressing The Dorland Agency, Inc., Box 230, 9 East 40th St., N. Y.

Wanted for Business.

BEST & CO., 5th Av. at 35th St.,

require now or before Jan. 1, 1921, about 12,000 square feet net for the manufacturing of men's clothing in the district on the east side from 42d St. up.

Supply full particulars by letter to Philip Le Boutillier, or phone Greeley 1234, Extension 193.

Lofts and buildings—Have responsible clients waiting for space; quick action after receipt of particulars by mail or telephone. Finkelstein Co., 301 Canal St. Tel. Canal 4315.

Wanted, desk space or small office with service with responsible concern, City Hall or Madison Square section. Phone Monday, Bayside 956W.

About 200 square feet light office space, below City Hall, from May 1, by retired merchant; state particulars and price. Responsible. Phone Downtown.

Wanted—To buy a factory with machines outside New York, suitable for boys' shirts and pajamas. Write D. K., 520 Presbyterian Building.

For sample room, about 400 square feet, with privilege of part of show window, neighborhood of Broadway, between 23d and 34th Sts. Telephone Madison Square 4687.

One office, 200 square feet, and one office, 300 square feet; possession at once. B. W. Martin Lining Co., 382 Lafayette St.

Wanted, one or two light offices, May 1. Riverside Contracting Co., 39 Cortlandt St.

Accountant seeks desk room; telephone service; downtown building. D 642 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Loft or part, 19th to 34th St., 4th to 7th Av.; light manufacturing; 1,000 to 2,500 square feet; elevator. S 370 Times.

Wanted term of years, about 2,500 ft. light loft; immediate possession; small, light machinery; engraver. T 93 Times.

Office space wanted, May 1, 300 to 500 sq. ft., 34th to 48th St., on or near 5th Av. Room 908, 487 5th Av.

Lawyer wants space, office building, about $100 monthly. Samuel Cohen, 21 Duane St. Telephone Worth 9285.

Wanted, store or part small loft, facing street, in busy thoroughfare. A 931 Times Harlem.

Above 42d, 5,000-7,000 feet, one floor, for offices. Lenney, 51 East 42d.

Small private room or desk room wanted; accountant. A 646 Times Downtown.

Office, executive, about 15x15, between now and May 1. H 151 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

4TH AV. HOTEL (corner 4th Av. and 29th)—Apartments, 2 sunny rooms and bath, attractively furnished, parquet floors, full hotel service; one block from subway; $17.50 week and up; under new management.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath, beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

36TH, 138 EAST—Exceptional apartment in strictly modern building, 4 rooms, bath and fully equipped kitchen; $300 month to Oct. Mr. Knight, Tel. Murray Hill 8780.

57TH, 13 EAST, (2d floor)—Two-room apartment, bath and kitchenette, very nicely furnished; $300 monthly; references required. Telephone Plaza 7417.

58TH, 135 EAST—2 rooms with bath, beautifully furnished, sunny, lease or sell contents: bargain. Inquire janitor.

61st St. and Lexington Av.—High-class furnished bachelor apartments with all improvements, for rent. Call Lenox 2309.

93D ST. (Corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite, two rooms, bath, $50 per room up. Hotel Ashton.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON, MADISON AV. (S. W. cor. 93d St.)—Newly decorated apartments, one room and bath, $50 up; two rooms, bath, $75 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from Park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

ELEGANT furnished duplex apartment, 8 rooms, 2 baths; private entrance on Park Av.; $1,000. T 197 Times.

For the month of March only, a 4-room and bath apartment; light, cheerful, freshly furnished and in perfect order; on East 57th St. For appointment telephone L., Plaza 2334.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

Handsomely furnished sitting room, bedroom, bath; owner's residence; for one or two gentlemen. Phone 314 Harlem.

HOTEL ST. LOUIS, 34 East 32d St.—Very desirable 2 and 3 room suites, with bath; full hotel service; would let few suites unfurnished; rates reasonable. Tel. Mad. Sq. 1554.

MRS. WILSON'S HOME RENTING COMPANY. TEL. PLAZA 6585. 444 PARK AV.

EXCLUSIVE APARTMENTS.

FURNISHED. UNFURNISHED.

SUBLET for balance of term, attractively furnished apartments, parlor, 2 bedrooms, 2 baths. For particulars apply Lorraine, 2 East 45th St.

TO SUBLET from March 8 to April 17, a sitting room, double bedroom and bath; southern exposure, tenth floor, in a first-class apartment hotel, upper Fifties, near Park Av.; a la carte restaurant; price $425. Address C. B., P. O. Box 999, City Hall Station.

Furnished—West Side.

10TH ST. (first block)—5 rooms; March 10-Oct. 1. P 375 Times.

27TH ST., 39-41 WEST—The Everwyck; 2 and 3 rooms and bath; hotel service; $123 to $150 per month; immediate possession.

34TH, 140 WEST—Artistic 3 rooms, bath and kitchen; suitable studio, business; gentlemen or family; $200 month.

44TH, 236 WEST—Large living room, bedroom, kitchenette; attractively furnished; monthly basis. Superintendent.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled: 1-2-3 rooms, bath; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable apaants; highest references; $60-$125 monthly upward. Tel. Bryant 6255.

45TH ST., 129 WEST (Warren Arms)—Parlor, bedroom, private bath room, maid service, linen; references; no lease required; 1 to 6; housekeeper.

47TH ST., 70 WEST—Sunny one-room apartment; dressing room and bath; nicely furnished. Holt.

47TH ST., 17 WEST—Ella O'Kane offers an apartment, entire 3d floor; seen 3-5. Tel. evenings Forsyth 1202.

47TH, 18 WEST—Three rooms, bath and kitchen, for two months, March 8 to May 8. Telephone Bryant 9390.

50TH ST., WEST (near 5th Av.)—Bachelor apartments, 2 rooms and bath, $150; also single room and bath, $85; building newly remodeled; handsomely furnished; exceptional valet service; breakfast if desired; milk, eggs, butter, jams and honey from own farm; immediate possession; additional apartments now under construction will be ready Oct. 1; leases now being made. Phone 4602 Circle, or write P 300 Times.

51ST, 34 WEST (between 5th and 6th Avs.)—2 rooms, bath and kitchenette; March 1 to April 1. Thompson.

54TH ST. AND 7TH AV.—Exquisitely furnished four rooms; March 15 to October; $300 monthly. Telephone Circle 7120, Mrs. Fuller.

54TH AND 7TH AV.—3 rooms to sublet until Oct. 1. Phone Penn. 6780, Tuesday.

55TH ST., WEST—An attractively furnished front 4-room and bath housekeeping apartment, to sublet in 9-story, fireproof elevator building; all conveniences; immediate possession; married couple only; for 1 to 6 months; rent $225 per month; owner leaving city. Address P. O. Box 1100, City Hall Station, New York.

55TH ST.—Unusual 4-room, kitchen apartment; private entrance; elegantly furnished; $225 month. Phone Circle 718 or Bryant 5836.

57TH, 340 WEST (The Clintonia)—Modern elevator apartment, newly furnished; hotel service; 2-3 rooms and bath; $50 per room up; immediate. Columbus 134.

57TH ST., 200 WEST—Luxurious four-room apartment in the beautiful Roding Studio Apartment Building; bedroom, living room, dining room, real kitchen, bath.

57TH ST., WEST—Excellent, modern 8-room, kitchenette, bath; unusual furnishings; piano; references required. Telephone Columbus 7697.

57TH ST., 100 WEST—Two rooms, handsomely furnished; piano, elevator; call afternoons.

70TH ST., WEST—Hotel apartment, 2 rooms, bath, well furnished; March 15, six months; $150 monthly. H 154 Times.

71ST, 37 WEST—First class accommodations; attractively furnished; newly converted; 1-2 rooms, bath, maid.

71ST—9 rooms, 2 baths, to Oct.; lease expires. Phone Riverside 7830.

72D, 210 WEST—3 rooms, bath, full kitchen, with western exposure; restaurant service, elevator; lease to Oct. 1; references; rent $350. Smith.

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FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

146TH, 604 WEST—Two front rooms, use kitchen, bath; refined surroundings; conveniences; private apartments; Broadway subway; immediate possession; October; no children; references; moderate. Jachies.

151ST, 518 WEST—Furnished room for refined business lady. Apt. 7E.

159TH, 525 WEST (Apt. 64)—Large parlor facing Broadway; all improvements. Levy.

164TH ST., 601 WEST—Large outside room; elevator apartment; no other roomers; references. Phone Wadsworth 5456.

172D, 611 WEST—Large room, adjoining bath; private family. Apt. 5C.

Attractive room; southern exposure; high-class apartment house on Broadway, near 137th St. subway; $15; suitable for two. Phone Morningside 4357, Apt. 5A.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 237.

Large, attractive room adjoining bath; dressing room; private family; gentlemen; references. Ahrens.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 275 — Desirable room, private family; gentleman only. Apt. 1B.

Four or five-room apartment, unfurnished; not over $70. Phone 6814 Riverside.

HOTEL THORNDIKE,
208 WEST 56TH.
SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE 2-ROOM SUITE, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE; SPECIAL WEEKLY AND MONTHLY RATES.

Near Broadway-110th St.—Single front room, high class apartment, kitchen privilege; $15 weekly; women only. O 273 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222 (94th)—Desirable single room; private bath; exclusive. Apt. 53.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 745—Attractive room, twin beds; $12. Apt. 46.

WADSWORTH AV., 256—Fine room adjoining bath; private family; all improvements. Wilson.

WEST END AV., 450 (82d)—First south; elegantly furnished room; running water; high-class apt.; permanent gentleman. Schuyler 5606.

Brooklyn.

6TH AV, 7,504 (Brooklyn)—4-room apartment; also 4 rooms and sun parlor; furnished to suit; use of bath; large two-family corner house; all windows facing street; heated, electricity, hardwood floors; all newly decorated; for light housekeeping; nice residential section; near subway; refined couples only; references; $35-$90 per month. Bay Ridge 4431.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Business woman, Christian, responsible, wants light, spotless, attractive room, strictly private family; refined, comfortable home essential; near Riverside preferred; permanent. T 198 Times.

A Japanese gentleman wishes a comfortable room or suite, with breakfast, in refined private family, west side; no other roomers; references exchanged. Address full particulars 1818, 150 Nassau St.

Wanted—By bachelor, one or two rooms and bath; location 50th to 72d, east or west side; breakfast desired. Answer Box 565, 1,777 Broadway.

YOUNG BUSINESS WOMAN, Protestant, wishes room and board, near Broadway subway; references; moderate rate. Y 477 Times Annex.

Furnished room, with bath, desired by young business woman; highest reference. Box 563, 1,777 Broadway.

Couple desire large, light, well heated room; Gramercy Park section; references. Mail reply Room 1923, 25 Madison Av.

Refined, young, Christian business man wants room and breakfast; electricity; $10; West 70th to 125th. T 121 Times.

Gentleman desires room; light breakfast; private Spanish or German family preferred; children no objection. N 365 Times.

Gentleman wants small heated room in private American family, permanent, between 42d-60th Sts.; state rent. W 137 Times.

Young business man desires room, refined surroundings, with or without board, near Grand Central Terminal. T 200 Times.

Jewish gentleman desires room between 60th and 125th, East. H 155 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

307TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Rooms, with meals, $18 weekly up; good home cooking; hotel service, elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

West Side.

718T, 308 WEST—Desirable double room; private bathroom; single room; running water; excellent table.

73D, 302 West—Large, desirable rooms; private bath, twin beds, electric light, piano; overlooking Hudson; good home cooking.

78TH, 256 WEST—Large room; electricity, running water, steam heat; $40. Call after 11 A. M.

79TH, 114 WEST—Wide, parked street; unusual and attractive large parlors, ten room and lounge; steam heat.

85TH, 132 WEST—Large room, private bath; French cooking; homelike; references.

89TH ST, 321 WEST—Large, well-furnished room, all improvements, connecting bath, private house, overlooking Riverside Drive; excellent board, congenial home, suitable gentlemen, business couple.

102D, 305 WEST—Large front room, private bath; private Christian American family.

149TH, 408 WEST—Beautiful rooms; second floor front; hall rooms; home cooking.

151ST, 518 WEST—Comfortable, furnished warm room; board optional; with refined, small family; elevator apartment; gentleman; references. Meisner.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 46 (corner 77th) (The Greymore)—Pleasant rooms, excellent table. Schuyler 4306.

WEST END AV, 315—Private family; beautiful room, twin beds; suitable two; exceptional table; bath; references; gentlemen only.

BOARD WANTED.

Young gentleman would like room and bath with private family below 74th St.; best references; please give particulars in reply; will pay $8 to $10. Box 482 Times, 2 Rector St.

Lady at business requires nice room, running water; convenient to 5th Av. and 34th St., with Irish family; state terms. J 395 Times.

Gentleman wants room and board permanently in strictly private family; state terms; references. W 552 Times Downtown.

Young, married, congenial business couple desire board, west side; every convenience; moderate. S 261 Times.

Wanted 2 rooms with bath in boarding house on west side. J. A., 625 11th St., Brooklyn.

Three refined Jewish adults employed during day desire 3 rooms and board, Brooklyn preferred. A 940 Times Harlem.

Refined Jewish gentleman desires room; board optional; private family. E 398 Times.

Gentleman, Christian, wishes room and board with refined family. V 264 Times.

Boy, 8; city or country; terms and particulars. W 554 Times Downtown.

Gentleman wishes meals in private family, near Columbia University. S 367 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Long Island.

Large, airy room, with sleeping porch, suitable for business couple or two business gentlemen; cheerful home, excellent table; thirty-eight minutes from Pennsylvania Station; exceptional. Address H. L., New Hyde Park P. O., Long Island.

Connecticut.

Rooms and board in exclusive boarding house; excellent cuisine; convenient location. Phone Stamford 1320.

Country Board Wanted.

Accommodation required by 2 young professional gentlemen in superior locality, within easy distance Wall St., 2 bedrooms, sitting room, bath; $60 monthly. S 385 Times.

Refined young Christian couple, one or two rooms, board or kitchenette; easy commuting Grand Central or Penn. Station; permanent; reasonable. J 386 Times.

Room and board wanted in Westchester county by young business man; state full particulars. W 457 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER, seven years' experience double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance, &c., to take full charge credit, collection and follow-up. W 558 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT for part time; also office and shop details supervised; financial and tax reports; moderate. S 383 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced double entry, controlling accounts; preferably cotton goods house; $30-$35. Abelson, 102 Convent Av.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, executive ability, controlling accounts, trial balances, correspondent, manufacturing, mercantile experience. A. C., 202 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge stenography, Spanish; studying accounting evenings; $25, S 289 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 5 years' experience; A1 references; controlling accounts, trial balances; salary $35. S 346 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. 430 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER—7 years' experience, controlling accounts, expert trial balance; can handle large number of accounts, desires position with large concern; $30. W 65 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, knowledge stenography, typewriting, controlling accounts; $22. H 163 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Burrough's bookkeeping machine; 3 years' experience; typist. A 942 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER with executive ability desires position with responsibility; $35. W 173 Times.

CHAMBERMAID, or chambermaid and laundress; young girl. D. S., 9, 1335 3d Av.

CLERK, four years' experience, good at figures, reliable, competent, best references; $23. D 682 Times Downtown.

COMPANION:
EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY
to secure the services of a brilliant young lady as traveling companion to lady and social secretary; varied experience; attractive, congenial, good manager; references exchanged. P 109 Times.

COOK, Swedish, experienced by day or week. Call Murray Hill 848, Monday between 10-12, 3-5.

COUPLE, young, reliable, with boy, 6, desire position with family, 20 miles of Manhattan; wife, home assistant; husband, do chores outside business hours; understands autos; will drive. W 106 Times.

DRUGS, junior, experienced, in first-class trade in city; willing to work few evenings weekly. H 165 Times.

FILING and secretary work, position desired by competent person, capable of attending to correspondence of all kinds; desires afternoon position. O 336 Times.

GIRL (colored) wishes half time, general housework. Williams, 209 West 63d St.

GOVERNESS, nursery, visiting, French, married, 35, experienced, wishes position, 9 to 5; reference. Mme. Ford, 774 East 165th St.

GOVERNESS (English) desires group for afternoons, vicinity 72d, Broadway. S 362 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, by day; capable of managing entire household; best of references and experience. Box 15, 3,013 3rd Av.

HOUSEWORKER, Chambermaid — Colored woman; part time. Ella Willit, 341 W. 59th.

LADY, refined, 39, with daughter 17, of high social standing abroad, having had financial reverses during war, seeks suitable occupation; four languages, music; would travel; full charge motherless home. R 34 Times.

LADY, French, makes all kinds of embroideries, fine work; would work for stores. E 699 Times Downtown.

LAUNDRESS, experienced, day work; do fine ironing. Miss Brightwell, 560 West 126th.

MAID, colored, intelligent, competent; reference furnished. Audubon 7352.

NURSE, this city, graduate, middle age, strong, Swedish, like position with invalid, city or country. 342 West 58th.

NURSE—Experienced; English; wishes to travel with infant, older child or invalid; Europe preferred. A 310 Times.

OPERATOR, telephone, 7 years' experience; references; salary expectd $18 week; write. Miss Florence Schroeder, 871 Elton Av., Bronx.

SALESWOMAN, experienced, take charge store or connect with firm for responsible position; millinery, furs preferred. R 33 Times.

SALESWOMAN—Half day's position; best references; millinery preferred. H 159 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.
Young lady (Christian), 5 years secretary to executive and department head downtown insurance office, wishes to change; educated; pleasing personality; brains, tact, discernment, initiative; salary $35, and worth it. B 611 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, capable correspondent, with executive ability and initiative, having 5 years' experience, wishes position with high-class organization in Times Square-Grand Central district; reference; salary $40 weekly with opportunity to advance. P 117 Times.

SECRETARIAL position desired with unlimited opportunity for expression; experience covers several years; expert stenographer, correspondent, bookkeeper; exception initiative, executive ability. N 354 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 22, capable, experienced, reliable, college education, seeks position where literary ability can be utilized and developed; highest references; $20. H 164 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, well educated, has initiative and ability; experienced in legal work; $45-$50. A 939 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY, WOMAN, EXPERIENCED LEGAL, LITERARY, POLITICAL LINES; $40. T 196 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY, American, Christian, young lady, seven years' stenographic experience, various commercial lines, refined, reliable, intelligent; employed; desires position with executive; $27. D 700 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, refined, high school graduate, 3 years' experience, desires position of responsibility; salary $25; references; S 391 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 8 years' experience, desires connection with concern where initiative, merit and conscientiousness are recognized. Y 472 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, legal, experienced, well educated, has initiative and ambition; wants position where good work will be appreciated; $40. A 938 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY — College education; experienced; serve busy executive; $25. J 391 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced; good references; salary $16. Rose Liebes, 431 Sutter Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, six years' experience; salary $28. E 701 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Downtown; high school graduate; six years' experience; $30. H 95 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, reliable, conscientious, 4 years' experience; salary $25. E 729 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Competent; superior education; very ambitious; highest credentials; salary $25 weekly. D 687 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Executive ability, college education; wishes high-class position. P 115 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Typist, Office Assistant, beginner; salary $18; downtown. M. Hauger, 138 McDougal St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, beginner, efficient, wide-awake; excellent references; $16. D 683 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, 3½ years' experience; capable. D 676 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Four years' experience; high school graduate; export experience. T 53 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, 21, five years' stenographic-correspondence experience; $30. S 359 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 20, competent, intelligent; 3½ years' experience; salary $25. V 268 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bright beginner, high school graduate, seeks position with advancement. D 684 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—High school graduate; experienced; own correspondent E. Uttcher, 502 Amsterdam Av.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience, high school garduate; conscientious, willing worker; salary $25. A 602 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST desires few hours' work evenings; excellent references. H 107 Times.

STENOGRAPHER — Competent, experienced; references; $20. E 665 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Three years' commercial; $22. A 705 Times Downtown.

TUTOR—French lady with the best education would give French lessons to children. E 698 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—Very accurate in all sorts of work; six years' experience; $22 per week. E 713 Times Downtown.

TYPIST desires position for part time only. Phone Circle 6576.

TYPIST, 18, has two years' experience; salary $18. C 672 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, CAPABLE, 1 YEAR'S EXPERIENCE. N 353 TIMES.

WOMAN, white, wishes to take wash home. Michels, 338 East 96th St.

YOUNG LADY, refined, wishes position in doctor's office; has knowledge of typewriting and bookkeeping. L. G., 210 West 130th St. Audubon 3079.

YOUNG LADY, capable, wishes position comptometer operator or clerk; experienced. R. R., 462 West 142d.

YOUNG WOMAN, employed, college graduate, three years' business, stenographer, law student, seeks selling, managing, secretarial, commercial, legal. Siskin, 274 West 140th. Audubon 1920.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS — Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange Agency, 314 West 58th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANCY STUDENT, young man, 22, high school graduate, New York University student, has no accounting experience, but desires to connect with a public accounting firm. A 929 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT—Books systematized, audited, closed; tax specialist; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; corporation, partnership accounting; reasonable. Greene, 207E Hudson Terminal Building. Telephone Cortlandt, 447.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, now employed, desires permanent position with accountant. H 88 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS, certified, will audit your books and close them for the year; Federal and State income tax reports.
COMMERCIAL CERTIFIED ACCOUNTING CO., 220 5TH AV. MADISON SQUARE 4124.

ACCOUNTANT, books opened, closed, audited, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly; corporations organized. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT will audit books, install system, prepare financial statements, tax reports, part-time bookkeeping; references furnished. R 800 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, experienced, desires work about three days per week with mercantile, accounting firm. D 699 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR; books opened, audited, systems installed, tax reports; special arrangements firms without bookkeeper. Langton. Phone Rector 4963.

ACCOUNTANT, JUNIOR, ACCOUNTING, BOOKKEEPING; COST EXPERIENCE; COLLEGE EDUCATION. B 607 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT, SEMI-SENIOR, DESIRES POSITION WITH CERTIFIED ACCOUNTANT. A 614 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT — Bookkeeping, $2.50 weekly; tax returns, audits, &c. Phone Beekman 3510.

ACCOUNTANT, good business record, open position March 4; consider future primarily; 24 years old. E 622 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, desires immediate connection; established concern. S 349 Times.

ARTIST wishing to make change desires to connect with a concern which is in need of an all around commercial man, capable of originating ideas that sell. W 168 Times.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN, practical experience in building trades, wants position. N 864 Times.

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE.
Young man, American, 25, wishes connections with an organization offering future; intelligent party, possessing initiative, executive ability, being capable correspondent and master of details; moderate salary. J 388 Times.

ATTORNEY, 31, married, desires position automobile insurance or other corporation; experience; $250 month. D 701 Times Downtown.

AUDITING AND STATISTICS.
Five years' experience; 15 years' office; age 32; American, Christian; record unquestionable. Box 496 Times, 2 Rector St.

AUTO MECHANIC FOREMAN, long experience, wishes change position. Box 400, 401 East 80th.

BANK EXECUTIVE.
Executive bank position desired by former cashier out of town bank; best possible city references; interview requested. O 354 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, thoroughly experienced, highest references for ability and accuracy from AAA1 corporations; reliable; age 22; salary $30. A 632 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, experienced; college graduate; trial balances and financial statements; good opportunity essential. A 719 Times Downtown.

BOOKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; 6 years' experience; accurate, quick, conscientious and willing; salary $25; controlling. S 366 Times.

BOOKKEEPER (assistant), experienced, desires position with reliable concern; five-day week preferred. E 728 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 24; 6 years' thorough experience ledger keeper, balancing; highest qualifications. A 716 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 12 years' experience; immediate engagement. F. Francis, 517 West 148th St. Phone Audubon 3437W.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, accountancy student, desires connection with accountant. J 390 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, complete charge, controlling accounts, cost, financial statements. H 142 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, ten years' recent employ; references; married. B 616 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry; experienced; complete charge; handle correspondence; $20. J 394 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT—Quick at figures; age 17; reference. A 718 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST—Knowledge of accounting; experienced general office man. P 114 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 21; reliable, energetic, with aims to future. T 92 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-AUDITOR wishes connection with reliable concern. T 122 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, experienced, desires position. D 677 Times Downtown.

BUTLER-VALET, Japanese; neat, trustworthy; city or country. Shi, 328 East 57th St.

CARPENTER, PAINTER, reliable, married, wants charge house or apartment. N 363 Times.

CHAUFFEUR—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR—Japanese, married, 14 years' shop and driving experience, wishes position in country; trustworthy, obliging; best references; wife could help in household if necessary. Togo, 20 West 60th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; private family experienced; highly recommended; four years in last position; careful driver; trustworthy, neat appearance; city, country, or touring. A. R., 79 Times.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; careful driver; experience on all makes of cars; best of reference. Jack Martin, 143 West 90th St.; Riverside 1614.

CHAUFFEUR, 6 years' experience, wishes position; private family preferred; good mechanic; excellent references. A 934 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, single, experienced, wishes private position; any car; best references. Joseph Pettet, 245 East 60th; tel. Plaza 1904.

CHAUFFEUR—Experienced driver and mechanic in any car; best references. Chouret, 229 West 26th St.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position private; experience on high class cars; working at the present time. O 385 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, American, 34, single; 12 years' excellent references. J 392 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, married, experienced, competent man; private or commercial. Staut, 356 West 48th.

CHAUFFEUR, private; 5 years with last employer. Box 119, 852 Columbus Av.

CHEMIST and druggist (Russian graduate), many years experience; last position five years work for the British War Office; capable of taking charge of plant and controlling staff; seeks suitable situation; reasonable salary. Write A. Waisbrod, 1,717 Hoe Av., Bronx, N. Y.

CHEMIST, university education; 3 years' commercial experience steels and alloys, soaps, oils and the rare earth's metals; salary not controlling factor if offered good future. L 238 Times.

CLERK, Swede, 23, with extensive experience in perfumery and toilet articles, wants suitable clerical position in this or similar line. T 108 Times.

CLERK—High school teacher desires clerical or stenographic work after school hours and Saturdays. C 653 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR—Real estate, experienced in collections, management and bookkeeping of properties and estates; references. L 230 Times.

COLORED COUPLE, butler, valet, cook and housekeeper, competent, neat; references; gentleman's home; city, country. A 935 Times Harlem.

COOK-BUTLER, Japanese; entire charge; small family; references. Kita, 148 West 65th.

CORRESPONDENT,
specializing in export adjustments and claims, is open to engagement with enterprising concern; is American, 25, married; executive experience and ability; has made good in present position and is now seeking further advancement. E 718 Times Downtown.

COUPLE—Japanese, wife American, with little boy; man long experienced chauffeur; wife nurse, chambermaid, good seamstress; both trustworthy, obliging; best references; wish position in country. Nippon, 23 West 60th St.

COUPLE, young, would like position as cook and butler; reference; phone Gramercy 5838. Mrs. Kraatz.

COUPLE (colored), position valet or butler, maid. McQueen, 131 West 135th.

DIETITIAN, practical, desires position in hospital or institution; will solve your help situation; economist and systematizer; capable of supervising large staff; $35-$40 per week. L 239 Times.

DRAFTSMAN desires a position as architectural or structural detail and layout work; $45 week. E 711 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN—Expert designer, capable of developing inventions, mechanical drawing, desires additional work. N 856 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, structural, mechanical, fine tracer, desires evening work. E 693 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, detailer and tracer, desires position. Write W. H., 14 Avenue A.

ESTIMATOR—Building construction executive, office manager, systematizer, auditor, accustomed to big business, wants live position. E 888 Times.

ESTIMATOR wishes position, inside, outside, drafting, detailing, checker, timekeeper; 13 years' experience building trades. Brink, 442 Bleecker St., Brooklyn.

EXECUTIVE, FACTORY.
Industrial engineer (C. P. A.) of broad experience in organization, cost and production, and analytical accounting work, desires to connect with important interests in responsible capacity; best references as to character and achievement. E 707 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

EXECUTIVE—FACTORY.
Young man with several years' experience in mechanical work, repair, maintenance and adjustments of various automatic machinery, handling of help, both male and female, desires position as department head or assistant to busy factory executive. V 243 Times.

EXECUTIVE.
Experienced business manager, sales and manufacturing executive; legal training; thorough knowledge of corporation law; good personality; open for proposition from reliable concern. Y 287 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE, thoroughly qualified secretarial lines and management, industrious, reliable, trustworthy, A1 references, desires connection with high-grade firm or corporation. D 691 Times Downtown.

EXPERT in accounting and income tax returns has several nights each week available for firms without bookkeepers and organizations requiring aid in making income tax returns. F 900 Times Annex.

EXPORT ASSISTANT—Expert Spanish-English stenographer; dictation both languages; extensive South American experience; interested only in position offering good chance for advancement; $40-$50. C 666 Times Downtown.

FITTER AND LADIES' TAILOR, experienced, desires position with reliable concern. Davis, 28 West 128th St.

FOREMAN, with years of experience, now running a large coat factory in Baltimore, can manage all kinds of help, would make a change for same or similar line in New York. Leon Bijou, 1,654 Union St., Brooklyn, N. Y., care Ghidalia.

GARDNER-FARMER or working superintendent, competent in all departments of country estate, large or small, to develop new or private old place; references will bear strictest investigation; please state full particulars when replying. Gardener, Room 301, 286 5th Av., New York.

GARDENER, 29, married, no children, wishes position on gentleman's country estate; best references. Address John Lessard, 33 Prospect Av., Tarrytown, N. Y.

HOTEL CHEF, all around man; country town preferred; reliable. S 394 Times.

MANAGER FOR HOTEL, RESTAURANT OR CLUB WISHES PERMANENT POSITION WHERE ABILITY IS APPRECIATED; BROAD EXPERIENCE IN ALL BUSINESS DETAILS, INCLUDING KITCHEN; GOOD LINGUIST; HIGHEST REFERENCES AS TO ABILITY, CHARACTER AND PAST PERFORMANCE; FOUR YEARS WITH PRESENT CONCERN; WILLING TO GO ABROAD. H 130 TIMES.

MAN, intelligent, 33, experienced in all branches of foreign banking, foreign exchange and steamship business; managing experience; speaks English, German, Jugo-slavish and several other Slavish languages. D 675 Times Downtown.

MAN, college, 25, at present employed, desires position with suitable house; has had business experience, collections, credits and export. A 943 Times Harlem.

MAN, reliable, familiar machine shop, to cut down waste, eliminate labor turnover. Durwell, 1103 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

MAN, visiting valet, desires 3 or 4 more gentleman. J. D., 327 West 29th.

MULTIGRAPH MAN, 28, nine years' experience mailing business, take charge multigraph mailing dept. for large organization. S 390 Times.

OFFICE MAN—Neat, ambitious young man wants position in stock and bond office; previous office experience; willing to start at beginning. W 106 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER—EXECUTIVE.
Systematic man of character; practical business experience, various branches, including accounting, credit and collection work, correspondence, bookkeeping, &c.; accustomed to taking full charge of office force and producing results; desires connection live, up-to-date manufacturing concern. S 337 Times.

SALESMAN, 21, wishes to connect with reliable mercantile concern; 3 years' selling experience; any territory, preferably out of town. Y 327 Times Annex.

SALESMAN—Young man with 4 years' road experience is desirous of changing present line; wish position any line for city. D 681 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—Young man will take side line of hosiery, underwear, leather goods or similar line to New York and vicinity. T 203 Times.

SALESMEN, calling on automobile accessory dealers, garages and vulcanizers, to handle specialty direct from manufacturer. P 106 Times.

SALESMAN—Want to represent out-of-town manufacturer in N. Y. City to sell jobbers, retailers and exporters; commission basis. N 372 Times.

SALESMAN, 23, desires connection with concern handling staple line offering good proposition to hustler. E 702 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 12 years' experience grocers' specialties, open for good position; no objection long trips. A 916 Times Harlem.

SALES MANAGER—Proven competency; executive, general business and sales qualifications; reliably indorsed. H 140 Times.

SALESMAN, several years' experience, seeks connection with live house, mercantile or export and import line. W 371 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER and typist, chief clerk, Christian, 10 years' experience; exceptionally competent and reliable man; expert operator, highest integrity, wide experience; excellent references; $35 per week. B 717 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, number of years' experience, qualified to take entire charge of shipping and stock room; first-class references. Murray, 304 West 151st St.

SHIPPING CLERK, high-grade, thoroughly experienced, import, export, domestic; manage traffic department; correspondent; manufacturer, wholesale. T 202 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 26; Christian; 8 years' experience; excellent correspondent; thoroughly competent; energetic and conscientious worker. T 193 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Evenings only; thoroughly experienced; highly capable man. E 671 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT for high-class elevated apartment, office building; good mechanic; own tools; good references. Superintendent, 182 Sherman Av., butcher store. Wadsworth 6064.

TEACHER, B. S., ten years' experience, desires connection with preparatory school evenings. T 206 Times.

TRAFFIC MANAGER OR ASSISTANT.
Fifteen years' experience transportation; age 32, American, Christian; record unquestionable; interview solicited. Box 497 Times, 2 Rector St.

VALET-BUTLER, young colored man, desires position in bachelor apartments; take entire charge; 4 years in last place; good references; neat, clean, honest. H., 459 Carlton Av.

VALET, young man, take care of bachelor's apartment; sleep out; references. Duma, 16 West 109th.

YOUNG COUPLE, experienced butler and chambermaid; first-class references; city or country; looking for positions. Frank Felber, 338 East 80th St.

YOUNG MAN,
32, MARRIED, WITH SUCCESSFUL EXPERIENCE BOTH AS A SALES MANAGER AND AS AN INDUSTRIAL EXECUTIVE; I AM LOOKING FOR AN OPENING WITH A LARGER FUTURE, FULLY RECOGNIZING THE PROBABLE ADVISABILITY OF A PERIOD OF SPECIALIZED TRAINING; COLLEGE GRADUATE. T 164 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN (23) desires change for better opportunity; has 6 years' experience as all-around man in ladies' waist factory and 2 years as ladies' undergarments. M. Boroson, 317 Pulaski St.

YOUNG MAN, 20 years of age, high school graduate, 1½ years' experience, desires position with future; furnish reference. H. S., 200 East 23d.

YOUNG MAN, 18, storage and raw fur experience, desires connection with manufacturing furrier; references. Box 52, 1,021 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN, graduate nurse, wishes position as companion to gentleman; can give massage, electric treatments; operate car; excellent references. S 387 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, technical graduate, wishes connection with electrical concern; mechanical and electrical experience. B 615 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, ambitious, good appearance, two years' office experience, seeks position with future; references. P 131 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced buyer, good business ability, wishes position retail or jobbers, resident buyers. A 912 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires traveling position with future; clerical, electrical experience; high school graduate. M., 1418 Fifth Av.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, wishes position with business concern. Samuel Stackell, 252 East 4th St., city.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position with mercantile firm that has advancement for ambitious worker. P 103 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires connection with commercial concern leading to selling; selling ability. F. Strauss, 630 East 138th.

YOUNG MAN, 21, having selling experience, desires responsible position with firm offering chance for advancement. S 287 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires responsible position with concern offering advancement; have some selling experience. S 288 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, progressive, desires position; advancement. T 192 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, two years' college training desires position with wholesale house offering opportunity to sell. P 113 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 30, selling experience, initiative, seeks outside position. W 169 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 8 years' experience woolens, desires position. E 393 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADDRESSOGRAPH OPERATOR.

Large corporation.
HOURS 9 TO 5.
State age, experience and salary expected.
BOX F. E., 209 CABLE BUILDING.

ADJUSTERS.
GIRLS WITH HIGH SCHOOL TRAINING WISHING TO MAKE CORRESPONDENCE THEIR WORK CAN FIND AN OPPORTUNITY TO ENTER THIS ORGANIZATION AT GOOD PAY, AND WILL BE ADVANCED RAPIDLY.

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

ARTIST,
experienced young lady, as sketcher for theatrical costumer; neat appearance.
ROSEN, 149 WEST 46TH ST.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER FOR WHOLESALE SHOE HOUSE; EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; CALL TUESDAY. LAZARUS FRIED & SONS, INC., 118 DUANE St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER,
with at least 3 years' experience; Christian publishing house; salary $75 a month. T. M., 330 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and Stenographer, one with experience in contracting preferred. Apply 358 West 31st St.

ATTENDANTS, for steady, year-round work in a most attractive health resort for nervous and rest cure patients; good home, congenial surroundings, recreation, moving pictures, dancing and outdoor sports; good salary; hotel cuisine, room and laundry. Blythewood Sanitarium, Greenwich, Conn. Phone Greenwich 410.

ATTENDANT for reception room for hospital; 5:30 P. M. to 9 week days, 8:30 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sunday; $7 weekly, with dinner and supper on Sunday. Call 233 East 57th.

ATTENDANT for reception room for hospital, 5:30 P. M. to 9 week days and 8:30 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sunday; $7 weekly, with dinner and supper on Sunday. Call 233 East 57th.

BILL CLERK, Elliott Fisher experience; rapid; permanent; daylight offices. Stasny Music Co., 56 West 45th.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry; executive ability; manufacturing experience preferred; write giving experience and reference. N 361 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT — YOUNG LADY WITH KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING AND TYPEWRITING; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; NO STENOGRAPHY NECESSARY. CALL TUESDAY, 9 TO 10 A. M., TRADE BINDERY, 344 WEST 38TH ST.

BOOKKEEPER, WITH KNOWLEDGE OF STENOGRAPHY, CAPABLE OF TAKING CHARGE OF OFFICE AND STOCK ROOM; ONE WITH EXPERIENCE IN WHOLESALE BUTTON BUSINESS PREFERRED.
ROSEBECK BUTTON CO., 235 5TH AV.

BOOKKEEPER
wanted for busy advertising agency and to take charge of customers' charge ledgers numbering over 5,000; experience only consideration. Apply 6 P. M., Room 209, 621 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, THOROUGHLY COMPETENT, TO TAKE COMPLETE CHARGE OF FULL SET OF BOOKS; MUST HAVE KNOWLEDGE OF TYPEWRITING; ACCURATE, AMBITIOUS. HARRIET HUBBARD AYER, 323 EAST 34TH.

BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of stenography, capable of taking entire charge of office; one with experience in wholesale fur business preferred, but not essential; call 9 to 10 A. M., 12 to 1 P. M., 5 to 6 P. M. Eckstein & Kass, 158 West 29th St.

BOOKKEEPER (double entry) with several years' experience; $30 per week to start; only one who is competent, with A1 references, need apply; no letters will be answered. Apply after 11 A. M. Tims Patent Muffler Cap Co., 50 West 17th.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER,
Young lady, intelligent, alert, with capacity for all-around office work; salary $25-$30. Apply Tuesday morning, Sunrise Lithographing and Trading Corp., 55 33d St., Bush Terminal, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, with knowledge of stenography and office routine; bright, willing; good chance for advancement; state qualifications and salary. T 211 Times.

BOOKKEEPER
capable of keeping double entry in manufacturing line; knowledge of stenography essential; state salary required, experience and references. G. Z., 363 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, one with at least five years' actual business experience; must understand work thoroughly; neatness and handwriting essential. Call Tuesday. Jacob Druckman, 31 East 21st St.

BOOKKEEPER to take charge of patients' accounts; must have had such experience; on duty alternate Sundays; board, room and washing supplied. Memorial Hospital, 2 West 106th St.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT,
to take care of contractor's books and piece goods stock books in dress house; state experience and salary expected. E. P., 209 Cable Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER, with knowledge of stenography, capable of taking entire charge of office; one with experience in electric business preferred, though not essential. K 432 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, with knowledge of general accounting; quick and accurate worker; please give full details of experience; salary $20. B. P., 469 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced controlling accounts and correspondence, able to type own letters; good opportunity for bright woman; state age, experience, salary. Write S. M., 520 Presbyterian Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, with knowledge of stenography and typewriting experience; salary $18. Apply Tuesday morning. Weinberg & Holman, 159 West 25th.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, knowledge of pay roll, figure work and stenography. Apply in own handwriting stating age, religion, experience and salary desired. A 387 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—Best pay; competent and reliable girl. Empire Lithographing Co., 33 Sull

HELP WANTED—Female.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Some typewriting; no clock watcher; splendid chance for ambitious person; state experience. S 393 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Bright beginner, willing to learn; experience unnecessary. N 368 Times.

OFFICE CLERK, BRIGHT YOUNG LADY TO ASSIST IN BOOKKEEPING DEPARTMENT; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; MUST BE GOOD PENMAN. CALL OR ADDRESS A. S. H., 46 BARCLAY ST.

OPERATOR—TELEPHONE.

Young lady of experience, good personality, education and refinement; work is not heavy, but requires careful and courteous attention; hours, 8:45 to 5:15 (Summer, 8:45 to 4:35), with usual Saturday afternoons off, but occasionally required to remain on duty short overtime; salary $20 per week; location Bowling Green; give age, nationality, experience and references. E 721 Times Downtown.

OPERATOR, SWITCHBOARD, AND FILE CLERK WANTED IN THE OFFICE OF A LARGE CORPORATION LOCATED IN TIMES SQUARE SECTION TO RELIEVE THE REGULAR OPERATOR AND DEVOTE MOST OF HER TIME TO FILING; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. P 126 TIMES.

OPERATOR, telephone switchboard, also to do typing; in high grade instrument factory; environment and luncheon facilities exceptionally good; intelligent and conscientious worker required, but long experience not essential; location near 143d St. station, Hunts Point division, Lexington Av. subway; call Monday or Tuesday for interview. Wilson-Maeulen Co., 781 East 142d St.

OPERATOR, switchboard, must be neat and accurate; experienced; salary $15 to start. Apply to Rogers-Pyatt Shellac Company, 70-81 Water St.

OPERATOR, telephone, for small board; one familiar with office routine preferred. H 147 Times.

OPERATOR, telephone, for club; $75; give references. L 278 Times.

ROLLING MAGAZINES.

Girls to roll magazines; work is done sitting; $12, six months $14; short hours; no dull season; call Monday or Tuesday.

The Butterick Publishing Company,
Spring and Macdougal Sts., N. Y.

Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

SALESLADIES,

FOR MILLINERY.

MUST BE EXPERIENCED.

APPLY TUESDAY,

JOSEPH,
682 6TH AV.

SALESLADIES, outside workers, selling supplies to hotels, restaurants, theatres and institutions; salary and commission. See Miss La Rein, Tuesday morning, 9 A. M., American Supply Co., 155 7th Av.

SALESLADY—Refined young lady, experienced, for retail store; bring references; good salary. Call Tuesday, Day Bros., 404 6th Av.

SALESLADIES WANTED; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; HIGH SALARY AND PERMANENT POSITIONS. ADDRESS PAULINE MILLINERY, 3,537 BROADWAY.

SALES REPRESENTATIVE for special edition of the Bible for the young; six volumes, beautifully printed and illustrated; other new and splendid features; having large sale; liberal salary, traveling expenses and commission; only applicants possessing first-class ability considered. Address Bible, 432 Besse Building, Springfield, Mass.

SALESWOMEN

WANTED FOR HIGH-CLASS SUIT AND DRESS SHOP; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; STEADY POSITIONS; GOOD SALARY.

SARNOFF,
1727 PITKIN AV., BROOKLYN.

SALESWOMAN, about 25, to represent well-known service company in city; good salary; permanent position; give qualifications and phone number. C 673 Times Downtown.

SALESWOMAN, experienced, for high-class gowns. Call all week, Anna Kay, 38 West 57th St.

SEAMSTRESS, experienced, room and board. Apply Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.

Young woman of education, refinement and culture, broad-minded, tactful; knowledge of French (and Spanish preferred), as secretary to professional man with offices in New York and Havana; one who is free to give her time at either office as may be required. Phone Mr. Rubio, 3264 Bryant.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, experienced in tabulation and report work, required by large accounting firm; must be well educated, thoroughly capable and accurate; $130 to $150 per month. S 386 Times.

STENCIL CUTTERS.

Inexperienced preferred, on paper stencils in subscription department of publication; good pay, steady employment; apply 24 floor, F. B. Warner Co., 96 Chambers St.

STENOGRAPHERS.

LARGE AND CONVENIENTLY LOCATED OFFICE IN LONG ISLAND CITY REQUIRES SEVERAL EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHERS. AGREEABLE ASSOCIATES, IN MODERN OFFICE; STEADY EMPLOYMENT; GOOD PAY AND CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. ADDRESS "PROMOTION," BOX 66, LONG ISLAND CITY.

STENOGRAPHER AND ASSISTANT

IN LARGE OFFICE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. ADDRESS BOX 547, 1,777 BROADWAY.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.

Bright, well educated, able to absorb and master detail; opportunity to become important factor in rapidly growing business and to earn $50 upward within short time if alert, ambitious. Call or address
41 Park Row (Opp. City Hall), Suite 104.

STENOGRAPHY.

Over 20, bright, neat and accurate, good English, at least 1 year experience; chance to become secretary to manager of Christian publishing house; sunny office, pleasant environment; salary to start $75 per month.
McKINLAY, STONE & MACKENZIE,
30 IRVING PLACE.

STENOGRAPHER, expert touch typist (L. C. Smith machine), dictaphone experience; preferably knowledge law work; intelligent; shorthand reporter's office; salary $25; opportunity for advancement. Call Room 1042, Woolworth Building, Tuesday morning.

STENOGRAPHER

wanted in downtown office; must be accurate and neat; good opportunity for the right person; apply stating age, experience in detail, religion and salary desired. E 704 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERIENCED, GOOD GRAMMARIAN, ABLE TO TRANSCRIBE NOTES ACCURATELY AND RAPIDLY; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY; CONGENIAL SURROUNDINGS; CHRISTIAN FIRM. A 706 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, quick, accurate, willing; must be high school graduate, in export department of large concern; one with initiative and anxious to forge ahead; state age, experience and salary desired. K 419 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with experience, quick and accurate, for general routine work in advertising department of large manufacturing concern, Jay St., Brooklyn; salary $20. Address Advertising Manager, P. O. Box 1012, City Hall Station, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, with good handwriting; preferably one with knowledge of French and living in Brooklyn; apply Monday or Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Chapal & Ole, 418 Willoughby Av., between Bedford & Nostrand, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; SPLENDID POSITION IN OFFICE AMIDST PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS TO A NEAT, COMPETENT WORKER, AND RAPID ADVANCEMENT. STATE AGE, EDUCATION AND SALARY. A 390 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER and touch typist, a rapid operator, with five years' experience, will be paid according to ability; call on Tuesday with written application or apply by letter. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, HAVING KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY. E 712 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper; familiar with trial balance; an opportunity for a bright, willing beginner; good appearance and pleasing personality essential; state age, experience and salary desired. A 397 Times.

STENOGRAPHER — Wanted, stenographer who desires to advance, for well-known business; one who can later take charge of office; state salary wanted to start, age and experience. S 368 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST,

FAMILIAR WITH OR WILLING TO LEARN USE OF DICTAPHONE; REPLY, GIVING EXPERIENCE, IF ANY, AND SALARY EXPECTED. R. H., 261 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER,

with some office experience, for Christian manufacturing concern; state full particulars. Address, mail only, B. M., 133 East 17th.

STENOGRAPHER—Must live in Greenpoint or Williamsburg section. Apply by letter, stating age, education, experience, and salary expected. Chas. T. Corby, 233 Norman Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, ABOUT 35, proficient business correspondent, possessing initiative and some executive ability; one with ability to sell; good salary to right party. Aubry Sisters, 520 West 48th St.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced, intelligent, wide-awake, manufacturing concern; excellent opportunity; Christian firm; state age, education, experience, salary. Box 544, 1,777 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER—Must have business experience; steady position; good hours. Apply Borden's Premium Co., Inc., 44 Hudson St.

STENOGRAPHER — Neat, intelligent and punctual; state qualifications and salary desired; permanent position; congenial surroundings. D 678 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced only; good penman, accurate at figures; salary $70 per month; good chance advancement. Ben Davis, 1,270 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, to do light stenography and assist in general clerical work; accurate at figures; state salary desired. S. T., 437 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, must have at least two years' experience; understanding general office work; pleasant surroundings; $20 start; state full details. O. F., 205 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST—We have opening for a bright and ambitious girl. Apply stating age and salary expected at start. P 107 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; CHRISTIAN FIRM; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR BEGINNER OR 6 MONTHS' EXPERIENCE PREFERRED; GOOD SALARY. S 343 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, intelligent, capable; good salary, with advancement; references; advertising agency; call Monday, 11:30 A. M. Scott & Scott, 220 West 42d.

STENOGRAPHER, must be neat, rapid, accurate; bookkeeping experience essential; Christian office; automobile export business; splendid opportunity; state experience, salary; give references. H 146 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, one who can take dictation and type in German; good permanent position to right party. Call Room 1203 Tuesday A. M., 110 West 40th.

STENOGRAPHER—Office assistant; experienced, accurate; opportunity for advancement; salary $20; automobile concern. 147 West 99th St. 611 Riverside.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, also operate Monitor switchboard. Call Monday morning between 10 and 12, Oxy Acetylene Co., 15 East 40th St.

STENOGRAPHER with experience on Underwood; high school graduate; salary $20. Apply Richardson Silk Co., 906 Broadway, N. Y. City.

STENOGRAPHER,

with knowledge of bookkeeping; $18 start; splendid chance for advancement. Write American Lady Corset Co., 113 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; must be rapid and accurate; good opportunity; call Tuesday morning. See Ell System, 1 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, GERMAN AND ENGLISH; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR EXPERIENCED PERSON. APPLY 147 4TH AV., ROOM 110.

STENOGRAPHER, moderate experience, willing to assist in office work. Apply by letter only, West Side Savings Bank, 6th Av. and 9th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, must understand switchboard; apply with references and stating salary required. E 725 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; experienced or bright beginner considered. Advertising Leather Specialty Co., 303 Mercer St.

STENOGRAPHER, American, wanted in busy law office; salary $25-$30; answer, stating age, experience, &c. D 710 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondence, billing, filing and office assistant, rapid, 25 years of age preferred; state salary; good opportunity; Christian firm. P 124 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, young woman, neat, rapid and accurate worker, for engineering office; give general experience and salary expected. A 381 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, intelligent, accurate, advertising agency; good salary with advancement. Call Monday 11:30 A. M., Scott & Scott, 220 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, wholesale Butter firm; salary start $17; steady position; chance advancement. Apply, mail only, Lowenfels, 348 Greenwich St.

STENOGRAPHER, billing clerk; $25 per week. Call at 120 Liberty St., Lever Bros. Co.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER—Experienced in import and export, chemicals. J. C. Brown, 15 Park Row.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for advertising department of publication; salary $18 to $20. Apply S. D., Room 814, 290 B'way.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; refined, neat, reliable. Call 23 East 26th St., Room 1015, between 10 and 12 or 2 and 5 Tuesday.

STENOGRAPHER; experienced general office work. Write, stating full particulars, V 261 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, in law office; neatness and accuracy indispensable; permanent position. W 563 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; call Tuesday, Wm. Bond and Copper Plate Co., 30 Morton St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate; $20 to $22 to start. Levy Dairy Co., 19th St. and Avenue B.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, neat, competent girl; permanent. Estes & Blum, Inc., 89 Fulton St., of fair knowledge of bookkeeping, typewriting and neat handwriting; to person capable of grasping details quickly a good future and rapid advancement are assured; state age, education and business experience in your reply. Textile, K 412 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, permanent; good penmanship and rapid at figures essential. Box 54, Station O.

STENOGRAPHER—Assistant Bookkeeper—Reference required; state salary desired. C. H., K 418 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, with experience; Christian firm. Apply J. W. Fiske Iron Works, 78-80 Park Place, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced. Write, giving experience and salary expected, Automobile, 24 Times.

STENOGRAPHER,

EXPERIENCED; GOOD OPPORTUNITY. SPRAGUE ELECTRIC, 527 WEST 34TH.

STENOGRAPHER for Bronx factory; one year's experience; must be good figures; good salary. B. C., 716 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER in insurance office; answer, stating age, experience and salary desired. K 436 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; reference required; state salary desired. K 418 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING; CHRISTIAN FIRM. T 87 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced. Grain Soaps Corporation, 304 9th St., Jersey City, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner. Call Tuesday, E. Leitz, 30 East 10th St.

STENOGRAPHER—Competent young lady, experienced; Spanish desirable. P 106 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR wanted in busy law office. Goldstein & Goldstein, 306 Broadway.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR with knowledge of stenography, in resident buyer's office. Call Ben F. Levie, 37 West 26th.

TEACHER for an hour 5 mornings per week, to teach boys first year work; write stating training, experience and terms. R 35 Times.

TEACHERS, two experienced Parisian French, for October; resident. R 26 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS.

The New York Telephone Company requires several young women to operate pay stations at office buildings and railroad terminals; age 17 to 25; central office experience preferred; salary to start $14 and $15, depending upon experience; rapid advancement. Apply in person or by letter.
Public Telephone Department,
Room 202, 24 Walker St., N. Y. City,
NEW YORK
TELEPHONE COMPANY.

TELEPHONE SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, INTELLIGENT, RAPID, KNOWLEDGE OF CLERICAL WORK; APPLY IN PERSON.

DE FOREST RADIO,
1,415 SEDGWICK AV., BRONX,
Between Washington Bridge and Highbridge.

TELEPHONE SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR as relief, with experience in general office work; pleasant conditions; good opportunity. Apply personally Tuesday,
PIERCE-ARROW MOTOR CAR CO.,
JACKSON AND 5TH AV., L. I. CITY.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR (plug switchboard) and typist wanted; call on Tuesday with application in own handwriting, or apply by letter. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, Monitor board, over 20 years of age; intelligent, reliable; salary $22. 310 East 22d St., 6th floor. Gramercy 409.

TYPIST—Expert; permanent position; hours 9 to 5, Saturday 12; pleasant surroundings. Apply Tuesday, Room 315, 195 Broadway.

TYPIST, Remington operator; all or part time. Call Tuesday morning, Lindsay Laboratory, 344 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

TYPIST, for making out bills; $13 to commence; steady employment; state nationality, with references. A 643 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, rapid order clerk; experienced; good position; daylight offices. Stasny Music Co., 56 West 46th.

TYPIST, young woman, neat and rapid worker; good, permanent position; state age, salary and religion. B. S., 351 Times.

TYPIST to address envelopes and fold mail. Call Tuesday, Room 3121, 61 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Female.

TYPISTS.
EXPERIENCED OR INEXPERIENCED TYPISTS; HIGHEST PAY TO BEGINNERS; OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL AT ONCE.
THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

TYPIST—Middle-aged woman, with executive ability, competent to assist in management of a department and able to operate typewriting machine, can secure a desirable position with opportunity for advancement; state all particulars. D 097 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS.

By large merchandise house, young women as typists to do simple copy work; salary to start, $13; with speed and accuracy, possible to earn up to $20. T. Y., 143 Times.

TYPIST AND FILE CLERK,
ONE WHO IS THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, WHO WISHES TO CONNECT WITH A CONCERN WHICH OFFERS A GOOD OPPORTUNITY. BOX 542, 1,777 BROADWAY.

TYPIST,

ACCURATE AND NEAT; GOOD OPPORTUNITY IF ABILITY IS DEMONSTRATED. ADDRESS BOX 541, 1,777 BROADWAY.

TYPISTS—PUBLISHING HOUSE DESIRES TO ADD TO ITS FORCE 3 COMPETENT TYPISTS; OPPORTUNITY TO LEARN DICTAPHONE, WITH EXCELLENT PROSPECTS OF ADVANCEMENT; HOURS 9 TO 5, SATURDAY 1 P. M.; $65 PER MONTH TO START, WITH BONUS. A 264 TIMES.

TYPIST.

Experienced young lady wanted in large downtown office; must be neat, quick and accurate; salary $20; opportunity for advancement; state age, religion and experience in detail. E 703 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, EXPERIENCED ELLIOTT-FISHER MACHINE, ASSIST IN GENERAL OFFICE WORK; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR BRIGHT YOUNG LADY; STATE EXPERIENCE, SALARY DESIRED. BOX 545, 1,777 BROADWAY.

TYPIST, FOR ACCOUNTING DEPT.; MUST HAVE HAD AT LEAST THREE YEARS' BILLING EXPERIENCE; WRITE, STATING AGE, NATIONALITY, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. R 27 TIMES.

TYPIST and general office assistant in bookkeeping dept.; interesting work; good opportunity for advancement to higher position; start $15. Call Tues. afternoon, Underwood & Underwood, 6 East 39th.

TYPIST and general office assistant in bookkeeping department; interesting work; good opportunity for advancement to higher position; start $15. Call Tuesday afternoon, Underwood & Underwood, 6 East 39th.

TYPIST AND FILE CLERK, lady, wanted in general insurance office; must be rapid and accurate; state in own handwriting experience, references, and salary expected. 150 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—NEAT, ACCURATE, WILLING WORKER, PERMANENT POSITION; UNDERWOOD MACHINES; PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS. HARRIET HUBBARD AYER, 323 EAST 34TH ST.

TYPIST, EXPERIENCED, AND OFFICE ASSISTANT; STATE EXPERIENCE, REFERENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. APPLY 147 4TH AV., ROOM 110.

TYPIST.

ANSWER PHONE CALLS AND DO FILING. STATE SALARY.
S. A., 709 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TYPIST AND FILE CLERK capable of supervising, mailing, &c.; Christian firm; experienced, high school education. Room 1004, 7 East 42d.

TYPIST, accurate at figures, for entry and billing work large corporation; good opportunity. Post Office Box 485, City Hall Station.

TYPISTS, experienced; good opportunity for advancement. Address P. O. Box, 325 City Hall Station, New York.

WAIST DRAPERS AND FINISHERS,

accustomed to highest class of work; 44-hour week; Saturday half day.

PARQUHARSON & WHEELOCK,
724 6TH AV., NEAR 50TH ST.

WAITRESS and assist with chambermaid. Apply 281 Sanford Av., Flushing, L. I. Tel. Flushing 3541.

WOMAN, about 35, for the educational department of a well known publishing house (no clerical work); must possess tact, intelligence, enthusiasm, and special adaptability for meeting and talking with better class; $25 salary with increase when competent; experience not essential. W. W., 180 Times.

WOMEN

with ability for selling toilet preparations, to open demonstration out of city; highest salary paid. Aubry Sisters, 520 West 48th St.

YOUNG LADY to take charge of records in order department of large textile concern located in Brooklyn; necessary qualifications are years of experience in order keeping, typewriting and neat handwriting; to person capable of grasping details quickly a good future and rapid advancement are assured; state age, education and business experience in your reply. Textile, K 412 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY to handle filing correspondence in downtown insurance brokerage office; must be bright and well educated; excellent opportunity for the right individual; apply in detail, stating previous experience, salary expected, &c. K 438 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY

FOR CLERICAL WORK IN LARGE MERCANTILE HOUSE; EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; REPLY, GIVING AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. D. B., 264 TIMES.

YOUNG LADY wanted as assistant in dentist's office; must know typewriting, be tactful, and of pleasing appearance; good pay for right person; apply Monday 10 to 12 or Tuesday 3 to 6. Room 1104, 32 Court St., Brooklyn, opposite Borough Hall.

YOUNG LADIES—Two experienced for filing and general office work in large insurance company; good opportunity; hours 9 to 5, half day Saturday; high school education preferred. Call Room 1206, 55 John St., Tuesday.

YOUNG LADY of neat appearance and refinement for position as assistant and office assistant; permanent position with excellent opportunity. Apply at 218 Livingston St., Brooklyn, between the hours of 10 and 12 Tuesday.

YOUNG LADY for filing and handling of small switchboard; one who knows stenography and can operate Underwood typewriter preferred; state experience, salary expected and religion. A 704 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY; must be able to receive customers in high-class wholesale and retail fur house; also assist in office; state salary and qualifications when applying; references required. R 2 Times.

YOUNG LADY for filing and handling of small switchboard; one who knows stenography and can operate Underwood typewriter preferred; state experience, salary expected and religion. A 704 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY with office experience to take charge of stock records; excellent opportunity for right party; state salary and other particulars. Write T. H. K., Box 110, 125 East 34th St.

YOUNG LADY

to assist in office of manufacturing jewelers; good opportunity. D 690 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY—Insurance office requires young lady for typing only; opportunity for capable beginner; answer, stating age and salary desired. D 693 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY wanted, for general office work; must be neat and good penman; reply, giving full particulars. S 734 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY—Insurance office requires young lady for clerical work; opportunity for capable beginner. K 434 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, clerical work; pleasant working surroundings; Christian firm; good opportunity and salary. 106 Lafayette St., 2d floor.

YOUNG LADY, typewriter and office assistant; no experience required. The Porto Rico Stores, 514 Madison Av.

YOUNG LADY, 16 to 18, as assistant in bank; experience not essential; state salary expected. K 424 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, educated, quick and intelligent, as saleslady; no experience required. The Porto Rico Stores, 514 Madison Av.

YOUNG LADY cashier, bookkeeper, educated, good at figures, for private banking; salary $22. R 8 Times.

YOUNG LADY, high school education, rapid typist, accurate at figures; $25. R., 346 Bleecker.

YOUNG WOMAN telephone operator; hotel experience. Apply Hotel St. James, 109 West 45th St.

YOUNG WOMAN, refined, in art dept.; apply in person. Dennison Mfg. Co., 220 5th Av.

HELP WANTED—Female.

YOUNG WOMAN

IN EMPLOYMENT OFFICE

LARGE BROOKLYN PLANT REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF A YOUNG WOMAN WITH SOME EXPERIENCE IN EMPLOYMENT OFFICE AND SOME KNOWLEDGE OF TYPING; GOOD SALARY FOR RIGHT PERSON.

K. P., 209 CABLE BLDG.

YOUNG WOMAN assist designing cretonne sets, velour pillows and scarfs and make calculations of same; one having a practical knowledge of cutting preferred. F. H., 209 Cable Bldg.

YOUNG WOMEN, experienced, string pearls; steady work, nice surroundings; good chance for advancement. M. Guggenheim, Inc., 364 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMEN, not under 18, for filing and clerical positions; experience unnecessary; good chance for advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, New York.

250

PERMANENT

POSITIONS

OPEN APRIL 1.

THE REMOVAL OF THIS COMPANY'S GENERAL OFFICES FROM CHICAGO TO NEW YORK CITY ON MARCH 29 REQUIRES THE ENGAGEMENT IN ADVANCE OF

250 MALE AND FEMALE EXPERIENCED OFFICE EMPLOYES, AS FOLLOWS:

STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS, DICTAPHONE OPERATORS, DUPLICATOR OPERATORS, COMPTOMETER OPERATORS, ADDRESSOGRAPH OPERATORS, BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATORS, FILE CLERKS, INVOICE CLERKS, AND GENERAL CLERKS, FOR SALES, ACCOUNTING, PURCHASING, CLAIM, TRAFFIC AND CREDIT DEPARTMENTS.

THE COMPANY'S NEW OFFICES WILL BE LOCATED IN ITS OWN BUILDING, NOW UNDER CONSTRUCTION AT 6 EAST 44TH ST., AND WHEN COMPLETED WILL BE ONE OF THE FINEST PRIVATE OFFICE BUILDINGS IN NEW YORK. EMPLOYES QUALIFYING FOR THE POSITIONS HERE ANNOUNCED WILL HAVE EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT, AND A MOST DESIRABLE ENVIRONMENT IN THE HEART OF NEW YORK'S MOST ATTRACTIVE BUSINESS DISTRICT. DIRECT YOUR APPLICATION TO

CHAS. E. WILLIAMS, OFFICE MGR.,
CHICAGO PNEUMATIC TOOL COMPANY,
FISHER BUILDING, CHICAGO, ILL.

PART TIME

CLERICAL WORK.

PERMANENT POSITIONS.

YOUNG WOMEN UNDER 31 YEARS OF AGE ARE ELIGIBLE.

$8 WEEKLY FOR MORNING PERIOD (9-1).

$7 WEEKLY FOR AFTERNOON PERIOD (1-5 EXCEPT SATURDAY).

LARGE ACCOUNTING OFFICE.

WRITE TO BOX
E 708 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WANTED

YOUNG WOMEN WITH SOME HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION OR BUSINESS EXPERIENCE FOR PERMANENT POSITIONS IN THE ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT OF THE NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

SALARY IS INCREASED IN TWO MONTHS AND FREQUENTLY THEREAFTER ACCORDING TO ABILITY.

THE WORK IS INTERESTING AND THE WORKING CONDITIONS ARE EXCELLENT. COMFORTABLE REST ROOMS AND SANITARY LUNCH ROOMS ARE PROVIDED.

OFFICE HOURS, 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M. SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY.

VACATIONS WITH PAY.

APPLY TO NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY, ROOM 502, 25 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

OFFICE OPEN MONDAY, FEB. 23, 1920, 10 A. M. TO 8 P. M.

A REAL OPPORTUNITY FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN, 17-25 YEARS OF AGE.

WE OFFER ALL THE ADVANTAGES YOU CAN THINK OF, AND

$15 PER WEEK

AS A STARTER, WITH MORE PAY AND GOOD CHANCE OF ADVANCEMENT.

EXPERIENCE OF ANY KIND IS NOT NECESSARY.

COME AND SEE US.

ROOM 530,
24 LISPENARD ST.,
JUST BELOW CANAL.

THE AMERICAN
TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH
COMPANY.

POSITIONS FOR YOUNG WOMEN ARE OPEN IN SEVERAL OF OUR DEPARTMENTS.

$15 A WEEK TO START, WITH REGULAR AND FREQUENT INCREASES THEREAFTER; PERMANENT WORK; 48 HOURS OR LESS A WEEK; MANY OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT TO POSITIONS IN WHICH THE EARNINGS ARE $25 TO $30 A WEEK.

PART TIME WORK.

A NUMBER OF POSITIONS ARE ALSO OPEN TO YOUNG WOMEN, MARRIED OR SINGLE, WHO FIND IT CONVENIENT TO WORK ONLY 4 TO 6 HOURS DURING THE DAY OR EVENING.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICES:

1,158 BROADWAY, MANHATTAN.
8 A. M. TO 8 P. M.

468 E. TREMONT AV., BRONX.
9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

81 WILLOUGHBY ST., B'KLYN.
9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

ABOVE OFFICES ALSO OPEN SATURDAYS TO 4 P. M., SUNDAYS 1 P. M. TO 5 P. M., FEB. 29 1 P. M. to 5 P. M.

44 PEARL ST., MANHATTAN.
11 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

1,336 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN.
58 W. HOUSTON ST., MANHATTAN.
9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

or telephone

MADISON SQUARE 12000.
Appointment at any hour.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

A1 LEDGER CLERK, preferably one experienced on purchases ledgers; who is capable of taking monthly control balances; state experience and salary expected. T 307 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

YOUNG WOMEN
OVER
21 YEARS,

can earn good wages delivering telegrams.

$15 PER WEEK GUARANTEED.

Vacations with pay, opportunities for advancement.

WESTERN UNION TEL. CO.,
33 PARK PLACE.

Instruction.

ARE YOU SATISFIED

with your present position? Does it pay you enough? Are there opportunities for advancement? Is the work interesting? Are the surroundings congenial?
We can offer you a good position with these advantages if you will learn to operate the Burroughs Bookkeeping or Calculating Machines. Day and evening classes. You owe it to yourself to learn what this course will do for you. Call or write. School open Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings.
E. A. Lamson, Manager.
BURROUGHS SCHOOL FOR OPERATORS,
51 Chambers St., Opposite City Hall.

FILING TAUGHT QUICKLY.
POSITIONS SECURED.
In four weeks we will give you thorough personal instruction in all up-to-date filing systems, indexing, cataloging, &c., and find you a good position; new classes forming. Come in and get acquainted. Remember the name NATIONAL—the progressive Filing School. Call, write, or phone today.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING,
125 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 6619.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

Women who can talk effectively to others, singly or in groups, are needed in business. Visit, without obligation, the first session of a new class in Public Speaking at Pace Institute, 30 Church St., New York, which will be held on Thursday evening, Feb. 26, at 6 o'clock; observe for yourself the methods which have trained others to talk convincingly. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for further particulars. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.

Good English, spoken or written, is a basic requirement for business success; most men and women need training in English—sentence building, vocabulary enlargement, report and letter writing. Do you? Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for informative booklet, "Your English." Ask also for details of special Evening Class in Business English, now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING, PRATT SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST. Registered by Board of Regents; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

STENOGRAPHERS and secretaries wanted at exceptionally high salaries to start; new evening classes forming, between 6 and 7; special low rate. Phone Vanderbilt 3896. Moon's School, 50 East 42d St.

Employment Agencies.

HAMILTON EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
N. W. cor. Liberty and Church Sts.

WOMEN'S DIVISION.
(MISS FRANCIS in charge.)

OUR LOCATION.
One block from Hudson Terminal Tube station on Church St.; one block from Cortlandt St. station of 6th Av. "L," 9th Av. "L" and 7th Av. subway; one block west of Broadway.

MACHINE BOOKKEEPER — Midtown hotel; $100 month.
ASST. BOOKKEEPER—Beginner; $16.
BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST—Auto accessories; $20.
BOOKKEEPER—Take charge small office; retail experience; $22-$25.
CLERKS—Junior; beginners (10); $12-$14.
CLERKS—Experienced in mail room (2); $14-$15.
CLERKS—File and check records (8); $15-$18.
CLERKS—Assist with typing (6); $16-$18.
CLERK—Bill and order; long-carriage machine; $20-$22.
LEDGER CLERK—Understand distribution charges; $20.
CLERK—Good at figures; cost calculations; $18-$20.
CLERK—Relieve at Monitor board; $15.
DICTAPHONE OPERATORS—Jersey City; $100 month and lunches.
DICTAPHONE OPERATORS—(4); $20-$25.
TYPISTS—Publishing; downtown and uptown; $15-$18.
TYPISTS—Address envelopes; fold circulars; $16-$18.
TYPISTS—Flushing (2); $18-$20.
TYPISTS—Jersey City (2); $18.
TYPISTS—Insurance, commercial, brokerage (6); $18.
TYPISTS—Chemicals; downtown; $20.
STENOGRAPHER — Relieve at switchboard; beginner; $15.
STENOGRAPHERS—Insurance, commercial, publishing (8); $15.
STENOGRAPHERS — All lines; uptown and downtown; $18-$22.
STENOGRAPHER—Well educated, capable; 4 or 5 years' business experience; $25.
STENOGRAPHERS—Moving picture (6); $25.
STENOGRAPHER—Speak and take notes in German; $25.
STENOGRAPHERS — Hoboken (2); $23-$25.
SECRETARIES—Busy executives; downtown (3); $28-$30.
ASST. TO DEPT. HEAD—College woman; be able to prepare statistical budget; new department; $25-$28.
STENOGRAPHERS—To work in morning only (2); $10-$12.
CLERK—Statistical; good working conditions; $20.

"HAMILTON SERVICE."

$25-$160 weekly. Prof. Rohrer's Hairdress, Manicure, Beauty School, 119 West 42d.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADVERTISING WRITER.

A worthwhile position is open in a large Philadelphia organization for a copy man with lay-out and agency experience; knowledge of music desirable; application should be in writing, stating fully experience, age and salary; samples of work should be submitted, which will be returned promptly. All communications treated as confidential. Y 445 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING MANAGER, full time only, to take charge of our advertising department. Call on Tuesday with written application and samples of best past work or apply by letter. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

ARMATURE WINDERS for A. C. work, and field coil winders for D. C. work; steady employment and good wages for experienced workers. Apply Electro-Dynamic Co., Av. A and North St., Bayonne, N. J.

ARTIST, Animators, Tracers; girls, young men, on cartoons; no experience required; paid while learning. Apply Mr. Orell, Jefferson Film Corp., 2,555 Webster Av., City.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; experienced, progressive young man can find with us a good permanent position with advancement. Reply giving full particulars and wages. A 727 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT SALES MANAGER.

A nationally known manufacturing concern in Western New York requires at once an assistant sales manager, qualified as follows:
1. Clean cut, pleasing personality.
2. Successful selling experience.
3. Broad experience in handling and supervising sales correspondence.
4. Knowledge of office routine.
5. Ability to co-operate and get results.
6. Age, 30 to 35 years.
The right salary to the right man. If you possess these qualifications write us, giving details of education, experience &c. Y 467 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER AND LEDGER CLERK in large Christian manufacturing company; must be thoroughly experienced, rapid, accurate and reliable; age between 25 and 30; state references and salary expected, with full particulars. E 706 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT ENGINEERS

wanted by a large out-of-town manufacturing concern; must have a thorough knowledge of designing and building automatic machinery; successful applicants must possess initiative and executive ability; reply in confidence stating age, education, nationality, experience and salary expected. Address

Classified Advertising Rates.

The New York Times

	Per Agate Line.
Count six words to an agate line. (Minimum space two lines.)	
Agents Wanted (Sunday 60c)	55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	55c
Automobile Exchange (Sunday 60c)	55c
Boarders and Board Wanted	40c
Country Board	50c
Employment Agencies (Sunday 60c)	55c
For Sale (Sunday 60c)	55c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	40c
Help Wanted	45c
Lost and Found (Sunday 60c)	55c
Mortgage Loans (Sunday 60c)	55c
Real Estate, &c.	50c
Situations Wanted	35c
	Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c)	11c
Buyers' Wants	12c

PREPAID ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisers in the classified columns of The New York Times may avoid delay in the insertion of their announcements by mailing checks or money orders with their instructions.

HELP WANTED—Male.

MAN to take charge of private warehouse for dealer in heavy chemicals; only those who can handle laborers and are not afraid to work need apply; state fully experience and qualifications. B 639 Times Downtown.

MAN, not over 35, to do light porter work in the office of a large company; salary to start $20 per week; must come well recommended; reply, stating age and experience, A 878 Times Annex.

MANAGER-INSPECTOR, REAL ESTATE, APARTMENT HOUSES; STATE EXPERIENCE, SALARY. H 113 TIMES.

MECHANICS (6).
FOR MAINTENANCE AND LIGHT ELECTRIC APPARATUS; GOOD WAGES, STEADY WORK.
DE FOREST RADIO,
1,391 SEDGWICK AV., BRONX,
Between Washington Bridge and Highbridge.

MECHANICAL MAN,
assistant to department head, man having mechanical and manufacturing production experience on small interchangeable parts; state age, experience and salary expected. Box 51, 326 9th St., Brooklyn.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER wanted by heating contractor; familiar with estimating heating, ventilating and power plants; state age, experience, salary. M 206 Times.

MECHANIC—Reliable man, understanding thoroughly the operation of three unit evaporator; good salary to right man. D 883 Times Downtown.

MEN to do wiring on electric portables; short hours; good advancement. Peerless Light Co., 483 Broadway.

MEN (8) for night duty, 12 to 8 A. M.; clerical work; experience unnecessary. A 610 Times Downtown.

MERCHANDISE MANAGER

WANTED AT ONCE.

A large New England retail department store is open for a merchant big enough to supervise and merchandise a group of departments doing an annual business of one million dollars. One who is familiar with linens, domestics, cotton goods, blankets, and some knowledge of woolen piece goods.

Applicant must be a man who has had a successful past record, one who has handled big volume, and a keen merchandiser; his knowledge of the merchandise markets must be equal to the best buyers of the country.

A position with extraordinary opportunities awaits the proper applicant.

Write full details of past business connections to Y 482 Times Annex.

MESSENGERS—Wanted by downtown bank, young men between the ages of 18 and 19 as messengers. R 751 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER—A high-grade building concern desires an office manager for ability to handle architects and clients necessary; knowledge of estimating desirable; state age, education, experience and salary expected. B. C., 19 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, young man, quick and accurate at figures; prefer one who can use typewriter; state stating age, experience and salary expected. A 331 Times.

OFFICE BOY—High school graduate, to start in the mailing department of an old-established house; exceptional opportunity for a thorough commercial training in the steel business; moderate salary to start, but early advancement and excellent future; state age, education and salary expected. C 690 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.
Neat appearing and intelligent boy in office of large corporation; downtown; good opportunity for right boy. Nicholas Power Co., Inc., 90 Gold St.

ORDER CLERK for printing house; require thorough experience in order clerk; knowledge of paper necessary; state age, experience and salary. K 429 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY
by large real estate firm; excellent opportunity to learn the business and for advancement. Apply Room 610, 334 5th Av.

OFFICE BOYS, two, bright, wanted by large business firm; not afraid of work; excellent opportunity; advancement; state salary and references. M. G., 110 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, for office and delivery; chance for advancement; salary $12. Circular Advertising Service, 44 West 39th St.

OFFICE MANAGER
wanted in insurance broker's office; only those with experience, with full knowledge of fire marine liability, &c., need apply; stating salary expected and experience. K 420 Times Downtown.

ORDER CLERK, assistant, experienced man for following up printing and binding work. H. K. Brewer & Co., 58 Liberty St.

PACKING.

All around man for packing department; steady, short hours, good salary; call Monday or Tuesday, after 10 A. M. Ask for

Mr. Osborne,
The Butterick Publishing Company,
Spring and Macdougal Sts., N. Y.

Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

PACKER and shipping clerk in woolen commission house; experienced middle-aged man preferred; good salary; permanent position to right man. Apply in person to R. E. Byrnes, care L. F. Dommerich & Co., 254 4th Av.

PACKER,
IN LARGE WOOLEN HOUSE; GOOD CHANCE FOR WILLING WORKER; REPLY, GIVING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. R. M., 263 TIMES.

PATTERNMAKER AND CUTTER ON HIGH-GRADE WAISTS; PERMANENT POSITION. M. STERN & CO., 33 EAST 33D.

PHOTOGRAPHER — Experienced manager family photography; salary and percentage; give details and reference. Box 169, 217 4th Av.

PRINTING—Young man, with good knowledge of printing and sizes and weights of paper, capable of estimating and executing orders. Diamond, 651 Times Downtown.

PRODUCTION EXECUTIVE WANTED.

A LARGE CORPORATION REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF AN ENERGETIC, HUSTLING YOUNG MANAGER AROUND 35 YEARS OLD. HIS FIRST PROBLEM WILL BE TO EXPEDITE THE FLOW OF MATERIALS IN THEIR LARGEST FACTORY LOCATED IN NEW YORK CITY. HIS SUCCESS WILL LARGELY DEPEND UPON ABILITY TO DIRECT A CORPS OF ASSISTANTS.

MUST BE HAPPY IN HIS DAILY CONTACTS, YET KEEN TO SCENT OBVIOUS NEEDS IN GOVERNING PROPERLY THOSE UNDER HIS CONTROL. A MAN WHO FINDS A WAY OUT OF DIFFICULTIES; MARRIED. PLEASE WRITE (GIVING TELEPHONE NUMBER IF POSSIBLE) FOR AN APPOINTMENT, ALSO STATE RELIGION. I. P., 200 CABLE BLDG.

HELP WANTED—Male.

PLANT ENGINEER.
Young, technically educated, man with practical experience in disposition or control of millwrights, steamfitters, electricians, &c.; preference given to one having machine shop training; must also understand air pressure and exhaust systems together with power plant and substation maintenance; fair initial salary, but applicants must state pecuniary expectations and furnish full details as to experience in first letter. Address in confidence Y 370 Times Annex.

POCKETBOOKS—Sample maker; also to act as assistant foreman; high-grade line ladies' silk and fabric bags; we offer excellent opportunity to right party. I. Warschauer & Co., 19 East 22d St.

PORTER and packer, reliable, for steel and tool warehouse, wanted; must furnish references. S 723 Times Downtown.

POULTRY MAN, single or married, without children, for commercial farm, Madison, N. J., 23 miles from N. Y. City; must have had previous experience with Mammoth incubators, also experience in raising ducks; good salary to start with immediate advancement. Apply by letter or call Macniff Co., 54 Vesey St.

PURCHASING AGENT'S ASSISTANT wanted by heating contractor; familiar with discounts, good correspondent, quick and accurate figurer; state age, experience, salary. M 295 Times.

SALESMAN FOR IOWA, TO REPRESENT LARGE NEW YORK IMPORTING AND CONVERTING HOUSE, CARRYING WHITE AND WASH GOODS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, SILKS AND HANDKERCHIEFS; MUST BE THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH THE LINES AND WELL ACQUAINTED WITH THE RETAIL DRY GOODS TRADE; CONTRACT TO START JULY 1, 1920; DRAWING ACCOUNT AND COMMISSION; CORRESPONDENCE TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY. C 650 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN,
HARDWARE.
New York department store requires an experienced hardware salesman; give experience, age, nationality and salary expected. K. N., 209 Cable Building.

SALESMAN,
New England States, to carry popular-priced line of cotton waists; man with big following; drawing account; all applications treated strictly confidential.
I. F., 200 CABLE BUILDING.

SALESMAN
TO MANAGE
CREDIT CLOTHING STORE.
Splendid opening in one of our branch stores for a live wire and hustler. Must be a good salesman to make good, but credit experience not necessary. Good proposition to right man. Apply, after Monday, Adelberg-Feder Stores, Inc., 115 West 30th St.

SALESMAN, stock; established house of known standing requires seasoned, high-grade man with proven record, competent to present our offering to big buyers; security is stock of going dividend payer; excellent talking points; a brisk advertising campaign is securing ample live, fresh leads; these are followed up by strong-pointed literature, so that, with determined office co-operation, results must follow; generous commission basis. Write Sales Manager, Suite 1602, 120 Broadway, New York city. Phone Rector 8112.

SALESMAN SILKS and WOOLENS.

Good proposition with wonderful future for man with thorough knowledge buying and selling woolens and dress goods, to the cutting trade; to receive special attention write fully of past connections, references and experience; state salary to begin; letter only. Clover Mills, 27 West 27th St.

SALESMAN—A man who is at present connected with carbon and ribbon house and has a good following, will be assured of a splendid opportunity and an interest in a growing concern; will pay liberally and share profits with right man. S 633 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—STOCK.
High-class men to sell stock in an established business that will yield exceptional profits to investors; commission basis. Call room 503, 425 5th Av., New York City.

SALESMEN.
SALESMEN WANTED—MOTOR TRUCK; SEVERAL HIGH-CLASS SALESMEN IN THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT; ALSO WHOLESALE TERRITORY; ONE OF THE FINEST TRUCKS IN THE TRADE AND BACKED UP BY A REAL FACTORY AND A FIRST-CLASS SERVICE STATION; ALL REPLIES TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY; COMMISSION BASIS. BELBAR AUTO CORP., 130 JACKSON AV., BRONX, N. Y. MELROSE 986.

SALESMAN
to call on medium-size trade. New York City, popular-priced line of cotton waists; only experienced men will be considered; drawing account; all applications treated strictly confidential. Write I. I., 209 Cable Bldg.

SALESMAN acquainted with cutting up and jobbing trade, ladies' wear, for New York and vicinity; salary to start; state experience and reference for reply. K. A., 102 Times Square.

SALESMAN, POPULAR-PRICED LINE SILK UNDERWEAR, FOR SOUTHERN STATE; ALSO ONE FOR MIDDLE WEST; COMMISSION BASIS ONLY. B. X., 807 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN, live wire, to call on merchant tailors in N. Y. for a high-class fashion publishing house, on a salary and commission basis; one familiar with trade preferable. Mitchell, 920 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced, to handle a line of ladies' handbags; one acquainted with dept. store trade; salary or commission. Chic Bag Co., 37 West 19th St.

SALESMAN, for well-established building material specialty; young man acquainted with New York city architects; liberal drawing account against commission. N 357 Times.

SALESMAN, thorough knowledge of knit goods, sweaters, for New York and vicinity; salary to start; state experience and reference. K. A., 103 Times Square.

SALESMAN, traveling, New York Pennsylvania, New Jersey or Delaware for Toy Specialty; big seller; immediate delivery; also as side line; commission. H 141 Times.

SALESMAN
who is familiar with calling on city hat manufacturers with line millinery ornaments; salary. Smith, 29 West 36th St.

SALESMAN—Young man, calling on private dressmakers, to sell silks, laces, nets; salary and interest in business given neat hustler; good chance. T 195 Times.

SALESMAN, first class, for dress goods and domestic department; liberal salary to begin with; rapid advancement. The Lining Store, 412 Washington St., Hoboken, N. J.

SALESMAN wanted to sell pearl buttons; must be experienced and energetic; salary and commission. Call at Z. Houkoshi & Co., 71 Madison Av., New York.

SALESMAN wanted; good opportunity for a man with following in the silk line; salary and commission. Eastern Silk Corp., 36 East 28th St.

SALESMAN, dolls, toys; man of thorough reliability to travel and eventually manage a line of great possibilities; exceptional opportunity; commission, salary. H 160 Times.

SALESMAN, hosiery, underwear, knit goods, experienced, with strong following in city or on road; commission. A. Lubasch, 442 Broadway.

SALESMEN—Good side line for men visiting confectionery and fountain trade; opportunity for right men; good commission. 671 Hudson St.

SALESMAN—Good opportunity for experienced salesmen for ladies' and children's sweaters; commission basis; references. T 178 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced lace, embroideries, neckwear; opportunity; salary, commission. Empire, 106 East 29th.

SALESMEN, circular letter; experienced, energetic; splendid opportunity; salary. Devine, 226 Lafayette.

SALESMAN, approaching haberdashers, to handle good side line; New York, South and West; commission. D 705 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced men's clothing; one capable of handling high-class trade. Lambert, 254 5th Av. (28th St.)

SALESMAN, experienced in trimmed hat line; salary or commission. Gotham Hat, 110 West 32d.

SALESMAN—Take charge of gents' furnishings department for out-of-town store; good pay. Joseph Hilton, 334 5th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN.

My sales manager informs me he can use five more salesmen of the right type. This means men of honor and integrity, to sell protective service to business people; men who can qualify will find a chance to connect with the largest company of its kind in the world, with cash assets over $18,000,000; compensation on a commission basis and chance for a large future. If you answer this advertisement be prepared to make up your mind it is a life work. Call between 10 and 12. F. D. Fisk, 141 West 36th St.

SALESMEN.

To the young man who wants to make a success of himself by learning the selling of high-grade securities we have an offering; commission; experience not necessary.

UNITED STATES DRILLING CORP.,
3 East 27th St., New York.

SALESMEN—MOTOR TRUCK SALESMEN WANTED; SEVERAL HIGH-CLASS SALESMEN IN THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT; ALSO WHOLESALE TERRITORY; ONE OF THE FINEST TRUCKS IN THE COUNTRY BACKED UP BY A REAL FACTORY AND A FIRST-CLASS SERVICE STATION; ALL REPLIES TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY; COMMISSION BASIS. BELBAR AUTO CORP., 580 JACKSON AV., BRONX, N. Y. MELROSE 986.

SALESMAN FOR NEBRASKA, UTAH AND IDAHO, TO REPRESENT LARGE NEW YORK IMPORTING AND CONVERTING HOUSE HANDLING WHITE AND WASH GOODS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, SILKS AND HANDKERCHIEFS; MUST BE THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH THE LINES AND WELL ACQUAINTED WITH THE RETAIL DRY GOODS TRADE; CONTRACT TO START JULY 1, 1920; DRAWING ACCOUNT AND COMMISSION; CORRESPONDENCE TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY. C 652 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN FOR OHIO TO REPRESENT LARGE NEW YORK IMPORTING AND CONVERTING HOUSE, CARRYING WHITE AND WASH GOODS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, SILKS AND HANDKERCHIEFS; MUST BE THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH THE LINES AND WELL ACQUAINTED WITH THE RETAIL DRY GOODS TRADE; CONTRACT TO START JULY 1, 1920; DRAWING ACCOUNT AND COMMISSION; CORRESPONDENCE TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY. C 649 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN
WITH ESTABLISHED TRADE TO HANDLE LINE HIGH-CLASS SWEATERS AND SCARFS ON 10% BASIS; MENTION TERRITORY WANTED; APPLICATION TREATED IN STRICT CONFIDENCE. S. D., 609 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN TO CALL ON THE CUTTING-UP TRADE WITH EMBROIDERY AND LACE LINES; MUST BE ACQUAINTED WITH LADIES' UNDERWEAR, WAISTS AND CHILDREN'S DRESS TRADE; ONLY THOSE WITH EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY; STATE FULL PARTICULARS; SALARY AND COMMISSION. BOX 558, 1,777 BROADWAY.

SALESMAN—LARGE SILK WAIST HOUSE REQUIRES EXPERIENCED SALESMEN TO CALL ON LARGE DEPARTMENT STORES IN GREATER NEW YORK; MUST BE THOROUGHLY ACQUAINTED WITH THE TRADE AND HAVE GOOD FOLLOWING:- COMMISSION BASIS; APPLICATIONS CONFIDENTIAL. M K 807 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN WANTED.
Prominent dealer in industrial chemicals desires final interview with experienced salesman fairly familiar with the laundry and small package alkali business; application should be made by letter only, stating experience and qualifications; good opening for the right man; salary. B 641 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—We have an opening for a few high-grade, experienced salesmen to sell nationally advertised electric vacuum cleaners; season just starting; opportunity to be made by live wires; insurance and book salesmen preferred; big commission; A1 references required. Call after 12. See Mr. Marston, Ohio Electric Co., Inc., 145 West 45th St.

SALESMAN—WAIST SALESMAN FOR PACIFIC COAST.
To a man commanding the trade there is an opportunity to connect with one of the largest waist manufacturers in the country on a liberal drawing account against commission. Reply, in confidence, to Box C. D., 209 Cable Building.

SALESMEN.
A Rhode Island mill open for salesmen acquainted with department store, millinery, and dressmaking supply trades throughout the United States to sell high-grade georgette and crepe de chines as side line on commission; state territory covered. N 321 Times.

SALESMAN wanted who can sell real estate; Spring campaign just starting; if you know how, we want you; if you are a book salesman, we can teach you how to sell real estate; commission; leads will be furnished. Apply Room 1109, 1,270 Broadway.

SALESMEN to sell heavy motor trucks, on commission only; men qualified in the building, chemical, coal, contracting, hardware, machinery, paper, steel, trucking and heavy haulage trades will be given preference; favorable proposition; state age, qualifications, references. W 160 Times.

SALESMAN—Large flower and feather manufacturer desires a salesman who has acquaintance with the trimmed hat manufacturers; large salary to start, with good prospects for future; prefer one who is with a jobbing concern selling to the trimmed hat trade. F. P., 200 Cable Building.

SALESMAN FOR NEW YORK STATE AND PENNSYLVANIA WANTED BY ONE OF THE LARGEST WAIST HOUSES IN PHILADELPHIA; ONLY THOSE SELLING THE TRADE NEED APPLY; ALSO MAN FOR THE SOUTH; COMMISSION BASIS. Y 447 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMAN—Specialty machine manufacturing concern wants first-class salesman for New York City, New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania; salary and commission basis; company established fifteen years; write full information, giving experience, &c. R 12 Times.

SALESMEN.
Several for various lines, including art goods, model hats, millinery trimmings, interior decorations, bronzes, necklaces, chinacanes, lamps, novelties, &c.; liberal commission basis; personal interview. Inquire Le Coln de France, Bush Tterminal, 132 W. 42d.

SALESMAN, experienced, to handle high-grade line of ladies' handbags, novelties; one who has large following and is a producer; commission, with drawing account; all territories open; give experience and references. A. C., 804 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN with established trade for nationally advertised phonographs; exclusive territory allotted; satisfactory commission arrangements; state age, territory, experience, sales record, references; confidential. A. M. Druckman, 140 West 23d.

SALESMAN, silk waist, wanted covering cities of Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota; commission basis; only those experienced in these territories need apply. Dorothy Waist Co., 38 West 26th St.

SALESMAN, inside loose leaf, to take charge of department; a good permanent position to the right man with personality and push; give age and full information regarding past experience. Write B., 932 Tribune Bldg.

SALESMAN for Middle West, also South; cloakings and pile fabrics for department stores; established trade; commission basis; call afternoon. N. J. Co., 15th floor, 19 East 24th St.

SALESMAN—Thoroughly experienced in the stationery business; capable of dressing windows and show cases; salary; steady position. Call, Tuesday, Eugene H. Tower, Inc., 311 Broadway.

SALESMEN wanted for our retail department to represent our line of children's popular priced wash dresses on commission basis throughout the States. Model Children Dress Co., 145 Greene St. Spring 3941.

SALESMAN, aggressive man, to sell high-grade sanitary products; integrity more essential than experience; drawing account or commission; give age and experience. A 246 Times.

SALESMAN, to represent manufacturer of office specialty; commission basis; excellent opportunity for sincere hustler; exclusive territory, city and nearby towns. E 625 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN Wanted—A live wire man with a Southern following; an exceptional opportunity; only those who can show big business need apply; commission basis. Max D. Diamond & Co., Inc., dresses, 302 5th Av.

SALESMEN calling on candy, cigar, drug and restaurant trade for SMILES MINTS Manhattan, Brooklyn, Staten Island, Long Island, Westchester and New Jersey; commission. Certified Products Co., 47 West St.

SHIPPING CLERK in downtown commercial stationery store; experienced preferred. Call Unz & Co., 24 Broadway.

SHIPPING CLERK in printers' retail store. Call Unz & Co., 24 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SECRETARY

to executive of manufacturing retail company; must be competent stenographer and typist.
State experience, references and salary expected.
Address Executive, 447 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK,
EXPERIENCED, BY LARGE COTTON CONVERTING HOUSE; GOOD POSITION FOR WIDE-AWAKE PERSON; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. S. C., 814 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SHIPPING AND CHARGING CLERK, experienced, capable of handling merchandise stock and stock records, by large importing and manufacturing millinery house. Box 572, 1,777 Broadway.

SHIRT CUTTER, experienced draftsman; line custom work. Write for appointment, stating particulars; communications strictly confidential. R 30 Times.

SOLICITOR.
Political leader getting out book containing photographs of prominent men within the party; high-class solicitor wanted with experience approaching big men; commission basis. Apply 1721 Tribune Building.

SOLICITOR, real estate; commission and drawing account; state experience and references. Write E., 3,525 Broadway.

STEAMFITTER, foreman, qualified to take charge of installation of 1,000-radiator vacuum job in N. Y. C.; give best large buildings previously handled, employers, age and general experience. A 880 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - CORRESPONDENT; must be able to take rapid dictation in Spanish and English, to qualify later for position as secretary. Write full particulars to D 628 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man, about 20 years, in old-established dry goods commission office; Christian house; must be competent stenographer, rapid operator on Smith machine; permanent and most desirable position with advancement for right party; address in handwriting, stating age, experience, reference and salary required. E 647 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.
Bright, well educated, able to absorb and master detail; opportunity to become important factor in rapidly growing business, and to earn $50 upward within short time if alert, ambitious. Call or address
41 Park Row, (opp. City Hall.) Suite 104.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, in cotton commission office; Christian house; must have about two years' experience, competent to take fairly rapid dictation and operate L. C. Smith machine; address stating age, experience and reference; salary satisfactory. A 700 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED, not under 25 years, to do general office work and billing; must be accurate at figures; state references and experience. G. H., 699 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, technical correspondence for engineer's office; only a wide-awake, industrious young man need apply or write. A. R. Mosier & Co., Mt. Vernon, N. Y., near 242d St. and South Railroad Av.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man, high school graduate; one accustomed to office detail; apply Tuesday. Dexter & Carpenter, 12 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST, import-export; advancement; opportunity; write, stating age, experience and salary expected. A 343 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish only; good salary; desirable, steady position for competent man. Spanish, A 708 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, to take charge of office, with excellent future; state age and salary expected. Y 466 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPEWRITER, young man; must be experienced in office work. H. F., 1350 Times Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; chance to learn reporting at same time. Daily News, New Brunswick, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man, over 20, experienced, capable, wanted by old-established real estate concern. R. E., 603 Times.

STOCK BOY—Young boy, bright, intelligent, excellent opportunity for advancement. Feldman, Stern, Gordon, 18 West 20th.

STOCK CLERK.
Young man for stock room; must have experience in hardware and tool supplies.

AMERICAN MACHINE AND FOUNDRY CO.,
5,520 2D AV., BROOKLYN.

STOCK CLERK wanted by large notion and dry goods house to look after stock, charge out merchandise and assist buyer; must be able to handle stock book and have had at least 2 years' experience with house selling similar lines. Apply, stating age, past and present employment, salary expected. A 396 Times.

STOCK SALESMEN.

Wanted—Stock salesmen to handle active securities on commission basis; excellent opportunity for good, capable men. Bligh & Co., 295 Broadway. Telephone Worth 5108-5112.

STOCK CLERK.
IN LARGE WOOLEN HOUSE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. REPLY, GIVING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. S. T., 265 TIMES.

STOCK CLERK EXPERIENCED IN HANDLING PIECE GOODS WANTED BY DRY GOODS IMPORTING HOUSE. WRITE H. S., 520 PRESBYTERIAN BUILDING.

STOCK CLERK, experienced, wanted by large button house to lay out orders and check same; must be neat. R 3 Times.

STOCK CLERK, experienced in fancy goods; state age, reference and salary wanted. S 373 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT—FIRST CLASS CONSTRUCTION SUPERINTENDENT FOR A LARGE BUILDING OPERATION IN CONNECTICUT; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE ON NEW YORK WORK AND UNDERSTAND NEW YORK REQUIREMENTS AS TO QUALITY ACCEPTED. ADDRESS, STATING REFERENCES, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED, R 28 TIMES.

SUPERINTENDENT.
Installation composition flooring experience and successful record required; permanent position; references and full information first letter. Confidential, P. O. Box 831, City Hall Station, New York City.

SUPERINTENDENT - ENGINEER, central heating, electric plant; salary $900 and home, general repairs. R 21 Times.

TEACHER, for private secretarial school, from 12 to 1:30; commercial law, advanced business, English, secretarial duties; state age, education, particulars. R 32 Times.

TEACHER of Spanish and elementary mathematics in evening school; begin at once. Bedford Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn.

TECHNICAL GRADUATE
wanted to assist in production department factory in Hoboken; no former experience necessary. Answer, stating age, past positions and salary expected to start, S 733 Times Downtown.

TELLER, assistant, for banking business; must be experienced in handling currency; salary $50; address with references. Hudson, Box 225, City Hall Post Office.

TINSMITH and roofer; steady work and good wages. Apply 8 o'clock at 329 Broome St., near the Bowery.

TIRE MAKERS wanted, experienced. Century-Plainfield Tire Company, Plainfield, N. J.

WINDOW TRIMMER, card writer and advertising man in Portsmouth, Ohio. Call between 7 and 8 P. M. at the Breslin Hotel. A. Bein.

YOUNG MAN—For mutual benefit a young business man (Christian, college graduate) offers room and board in use of his attractive small apartment, with piano, to college, music or art student of ambition and character, who in return will act as houseman, preparing breakfast, dinner, taking care of apartment. To a young man of breeding and disposition this is an opportunity for a comfortable home and time for study in return for housekeeping work of a simple kind.
It is particularly requested that no one who is not strictly high grade and sincere will apply.
Call on the phone for personal interview, Mr. Portland, telephone Chelsea 3774, from 8 A. M. to 12 noon Monday, or write, giving phone number, T 208 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted in the stock rooms of manufacturing concern, about 17 years of age, to make himself generally useful; must be an American; references required; state experience, if any; salary $14. G 541 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Christian firm, age 18 to 21, as assistant register and stock clerk in 5th Av. silver shop; must be good penman; good opportunity for ambitious person; state age, religion and salary desired. W 166 Times.

YOUNG MAN to assist in office; must have thorough knowledge stenography and typewriting; good opportunity for advancement to one who is not afraid of work. Apply, stating salary, experience, reference. H 168 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18-20 years, for stock and shipping room work; high school education essential; salary and advancement according to ability and experience. Apply Richardson Silk Co., 906 Broadway, New York City.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MEN AND BOYS!!!
EARN $20 TO $25 WEEKLY.
Delivering and Collecting Telegrams, $15 Weekly. Guaranteed.
WESTERN UNION TEL. CO.,
33 PARK PLACE.

YOUNG MEN—A NUMBER OF YOUNG MEN WANTED OVER 17 YEARS OF AGE FOR PERMANENT POSITIONS; THE WORK IS ALONG MECHANICAL LINES; PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE IS NOT NECESSARY; APPLICATION SHOULD BE MADE IN WRITING, STATING AGE, EDUCATION AND PREVIOUS EMPLOYMENT, IF ANY. L 791 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN
for clerical work; must be experienced; answer, giving age and experience.
AMERICAN MACHINE AND FOUNDRY CO.,
5,520 2D AV., BROOKLYN.

YOUNG MAN IN BOOKKEEPING DEPARTMENT LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; MUST BE THOROUGHLY CAPABLE OF HANDLING ALL ROUTINE DETAILS IN CONNECTION WITH CUSTOMERS' LEDGERS, POSTING MONTHLY STATEMENTS, TRIAL BALANCES AND FAMILIAR WITH CHECKING PAYMENTS; GOOD PENMAN, RAPID AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES. P. O. BOX 27, MADISON SQUARE STATION.

YOUNG MEN, 17-20 YEARS.
SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED FOR A FEW BRIGHT YOUNG MEN TO CONNECT WITH A LARGE MERCANTILE HOUSE; ONLY THOSE CAPABLE OF DEVELOPING FOR HIGHER POSITION NEED APPLY; WRITE, GIVING AGE, PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE, IF ANY, AND SALARY EXPECTED. H. J., 260 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 17 YEARS OLD, TO BE GENERALLY USEFUL IN OFFICE AND TO RUN ERRANDS; MUST HAVE EITHER BUSINESS OR PERSONAL REFERENCES; GOOD SALARY AND OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY. APPLY 161 WILLIAM ST., TUESDAY MORNING.

YOUNG MAN wanted by prominent dealer in industrial chemicals to handle shipments and records in connection with that department; splendid opportunity for one who is energetic and ambitious; apply by letter, stating experience and qualifications. B 640 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN.
An opportunity is offered to several young men to learn the merchandise market and to serve in one of our growing departments; exceptional opportunity for advancement.
RETAIL RESEARCH ASSOCIATION,
225 5th Av., New York.

YOUNG MAN wanted with some knowledge of unlisted securities, to assist in trading and keep in touch with customers in investment securities; state age, experience and salary expected. Address K 422 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, quick and accurate at figures, do percentage in cost department large electrical fixture house; no others need apply; state salary to start $15; excellent opportunity for advancement; state age, references. F. D., 209 Cable Building.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, well educated, over 18, desiring study law, may secure valuable position busy law office. Call Tuesday after 9, Room 1262 Woolworth Building.

YOUNG MAN, familiar with boxboard business, wanted for selling position, offering opportunity to become manager of plant; give full information about experience and education; replies confidential. N 373 Times.

YOUNG MAN as bookkeeper, with some knowledge of stock deliveries, by unlisted securities house; state age, experience and salary expected. Address K 421 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, with knowledge of wholesale credits; good chance for advancement. Please call R. L. Blythe, care of Columbia Graphophone Co., 55 Warren St.

YOUNG MAN, about 19, in office of large manufacturing house; general clerical work; excellent opportunity; state particulars. Box 102, 1619 St. James Bldg.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, for general office work; must know French, Spanish and English languages; state experience, nationality and salary. G 632 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in office of large steamship company; state age, experience and salary. Address O. A., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

YOUNG MEN (2), accounting work, accurate figuring; neat penmanship; advancement; state experience, salary expected. S 392 Times.

YOUNG MAN for office wanted at cotton converting house; must be good at figures. Apply with references Tuesday at 45 Leonard St.

YOUNG MAN, by importing firm for lace department; one who has been head of stock preferred; state experience; excellent opportunity. Box 568, 1,777 Broadway.

YOUNG MEN (2), well recommended, under 18 years of age, large manufacturing company; advancement for right men. Apply by letter only. O 338 Times.

YOUNG MAN to act as salesman and general helper in a wholesale and retail paper business; send full particulars. E 719 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, clerical work; must be good at figures; Christian firm; good opportunity and salary. 106 Lafayette St., 2d floor.

YOUNG MAN 15 to 17 years of age as stock room clerk in insurance company; good opportunities. K 435 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18-19, assistant in office, act as cashier; good penman; operate typewriter. Mietz Co., 87 Elizabeth St.

YOUNG MAN, 17 to 19, as clerk in bank; experience not essential; state salary expected. K 423 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 18, wanted as junior clerk; must be quick and accurate at figures. 905 East 138th.

YOUNG MAN, 17-18, in export house; must be typist and good calculator; fine opportunity. P 110 Times.

YOUNG MEN, intelligent, as canvassers; big commissions; give phone number. S 363 Times.

DEPARTMENT OF STREET CLEANING.

WANTED,

FOR THE BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN:

Able-bodied men for snow removal work, beginning February 21st 1920. Rate per hour, 80 cents. Apply at the following places at 7 A. M.:

74 Greenwich St.
18 Burling Slip.
7 North Moore St.
70 New Chambers St.
176 Mulberry St.
610 Water St.
64 Thompson St.
406 Hudson St.
174 Waverly Place.
231 Mott St.
12 Tompkins St.
522 East 5th St.
439 East 6th St.
171 10th Av.
603 West 28th St.
228 West 29th St.
444 West 40th St.
322 Avenue A.
332 East 24th St.
329 East 32d St.
260 East 40th St.
510 West 48th St.
314 West 54th St.
252 West 61st St.
142 West 22nd Av.
215 East 47th St.
1,006 2d Av.
416 East 64th St.
1,317 Avenue A.
428 Columbus Av.
590 Amsterdam Av.
17 West 100th St.
153 West 103d St.
500 East 74th St.
427 East 87th St.
404 West 98th St.
230 East 104th St.
16 Old Broadway.
Lawrence St. and Old Broadway.
1,598 Amsterdam Av.
232 West 124th St.
2,472 8th Av.
27 Bradhurst Av.
303 East 110th St.
2,210 2d Av.
121st St. and Sylvan Place.
41 East 135th St.
S. W. Cor. 159th St. and Edgecombe Av.
58 Hudson St.
2,515 Amsterdam Av.
587 West 206th St. (Stable 1).

SOUTH AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT—Skilled or technical men speaking Spanish, can reach employers in South and Central America, Porto Rico, Cuba, Philippines and Spain through "Want" columns of "Ingenieria Internacional"; rate 5 cents a word, minimum charge $1.50; circulation 15,000. McGraw-Hill Co., Inc., 475 10th Av., New York.

USEFUL SECOND MAN, by private family; good home and good wages; permanent position; must have city experience and city references. Apply seventh floor, private offices, R. H. Macy & Co., Tuesday afternoon between 2:30 and 4:30.

THREE DRAFTSMEN.
Automotive experience preferred. Communicate with Leslie or Bloomerar, Tractor Department, American & British Manufacturing Corporation, Bridgeport, Conn. Telephone Noble 809.

A COUPLE for general housework at seashore in Connecticut; references. Y 439 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Instruction.

FACTS AND FIGURES SHOW

THAT

the LA SALLE PROBLEM METHOD trains you for

JUNIOR ACCOUNTING IN 5 MONTHS.
SENIOR ACCOUNTING IN 12 MONTHS.

THAT

returns in salary increase and promotion begin in many cases almost immediately. Time is no particular element. Hundreds have doubled their earnings with less than 10 to 12 months.

THAT

the right use of part of your spare time for the next few months will result in $1,000 to $5,000 or more added to your present yearly income.

THAT

profits paying 100 per cent. to 300 per cent. are big and attractive, but cannot compare with those reported by La Salle-trained men whose investments in specialized accountancy knowledge show a return of 1,000 per cent

RAIN AND FIREMEN DO GOOD SNOW WORK

Weather Makes Slush of Ice, and Fire Streams Carry It Into the Sewers.

NEW MACHINE A SUCCESS

Cuts Into Great Piles of Snow and Ice and Loads It Upon Trucks at Amazing Rate.

The mild weather of yesterday following the snowstorm of Saturday night was helpful to the forces which worked to clear the streets of the ice and snow. The rain which fell early in the morning turned the snow to slush. Fire Chief John Kenlon, in command of the snow fighters, took advantage of the situation by ordering out firemen to flush the snow and slush into the sewers.

The firemen were put to work north of Center and Pearl Streets as far as Thirty-third Street. They worked east and west from Broadway, and by the end of the day scores of streets had been washed and made ready for to-day's traffic.

Attracted by the new rate of pay of 80 cents an hour, emergency men applied in considerable numbers yesterday at the Street Cleaning Department stations. The men will be kept at work until the streets are again passable.

Those surface car organizations which succeeded in reopening traffic after the storm of three weeks ago had snow-sweepers going yesterday to keep the tracks clear.

Acting Mayor F. H. LaGuardia, Fire Chief Kenlon, Health Commissioner Royal S. Copeland and Street Cleaning Commissioner Arnold B. MacStay were among the 400 spectators at Broadway and Sixty-first Street yesterday who saw a new machine for removing snow eat its way through three piles of snow and ice that had covered the street since the storm three weeks ago.

The new machine, which is the invention of Dr. Samuel Friedman of 67 East Ninety-third Street, cleaned up a block of soft-piled snow in three minutes. It also demonstrated its ability to remove huge piles of ice. The ice piles were more than 5 feet high, 12 feet wide and 10 to 20 feet long, and had been on the ground two weeks. A truck with a capacity of six cubic yards was filled with hard ice in one and a half minutes. Similar trucks were filled with soft snow in one minute.

The city officials watched the work of the machine for two hours. Afterward Acting Mayor LaGuardia declared the new contrivance to be the invention of the day for snow removal. "This is the best I have ever seen," he said. Commissioner MacStay, Chairman of the Committee on Appliances of the Snow Removal Committee, said it was the best and only machine of which he knew that would remove both snow and ice, and said he would strongly urge its adoption by the city.

Dr. Friedman said he worked on the invention for sixteen years and received a patent a short time ago. He obtained a snow removal contract at the beginning of the Winter, but neither of his two machines was ready for work until yesterday.

The snow removing machine resembles a tractor or army tank, and is 26 feet long, 12 feet high, and 10 feet wide. It consists of two principal sections, the conveyor which cuts the ice and snow as it moves forward and carries it to a hopper or platform at the top and rear, and the hopper with dumping apparatus, which permits the snow carried up by the conveyor to be loaded into a truck on either side.

Three men are required to operate the machine, a chauffeur to direct it and two helpers to look after the conveyor and see to the loading of the trucks from the hopper. The snow is carted by the truck to the nearest sewer manhole and dumped. Dr. Friedman claims that his machine could open up Fifth Avenue from Fourteenth to 110 Street in two hours after a six-inch snowfall. He said flat cars could be loaded at the rate of thirty cubic yards a minute, a job that would ordinarily require 1,200 men with picks and shovels a full hour.

Special calls were sent out from Fire Headquarters last night that brought out eleven high pressure engine companies to attack the snow and slush in the streets crossing Broadway between Thirty-fourth and Leonard Streets. The high pressure apparatus being organized into double companies, enough men were left behind to cover any fire emergency.

DENOUNCING RAIDS, FREES 63 PRISONERS

Arrests for Card Playing "Without Rhyme or Reason," Says Magistrate McGeehan.

NOT JUSTIFIED BY ORDERS

Saloons Closed, Men Have Right to Go to Clubs—41 Discharged by Levine.

Criticism of police raids upon card games was expressed again yesterday when Magistrate John E. McGeehan discharged sixty-three men who had been taken to the Jefferson Market Court on charges of disorderly conduct. About 120 men were arrested in various police raids on Saturday night and all except twelve, who pleaded guilty, were discharged.

"You have arrested these men apparently without rhyme or reason," said Magistrate McGeehan in disposing of the cases of the sixty-three men who had been arrested in two raids. "There is little question in my mind that you acted under orders, but what if you did, that doesn't justify their arrest. These men now have no place to go, the saloons are closed.

"It is a fact that many of the best people in the city play cards, have always done so and are doing it right along in the best clubs and in the higher circles of society. Having no place to go these men have a perfect right to go to these places, and it is plain to me the police of this city ought to use some other means to secure evidence.

"Such arrests are nonessential. You men ought to go back to your superiors and say so. You ought to be able to devise ways and means to make the proper arrests without jumping on people. I don't want any more of this before me."

Forty-one men also were discharged by Magistrate Max Levine after they had been taken to the Essex Market Court by detectives from the First Inspection District on charges of disorderly conduct. Detective Thomas W. Gray testified that the men had been wagering on horse races and using boisterous language. When the Magistrate learned that none of the tenants living in East Houston Street, where the raid was made, appeared as complaining witnesses, he said:

"The law says there must be specific proof of committing some overt act, and the evidence for the prosecution in these cases is not by any means convincing. It would seem that the increasing numbers of these arrests since the National Prohibition act has been in force is proof that these men must find some place to congregate and give expression to their natural feelings. While there may be, as in all communities, some objectionable characters to be found in these gatherings, the majority seem to me normal citizens."

The men taken before Magistrate McGeehan were arrested by detectives from th staff of Inspector William F. Fennelly, in the Second Inspection District, at two clubs, one in Hancock Street and the other in Christopher Street. Tenants in the neighborhood were awakened by the noise of the raids, but none went to court as witnesses or complainants.

Eleven men, who were arrested in a Macdougal Street coffee house, pleaded guilty to disorderly conduct. Magistrate McGeehan fined one defendant $3 and the others $1 each.

Fourteen Chinamen who were arrested on Doyers Street were discharged by Magistrate Nolan, in the Tombs Court, after they had told him they had congregated to celebrate the Chinese New Year and not to play dominoes, and after the detectives had failed to substantiate their charges that wages were on the table.

The action of the Magistrates caused comment among the police, who believed that their remarks were directed against the higher police officers who ordered the raids and who have asserted that they had reduced the prevalence of gambling. None of the Inspectors made any statements.

NEW SING SING DEATHHOUSE

Fireproof Prison Within Prison to House Forty Murderers.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Feb. 22.—Sing Sing is to have a new deathhouse, which will be a prison within the prison. It will have accommodations for women as well as men, and it is planned to build it at once.

Charles F. Rattigan, following a conference with Major Lewis E. Lawes, the Warden; State Architect Lewis Pilcher and Senator Henry M. Sage of the Senate Finance Committee at the prison to go over the situation, made public today the department's plans.

As a murderer, once sentenced to the deathhouse, cannot be taken out of there except on a court order, prison officials are now badly handicapped in properly caring for the condemned men.

There are only twenty-three cells in the new deathhouse, opened five years ago, whereas there are twenty-eight condemned men. The result is that five have to be kept in the old abandoned deathhouse, which requires extra guards.

There are no cooking facilities in the condemned department. Hence, meals are brought in cold. Moreover, there are no hospital facilities in the condemned department. The result is that if an inmate is taken seriously ill, even with a contagious disease, he has to stay in his cell. This is a menace to the health of the other murderers.

The new Sing Sing "murderers' prison," as planned, is to be built at once somewhere inside the present walls of the old prison. It will be a cell-block of masonry and steel construction, and entirely fireproof. It will have forty cells for men and, apart from these, there will be two for condemned women.

It will also contain an isolation hospital room, a dental room, a kitchen, and a death chamber, where the electric chair will be located. Outside of the new condemned prison, or at least around that part used as an exercise yard, there will be a wall to keep the murderers from getting into the yard of the main prison.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—The undersigned hereby serves notice upon the public that the following Liberty Bonds have been stolen: Ten $100 4¼ First Converted 596731-605041 up to and including 605049; eight $50 4¼ Second Converted 1547096 up to and including 1547102; one $100 4¼ Third, 4986432; five $100 4¼ Fourth 3746953 up to and including 3746957; ten $100 4¼ Victory 5068849 up to and including 5068858. Joseph Buchner, 4,581 Park Av.

LOST—Friday evening, between Hanover Square and Wall St. and 72d St. via subway, pocketbook containing several hundred dollars and numerous papers of no value except to owner; liberal reward. Address Garrison, 1 West 72d St.

LOST—Bank Book No. 1071730 of The Bowery Savings Bank, 130 Bowery, New York; the finder is requested to return to bank. If not restored before the 19th day of March application will be made to the bank for a new book.

LOST—Temporary certificates $2,000 United Kingdom Great Britain and Ireland 5½% Bonds, due Aug. 1, 1929, Nos. M 101913-M 101914. Return to owner, who will pay a suitable reward. W. O. Raven, Caldwell, N. J.

LOST—Thursday eve., Feb. 19, about 6 o'clock, on West 58th, near 6th Av., black beaded bag containing small amount of money, key and few other things. Return to Frelinghuysen, 52 W. 58th; reward.

LOST—Three stock certificates—100 shares Surety Tire and Rubber Co., C354; same, C152; 100 Grapeola Products Corp., C893. Harold J. Godwin, 1 Water St., New York.

LOST—A platinum chain and diamond circled pin, between 88th St. and 83d, Broadway or Amsterdam, or in subway from 86th to 23d St., Lexington Av.; liberal reward, no questions asked. Tel. Schuyler 4870.

LOST—Small gold mesh purse, near or at 33d St. Hudson tube, about 11:30 Sat. night, or at Liberty Theater; contents, small change; inscription inside, Estelle, reward. Markstein. Phone Greeley 2725.

LOST—Black moire silk bag, gold monogram on outside, cards of owner inside; lost on 75th St., between West End Av. and Riverside Drive. Return to owner and receive reward. 308 West 75th St.

LOST—In taxi from Commodore Hotel to Comedy Theater, a bead bag containing gold vanity and cigaret cases; liberal reward. Peabody, Room 2042, Hotel Commodore.

LOST—Manila envelope, 10x12, containing Interchurch photos and typewritten stories; "L. & M. List" written in pencil on outside; $5 reward. Merle Johnson, 1440 Broadway.

LOST—A large diamond horseshoe pin, Friday evening, between 40th and 82d, Park and Broadway; liberal reward. Schuyler Smith, 108 East 82d St.

LOST—A large diamond horseshoe pin, Friday evening, between 40th and 82d, Park and Broadway; liberal reward. Schuyler Smith, 108 E. 82d St.

LOST—Saturday night, Hudson seal scarf, left in cab dismissed at the Hotel Astor; liberal reward to finder. Apply Hotel Devon, 70 West 55th.

LOST—Silver medal, inscribed "Newark Academy, Knight Aulsbrock, Year 1919;" $5 reward for return to Hotel Holley, Washington Square, City.

LOST—Pair solitaire diamond earrings in gray change purse; liberal reward. 305 West 51st St., New York City.

LOST—Leather purse with money and ticket. W. L. Chenery, 112 E. 19th St. Tel. Stuyvesant 7490; reward.

LOST—Gold jeweled powder box, with four diamonds and one sapphire. Reward if returned to L. H. Kuper, 407 West 21st St.

LOST—Gold mesh bag, Saturday evening 6:30, corner of 58th St. and 6th Av.; reward. R 31 Times.

LOST—Diamond bracelet, between 40th St. and Plaza Hotel; reward. Please notify Mrs. Robert L. Dulas, 149 East 40th St.

LOST—Friday, near West 96th St., platinum pearl chain and eyeglasses; liberal reward. R 36 Times.

LOST—Gold monogram letters "F. H. C."; liberal reward. Telephone Riverside 3822.

$500 REWARD for string of 102 pearls, with diamond clasp, lost Feb. 20, probably on 5th Av., between 57th and 13th Sts. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av., 37th St.

$10 REWARD carnelian and gold earring with carnelian scarab drop. F. Walter Lawrence, 537 5th Av.

Furs and Fur Wraps.

LOST—Saturday night, Hudson seal scarf; left in cab dismissed at Hotel Astor; liberal reward by applying at Hotel Devon, 70 W. 55th.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs

$50 REWARD for information leading to the recovery of black Chow dog, lost Tuesday, Feb. 17, vicinity Wykagyl Park, New Rochelle. Phone C. J. Welch, New Rochelle 4281.

LOST—White fox terrier, brown marking right side of head, answers to name "Vic;" lost Sunday, Riverside Drive and 136th St; reward. F. S. Baldwin, 605 West 156th St.

LOST—Saturday, male airedale terrier; reward. Jacobsen, 112 W. 11th.

Beverage Sales Manager

A man with a mature knowledge of national sales methods to reorganize and co-ordinate the sales department of a beverage company of international reputation.

Tell us your full qualifications and requirements in first letter. Replies treated confidential.

Address Water, Y 490 Times Annex.

Paterfamilias

Can you face your family with an easy conscience? Are you providing amply for the future? You are not doing your utmost unless you are making sound investments.

Guaranteed First Mortgages are investments of the first magnitude—in them the principal is secure, the income regular and positive.

No loss in 27 years to any investor. We guarantee there never shall be.

Send for Booklet E-35.

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.

RICHARD M. HURD, President.

Capital and Surplus $9,000,000

59 Liberty St., N. Y. 184 Montague St., Bkn.

Make Loss Known.

Do not bewail loss of a valuable article. The New York Times may bring about recovery in a few hours. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

All Wallach Stores Closed Today

All Wallach Stores Closed Today

CONSIDER

your future clothes needs NOW

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits

$47.50

It will cost you money to overlook or forget this advertisement. Such values can't recur, under existing conditions; such savings will be impossible again for a long time. So look ahead—and buy now. Not the least wise of our customers are adding two and more suits to their wardrobe while this low $47.50 price prevails.

Opportunities at $32.50

There is time left for you to get a mighty fine all wool Hart Schaffner & Marx suit or overcoat at our clearance price of $32.50,—if you hurry.

Emphatic Savings

There are suits and overcoats in our Sale that were $70 and $65 before we reduced them to $55. Others at $67.50 that were $85 and $75.

A Sale for Boys

Stylish all wool Hart Schaffner & Marx Boys' Suits and Overcoats (sizes: 8 to 18). The suits, $15.50, $18.50, $24.50; the overcoats, $18.50, $24.50, $29.50, $39.50.

World's Finest Overcoats

Our very choicest overcoats which are now reduced to $75, $85, $97.50, and $105 trace back their ancestry to the world's most famous looms.

Special!—Men's Handkerchiefs, $2.65 for six!

Beginning tomorrow we offer 325 dozen men's initialed handkerchiefs in fancy corded madras; colored borders with initials to match—at $2.65 per box of half dozen; $5 the dozen. Their scarcity makes them doubly desirable, particularly at this low price.

Est. 1887 **Wallach Bros.** Est. 1887

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th

246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

STORE OPEN 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

HEARN

Fourteenth Street — West of Fifth Avenue

Complete List

Of all our advertising for TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY that appeared in Sunday's papers, containing February clearances, sales and other special values, is reprinted in Monday afternoon papers.

FOLLOWING FOR BOTH TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY:

Red Ticket Clearances

Women's and Misses' Suits

our reg. $44.75 to $119.75— 28.50 to 69.50

$39.75 and $42.75 Women's and Misses' Suits reduced to.... 19.75

Women's New Serge and Tricotine Suits.... 42.50

Boys' and Young Men's Suits and Overcoats

Boys' Suits—Many have extra trousers—to 17 years—our reg. $11.94 to $24.50..... 9.50 to 19.50

Boys' Overcoats—our reg. $11.94 to $32.50..... 6.50 to 19.50

Young Men's Suits—sizes 33 to 40—were $27.50 to $39.50— 22.50 to 34.50

Young Men's Overcoats—our reg. $27.50 to $65.00— 19.50 to 39.50

Dept.—Third Floor.

Gloves

$1.74 Women's Chamoisette Gloves.... 1.24

Men's Black Leather Fleece-lined Driving Gloves—our reg. $2.47 to $3.87— 1.97 to 2.97

Men's Mocha and Suede Fleece-lined Dress Gloves—our reg. $4.47.... 3.48

our reg. $2.97.... 2.38

Men's Suede Fur-lined Gloves—our reg. $8.97.... 6.97

Children's Underwear

Children's Canton Flannel Drawers—our reg. .68.... .38

Children's One-Piece Flannelette Pajamas—6 to 12 years—our reg. $1.96.... 1.68

Children's Princess Flannelette Petticoats—6 to 12 years.... Special 1.28

Children's Billiebirk Pajamas—6 to 12 years—our reg. $3.48.... $2.68

Misses' Flannelette Night Gowns—our reg. $1.96 and $2.28.... 1.68

Cotton Fabrics

Fancy Voiles—36 and 38 ins.—our reg. .47 to .57.... .37

Lawns and Dimities—our reg. .47.... .41

Remnants of Novelty Voiles—Special .35

Remnants of Woven Shirting Madras our reg. .85.... .65

Remnants of Odds and Ends of Cotton Fabrics—our reg. .47 to .57.... .38

Remnants of Black Cotton Voiles—our reg. .47 to .57.... .20

Towels

Imported Union Linen (part cotton) Huck Towels—our reg. .78.... .54

Union Linen (part cotton) Huck Towels—our reg. .58.... .43

Women's and Children's Hand Bags

$1.38 Hand Bags.... 1.00

Other Silk and Velvet Hand Bags—our reg. $2.42 to $20.77— 1.77 to 14.97

50 ct. Children's Hand Bags.... .37

Clearances

Wool Dress Fabrics

48 and 54-inch All Wool Fine Twill Serges—our reg. $3.68... 2.92

All Wool Semi-Made Skirts—our reg. $10.97 to $12.97..... 9.97

54-inch All Wool Silvertone Velours—Polo Cloths and Velour Checks our reg. $4.97 and $5.38..... 3.48

54-inch All Wool Men's Weave Serge—our reg. $4.48..... 3.97

50-inch Novelty Checks and Stripes—our reg. $3.97 and $4.97..... 2.97

54-inch All Wool Chinchilla Cloaking.... 6.97

54-inch All Wool Tricotine—our reg. $7.48..... 5.24

54-inch All Wool Navy Blue Poplins.... 2.97

51-inch All Wool Tricotines..... 5.28

Clearances

Curtains and Upholsteries

Handy-Hite Sash Curtains—Special, pr. .74

Sample Velour Portieres—Special, each 8.94

Fine Net Curtains—our reg. $9.97..... 7.97

Plain and Figured Silkolines—Yard .36

Woven Striped Slip Coverings—Yard .49

Casement Draperies—36 inch..... Special, yd. .77

Filet Curtain Nets... Special, yd. .57

Clearances of Curtains—our reg. $6.97..... 4.97

Scrim Panel Curtains—2½ yards long..... Special 4.94

Fine Scrim Curtains—our reg. $5.47..... 3.97

New Cretonnes..... Special, yd. .67

Fine Grade Reversible Mercerized Damask Portieres—our reg. $21.97..... pr. 15.97

Velours—plain and stripes—our reg. $3.95 to $6.97..... 1.89

Fine Damasks—our reg. $4.97 to $5.97..... 2.95

Alhambra Draperies..... yd. 1.24

Special Offering of Plain Over Draperies—50 inch—our reg. $2.25..... yd. 1.24

RUGS

Reversible Art Squares—6x9 ft. to 9x12 ft.—our reg. $6.50 to $12.94— 5.47 to 10.44

Wool Velvet Hall and Stair Carpeting..... yd. 2.47

Manufacturer's Carpet Sample Rugs—bound—18x27 inch..... .97

Reversible Hall and Stair Crash—22½ inches wide..... yd. .64

High Pile Axminster Rugs—27x54 inches..... 4.97

36x60 inches..... 8.47

Velvet Rugs—seamless—size 7.6x9 ft..... 49.50

Bozart Fibre Rugs—4.6x7.6 ft.—our reg. $9.44..... 6.97

Inventory clearances provide bargain opportunities to pick up these fine woolen sweaters and sheer blouses at little cost.

BLOUSES

Georgette Blouses—in white, flesh and suit shades—may be chosen in many lovely models—our reg. $9.97 and $11.97..... 6.84

Extra Size Voile Blouses—trimmed with laces, embroidery and tucks—are in sizes 46 to 54—our reg. $2.68..... 2.00

SWEATERS

Slip-on Sweaters—wool and worsted, in fishtail style — have plain or fancy collars and cuffs—our reg. $5.68..... 4.94

Brushed Wool Scarfs—plain color or bleached design—made with or without pockets—our reg. $10.48..... 8.50

MORNING SPECIALS—Tuesday & Wednesday Until 1 P. M.

To prevent dealers buying quantities restricted. No Mail or Telephone Orders.

87 ct. Silk Mixed Crepe de Chines.... .65
Street and evening shades.
WASH DRESS FABRICS—BASEMENT.

45 ct. Outing Flannels.... .35
Fleecy nap—less than mill price.
WASH DRESS FABRICS—BASEMENT.

$2.48 All-Wool French Serges.... 1.94
Fine twill—brown, delft, burgundy, myrtle, navy and black.
DRESS GOODS—MAIN FLOOR.

$3.97 Bleached Linen Damask.... 3.17
Heavy quality—pure linen.
LINENS—MAIN FLOOR.

$2.95 Georgettes.... 2.24
Strong, fine weave, in light, dark and fancy colors.
SILKS—MAIN FLOOR.

$16.50 Boys' Suits.... 11.50
Various semi-Norfolk—waist seam or pleated models, medium and dark mixtures—8 to 17 years.
BOYS' CLOTHING—THIRD FLOOR.

$7.94 Little Boys' Suits.... 6.50
3 to 8 years—sailor and junior Norfolk—various pleated models.
BOYS' CLOTHING—THIRD FLOOR.

$2.97 New Carpet Sweepers.... 1.88
Mahogany finished with metal—best brush—rubber tired—adjustable handles—nickel finish.
RUGS—THIRD FLOOR.

$1.24 Men's Bath Slippers.... .97
Turkish towelling—without back—various colors—sizes 6 to 12.
MEN'S SHOES—SECOND FLOOR.

$2.45 Men's Winter Underwear.... 1.66
Wool mixed—soft, gray finish drawers and double-breasted shirts.
MEN'S FURNISHINGS—MAIN FLOOR.

$2.95 Men's Starch-cuff Shirts.... 2.18
Well made of woven madras—colored stripes—large assortment.
MEN'S FURNISHINGS—MAIN FLOOR.

$2.24 Little Tots' Tub Dresses.... 1.56
Plain or fancy gingham or chambray—empire or belted style—to 6 years.
INFANT'S WEAR—SECOND FLOOR.

49 ct. Ticking for Feather-bed Mattresses.... .34
Various stripes.
TICKINGS—BASEMENT.

$2.24 Crocheted Spreads.... 1.67
Various patterns.
SPREADS—BASEMENT.

$8.27 Full Size Sateen Comfortables.. 5.62
Floral designs—cotton filled.
COMFORTABLES—BASEMENT.

$2.47 New Scrim Curtains.... 1.88
White or Arabian tint—insert or edge of lace.
LACE CURTAINS—BASEMENT.

STORE CLOSED TODAY, WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY

QUALITY SERVICE PRICE

These Are the Three Big Reasons Why

Borden's Milk

Should Be in Your Home Every Day

Since way back in the '80s, Borden's have grown with the city. As the city has become larger, Borden's service has been developed. The big idea has always been to give the most in quality milk for the lowest possible price.

Borden's Grade B Bottled Milk

16c Per Qt.

Except in Richmond, where it is 17c per quart.

Phone us for our solicitor and we will arrange for prompt delivery.

2891 conveniently located stores will serve you, in addition to our wagons.

Borden's Farm Products Company